

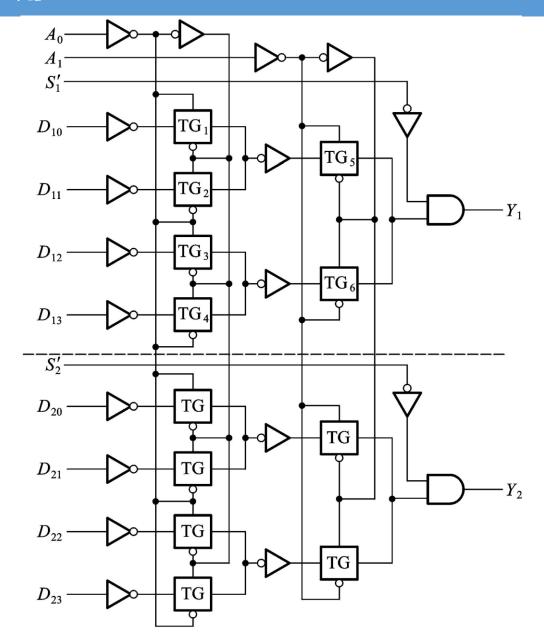
沈阳工业大学 电子技术教研室





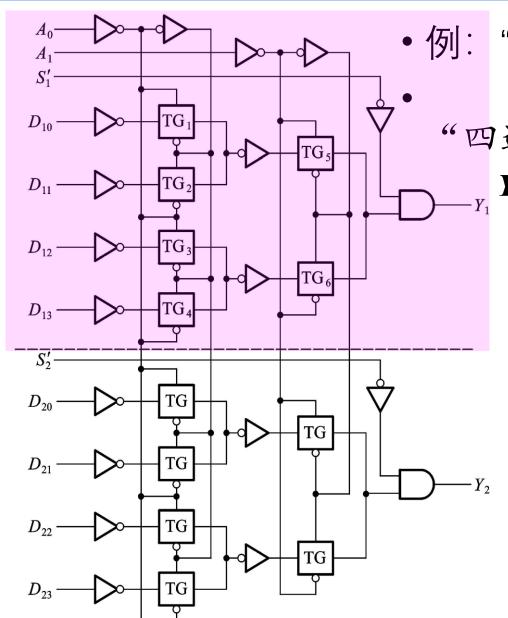


数据选择器 一、工作原理









• 例: "双四选一", 74HC153 • 分析其中的一个 "四选一"

$$Y_{1} = S_{1}[D_{0}(A_{1}'A_{0}') + D_{1}(A_{1}'A_{0}) + D_{2}(A_{1}A_{0}') + D_{3}(A_{1}A_{0})]$$

$$+ D_{2}(A_{1}A_{0}') + D_{3}(A_{1}A_{0})]$$

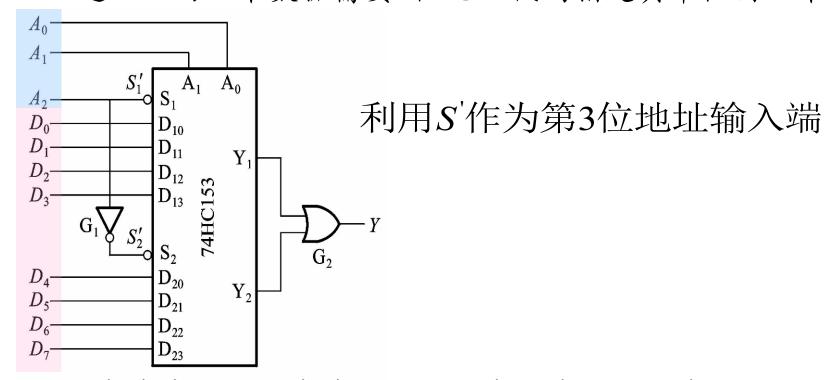
$S_1$	$A_1$	$A_0$	У <sub>1</sub>
1	X	X	0
0	0	0	D <sub>10</sub>
0	0	1	D <sub>11</sub>
0	1	0	D <sub>12</sub>
0	1	1	D <sub>13</sub>





例:用两个"四选一"接成"八选一"

- "四选一"只有2位地址输入,从四个输入中选中一个
- "八选一"的八个数据需要3位地址代码指定其中任何一个



$$Y = (A_{2}'A_{1}'A_{0}')D_{0} + (A_{2}'A_{1}'A_{0})D_{1} + (A_{2}'A_{1}A_{0}')D_{2} + (A_{2}'A_{1}A_{0})D_{3}$$
$$+ (A_{2}A_{1}'A_{0}')D_{4} + (A_{2}A_{1}'A_{0})D_{5} + (A_{2}A_{1}A_{0}')D_{6} + (A_{2}A_{1}A_{0})D_{7}$$





- 二、数据选择器应用-用数据选择器设计组合电路
- 1. 基本原理

$$Y_1 = D_0(A_1'A_0') + D_1(A_1'A_0) + D_2(A_1A_0') + D_3(A_1A_0)$$

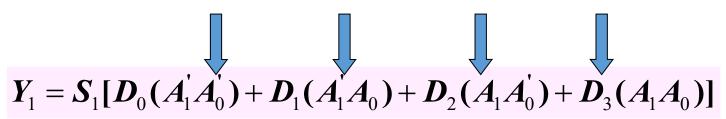


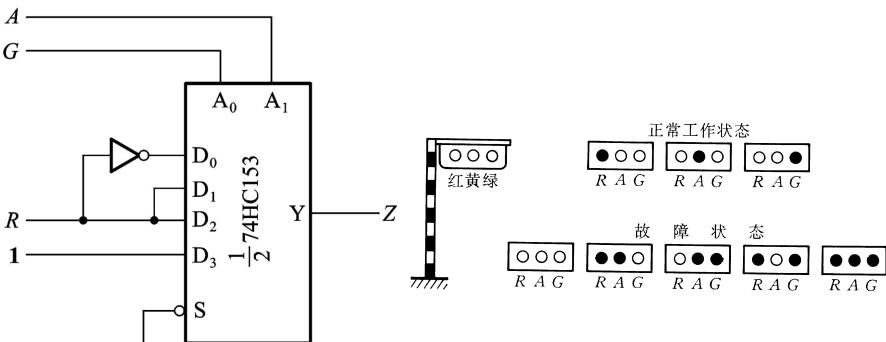
具有n位地址输入的数据选择器,可产生任何形式的输入变量不大于n+1的组合函数





$$Z = R'A'G' + R'AG + RA'G + RAG' + RAG$$
$$= R'(A'G') + R(A'G) + R(AG') + 1 \cdot (AG)$$







# 知识点小结



知识要点:数据选择器原理和应用设计方法

知识难点: 利用数据选择器灵活设计应用电路方案