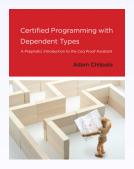
Dependent pattern-matching in Coq

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Dependent types in programming

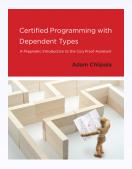
Compilation correctness — example from "Certified Programming with Dependent Types" by Adam Chlipala (MIT)



• available: http://adam.chlipala.net/cpdt/

Dependent types in programming

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Single sort: Source language

Inductive binop: Set := $Plus \mid Times$.

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```

Inductive exp : Set :=

Const : $Z \rightarrow exp$

Binop : binop \rightarrow exp \rightarrow exp \rightarrow exp.

Single sort: Source language

```
Inductive binop: Set := Plus \mid Times.
```

Inductive exp : Set :=

Const : $Z \rightarrow exp$

Binop: binop \rightarrow exp \rightarrow exp \rightarrow exp.

Check Const 42.

```
Inductive binop: Set := Plus \mid Times.
```

Inductive exp : Set :=

Const : $Z \rightarrow exp$

Binop : binop \rightarrow exp \rightarrow exp \rightarrow exp.

Check Const 42.

Check Binop Plus (Const 2) (Const 2).

```
Inductive binop: Set := Plus \mid Times.
```

Inductive exp : Set :=

Const : $Z \rightarrow exp$

Binop : binop \rightarrow exp \rightarrow exp \rightarrow exp.

Check Const 42.

Check Binop Plus (Const 2) (Const 2).

Check Binop Times (Binop Plus (Const 2) (Const 2)) (Const 7).

Single sort: Source language denotation

```
Inductive binop : Set := Plus | Times.
Inductive exp : Set :=
 Const : Z \rightarrow exp
 Binop: binop \rightarrow \exp \rightarrow \exp \rightarrow \exp.
```

```
Inductive binop : Set := Plus | Times.
Inductive exp : Set :=
 Const : Z \rightarrow exp
 Binop: binop \rightarrow \exp \rightarrow \exp \rightarrow \exp.
Definition binopDenote (b:binop): Z \rightarrow Z \rightarrow Z:=
   match b with
    Plus \Rightarrow \text{fun } x \ y \Rightarrow x + y
    Times \Rightarrow fun \ x \ y \Rightarrow x \times y
   end.
```

Single sort: Source language denotation

```
Inductive binop : Set := Plus | Times.
Inductive exp : Set :=
 Const: Z \rightarrow exp
 Binop: binop \rightarrow \exp \rightarrow \exp \rightarrow \exp.
Definition binopDenote (b : binop) : Z \rightarrow Z \rightarrow Z :=
  match b with
    Plus \Rightarrow \text{fun } x \ y \Rightarrow x + y
    Times \Rightarrow fun \ x \ y \Rightarrow x \times y
   end.
Fixpoint expDenote (e : exp) : Z :=
  match e with
    Const n \Rightarrow n
    Binop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow (binopDenote b) (expDenote e1) (expDenote e2)
   end.
```

Single sort: Target language

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst : Z \rightarrow instr
 iBinop: binop \rightarrow instr.
```

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst : Z \rightarrow instr
```

 $iBinop: binop \rightarrow instr.$

Definition prog := list instr.

Single sort: Target language

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst : Z \rightarrow instr
 iBinop : binop \rightarrow instr.
```

Definition prog := list instr.

Check iConst 42 :: nil.

Single sort: Target language

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst : Z \rightarrow instr
 iBinop : binop \rightarrow instr.
```

Definition prog := list instr.

Check iConst 42 :: nil.

Check iConst 2 :: iConst 2 :: iBinop Plus :: nil.

Single sort: Target language

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst : Z \rightarrow instr
 iBinop : binop \rightarrow instr.
```

Definition prog := list instr.

Check iConst 42 :: nil.

Check iConst 2 :: iConst 2 :: iBinop Plus :: nil.

Check iConst 7 :: iConst 2 :: iBinop Plus :: iBinop Times :: nil.

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst : Z \rightarrow instr
 iBinop : binop \rightarrow instr.
Definition prog := list instr.
```

Single sort: Target language denotation

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst : Z \rightarrow instr
 iBinop : binop \rightarrow instr.
Definition prog := list instr.
Definition stack := list Z.
```

Single sort: Target language denotation

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst : Z \rightarrow instr
 iBinop : binop \rightarrow instr.
Definition prog := list instr.
Definition stack := list Z.
Definition instrDenote (i : instr) (s : stack) : option stack :=
  match i with
    iConst \ n \Rightarrow Some \ (n :: s)
    iBinop b \Rightarrow
     match s with
       arg1 :: arg2 :: s' \Rightarrow Some ((binopDenote b) arg1 arg2 :: s')
     | \_ \Rightarrow None
     end
  end.
```

Single sort: Target language denotation

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst: Z \rightarrow instr
 iBinop : binop \rightarrow instr.
Definition prog := list instr.
```

Definition stack := list Z.

Definition instrDenote (i : instr) (s : stack) : option stack := ...

```
Inductive instr : Set :=
 iConst : Z \rightarrow instr
 iBinop : binop \rightarrow instr.
Definition prog := list instr.
Definition stack := list Z.
Definition instrDenote (i : instr) (s : stack) : option stack := ...
Fixpoint progDenote (p : prog) (s : stack) : option stack :=
  match p with
       nil \Rightarrow Some s
      i :: p' \Rightarrow \text{match } instrDenote \ i \ s \ \text{with}
                       None \Rightarrow None
                       Some s' \Rightarrow progDenote p' s'
                  end
  end.
```

```
Fixpoint compile (e : exp) : prog :=
  match e with
    Const n \Rightarrow iConst n :: nil
   Binop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow compile e2 ++ compile e1 ++ iBinop b :: nil
  end.
```

```
Fixpoint compile (e : exp) : prog :=
  match e with
    Const n \Rightarrow iConst n :: nil
    Binop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow compile e2 ++ compile e1 ++ iBinop b :: nil
  end.
```

```
Fixpoint compile (e : exp) : prog :=
  match e with
    Const n \Rightarrow iConst n :: nil
    Binop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow compile e2 ++ compile e1 ++ iBinop b :: nil
  end.
```

```
Theorem compile_correct:
```

```
\forall e, progDenote (compile e) nil = Some (expDenote e :: nil).
```

```
Fixpoint compile (e : exp) : prog :=
  match e with
    Const n \Rightarrow iConst n :: nil
   Binop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow compile e2 ++ compile e1 ++ iBinop b :: nil
  end.
Theorem compile_correct:
  \forall e, progDenote (compile e) nil = Some (expDenote e :: nil).
Lemma compile_correct': \forall e p s.
  progDenote\ (compile\ e\ ++\ p)\ s=progDenote\ p\ (expDenote\ e::\ s).
```

Inductive *sort* : Set := *Mint* | *Mbool*.

Inductive *sort* : Set := *Mint* | *Mbool*.

```
Inductive mbinop : sort \rightarrow sort \rightarrow sort \rightarrow Set :=
 MPlus: mbinop Mint Mint Mint
 MTimes: mbinop Mint Mint Mint
 MEq: \forall s, mbinop s s Mbool
 MLt: mbinop Mint Mint Mbool.
```

```
Inductive sort : Set := Mint | Mbool.
Inductive mbinop : sort \rightarrow sort \rightarrow sort \rightarrow Set :=
 MPlus: mbinop Mint Mint Mint
 MTimes: mbinop Mint Mint Mint
 MEq: \forall s, mbinop s s Mbool
 MLt: mbinop Mint Mint Mbool.
Inductive mexp : sort \rightarrow Set :=
 MZConst: Z \rightarrow mexp\ Mint
 MBConst:bool \rightarrow mexp\ Mbool
 MBinop: \forall s1 \ s2 \ s, \ mbinop \ s1 \ s2 \ s \rightarrow mexp \ s1 \rightarrow mexp \ s2 \rightarrow mexp \ s.
```

```
Inductive sort : Set := Mint | Mbool.
Inductive mbinop : sort \rightarrow sort \rightarrow sort \rightarrow Set :=
 MPlus: mbinop Mint Mint Mint
 MTimes: mbinop Mint Mint Mint
 MEq: \forall s, mbinop s s Mbool
 MLt: mbinop Mint Mint Mbool.
Inductive mexp : sort \rightarrow Set :=
 MZConst: Z \rightarrow mexp\ Mint
 MBConst:bool \rightarrow mexp\ Mbool
 MBinop : \forall s1 \ s2 \ s, \ mbinop \ s1 \ s2 \ s \rightarrow mexp \ s1 \rightarrow mexp \ s2 \rightarrow mexp \ s.
Check MBinop MPlus (MZConst 2) (MZConst 2): mexp Mint.
```

Inductive $mbinop : sort \rightarrow sort \rightarrow sort \rightarrow Set :=$

Inductive *sort* : Set := *Mint* | *Mbool*.

MPlus: mbinop Mint Mint Mint MTimes: mbinop Mint Mint Mint

Many sorts: Source language

```
MEq: \forall s, mbinop s s Mbool
 MLt: mbinop Mint Mint Mbool.
Inductive mexp : sort \rightarrow Set :=
 MZConst: Z \rightarrow mexp\ Mint
 MBConst:bool \rightarrow mexp\ Mbool
 MBinop : \forall s1 \ s2 \ s, \ mbinop \ s1 \ s2 \ s \rightarrow mexp \ s1 \rightarrow mexp \ s2 \rightarrow mexp \ s.
Check MBinop MPlus (MZConst 2) (MZConst 2): mexp Mint.
Check MBinop (MEq Mint) (MBinop MPlus (MZConst 2) (MZConst 2))
                               (MZConst 7): mexp Mbool.
```

Many sorts: Source language denotation

```
Definition sortDenote (s : sort) : Set :=
  match s with
       Mint \Rightarrow Z
       Mbool \Rightarrow bool
  end.
```

```
Definition sortDenote (s : sort) : Set :=
  match s with Mint \Rightarrow Z \mid Mbool \Rightarrow bool end.
```

Many sorts: Source language denotation

```
Definition sortDenote (s : sort) : Set :=
  match s with Mint \Rightarrow Z \mid Mbool \Rightarrow bool end.
Definition mbinopDenote arg1 arg2 res (b: mbinop arg1 arg2 res)
  : sortDenote arg1 \rightarrow sortDenote \ arg2 \rightarrow sortDenote \ res :=
  match b with
       MPlus \Rightarrow 7.add
       MTimes \Rightarrow 7.mul
       MEq\ Mint \Rightarrow Z.eqb
       MEq\ Mbool \Rightarrow Bool.eqb
       MLt \Rightarrow Z.ltb
  end.
```

```
Definition sortDenote (s : sort) : Set :=
  match s with Mint \Rightarrow Z \mid Mbool \Rightarrow bool end.
Definition mbinopDenote arg1 arg2 res (b: mbinop arg1 arg2 res)
  : sortDenote arg1 \rightarrow sortDenote \ arg2 \rightarrow sortDenote \ res :=
  match b with
       MPlus \Rightarrow 7.add
       MTimes \Rightarrow Z.mul
       MEq\ Mint \Rightarrow Z.eqb
       MEq\ Mbool \Rightarrow Bool.eqb
       MLt \Rightarrow Z.ltb
  end.
Fixpoint mexpDenote s (e : mexp s) : sortDenote s :=
  match e with
       M7Const n \Rightarrow n
       MBConst\ b \Rightarrow b
       MBinop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow
          (mbinopDenote b) (mexpDenote e1) (mexpDenote e2)
  end.
```

Many sorts: Target language

Definition sstack := list sort.

Many sorts: Target language

```
Definition sstack := list sort.
Inductive minstr: sstack \rightarrow sstack \rightarrow Set :=
 MiZConst: \forall ss, Z \rightarrow minstr ss (Mint :: ss)
 MiBConst: \forall ss, bool \rightarrow minstr ss (Mbool :: ss)
 MiBinop: \forall arg1 arg2 res ss,
   mbinop arg1 arg2 res \rightarrow minstr (arg1 :: arg2 :: ss) (res :: ss).
```

```
Definition sstack := list sort.
```

```
Inductive minstr: sstack \rightarrow sstack \rightarrow Set :=
 MiZConst: \forall ss, Z \rightarrow minstr ss (Mint :: ss)
 MiBConst: \forall ss, bool \rightarrow minstr ss (Mbool :: ss)
 MiBinop: \forall arg1 arg2 res ss,
   mbinop arg1 arg2 res \rightarrow minstr (arg1 :: arg2 :: ss) (res :: ss).
Inductive mprog : sstack \rightarrow sstack \rightarrow Set :=
 MNil: \forall ss, mprog ss ss
 MCons: \forall ss1 ss2 ss3, minstr ss1 ss2 \rightarrow mprog ss2 ss3 \rightarrow mprog ss1 ss3.
```

```
Fixpoint vstack (ss : sstack) : Set :=
  match ss with
       nil \Rightarrow unit
      s :: ss' \Rightarrow sortDenote s \times vstack ss'
  end.
```

Many sorts: Target language denotation

```
Fixpoint vstack (ss : sstack) : Set :=
  match ss with
      nil \Rightarrow unit
      s :: ss' \Rightarrow sortDenote s \times vstack ss'
  end.
Check (5, (true, (false, tt))): vstack (Mint::Mbool::Mbool::nil).
```

Many sorts: Target language denotation

```
Fixpoint vstack (ss : sstack) : Set :=
  match ss with nil \Rightarrow unit \mid s :: ss' \Rightarrow sortDenote s \times vstack ss' end.
Check (5, (true, (false, tt))): vstack (Mint::Mbool::Mbool::nil).
```

```
Fixpoint vstack (ss : sstack) : Set :=
  match ss with nil \Rightarrow unit \mid s :: ss' \Rightarrow sortDenote s \times vstack ss' end.
Check (5, (true, (false, tt))): vstack (Mint::Mbool::Mbool::nil).
Definition minstrDenote ss ss' (i : minstr ss ss') : vstack ss \rightarrow vstack ss' :=
  match i with
       MiZConst \ \_ \ n \Rightarrow fun \ vs \Rightarrow (n, vs)
       MiBConst \ \_b \Rightarrow fun \ vs \Rightarrow (b, vs)
       MiBinop \ \_b \Rightarrow fun \ vs \Rightarrow
        let (v1, (v2, vs')) := vs in ((mbinopDenote b) v1 v2, vs')
  end.
```

```
Fixpoint vstack (ss : sstack) : Set :=
  match ss with nil \Rightarrow unit \mid s :: ss' \Rightarrow sortDenote s \times vstack ss' end.
Check (5, (true, (false, tt))): vstack (Mint::Mbool::Mbool::nil).
Definition minstrDenote ss ss' (i: minstr ss ss') : vstack ss \rightarrow vstack ss' :=
  match i with
       MiZConst \ \_ \ n \Rightarrow fun \ vs \Rightarrow (n, vs)
       MiBConst \ b \Rightarrow fun \ vs \Rightarrow (b, vs)
       MiBinop \ \_b \Rightarrow fun \ vs \Rightarrow
        let (v1, (v2, vs')) := vs in ((mbinopDenote b) v1 v2, vs')
  end.
Fixpoint mprogDenote\ ss\ ss'\ (p:mprog\ ss\ ss'):vstack\ ss 	o vstack\ ss':=
  match p with
       MNil \Rightarrow \text{fun } vs \Rightarrow vs
       MCons \ i \ p' \Rightarrow fun \ vs \Rightarrow mprogDenote \ p' \ (minstrDenote \ i \ vs)
  end.
```

Many sorts: Compilation

```
Fixpoint mcompile s (e: mexp s) (ss: sstack): mprog ss (s:: ss) :=
  match e with
      MZConst \ n \Rightarrow MCons \ (MiZConst \ \_ \ n) \ (MNil \ \_)
      MBConst\ b \Rightarrow MCons\ (MiBConst\ b)\ (MNil\ b)
      MBinop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow mconcat (mcompile e2 \_)
       (mconcat (mcompile e1 _) (MCons (MiBinop _ b) (MNil _)))
  end.
```

Many sorts: Compilation correctness

```
Fixpoint mcompile s(e:mexp\ s)(ss:sstack):mprog\ ss(s::ss):=
  match e with
      MZConst \ n \Rightarrow MCons \ (MiZConst \ n) \ (MNil \ n)
      MBConst\ b \Rightarrow MCons\ (MiBConst\ b)\ (MNil\ b)
      MBinop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow mconcat (mcompile e2 \_)
       (mconcat (mcompile e1 _) (MCons (MiBinop _ b) (MNil _)))
  end.
```

Many sorts: Compilation correctness

```
Fixpoint mcompile s(e:mexp\ s)(ss:sstack):mprog\ ss(s::ss):=
  match e with
      MZConst \ n \Rightarrow MCons \ (MiZConst \ n) \ (MNil \ n)
      MBConst\ b \Rightarrow MCons\ (MiBConst\ b)\ (MNil\ b)
      MBinop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow mconcat (mcompile e2 \perp)
       (mconcat (mcompile e1 _) (MCons (MiBinop _ b) (MNil _)))
  end.
Theorem mcompile\_correct : \forall s (e : mexp s),
  mprogDenote (mcompile e nil) tt = (mexpDenote e, tt).
```

Many sorts: Compilation correctness

```
Fixpoint mcompile s(e:mexp\ s)(ss:sstack):mprog\ ss(s::ss):=
  match e with
      MZConst \ n \Rightarrow MCons \ (MiZConst \ n) \ (MNil \ n)
      MBConst\ b \Rightarrow MCons\ (MiBConst\ b)\ (MNil\ b)
      MBinop b e1 e2 \Rightarrow mconcat (mcompile e2 \perp)
       (mconcat (mcompile e1 _) (MCons (MiBinop _ b) (MNil _)))
  end.
Theorem mcompile\_correct : \forall s (e : mexp s),
  mprogDenote (mcompile e nil) tt = (mexpDenote e, tt).
Lemma mcompile\_correct' : \forall s (e : mexp s) ss (s : vstack ss),
  mprogDenote\ (mcompile\ e\ ss)\ s=(mexpDenote\ e,\ s).
```

Function pred

```
Lemma zgtz : 0 > 0 \rightarrow False.
   intro H.
   inversion H.
Qed.
Definition pred_strong1 (n : nat) : n > 0 \rightarrow nat :=
   match n with
        O \Rightarrow \text{fun } pf : 0 > 0 \Rightarrow \text{match zgtz } pf \text{ with end}
       S n' \Rightarrow fun = \Rightarrow n'
   end.
```

Function pred_strong1

```
Lemma zgtz : 0 > 0 \rightarrow False.
  intro H.
  inversion H.
Qed.
Definition pred_strong1 (n : nat) : n > 0 \rightarrow nat :=
  match n with
       O \Rightarrow \text{fun } pf : 0 > 0 \Rightarrow \text{match zgtz } pf \text{ with end}
      S n' \Rightarrow fun = n'
  end.
Theorem two_gt0 : 2 > 0.
  auto.
Qed.
Eval compute in pred_strong1 two_gt0.
      = 1
       : nat
```

Function pred_strong1'

```
Definition pred_strong1' (n : nat) (pf : n > 0) : nat := match n with

\mid O \Rightarrow match zgtz pf with end

\mid S n' \Rightarrow n'

end.
```

```
Error: In environment
n : nat
pf : n > 0
The term "pf" has type " n > 0" while it is expected to have
type "0 > 0"
```

Function pred_strong1'

```
Definition pred_strong1' (n : nat) (pf : n > 0) : nat := match n with

\mid O \Rightarrow match zgtz pf with end

\mid S n' \Rightarrow n'

end.
```

```
Error: In environment  \label{eq:nonlinear} n : nat \\ pf : n > 0 \\  \mbox{The term "pf" has type " } n > 0 \mbox{" while it is expected to have } \\ type "0 > 0 \mbox{"}
```

Function pred_strong1 with explicit return

```
Definition pred_strong1 (n : nat) : n > 0 \rightarrow nat := match n : nat = n
```

Lists with length

```
Section ilist.

Variable A : Set.

Inductive ilist : nat \rightarrow Set := | INil : ilist O | ICons : <math>\forall n, A \rightarrow ilist \ n \rightarrow ilist \ (S \ n).
```

Dependent pattern-matching for ilist (1)

```
with | \text{INil} \Rightarrow ...  | \text{ICons } n \times l' \Rightarrow ...  end. : P \text{ m}
```

match /:ilist m

Dependent pattern-matching for ilist (2)

```
match l:ilist m

in (ilist k)

return (P k)

with

| \text{INil} \Rightarrow ... : P 0

| \text{ICons } n \times l' \Rightarrow ... : P (S n)

end. : P m
```

Dependent pattern-matching for ilist (3)

```
match l:ilist m
as v:ilist k
in (ilist k)
return (P k v)
with
| \text{INil} \Rightarrow ... : P 0 | \text{INil}
| \text{ICons } n \times l' \Rightarrow ... : P (S n) (| \text{ICons } n \times l')
end. | P m | l
```

Destruction - match

Simple form:

match
$$m$$
 with $(c_1 \ x_{11} \ ... \ x_{1p_1}) \Rightarrow f_1 \ | \ ... \ | \ (c_n \ x_{n1}...x_{np_n}) \Rightarrow f_n$ end

Full form:

For the purpose of presenting the inference rules, we use a more compact notation:

$$case(m, P, \lambda x_{11} \dots x_{1p_1}.f_1 \mid \dots \mid \lambda x_{n1}...x_{np_n}.f_n)$$

Destruction - match (2)

Type of branches. Let c be a term of type C, we assume C is a type of constructor for an inductive definition I. Let P be a term that represents the property to be proved. We assume r is the number of parameters. We define a new type $\{c:C\}^P$ which represents the type of the branch corresponding to the c:C constructor.

$$\{c : (I_i \ p_1 \dots p_r \ t_1 \dots t_p)\}^P \equiv (P \ t_1 \dots \ t_p \ c)$$

$$\{c : \forall \ x : T, C\}^P \qquad \equiv \forall \ x : T, \{(c \ x) : C\}^P$$

We write $\{c\}^P$ for $\{c:C\}^P$ with C the type of c.

Example for ilist and $s \in \mathcal{S}$:

$$\begin{array}{l} P: \ \forall n: nat, \mathtt{ilist} \ n \to s \\ \{(\mathtt{ICons})\}^P \equiv \forall n: nat, a: A, l: \mathtt{ilist} \ n, P \ (\mathtt{S} \ n) \ (\mathtt{ICons} \ n \ a \ l). \end{array}$$

- if [(I x):A'|B'] then [I:forall x:A, A'|forall x:A, B']
- [I:s1|I -> s2] for any $s1 \in \text{Set}, \text{Type}(j), s2 \in S$
- [I:Prop|I -> Prop]
- [I:Prop|I -> s] for I empty or singleton definition, $s \in S$

- if [(I x):A'|B'] then [I:forall x:A, A'|forall x:A, B']
- [I:s1|I -> s2] for any $s1 \in \mathsf{Set}, \mathsf{Type}(j), \, s2 \in S$
- [I:Prop|I -> Prop]
- [I:Prop|I -> s] for I empty or singleton definition, $s \in S$

- if [(I x):A'|B'] then [I:forall x:A, A'|forall x:A, B']
- [I:s1|I -> s2] for any $s1 \in Set, Type(j), s2 \in S$
- [I:Prop|I -> Prop]
- [I:Prop|I -> s] for I empty or singleton definition, $s \in S$

- if [(I x):A'|B'] then [I:forall x:A, A'|forall x:A, B']
- [I:s1|I -> s2] for any $s1 \in Set, Type(j), s2 \in S$
- [I:Prop|I -> Prop]
- [I:Prop|I -> s] for I empty or singleton definition, $s \in S$

Typing rule.

Our very general destructor for inductive definition enjoys the following typing rule

$$E[\Gamma] \vdash m : (I \ q_1 \dots q_r \ t_1 \dots t_s)$$

$$E[\Gamma] \vdash P : B$$

$$[(I \ q_1 \dots q_r)|B]$$

$$(E[\Gamma] \vdash f_i : \{(c_{p_i} \ q_1 \dots q_r)\}^P)_{i=1\dots l}$$

$$E[\Gamma] \vdash \mathsf{case}(m, P, f_1| \dots |f_l) : (P \ t_1 \dots t_s \ m)$$

provided I is an inductive type in a declaration $\operatorname{Ind}(\Delta)[r](\Gamma_I := \Gamma_C)$ with $\Gamma_C = [c_1 : C_1; \ldots; c_n : C_n]$ and $c_n, \ldots c_n$ are the only constructors of I.

lota reduction

A ι -reduction has the following form

$$\mathsf{case}((c_{p_i}\ q_1 \ldots q_r\ a_1 \ldots a_m), P, f_1 | \ldots | f_n) \triangleright_{\iota} (f_i\ a_1 \ldots a_m)$$

with c_{p_i} the *i*-th constructor of the inductive type I with r parameters.

```
Definition pred_strong1 (n : \mathbf{nat}) : n > 0 \to \mathbf{nat} :=  match n with | O \Rightarrow \text{fun } pf : 0 > 0 \Rightarrow \text{match zgtz } pf with end | S n' \Rightarrow \text{fun } \_ \Rightarrow n' end.
```

Typing: pred_strong1

```
Definition pred_strong1 (n : \mathbf{nat}) : n > 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{nat} :=
   match n with
         0 \Rightarrow \text{fun } pf : 0 > 0 \Rightarrow \text{match zgtz } pf \text{ with end}
        S n' \Rightarrow fun \Rightarrow n'
   end.
Definition pred_strong1 (n : nat) : n > 0 \rightarrow nat :=
   match n return n > 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{nat} with
         0 \Rightarrow \text{fun } pf : 0 > 0 \Rightarrow \text{match zgtz } pf \text{ with end } : 0 > 0 \rightarrow \text{nat}
        S n' \Rightarrow fun \rightarrow n' : S n' > 0 \rightarrow nat
   end.
```

```
Fixpoint app' n1 (ls1: ilist n1) n2 (ls2: ilist n2): ilist (n1 + n2):= match ls1 in (ilist k) return (ilist (k + n2)) with | \text{INil} \Rightarrow ls2  | \text{ICons} \ \_ \times ls1' \Rightarrow \text{ICons} \times (\text{app'} \ ls1' \ ls2) end.
```

```
Fixpoint app' n1 (ls1: ilist n1) n2 (ls2: ilist n2): ilist (n1 + n2):= match ls1 in (ilist k) return (ilist (k + n2)) with | \text{INil} \Rightarrow ls2 : \text{ilist } (0+n2) | \text{ICons } n' \times ls1' \Rightarrow \text{ICons } x \text{ (app' } ls1' \ ls2) : \text{ilist } (S \ n' + n2)
```

```
Fixpoint app' n1 (ls1: ilist n1) n2 (ls2: ilist n2): ilist (n1+n2):= match ls1 in (ilist k) return (ilist (k+n2)) with | INil \Rightarrow ls2 | ICons _{-} \times ls1' \Rightarrow ICons \times (app' ls1' ls2) end.
```

```
Fixpoint app' n1 (ls1: ilist n1) n2 (ls2: ilist n2): ilist (n1 + n2):= match ls1 in (ilist k) return (ilist (k + n2)) with | \text{INil} \Rightarrow ls2 : \text{ilist } (0+n2)  | \text{ICons } n' \times ls1' \Rightarrow \text{ICons } x \text{ (app' } ls1' \ ls2) : \text{ilist } (S \ n' + n2)  end.
```

Typing: strong elimination

```
Definition sel (n:nat) := match n with
| 0 => False
| S _=> True
```

Elimination from nat to Type is needed to show that $0 \neq 1$:

```
Goal 0=1 -> False.
intro H.
change (sel 1).
rewrite <- H.
red.
constructor.
Qed.
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```
Definition rowne (n,m:nat)(h:n=m)(1:ilist n): ilist m :=
match h in _=m with return (ilist m)
| eq_refl => 1
```

$$P = fun(m:nat)(h:n=m) \Rightarrow ilist m$$

- That is an elimination from Prop to Set for a singleton type
- That is how tactic rewrite works

```
Definition rowne (n,m:nat)(h:n=m)(l:ilist n): ilist m :=
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| eq_refl => 1
Definition rowne (n,m:nat)(h:n=m)(l:ilist n): ilist m :=
match h in _=m with return (ilist m)
| eq_refl => l : ilist n
```

- That is an elimination from Prop to Set for a singleton type
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Typing: eq elimination

```
Definition rowne (n,m:nat)(h:n=m)(l:ilist n): ilist m := match h in _=m with return (ilist m)  
 \mid \text{ eq\_refl => l} 
Definition rowne (n,m:nat)(h:n=m)(l:ilist n): ilist m := match h in _=m with return (ilist m)  
 \mid \text{ eq\_refl => l} \qquad : \text{ ilist n} 
 P = fun (m:nat)(h:n=m) \Rightarrow ilist m
```

- That is an elimination from Prop to Set for a singleton type
- That is how tactic rewrite works

Typing: eq elimination

```
Definition rowne (n,m:nat)(h:n=m)(l:ilist n): ilist m :=
match h in _=m with return (ilist m)
| eq_refl => 1
Definition rowne (n,m:nat)(h:n=m)(l:ilist n): ilist m :=
match h in _=m with return (ilist m)
| eq_refl => l : ilist n
            P = fun (m : nat)(h : n = m) \Rightarrow ilist m
```

- That is an elimination from Prop to Set for a singleton type
- That is how tactic rewrite works.

```
Definition rowne (n,m:nat)(h:n=m)(l:ilist n): ilist m := match h in _=m with return (ilist m)  
 \mid \text{ eq\_refl => l}   
Definition rowne (n,m:nat)(h:n=m)(l:ilist n): ilist m := match h in _=m with return (ilist m)  
 \mid \text{ eq\_refl => l} \quad : \text{ ilist n}   
 P = fun \ (m:nat)(h:n=m) \Rightarrow ilist \ m
```

- That is an elimination from Prop to Set for a singleton type
- That is how tactic rewrite works

For nonsingleton types in Prop elimination to Prop only

```
Inductive or (A B:Prop) : Prop :=
lintro : A -> or A B | rintro : B -> or A B.
```

Incorrect:

```
Definition choice (A B: Prop) (x:or A B): bool :=
match x with lintro a => true | rintro b => false end.
```

Error: Incorrect elimination of "x" in the inductive type "or": the return type has sort "Set" while it should be "Prop". Elimination of an inductive object of sort Prop is not allowed on a predicate in sort Set because proofs can be eliminated only to build proofs.

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