Data Acquisition for Argument Search: The args.me corpus



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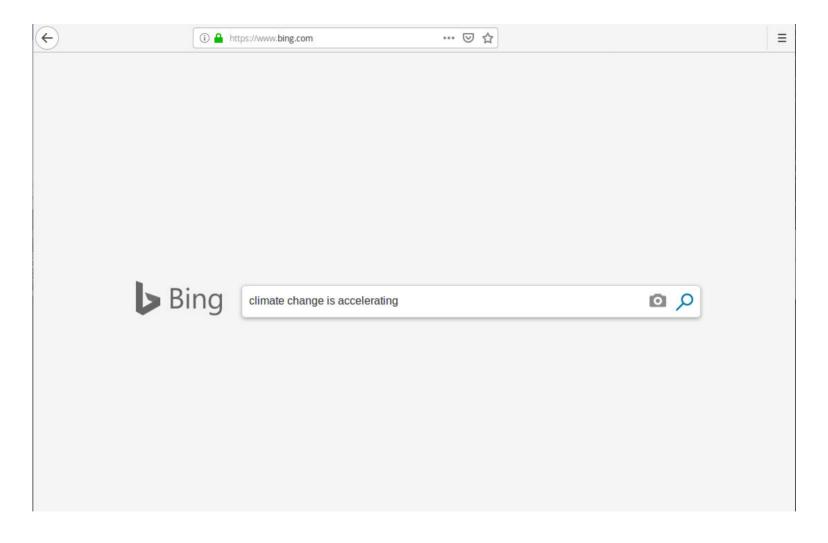


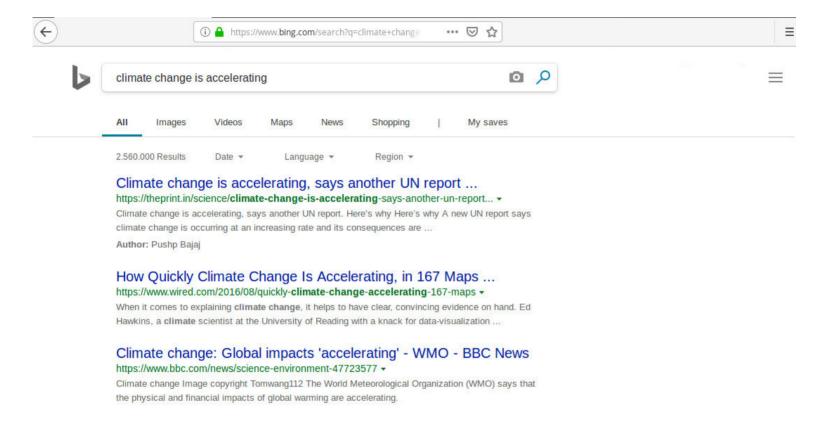
Martin
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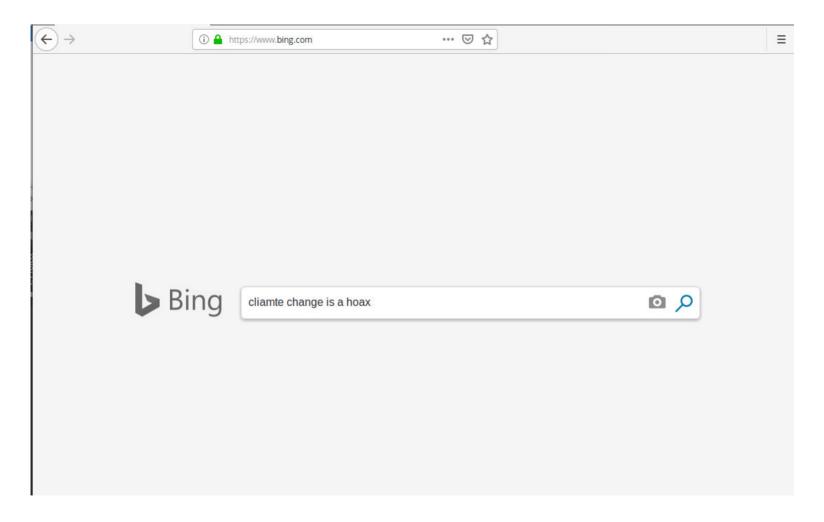


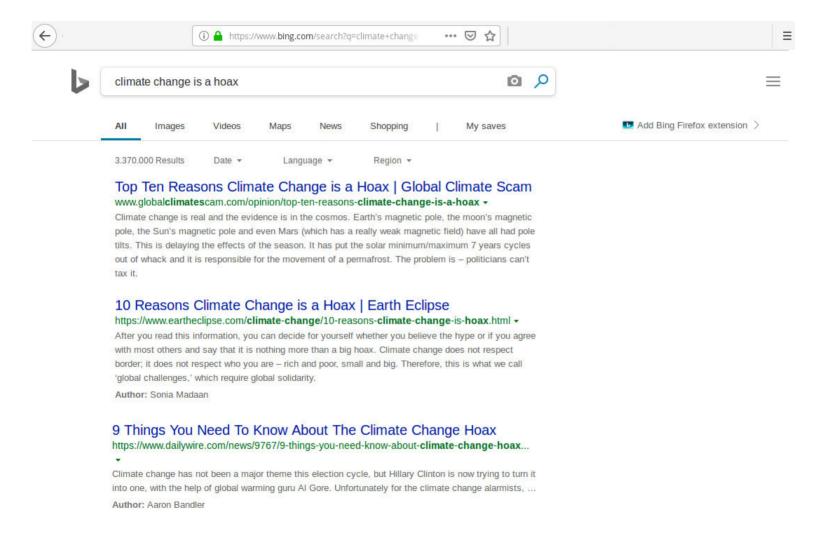
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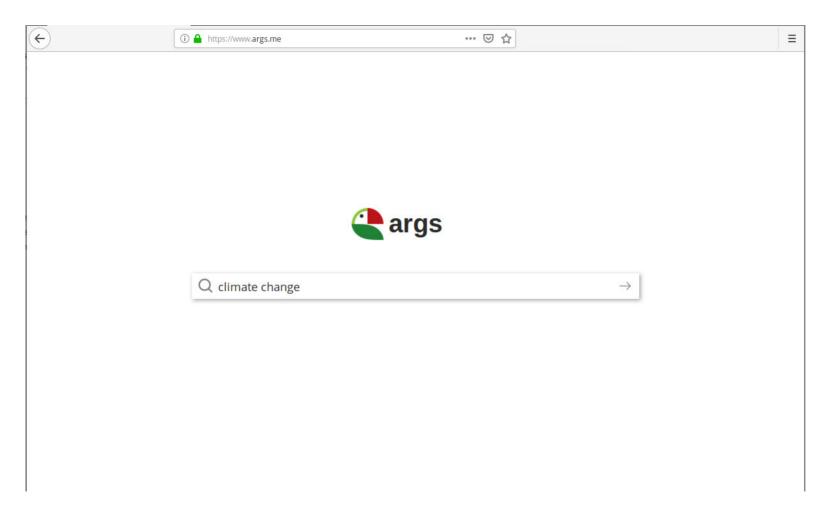




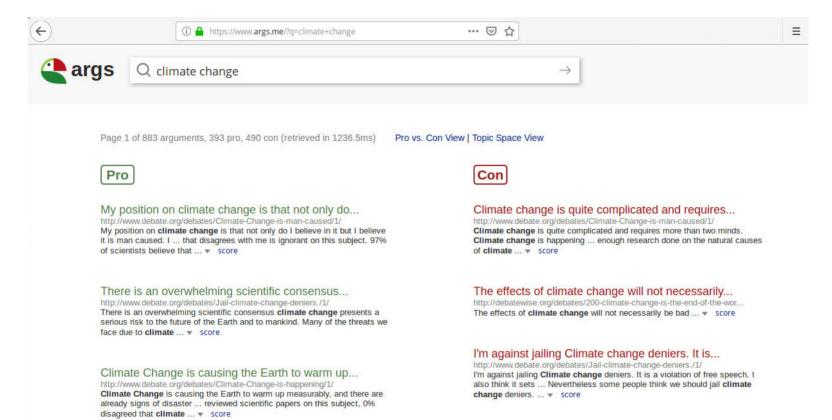




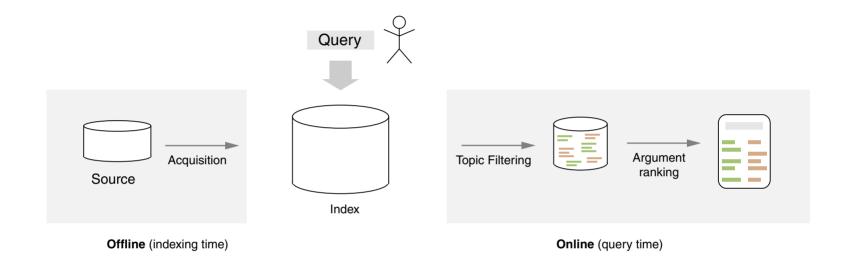
Argument Search Engine



Argument Search Engine

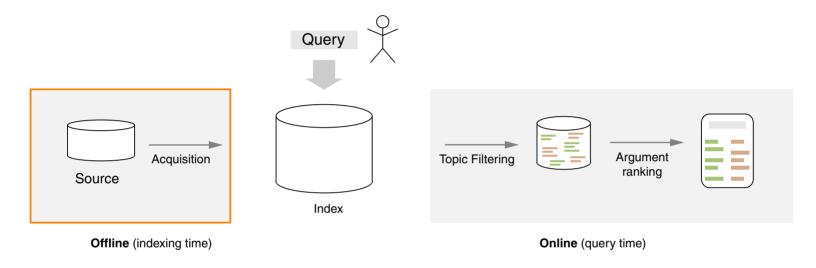


Design of an Argument Search Engine

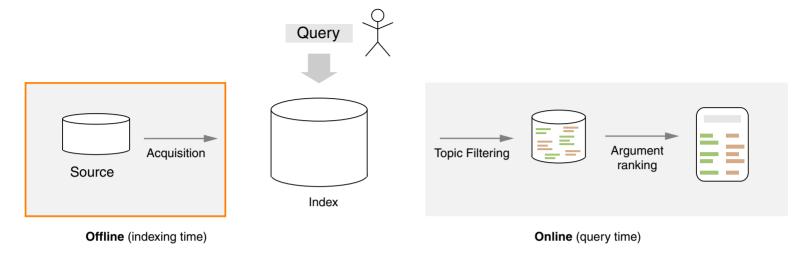


Argument Acquisition

We focus on the first step in designing an argument search engine: argument acquisition.



Argument Acquisition

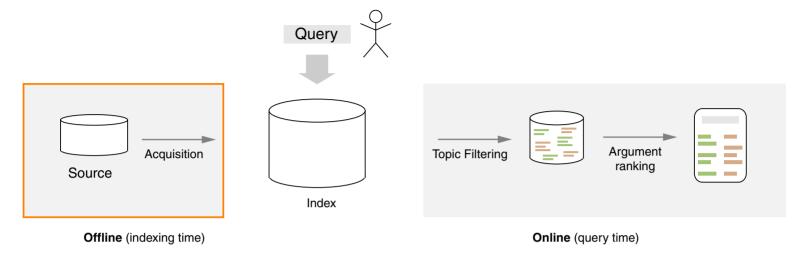


Argument Acquisition is a real challenge because:

- Annotating arguments is very expensive.
- Mining arguments from the Web is a hard task.

Approach	F1-score
Baseline (Linear Regression)	0.6
Modiefied BiLSTM (Stab et al., 2018)	0.66
Baseline (Majority)	0.6
Distant-supervision (Al-khatib., 2016)	0.7

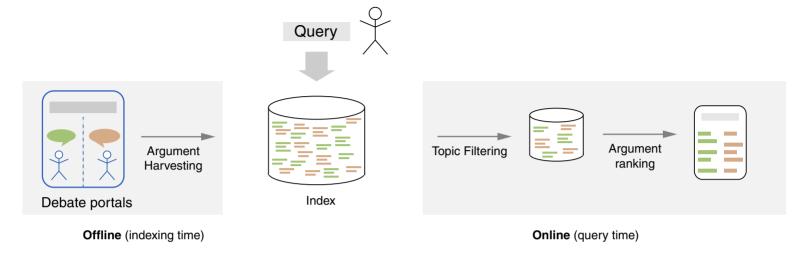
Argument Acquisition Paradigms: Consequences



Consequences of choosing the source and approach to extract arguments from:

- Precision vs Recall: Trade off between the quality of the arguments and the coverage of the retrieved arguments.
- Stance balance: how balanced are the stances of the presented arguments?
- Efficiency: How fast is the argument search engine at retrieving arguments?
- Research Focus: What are the research challenges that the paradigm allows to study?

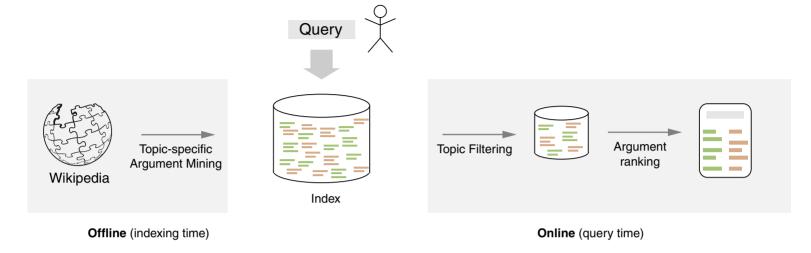
Argument Acquisition Paradigm of args.me



Consequences:

- High precision, low recall.
- Stance balance is guaranteed.
- Very efficient.
- Research focus on all computational argumentation tasks, e.g, argument generation.

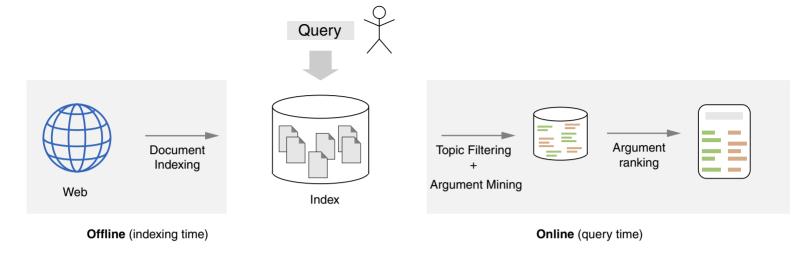
Argument Acquisition Paradigm of IBM Debater



Consequences:

- High precision, low recall.
- Stance balance is guaranteed.
- Very efficient.
- Research focus on all computational argumentation tasks, e.g, argument ranking.

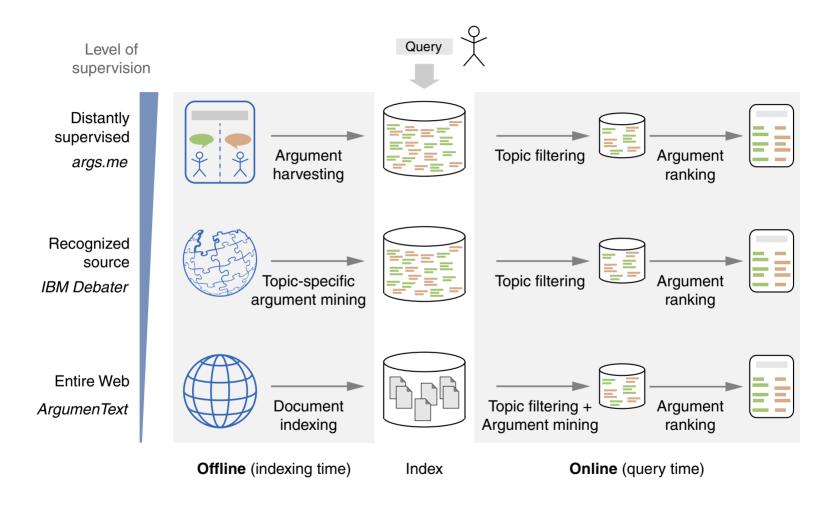
Argument Acquisition Paradigm of ArgumentText



Consequences:

- Low precision, high recall.
- Stance balance is not guaranteed.
- Slow since argument mining is performed online.
- Research focus on argument mining.

Argument Acquisition Paradigms

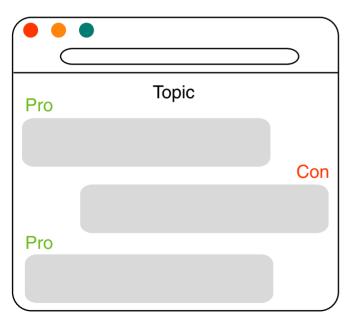


Low Hanging Fruits in Debateportals

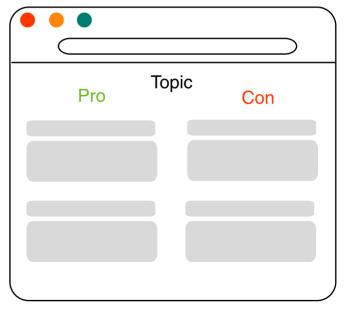
Debate portals are websites where people discuss or list arguments about controversial topic, e.g, climate change.

There are two types of Debateportals:

- Dialogical: people discuss topics in rounds.
- Monlogical: people or admin list arguments.



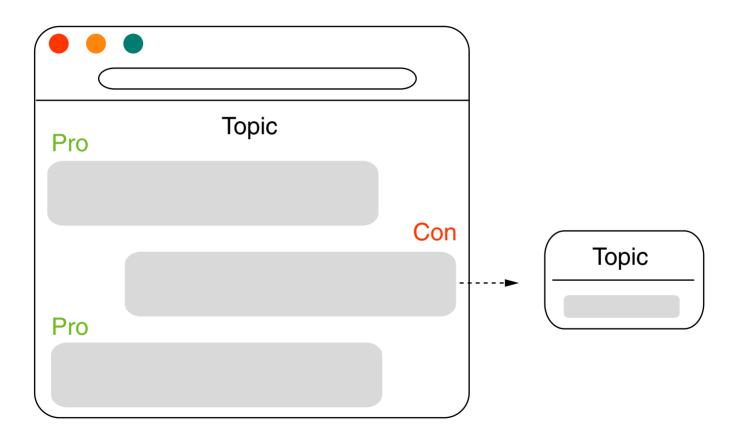
Dialogical Debate portals



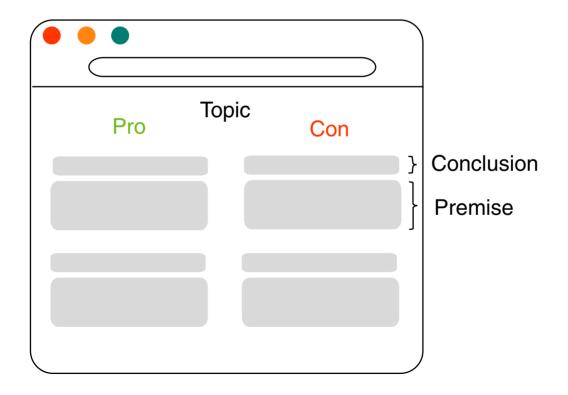
Monological Debate portals

Extraction Heuristics for Dialogical Debateportals

We extract for each post an argument whose conclusion is the topic.



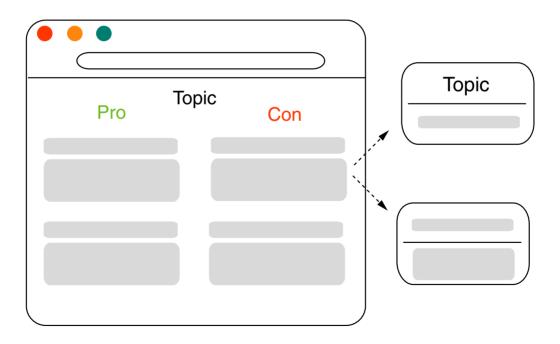
Extraction Heuristics for Monological Debateportals



Extraction Heuristics for Monological Debateportals

We extract for each post two arguments:

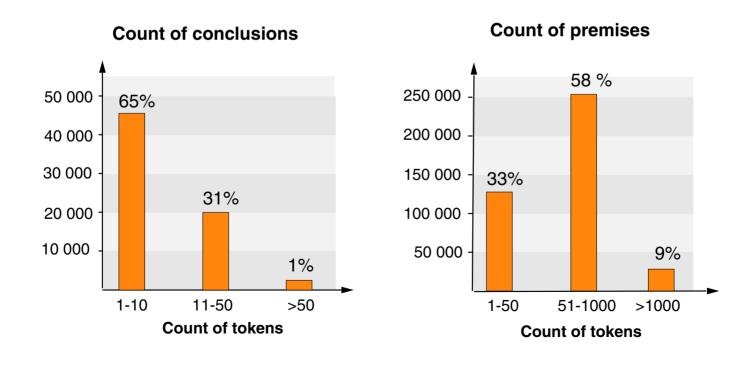
- The conclusion and premise of the post.
- An argument whose conclusion is the topic and its premise is the conclusion of the post.



Args.me corpus statistics

Args.me corpus is the largest argument corpus with 387,606 arguments.

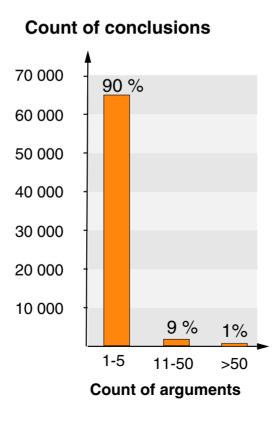
Count of arguments	Count of pro stance	Count of con stance	Count of debates
387 606	200 099	187 507	59 637



Args.me corpus statistics

Most of the conclusions in args.me corpus have 1-5 supporting or attacking arguments.

Some conclusions have more than 50 supporting or attacking arguments.



Argument search tasks

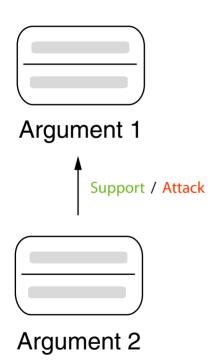
List of tasks that can be performed on the args.me corpus:

- Argument relation classification
- Stance classification
- Same side classification
- Argument generation
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Argument Relation Classification

Task Description: Given two arguments detect if one attacks or support the other.

Application: Retrieval of counter arguments for an given argument.

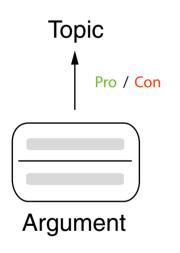


Approach	Accuracy
Baseline (Linear Regression)	0.77
LSTM (Cocarascu et al., 2017)	0.89

Stance Classification

Task Description: Given a topic and an argument, detect whether the argument is pro or con the topic.

Application: Classifying the retrieved arguments for a query into pro or contra.

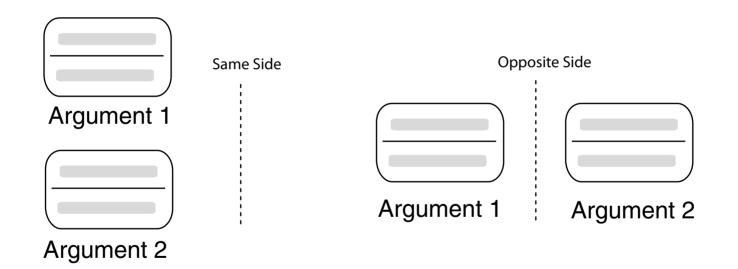


Approach	Accuracy	
Baseline (Majority)	0.51	
Sentiment-based	0.65	
(Bar-Haim et al., 2017)	0.05	

Same Side Classification

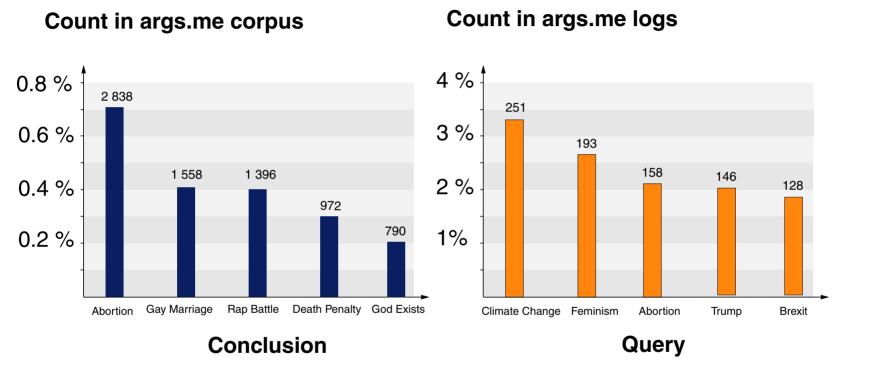
Task Description: Given two arguments, detect whether they are on the same or opposite side.

Application: Grouping the retrieved arguments for a query under different claims.



Approach	Accuracy
Majority	0.50
BERT	0.73

First insights from args.me



Top five conclusions in args.me corpus

Top five queries in args.me query logs

Summary

- Argument acquisition paradigm: a set of decisions made while designing an argument search engine.
- Comparison of three major argument search engines under the argument acquisition paradigm.
- Introduction of the largest argument corpus args.me corpus.
- Introduction of several tasks that can be performed on args.me corpus.