### Vaibhav Kasturia<sup>1</sup> Marcel Gohsen<sup>2</sup> Matthias Hagen<sup>1</sup>

<sup>2</sup>Bauhaus-Universiät Weimar <sup>1</sup>Martin-Luther-Universität Halle-Wittenberg, <sup>1</sup>first.last@informatik.uni-halle.de <sup>2</sup>first.last@uni-weimar.de

# Query Interpretations from Entity-Linked Segmentations

#### Motivation

- Search queries can be ambiguous
- Identifying entities may resolve ambiguities
- Derive entity-based interpretations
- Interpretations help to diversify search results

#### **Entities in Queries**

#### **Explicit entities:**

 $\mathtt{nile} o \mathtt{Nile}_{-}(\mathtt{river})$ 

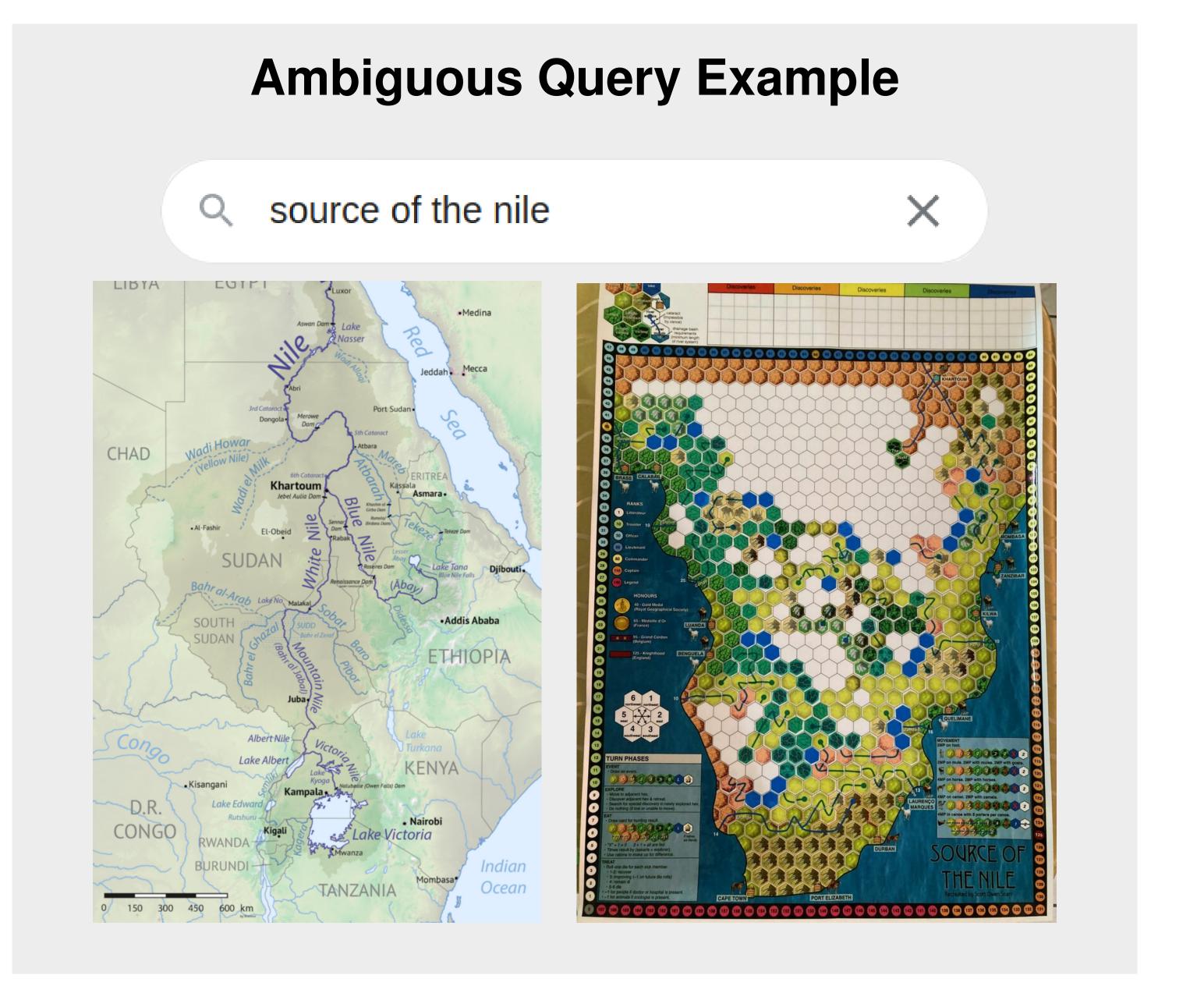
source of the nile → Source\_of\_the\_Nile

#### Implicit entities:

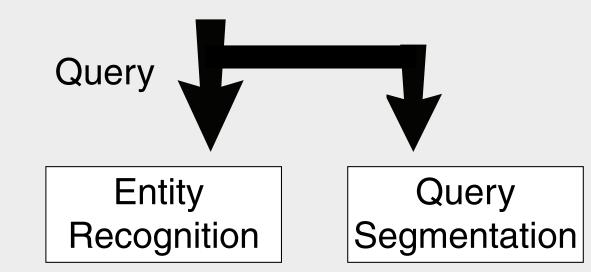
source of the nile → Blue\_Nile source of the nile → White\_Nile

#### **Related entities:**

Egypt, Sudan, The\_Settlers\_of\_Catan, ...



### **Query Interpretation Approach**





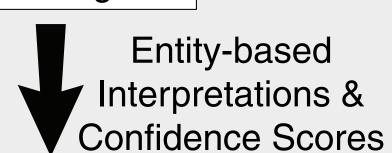


Segment-Entity Linking



Entity-based Interpretations

Interpretation Scoring



#### **Entity recognition**

- Identify explicitly mentioned entities
- Recall-oriented implementation  $\mathtt{nile} \to \mathtt{Nile}_{-}(\mathtt{river})$ source of the nile → Source\_of\_the\_Nile

#### 2. Query segmentation

- Split query into semantically coherent segments
- Approach by Hagen et al. (2011) source | of the | nile source of the nile

#### 3. Segment-entity linking

- Link segments to semantically coherent entities
  - source | of the | Nile\_(river) Source\_of\_the\_Nile

#### 4. Interpretation scoring

- Compute weighted sum of
  - Commonness scores
  - Relatedness scores
  - Context scores

### **New Dataset:** Webis-QInC-22

Combined queries from

- Yahoo Search Query Log To Entities
- ERD 2014 (Carmel et al., 2014)
- DBpedia-Entity v2 (Hasibi et al., 2017)

Manually annotated 2,800 queries with

- Explicit, implicit and related entities
- Entity-based query interpretations
- Diffculty and relevance assessments

Query	Count	Mentions	Explicit	Interpretations	
Length			Entities		
1	206	0.86	2.47	2.79	
2	610	1.08	2.16	2.60	
3	775	1.17	2.07	2.40	
4	540	1.34	2.00	2.13	
5	290	1.51	1.65	1.60	
6	154	1.56	1.74	1.81	
7	96	1.76	1.56	1.47	
8–14	129	1.83	1.38	1.30	
1–14	2,800	1.27	1.99	2.22	

## **Query Interpretation Evaluation**

Comparison of our query interpretation method to various entity linking approaches equipped with a greedy interpretation finding step (Hasibi et al., 2014).

	Complete Matches			Time
	Recall	Precision	F <sub>1</sub>	(ms)
Our approach	0.295	0.336	0.283	47
Dexter	0.230	0.312	0.246	282
Nordlys EL	0.189	0.278	0.207	1,533
Radboud EL	0.144	0.199	0.155	200
Smaph	0.176	0.243	0.190	116,425
Dandelion	0.166	0.226	0.177	74
TagMe	0.165	0.216	0.175	99
Babelfy	0.112	0.160	0.124	49
TextRazor	0.098	0.131	0.105	367
FEL	0.133	0.173	0.141	22
Ambiverse	0.007	0.011	0.009	53

### Conclusion

#### Contributions

- Entity-based query interpretation
- New annotated dataset: 2,800 queries
- Recall-oriented explicit entity recognizer
- Segmentation-based query interpretation method
- Comparison to entity linking and interpretation methods

#### **Future Work**

- Implicit entity recognition
- Query interpretation for conversational systems

webis.de/data/webis-qinc-22.html Data: github.com/webis-de/WSDM-22 Code: