

## Chapter 1 Java Fundamentals

Xiang Zhang

javaseu@163.com

https://wdsseu.github.io/java/

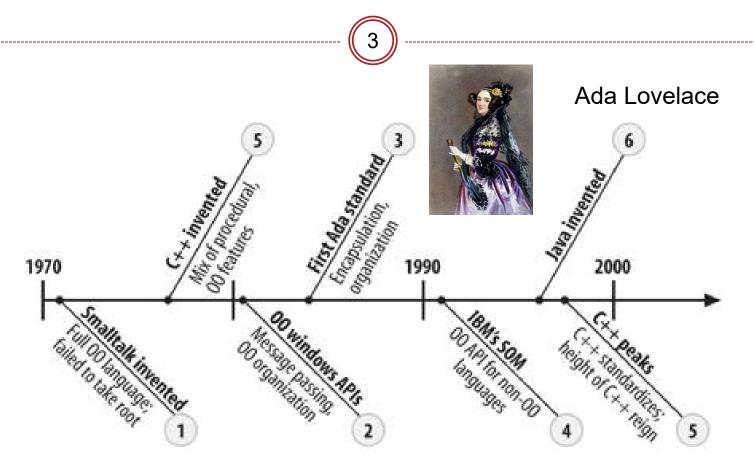
#### Content



- Evolution of Java
- JDK and JRE
- Java Operating Mechanism
- Java Developing Environment
- Java Primary Data Types
- Java Basic Grammar



#### Evolution of Java – Success of OOP



from 《Beyond Java》



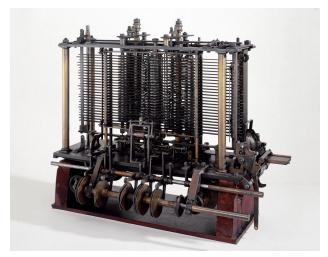
## Ada Lovelace (历史上第一位程序媛)



- 10 December 1815 27 November 1852)
- English mathematician and writer
- The first to recognize that the machine had applications beyond pure calculation
- She published the first algorithm

mechanical general-purpose computer, \_\_\_\_ the Analytical Engine







#### Evolution of Java – Life of Java

Open Discussion:

Please list some resource-limited

- Past
- devices
- Present
- Resource-limitedDevice
- C++
- Green Project
- Oak
- Mosaic / Netscape /Mark Andreessen
- HotJava

- Internet / WWW
- Enterprise
- 1<sup>st</sup> language in industry
- Future
  - Java vs. DynamicLanguage
  - Java and open source

James Gosling: Dr.Java

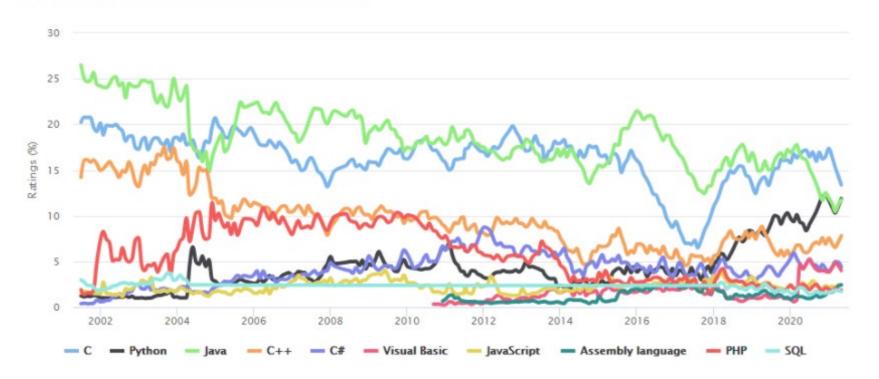




## Today's Java



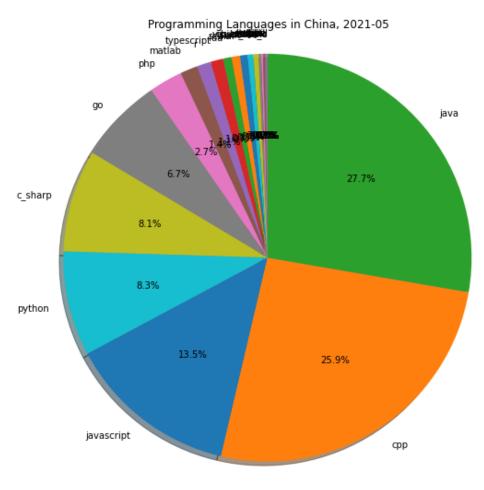
#### TOP 10编程语言TIOBE指数走势图 (2002-2020)





## Today's Java







## Today's Java



#### Salary:

rank	pl_	salary_mean	salary_median	salary_95_min	salary_95_max	head_count	percentage
1	rust	24293	24000	7000	45000	1022	0.23%
2	scala	20041	17500	7000	45000	4158	0.93%
3	julia	19815	20000	12500	27500	54	0.01%
4	python	19329	17500	6500	45000	51652	11.58%
5	go	19246	17500	7000	45000	42051	9.43%
6	lua	19180	17500	6788	45000	4192	0.94%
7	perl	18972	17500	7000	40000	2816	0.63%
8	matlab	18905	17500	7000	37500	8629	1.93%
9	swift	18205	16000	7000	40000	3719	0.83%
10	r	17547	17500	6000	40000	6904	1.55%
11	ruby	17021	15000	5250	37500	1211	0.27%
12	kotlin	16630	15000	5750	40000	2601	0.58%
13	C/C++	16597	15000	6000	37500	161715	36.26%
14	haskell	16250	16250	15000	22500	6	0.00%
15	typescript	16210	15000	7000	36842	6239	1.40%
16	java	15256	13000	5500	37500	172709	38.72%

### JDK and JRE

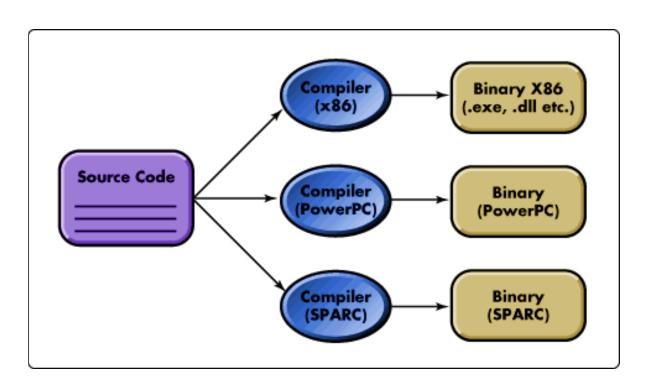


- JDK Java Development Toolkit
  - J2SE Java 2 Standard Edition
  - O J2EE − Java 2 Enterprise Edition
  - J2ME Java 2 Micro Edition
- JRE Java Runtime Environment



## Java Mechanism – Traditional

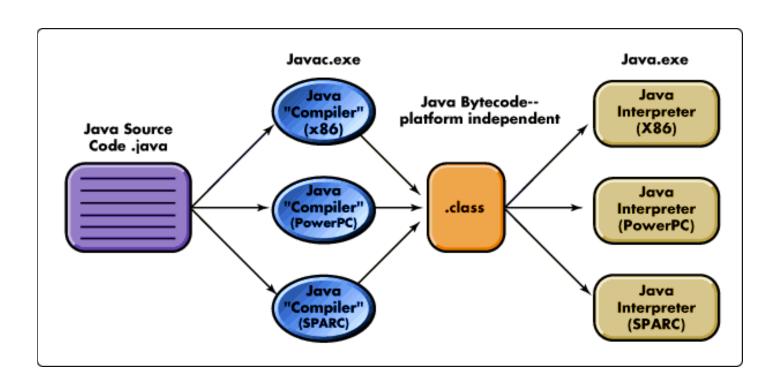






### Java Mechanism – Java



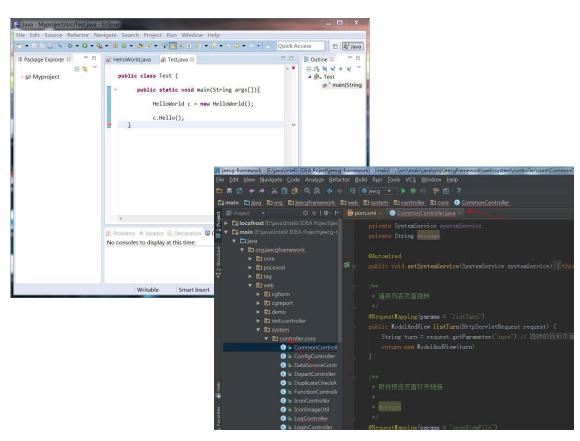




### Java Developing Environment



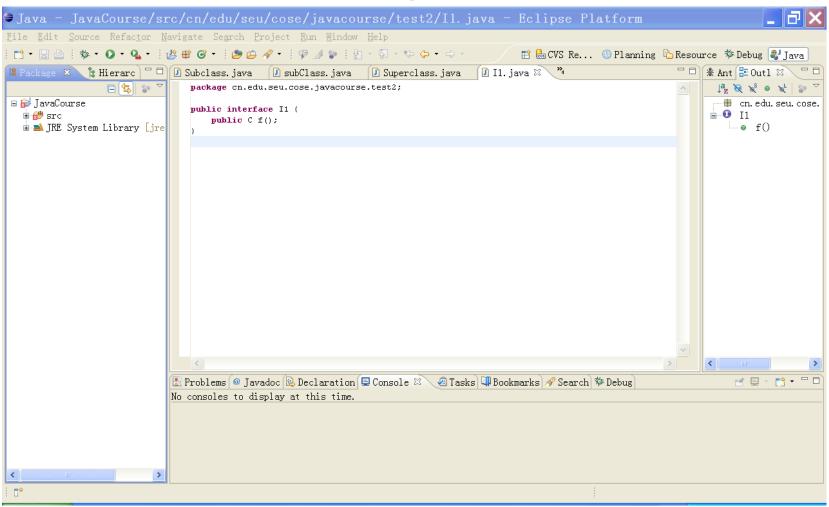
- Text editor
- IDE
  - Eclipse
  - IntelliJ IDEA
  - Netbeans
  - MyEclipse





### Eclipse

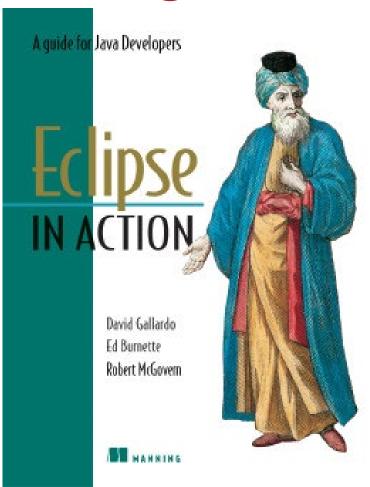






### Eclipse is not only an IDE





### Java Features



- Simplicity: simple grammar, rich library
- Pure OO: everything is object!
- Security: memory access, garbage collection, exception
- Portability: Java Virtual Machine
- Interpreted execution: Bytecode

### Exploring Java



```
package cn.edu.seu.cose.javacourse.ch01;
public class Person {
    private String name;
    private int age;
    public Person(String name, int age){
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
    public void greet(){
        System.out.println("Hello, I am " + name
            + ", and I am " + age + " years old");
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Person tom = new Person("Tom", 18);
        tom.greet();
```



### The Structure Of Java Programs

```
package declaration ←----- package cn.edu.seu.cose.javacourse.ch01;
   class declaration ←----- public class Person {
variable declaration
                                  private String name;
    and initialization
                                  private int age;
                                  public Person(String name, int age){
                                      this.name = name;
         constructor -
                                      this.age = age;
                                  public void greet(){
                                      System.out.println("Hello, I am " + name
            method
                                          + ", and I am " + age + " years old");
                                  public static void main(String[] args){
                                      Person tom = new Person("Tom", 18);
       main method -
                                      tom.greet();
```

```
public class Person {
                                        How many errors?
    privat String name;
    privat int age;
    System.out.println("the program begins.");
    public void person(int age){
        this.age = age
    public int greet{
        System.out.println("Hello, I am Tom, and I am "
                + age + " years old");
    private static main(String arg){
        Person tom = new Person("18");
        tom.greet();
```

# Java Primary Data Types

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### Java Primary Data Types

Open Discussion: Why we need wrappers when we already have primary type? And why we need primary type when we have wrappers?

Туре	size(bit)	range	wrapper
boolean	1	true/false	Boolean
char	16	Unicode	Character
byte	8	[-128, 127]	Byte
short	16	$[-2^{15}, 2^{15}-1]$	Short
int	32	$[-2^{31},2^{31}-1]$	Integer
long	64	$[-2^{63}, 2^{63}-1]$	Long
float	32	3.4*10 <sup>38</sup>	Float
double	64	1.7*10 <sup>308</sup>	Double
void			Void

### Primary Types and Wrapper



- Values of Primary Types are NOT Objects!
- Each Primary type has a corresponding wrapper to wrap a value into an object:
  - $\circ$  Integer a = 473;
  - System.out.println(a.compareTo(new Integer(472)));

- o int a = 473;
- System.out.println(a.compareTo(472));



### Conversion Between Values



- From Low Accuracy to High Accuracy: Auto
  - $\circ$  double d = 10;
- From High Accuracy to Low Accuracy: Cast
  - o int t = (int)10.2;



### More About This Statement



```
Class:java.lang.System method,void method,int

System.out.println(a.compareTo(new Integer(472)));

object:PrintStream, static object:Integer
```

### Print and Format



- System.out.println()
- String Formatter

```
double pi = 3.1415926;
String result = String.format("%.2f", pi);
System.out.println(result);
// print pi with specific digits of fractional part
```

#### Variables and Constants



Declare and use

```
int a = 10;
final int B = 20;
```

• Lifecycle and Hidden Variables

```
public class Test {
    int t = 0;
    public void hideT(){
        int t = 10;
        int s = 9;
        System.out.println(t);
    }
    public void printT(){
        System.out.println(t);
    }
}
```

### Notice!



• Different with C++



```
int i = 0;
for(int j=0; j<10; j++){
   int i = 10; // not allowed in java
}</pre>
```

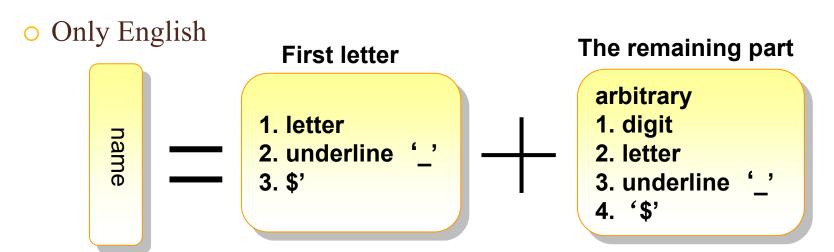


### Naming



#### • Basic Principle:

- A names should reflect the meaning of a class/package/variable...
- Different with Java keywords
- \*\*Different with java.lang.\* // not restricted



### Naming



- projectdemo
- package

```
package cn.edu...;
```

• class

```
public class Person;
```

variable

```
int age = 20;
```

method

```
void greet(){};
```

constant

```
final double PI = 3.14;
```

### Java Operator



- Mathematical operator
- Relational operator
- Logical operator
- Bitwise operator
- Assignment operator
- Others

## Mathematical Operator



### Relational Operator



- > 、 >=
- < , <=
- == \ !=
- instanceOf

```
Person tom = new Person("Tom", 18);

System.out.println(tom instanceof Person);
```

## Logical Operator



- &&&|



## Bitwise Operator



- <<
- >>
- >>>

## Assignment Operator



### Others

(35)

• ?:

Ternary if-else operator

return i < 10 ? i \* 100 : i \* 10;

- new
- []

#### Java Grammar



- Package
- Import
- Class
- Field
- Method

```
package cn.edu.seu.cose.javacourse.test;
public class Person {
   private String name;
    private int age;
    public Person(String name, int age){
       this.name = name;
       this.age = age;
    public void greet(){
       System.out.println("Hello, I am " + name
               + " , and I am " + age + " years old");
    public static void main(String[] args){
       Person tom = new Person("Tom", 18);
       tom.greet();
```

#### Lab Work 0



- Write a Java Class Student
  - o id, name, gender
  - A sample greet() outputs: "Hello, I am Xiang Zhang. I am a male student, and I am from Class 3."
  - Open discussion:
    - ➤ Is is good to use a String for gender? Any better type?
    - ➤ Don't put everything in main(), why?

### Java Statement



- if-else
- switch
- while, do-while
- for
- break
- continue
- return



### Java Keywords



abstract assert boolean break byte case catch char class const continue default do double

else enum extends false final finally float for goto if implements import instanceof int

interface long native new null package private protected public return short static strictfp super

switch synchronized this throw throws transient true try void volatile while

#### Java Comments



```
// This is a simple lined comment
  This is a multiple lined comment
   This is a multiple lined comment
   This is a multiple lined comment
*/
/**
* @param age
* @return
   public int count(int age){
       return 0;
```



### Lab Work 1

```
(41)
```

```
public class Person {
    private String name;
    private int age;
    public Person(String name, int age) {
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
    public void greet() {
        System.out.println("Hello, I am " +
                name + " , and I am " + age + " years old");
                                                bad code!
                                                data is hard-coded, which is
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Person tom = new Person("Tom", 18);
                                                hard to modify
        tom.greet();
```

### Lab Work 1

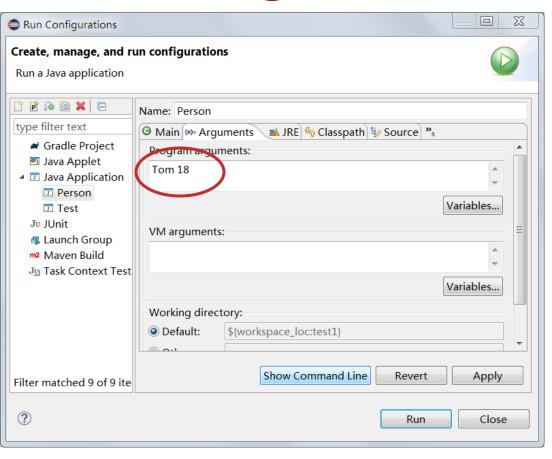


- Two ways to avoid hard-coding
  - o String[] args
  - Scanner



## String[] args





#### Scanner



#### Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

```
package cn.edu.seu.java;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Person {
```

### Lab Work 2



- A simple version of ATM
  - Single user
  - Deposit / Withdrawal / Query Balance
  - Using Scanner to get user request and amount of money
  - An user interface like this:

Please select your transaction:

1: Deposit

2: Withdrawal

3: Query Balance

• Try NOT to write all the codes in main()!!

### Self-teaching



#### Javadoc

- What is Javadoc?
- O How to add comments in program for making a Javadoc?
- O How to generate Javadoc in HTML format?
- O How to search in Javadoc?

### Forecast



- OO Concepts
- Class and Objects
  - Package
  - o Field
  - Method
  - Main method
  - Object
  - Construct and Initialization
  - Access Control