跨平台开发Ionic4 第六节----个人中心模拟

1. 完善登录页面的背景色，全局覆盖=>app.scss加入：

ion-content.content{

background-color: #e3e4e7 !important;

}

1. More.html：

<div \*ngIf="notlogin">

<ion-card text-center>

<ion-card-header>

<h2>登录iqooccasda,体验更多功能!</h2>

</ion-card-header>

<ion-card-content>

<button ion-button outline small (click)="gotologin()">登录/注册</button>

</ion-card-content>

</ion-card>

</div>

<div \*ngIf="!notlogin">

<ion-list class="margin\_top">

<button ion-item (click)="gotouserpage()">

<ion-avatar item-start>

<img src="{{headface}}" />

</ion-avatar>

<h2>{{userinfo.UserNickName}}</h2>

<p>查看个人主页或剪辑简介</p>

</button>

</ion-list>

</div>

1. More.ts先准备所有需要的ui组件：

import { Component } from '@angular/core';

import { IonicPage, NavController, NavParams, ModalController,LoadingController } from 'ionic-angular';

import { LoginPage } from '../login/login';

import { Storage } from '@ionic/storage';

import { BaseUI } from '../../common/baseUI';

import { RestProvider } from '../../providers/rest/rest';

public notlogin:boolean=true;

headface: string;

userinfo: string[];

1. Rest注意，我们还缺少获取用户信息的函数，需要在rest的复用代码中，进行添加：

//获取用户在登录完成后的信息

getUserInfo(userId): Observable<string[]> {

return this.getUrlReturn(this.apiUrlUserInfo + "?userid=" + userId);

}

1. More.ts的获取信息默认加载函数的代码：

loadUserpage(){

this.storage.get('UserId').then((val) => {

// console.log('Your age is', val);

if(val!=null){

var loading =super.showLoading(this.loadingCtrl,"加载中...");

this.rest.getUserInfo(val).subscribe(

userinfo=>{

this.userinfo = userinfo;

this.headface = userinfo["UserHeadface"] + "?" + (new Date()).valueOf();

this.notlogin=false;

loading.dismiss();

}

)

}else{

this.notlogin=true;

}

});

}