CS544 Module 2 Assignment

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Part1) Probability - 25 points

Use the Bayes theorem to calculate the following probabilities. Show the **individual steps** of the Bayes theorem. You can use R for the calculations. Use the Word document for this part.

Suppose that in a particular state, among 10000 people surveyed, 4250 people are in the age group 18-34 years, 2850 people are in the age group 35-49 years, 1640 people are in the age group 50-64 years, and the remaining are 65 years & over.

Out of those in the age group 18-34 years, 1062 people had a BMI of above 30. Of those in the age group 35-49 years, 1710 people had a BMI of above 30. Among those in the 50-64 years range, 656 people had a BMI of above 30. In the last age group, 189 people had a BMI of above 30.

- **a)** What is the probability that a randomly selected person in this survey will have a BMI of above 30?
- **b)** If a randomly selected person had a BMI of above 30, what is the probability of that person being in the age group 18-34 years?
- **c)** If a randomly selected person had a BMI of above 30, what is the probability of that person being in the age group 35-49 years?
- **d)** If a randomly selected person had a BMI of above 30, what is the probability of that person being in the age group 50-64 years?
- **e)** If a randomly selected person had a BMI of above 30, what is the probability of that person being in the 65 years & over?

Part2) Random Variables - 25 points

Consider a game which involves rolling three dice. Write the R code for the following.

Using the **rollDie** function from the **prob** library, setup the sample space for this experiment with the probability space.

For each of the following scenarios from **a**) through **e**), show the corresponding **outcomes** and the **probability** of that event. The sample outputs for **b**) are shown as example.

- a) The sum of the rolls is greater than 6 but less than 10.
- **b)** All the three rolls are identical.

Sample Output for outcomes:

```
X1 X2 X3 probs
1 1 1 1 0.00463
44 2 2 2 2 0.00463
87 3 3 3 0.00463
130 4 4 4 0.00463
173 5 5 5 0.00463
216 6 6 6 0.00463
```

Sample Output for probability:

Γ17 0.02778

- c) Only two of the three rolls are identical.
- d) None of the three rolls are identical.
- **e)** Only two of the three rolls are identical given that the sum of the rolls is greater than 6 but less than 10.

Part3) Functions - 20 points

Using a **for** loop or a **while** loop, write your own **R function**, **sum_of_first_N_even_squares** (*n*),

that returns the sum of the squares of the first ${\bf n}$ positive even numbers.

For example, if n = 5, the first five even numbers are 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and the required result is $2^2 + 4^2 + 6^2 + 8^2 + 10^2 = 220$.

Test your function as follows:

```
> sum_of_first_N_even_squares(2)
[1] 20
> sum_of_first_N_even_squares(5)
[1] 220
> sum_of_first_N_even_squares(10)
[1] 1540
```

Now, without using any loop, write your own R function, sum_of_first_N_even_squares_V2 (n),

that returns the sum of the squares of the first \mathbf{n} even numbers.

Test your function as follows:

```
> sum_of_first_N_even_squares_V2(2)
[1] 20
> sum_of_first_N_even_squares_V2(5)
[1] 220
> sum_of_first_N_even_squares_V2(10)
[1] 1540
```

Part4) R - 30 points

Initialize the Tesla stock data for the year 2021 using the read.csv function as shown below:

tsla <- read.csv("https://people.bu.edu/kalathur/datasets/TSLA.csv")

The first 6 rows of the dataset are as shown below:

Provide the simplest R code and corresponding outputs for the following.

The code should work for any given dataset.

a) Store the result of the **summary** function for the *Close* attribute as the variable *sm*. Change the *names* of this variable so that the output appears as shown below.

```
> sm
Min Q1 Q2 Mean Q3 Max
563 668 730 780 850 1230
```

b) Produce the output for the minimum price of the Tesla *closing* value in the dataset as shown below:

```
[1] "The minimum Tesla value of 563 is at row 44 on 2021-03-08"
[2] "The minimum Tesla value of 563 is at row 95 on 2021-05-19"
```

- **c)** Produce the output for the maximum price of the Tesla *closing* value in the dataset as shown below:
- [1] "The maximum Tesla value of 1230 is at row 213 on 2021-11-04"
- **d)** Based on the dataset, what is the probability that on any given day, the Tesla *closing* price would be greater than the *opening* price?
- **e)** Based on the dataset, what is the probability that on any given day, the Tesla trading *volume* would be greater than 20 million shares?
- **f)** Based on the dataset, what is the probability that on any given day, the Tesla *closing* price would be higher than the *opening* price, given that the trading *volume* is greater than 20 million shares?
- **g)** Suppose you bought 1 share of Tesla stock on each day in the dataset at its *open* price. How much net gain you would have using the last day closing price in the dataset as the reference?

- h) Suppose you bought 1 share of Tesla stock on each day in the dataset at its *low* price. How much net gain you would have using the last day closing price in the dataset as the reference?
- i) Suppose you bought 1 share of Tesla stock on each day in the dataset at its *high* price. How much net gain you would have using the last day closing price in the dataset as the reference?

Submission:

When the term *lastName* is referenced, please replace it with your last name.

Create a folder, CS544_HW2_LastName and place the following files in this folder.

Provide all R code in a single file, **CS544_HW2_LastName.R**. Clearly mark each subpart of each question.

Provide the corresponding outputs from the R console in a single Word document, **CS544_HW2_LastName**.doc.

Archive the folder (**CS544_HW2_LastName.zip**). Upload the zip file to the Assignments section of Blackboard.

Note: Only ONE submission is allowed. Please be sure that what you are submitting is your final submission.