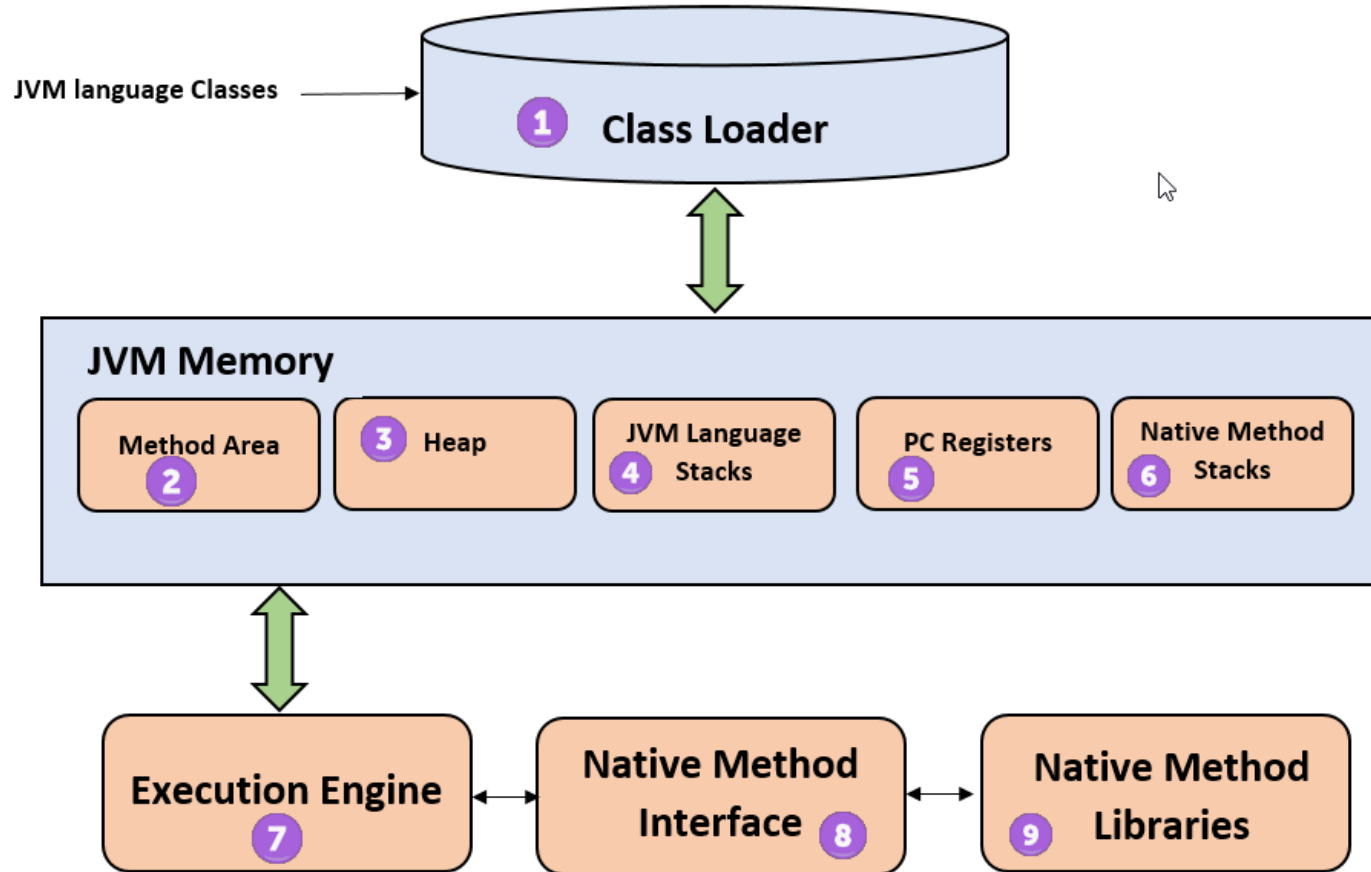
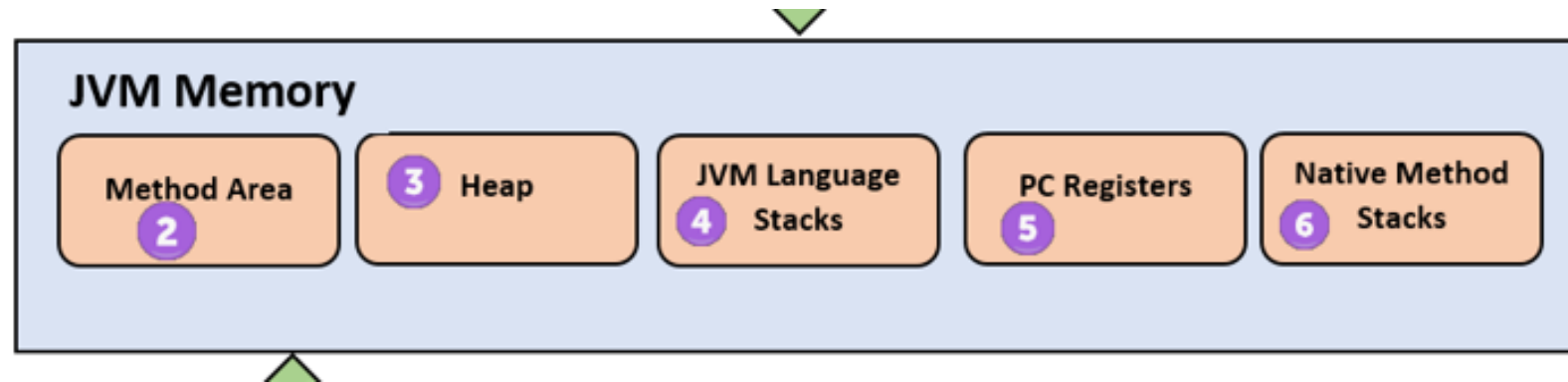


Garbage Collector

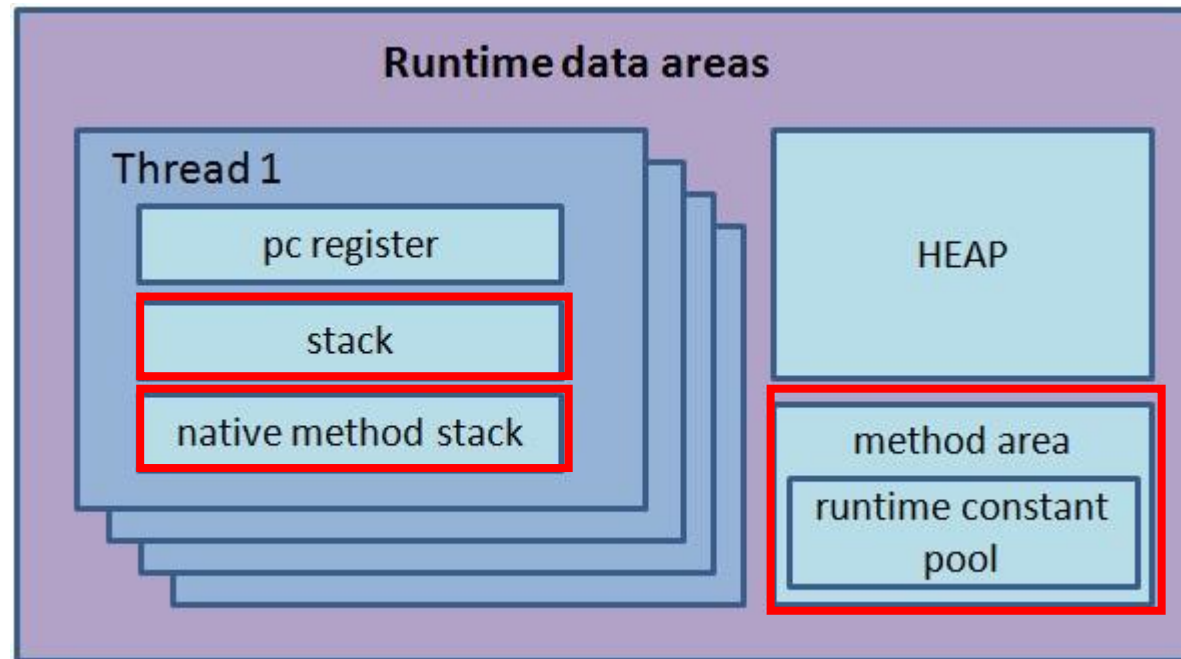
GarbageCollector

- 동적으로 할당된 메모리 중 필요없게 된 영역을 해제 하는 기능

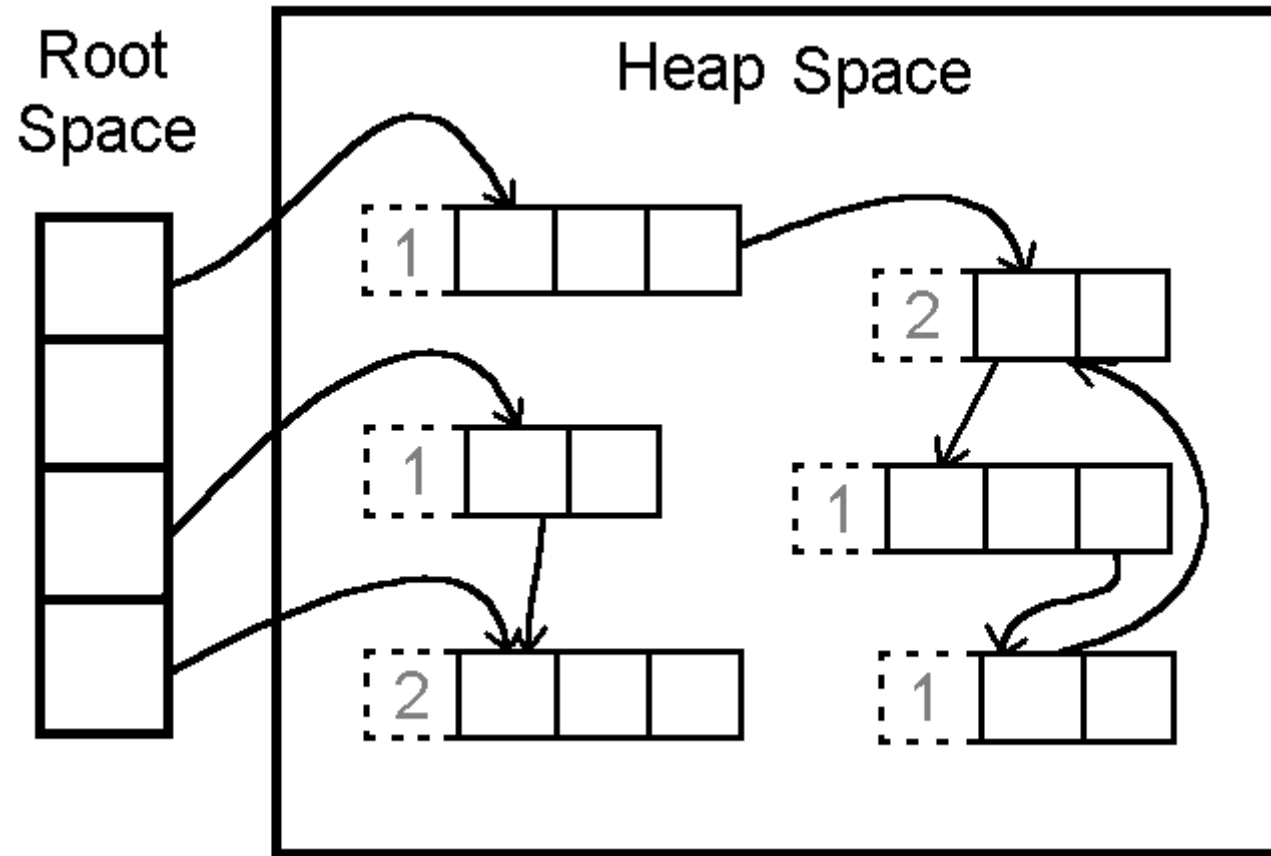




RootSpace



Reference Counting



```

3 ▶ public class ReferenceCounting {
    7 usages
4     public static class Obj{
        3 usages
5         int val;
6
        4 usages
7         public Obj(int val){
8             this.val = val;
9         }
10
11         public int getVal() {
12             return val;
13         }
14
15         public void setVal(int val){
16             this.val = val;
17         }
18     }
19
    1 usage
20     public static void func(){
21         Obj obj3 = new Obj( val: 3);
22     }
23
24 ▶ public static void main(String[] args){
25     Obj obj1 = new Obj( val: 1);
26     Obj obj2 = new Obj( val: 2);
27     func();
28     obj1 = new Obj( val: 4);
29     obj2 = obj1;
30 }
31 }
32

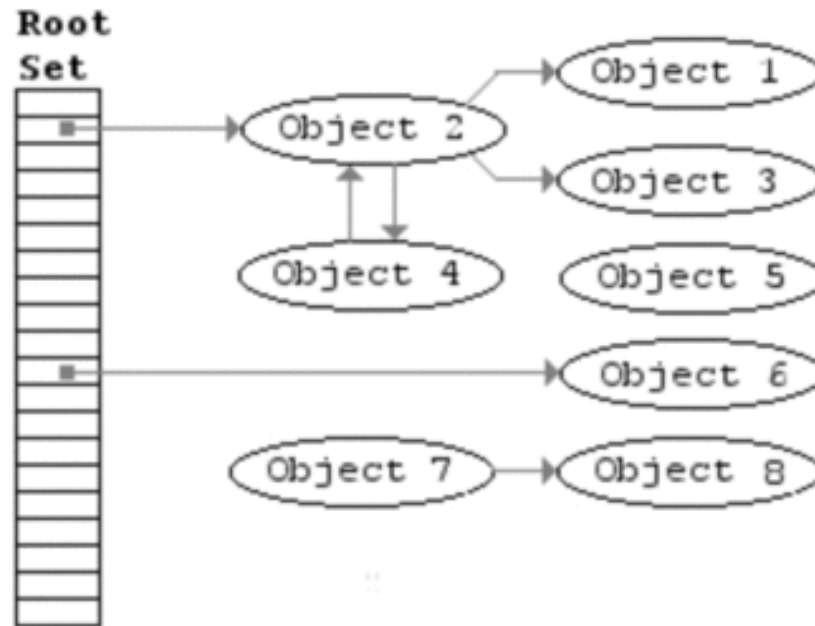
```

```

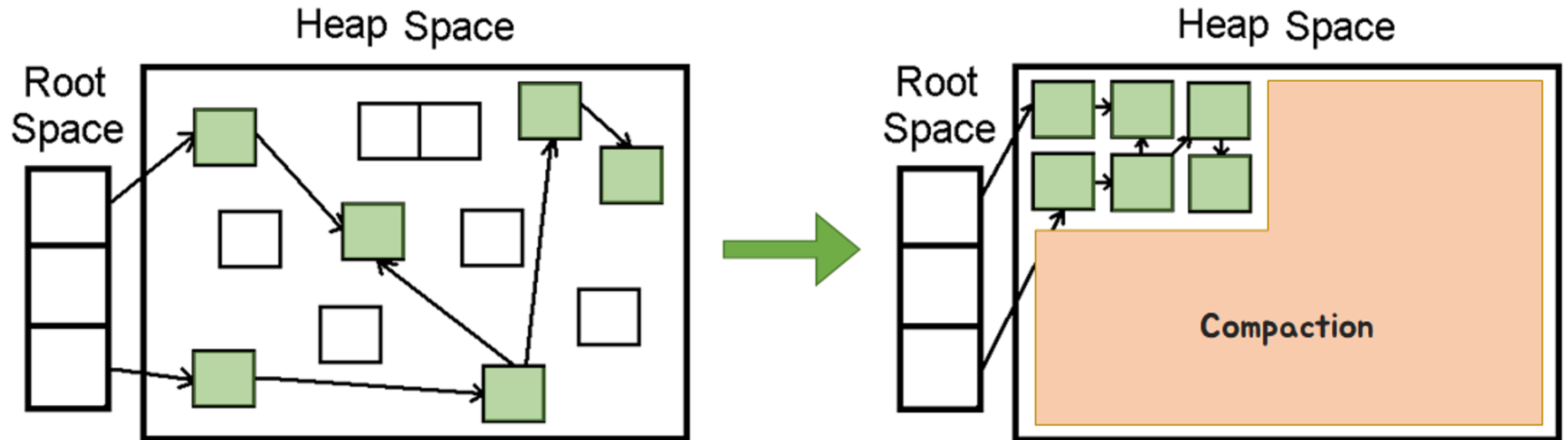
3 ▶ public class CircularReferenceCounting {
    9 usages
4     public static class Obj{
        3 usages
5         private Obj other;
        3 usages
6         private int value;
7
        4 usages
8         public Obj(int value){
9             this.other = null;
10            this.value = value;
11        }
12
13        public Obj getOther() {
14            return other;
15        }
16
        2 usages
17        public void setOther(Obj other) {
18            this.other = other;
19        }
20
21        public int getValue() {
22            return value;
23        }
24
25        public void setValue(int value) {
26            this.value = value;
27        }
28    }
29
30 ▶ public static void main(String[] args){
31     Obj obj1 = new Obj( value: 1);
32     Obj obj2 = new Obj( value: 2);
33     obj1.setOther(obj2);
34     obj2.setOther(obj1);
35     obj1 = new Obj( value: 3);
36     obj2 = new Obj( value: 4);
37

```

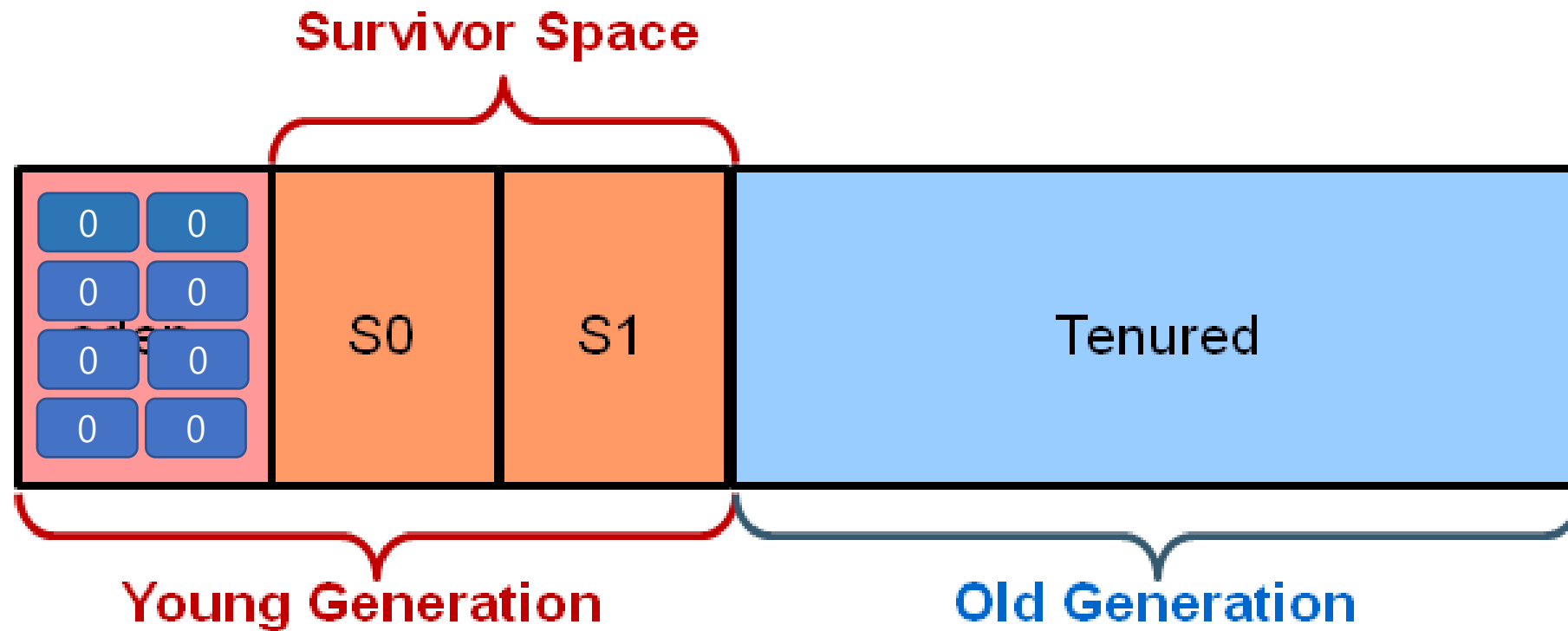
Mark And Sweep



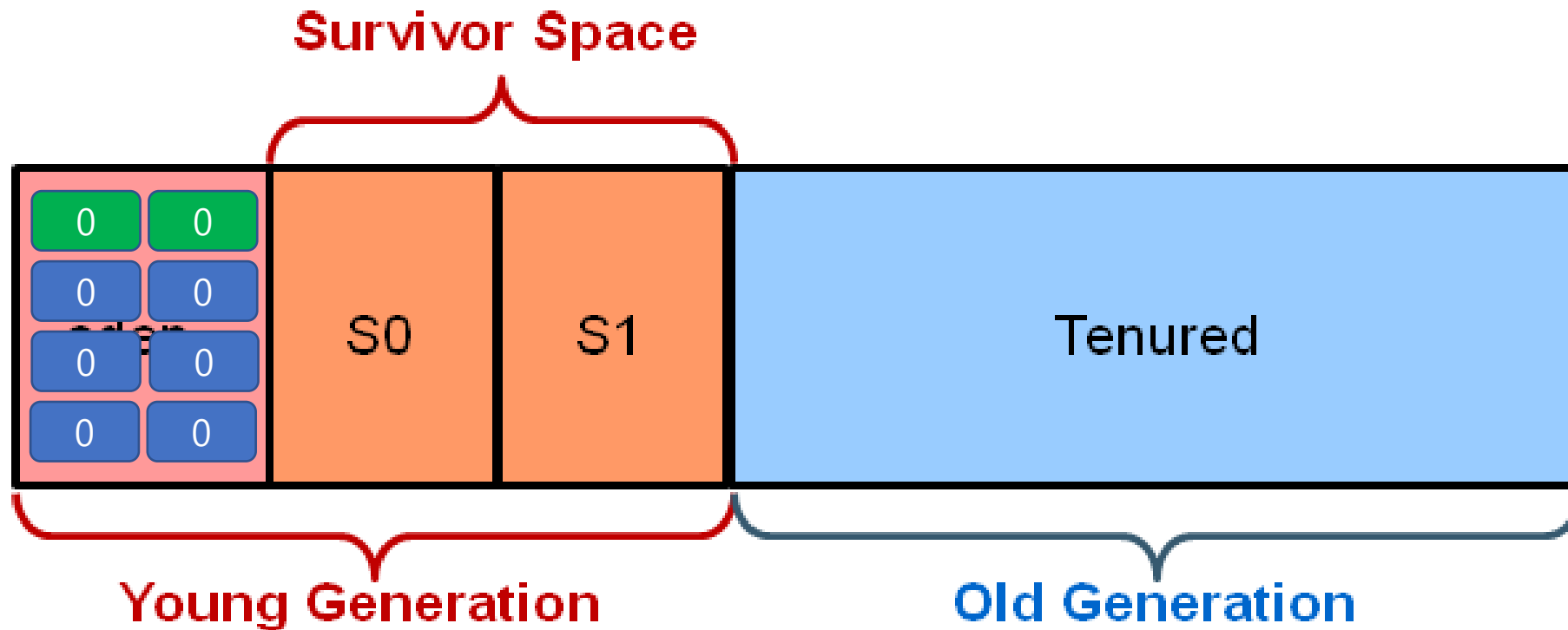
Mark And Sweep



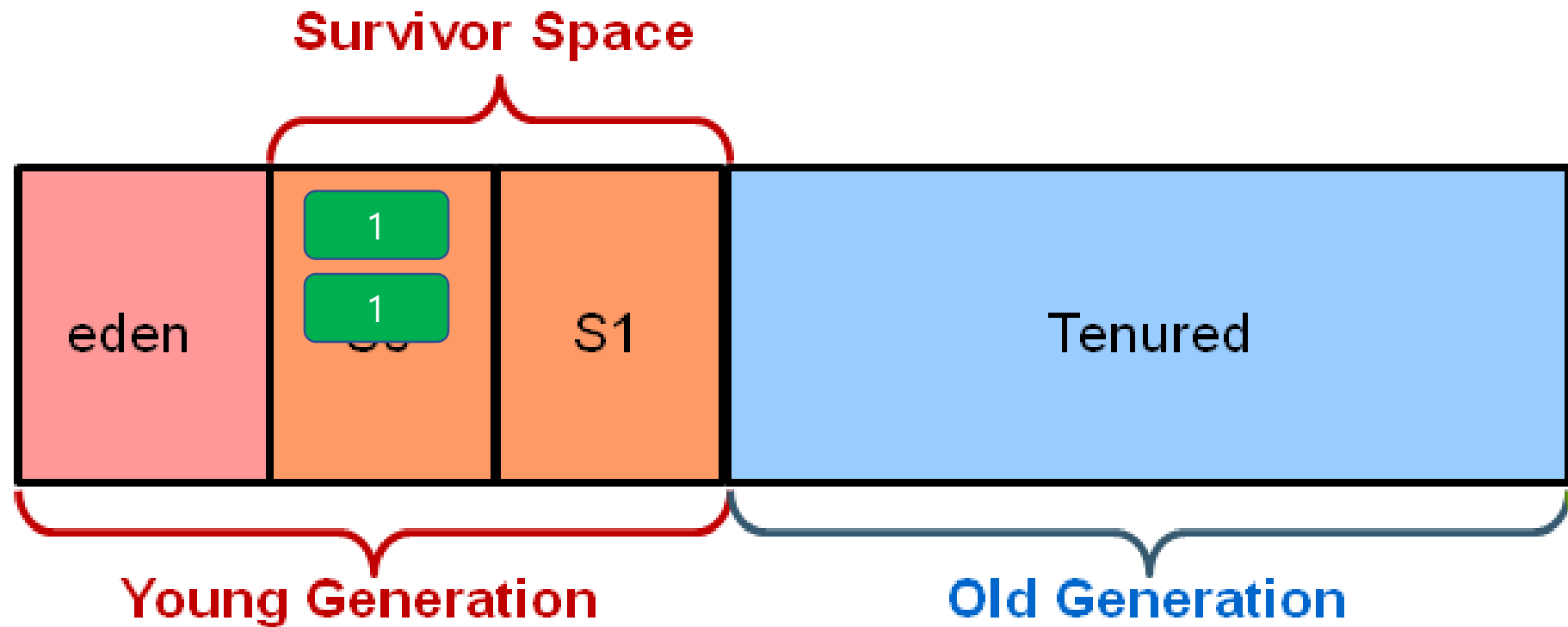
GC 의 실행원리



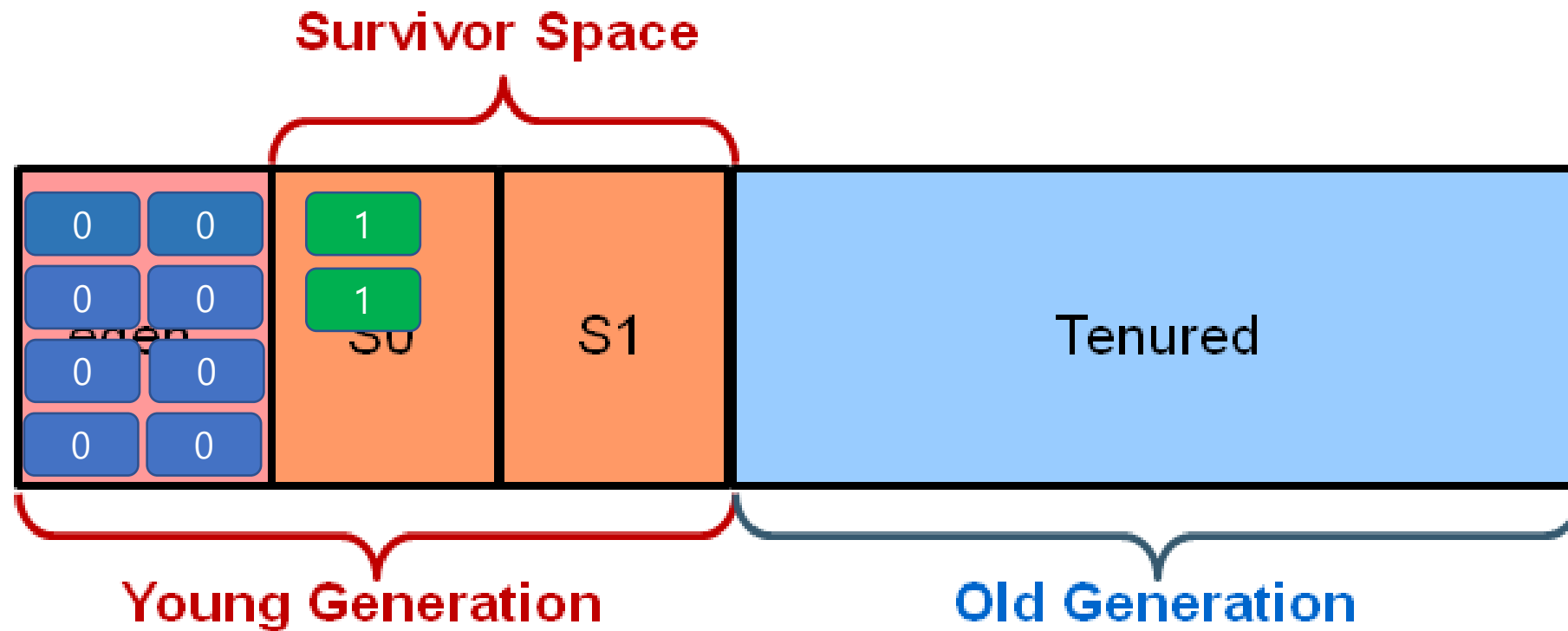
GC 의 실행원리



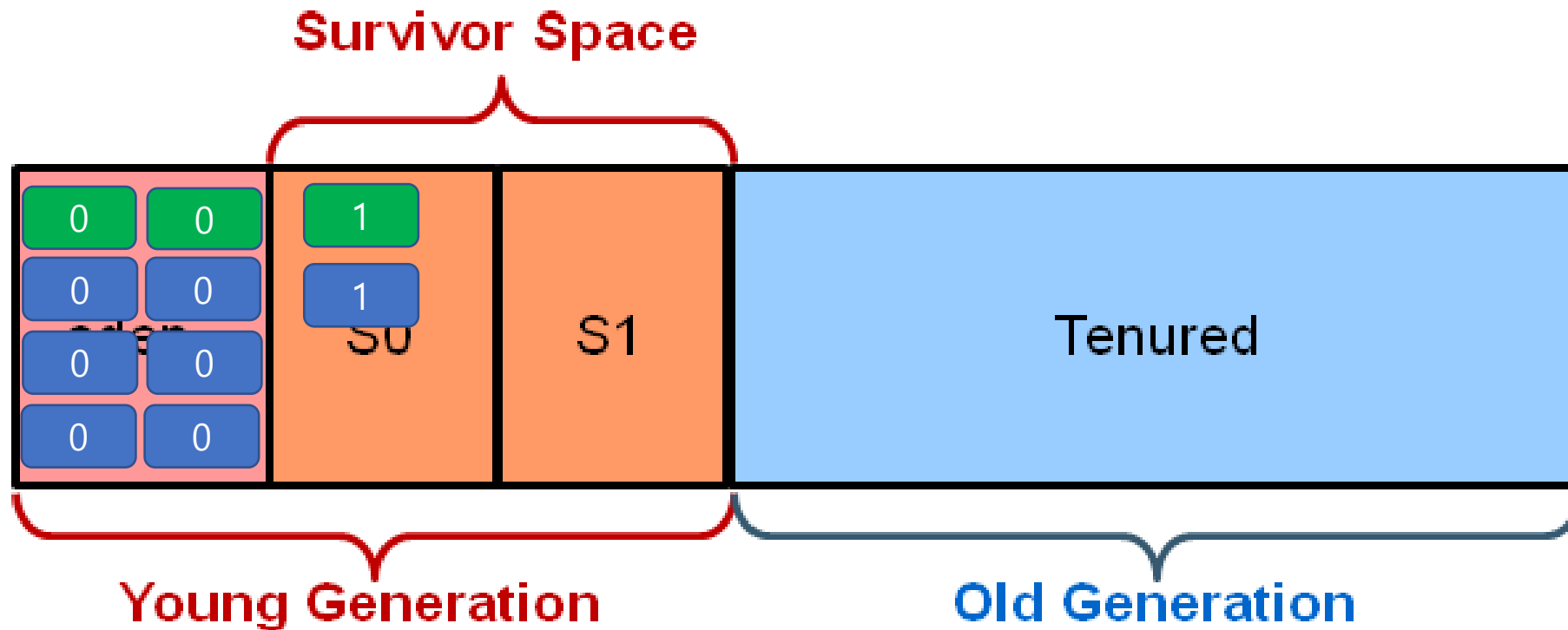
GC 의 실행원리



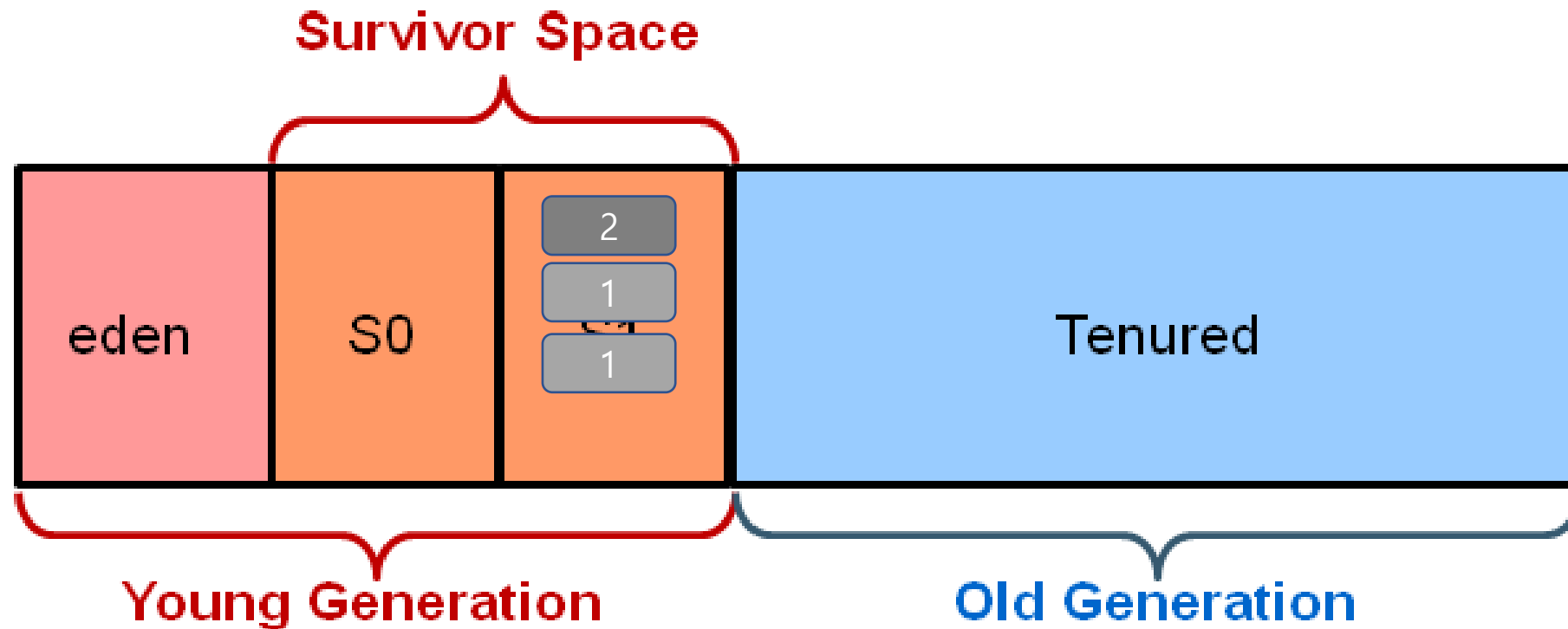
GC 의 실행원리



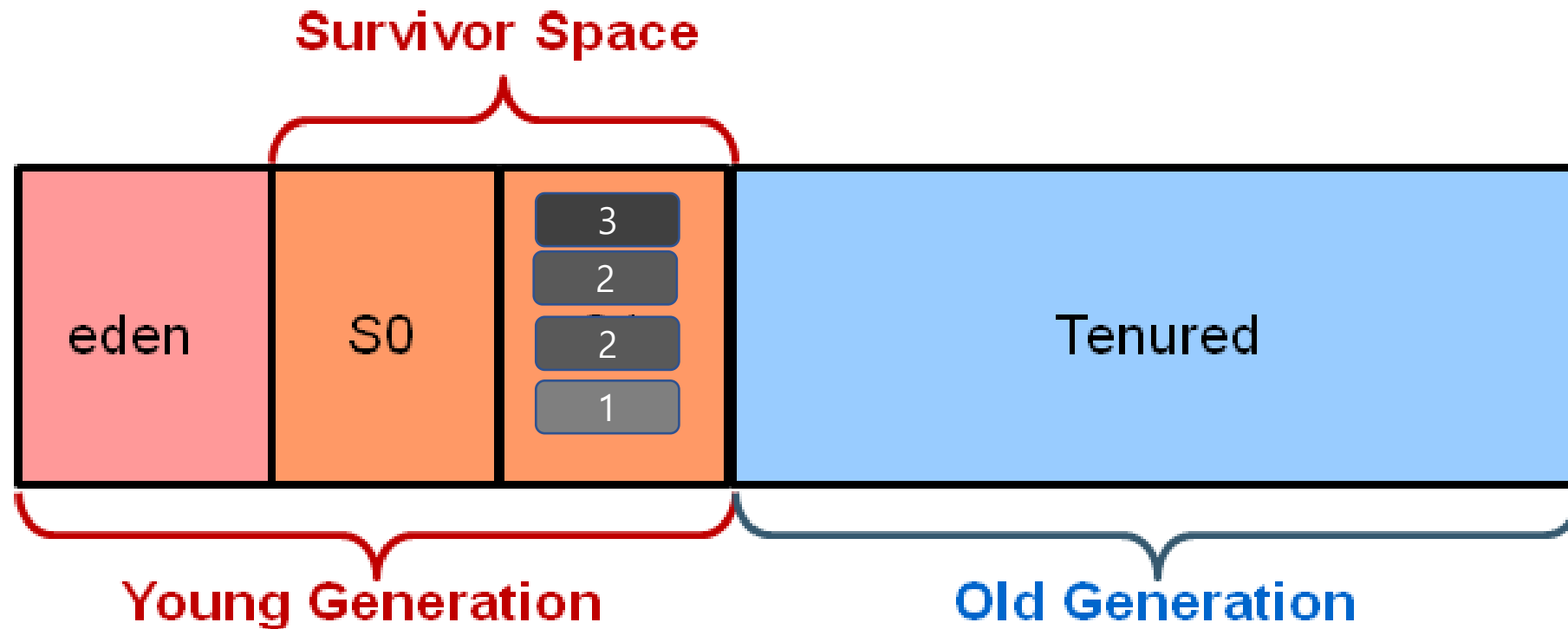
GC 의 실행원리



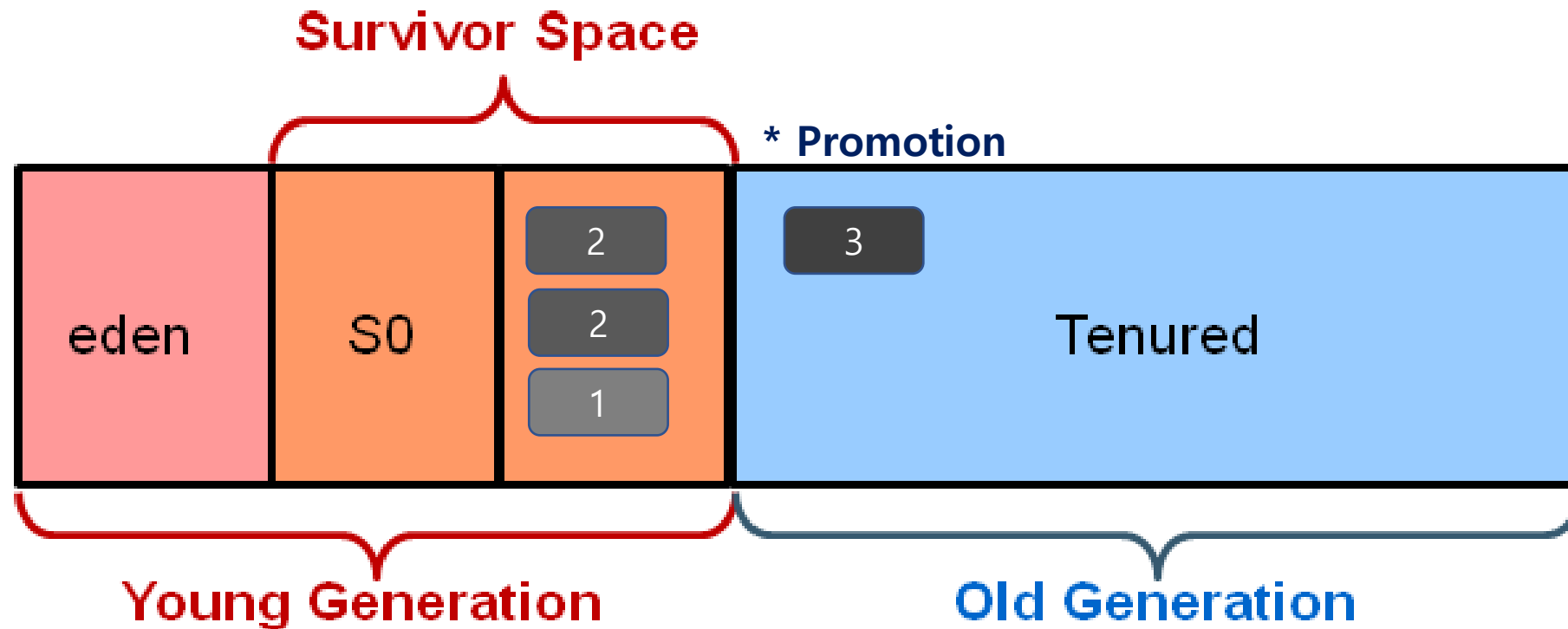
GC 의 실행원리



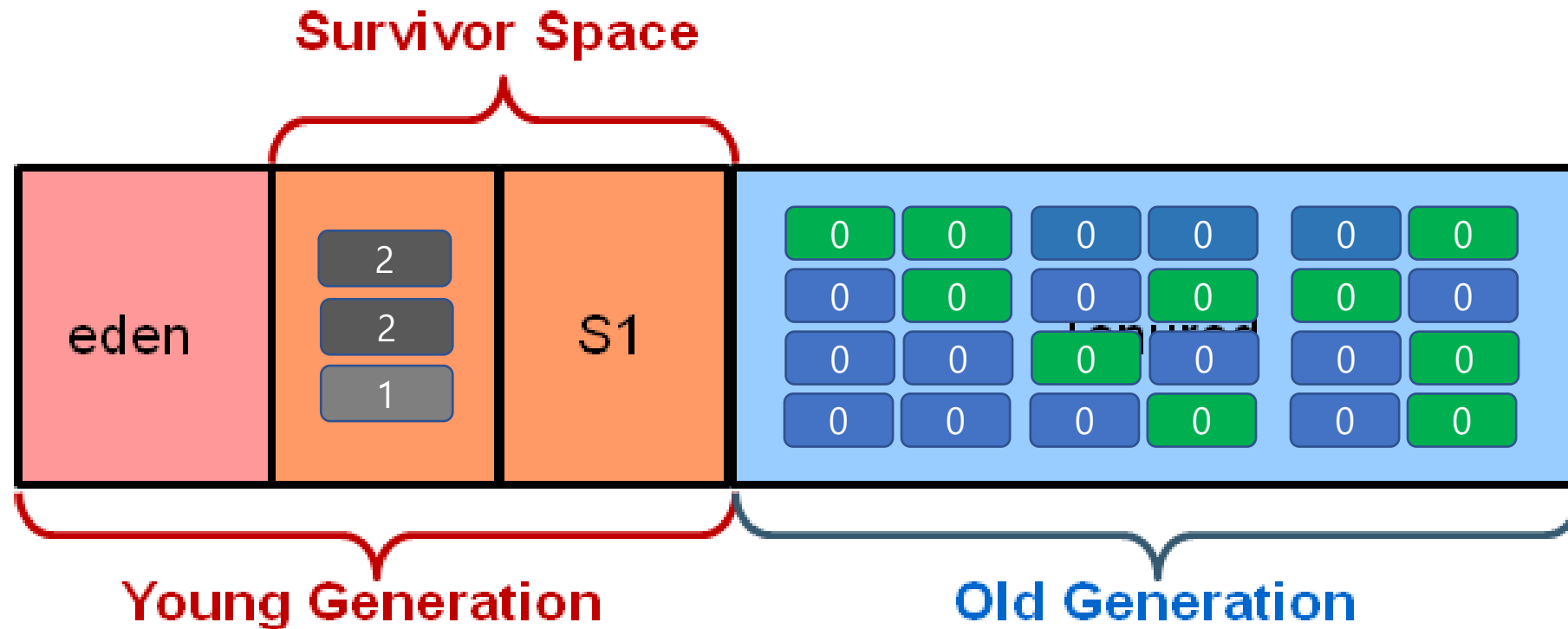
GC 의 실행원리

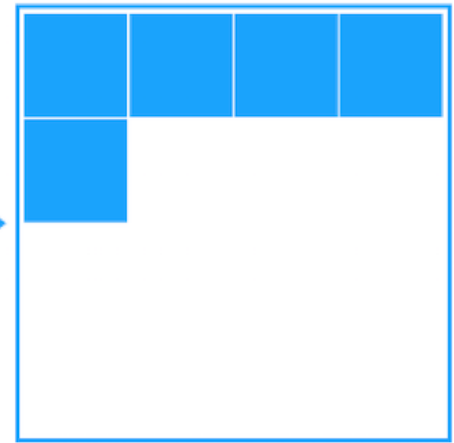
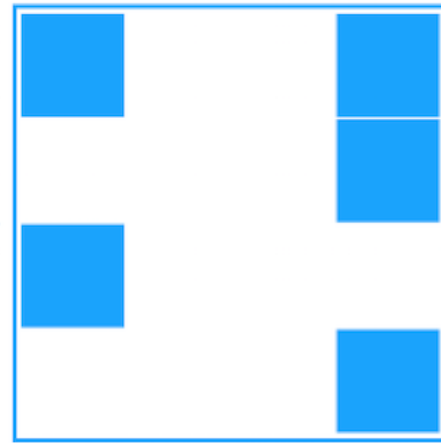
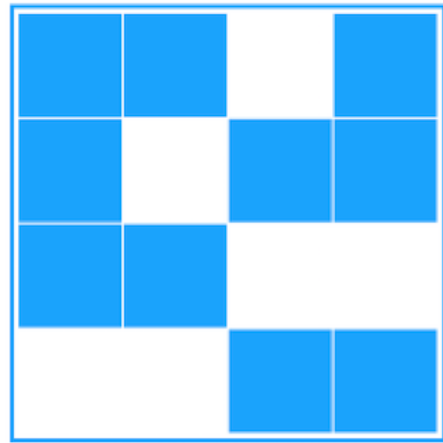


GC 의 실행원리



GC 의 실행원리



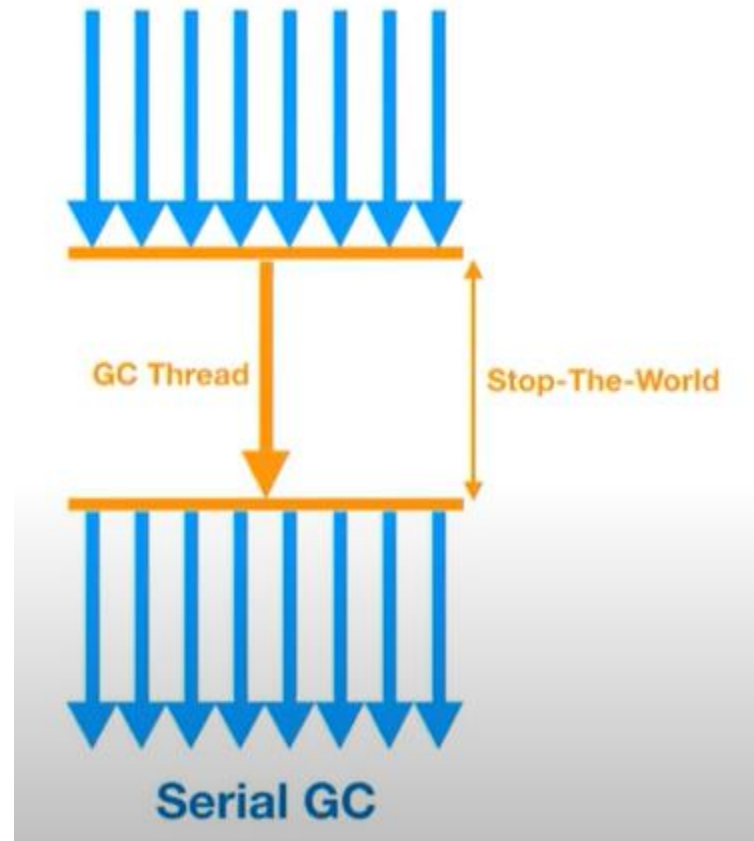


Mark

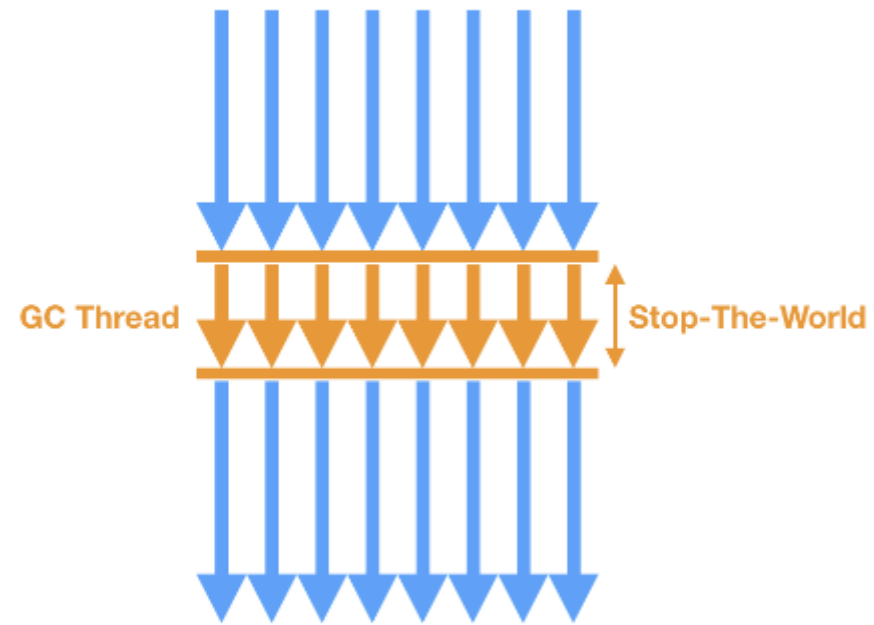
Sweep

Compaction

Serial GC

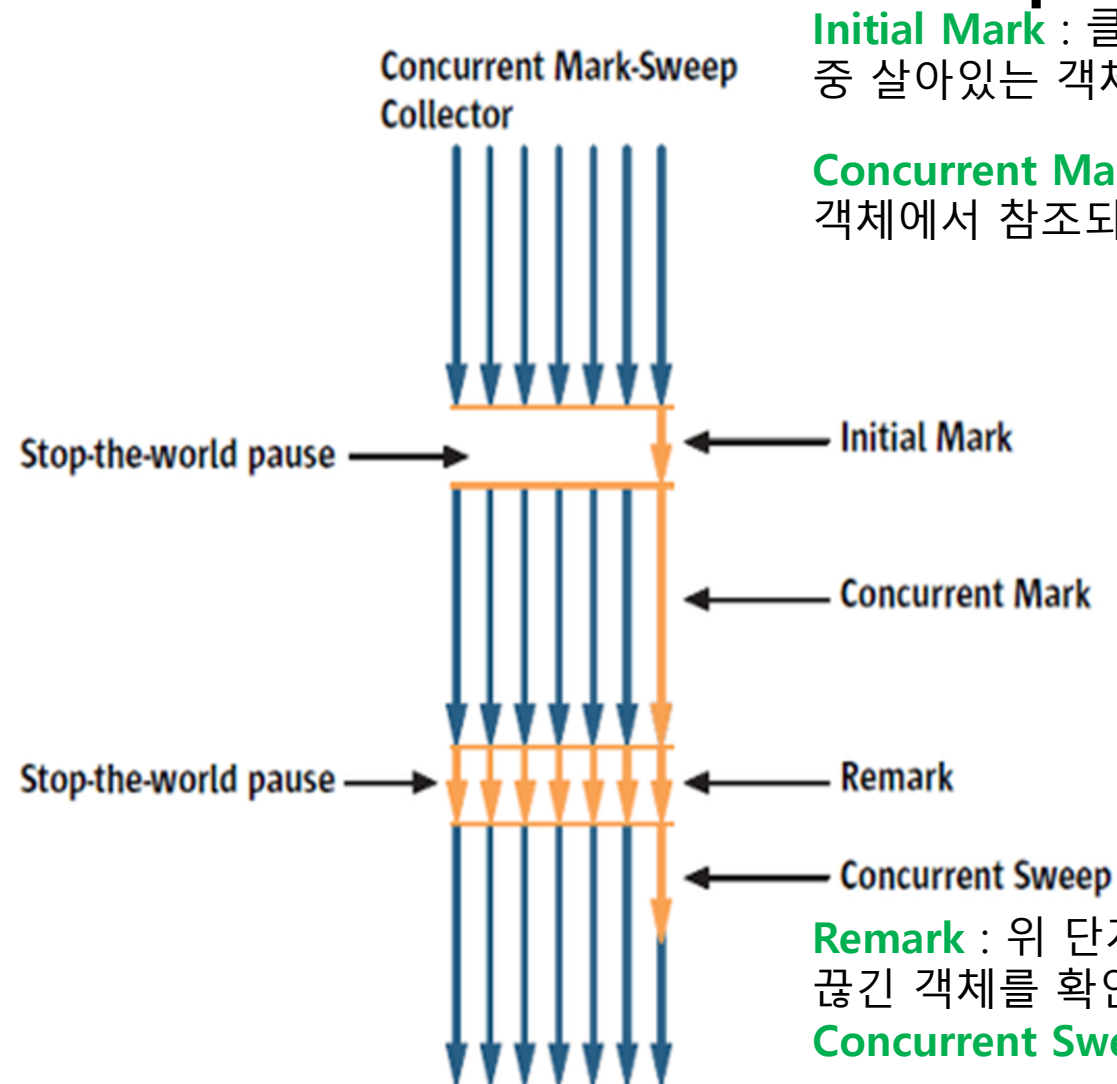


Parallel GC



Parallel GC

CMS(Concurrent Mark Sweep) GC



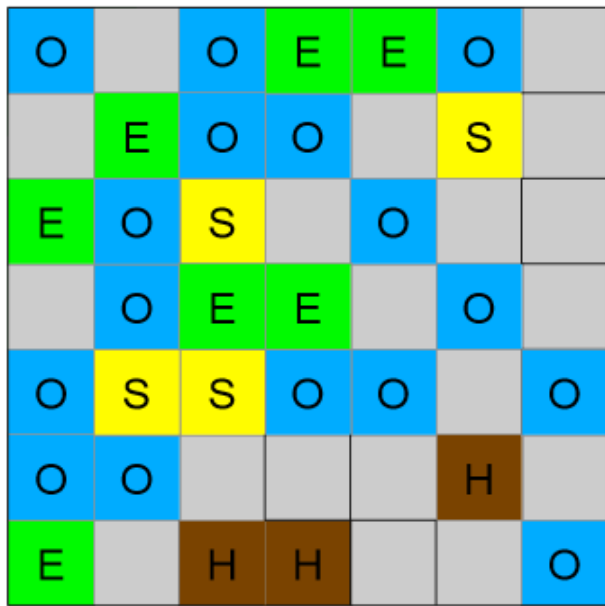
Initial Mark : 클래스 로더에서 가장 가까운 객체 중 살아있는 객체만 찾는다.

Concurrent Mark : 위에서 살아있다고 확인한 객체에서 참조되어 있는 객체를 확인한다.

Remark : 위 단계에서 새로 추가되거나 참조가 끊긴 객체를 확인

Concurrent Sweep : 쓰레기를 정리

G1 GC



E

Eden regions

S

Survivor regions

O

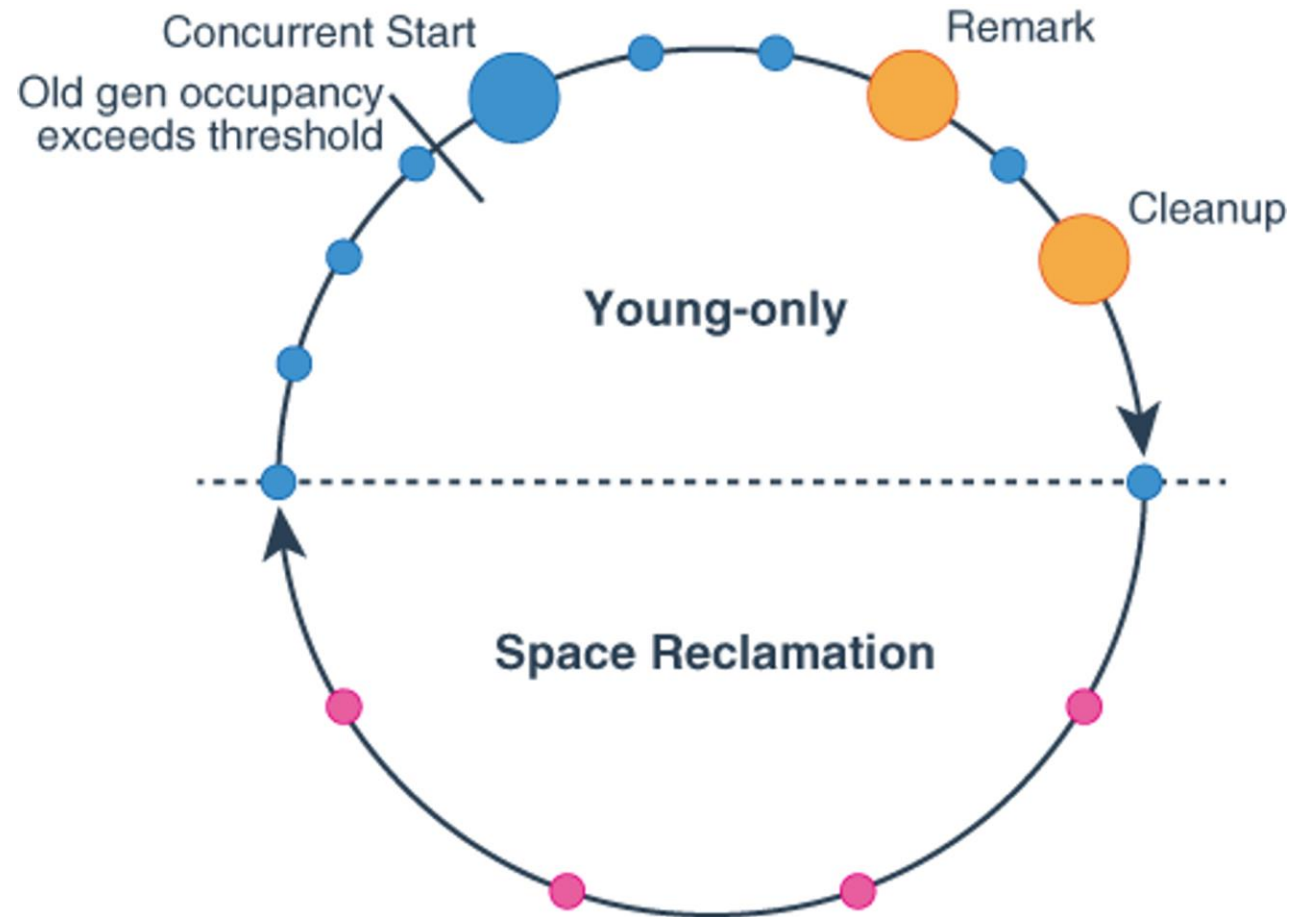
Old generation regions

H

Humongous regions : Region 크기의 50%를 초과하는 큰 객체를 저장하기 위한 공간

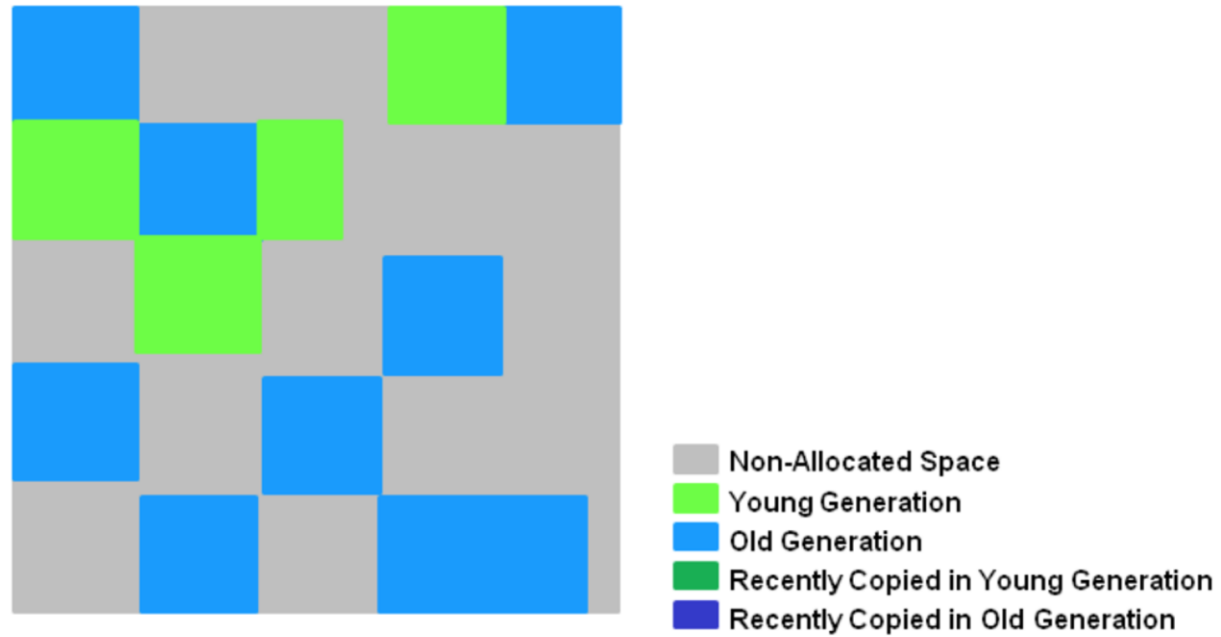
Available / Unused regions : 아직 사용되지 않은 Region

G1 GC의 Cycle



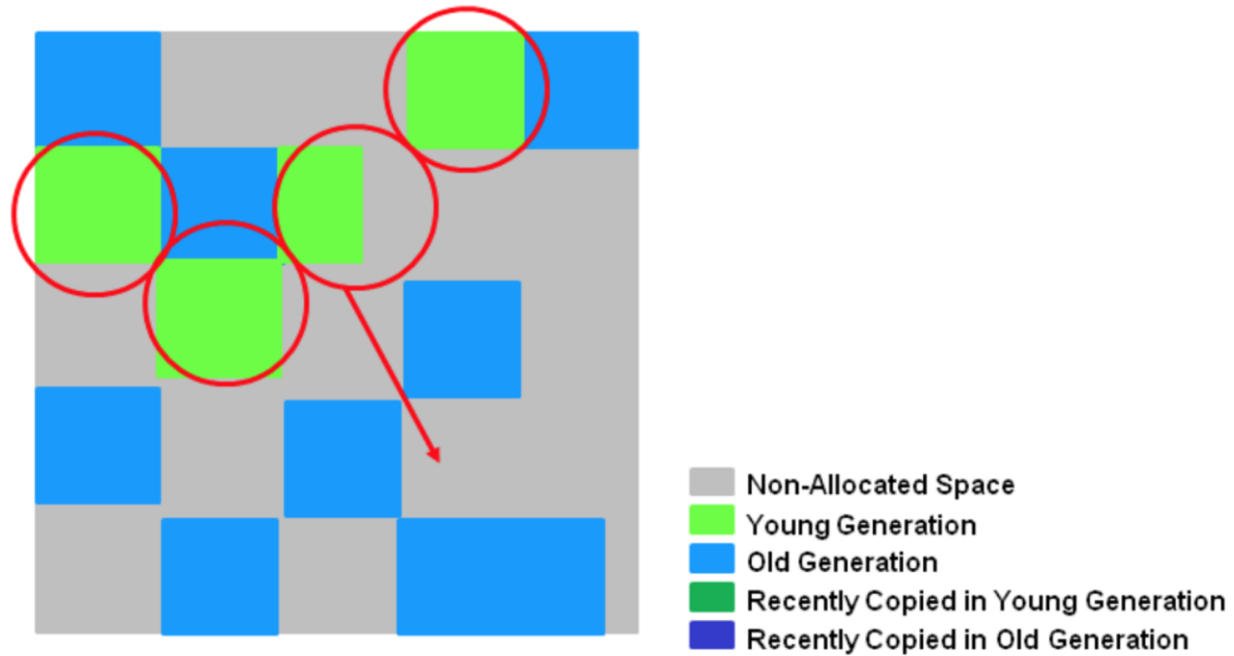
Minor GC

Young Generation in G1



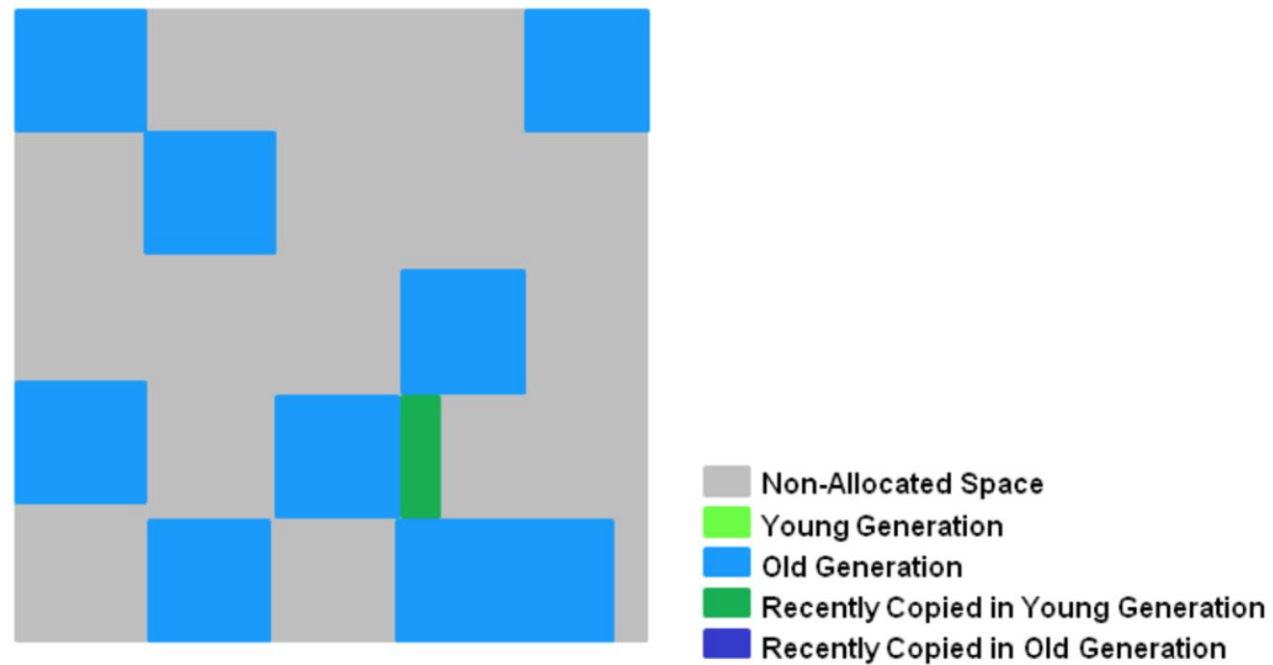
Minor GC

A Young GC in G1

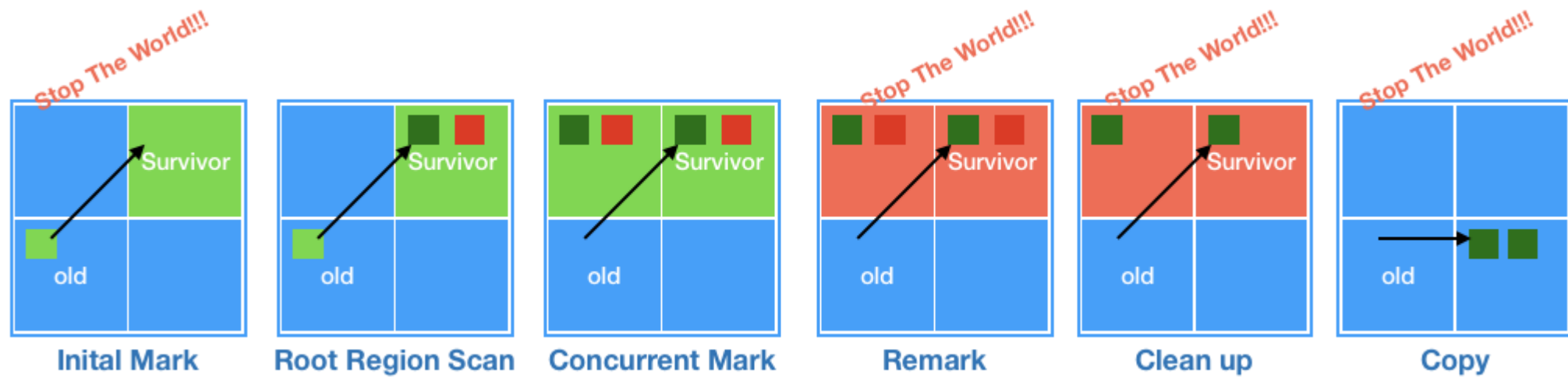


Minor GC

End of Young GC with G1

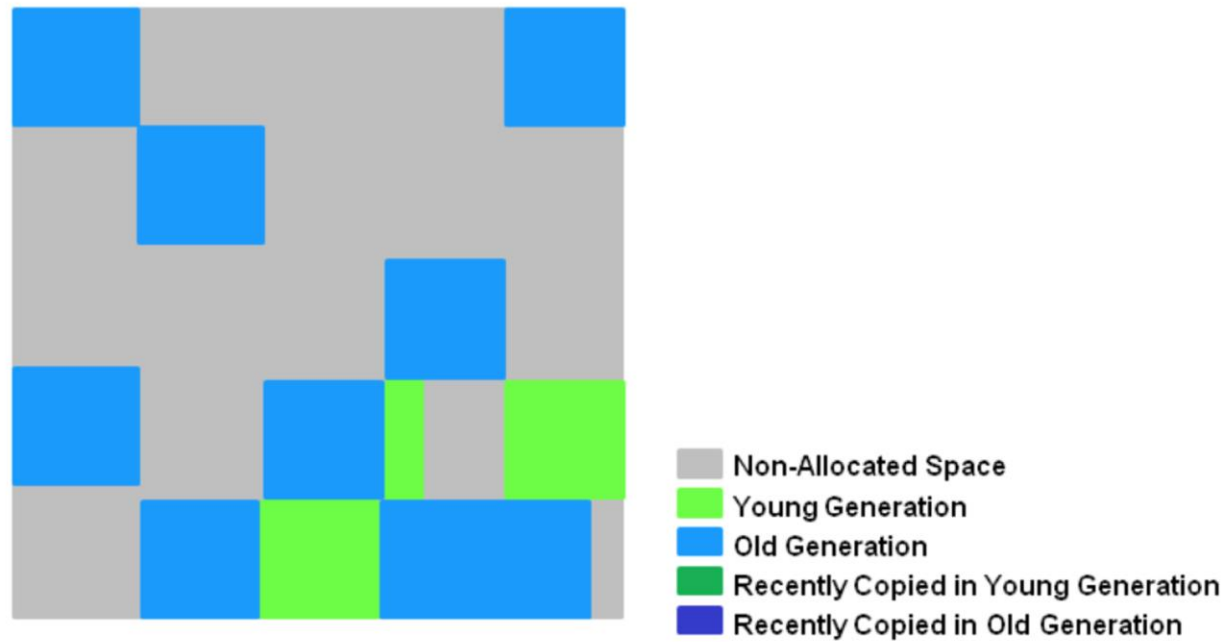


Major GC



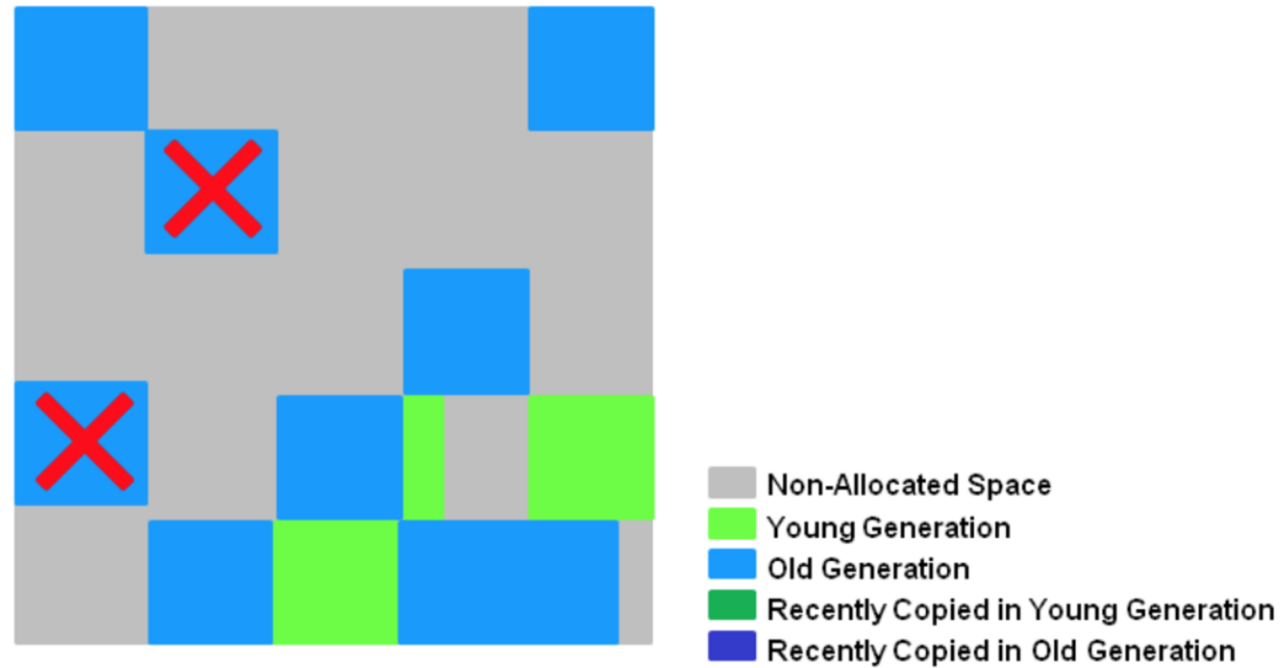
Major GC

Initial Marking Phase



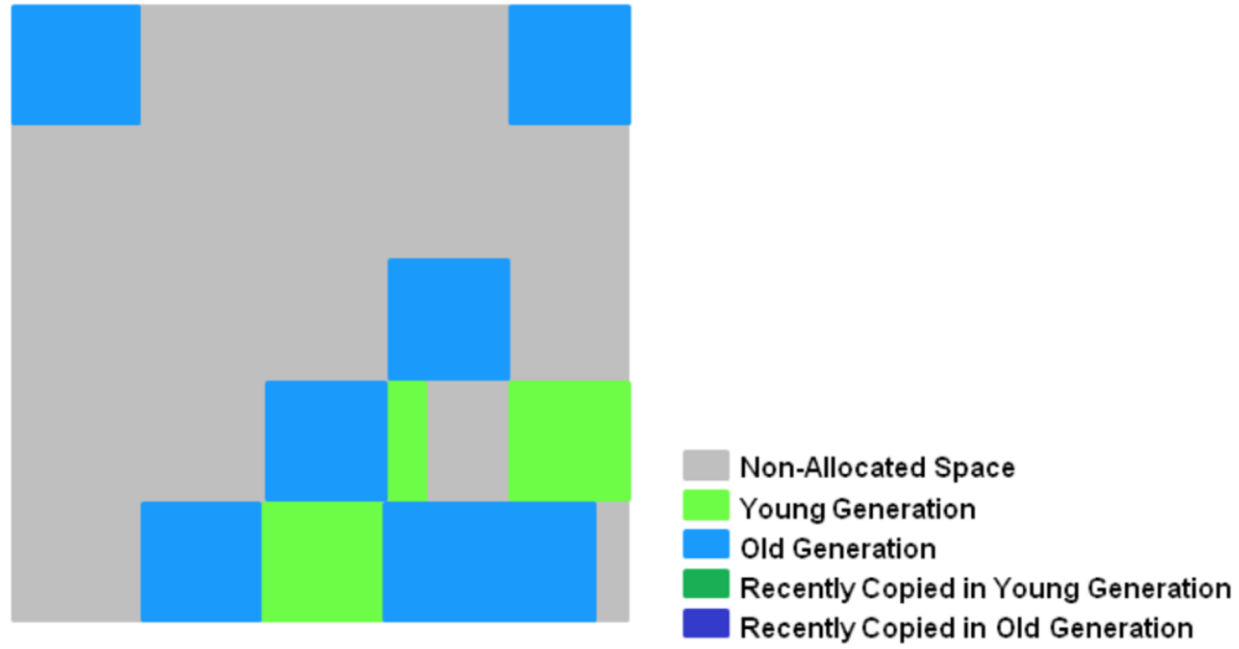
Major GC

Concurrent Marking Phase



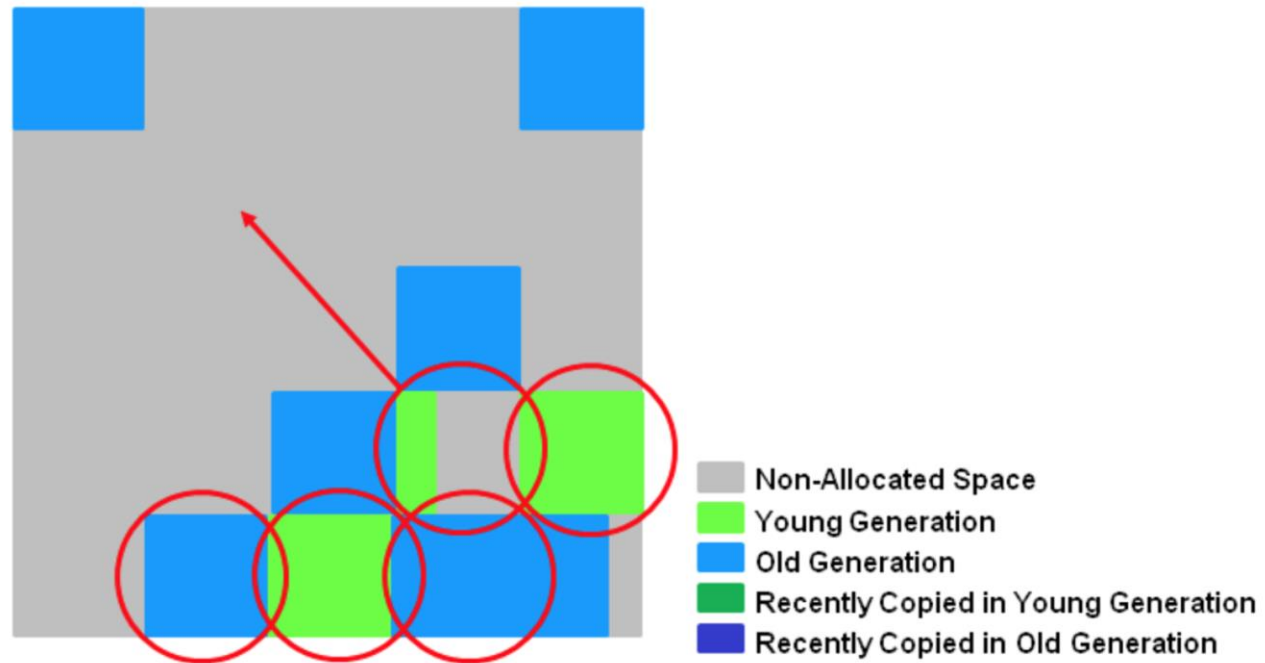
Major GC

Remark Phase



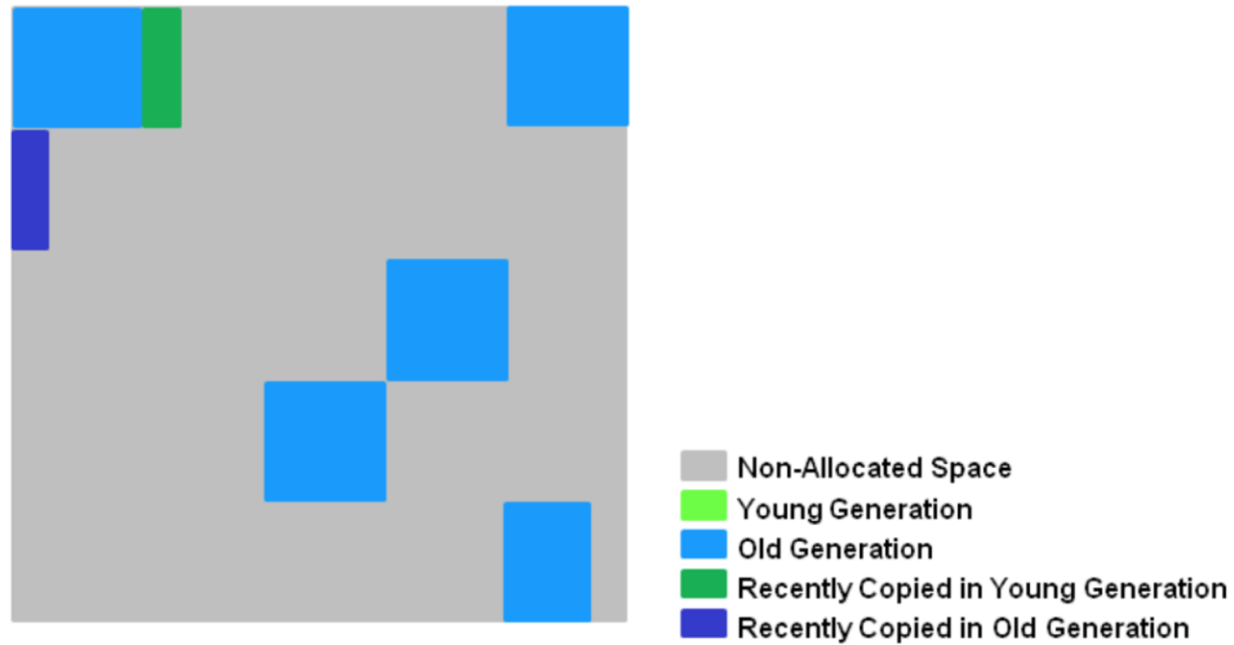
Major GC

Copying/Cleanup Phase



Major GC

After Copying/Cleanup Phase



Z Garbage Collectors (ZGC)

