MTH420 PROBLEM SET 11

(1) Let R be a ring, and S a set of ideals in R. (Don't assume S is finite.) Prove that

$$\bigcap_{I \in S} I$$

is also an ideal in R.

(2) Let R and S be rings, and $\varphi:R\to S$ a ring homomorphism, i.e., a function such that for any $a,b\in R$

$$\varphi(a+b) = \varphi(a) + \varphi(b), \qquad \varphi(ab) = \varphi(a)\varphi(b).$$

Prove that the kernel $\ker \varphi := \{a \in R; \varphi(a) = 0_S\}$ is an ideal.

(3) Let F be a field, \mathcal{A} an F-algebra, and α an element of \mathcal{A} . Prove that

$$\{f \in F[x] : f(\alpha) = 0\}$$

is an ideal in F[x].

- (4) Take $M \neq \{0\}$ an ideal in F[x].
 - (a) Prove that M is a subspace of F[x].
 - (b) Consider the quotient space $F[x]/M = \{f + M : f \in F[x]\} = \{\{f + m : m \in M\} : f \in F[x]\}$. Prove that it is finite-dimensional, and describe how the dimension depends on M. (You'll need to use what we've learned about the set of ideals in F[x].)
 - (c) Prove that $(f + M) \oplus (g + M) = (f + g) + M$ gives a well defined binary operation on F[x]/M.
 - (d) Prove that $(f+M)\otimes (g+M)=(f\cdot g)+M$ give a well defined binary operation on F[x].
 - (e) Prove that $(F[x]/M, \oplus, \otimes)$ is a commutative ring with unity.