

# Compiler



Student number: 20166450

Deadline 2019.04.28.

Student name: Young Min Kim

## ■ Source Code

```
Lexer.py X
1  #define TOKENS based on requirements.
2  keyword = ['return','RETURN','while','WHILE','else','ELSE','if','IF']
3  type1 = ['int','INT']
4  type2 = ['char','CHAR']
5  number=[ '0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9']
6  alphabet=[ 'a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h','i','j','k','l','m','n','o','p','q','r','s','t','u','v','w','x','y','z']
7  operator=[ '=', '<', '>', '<=', '>=', '=', '!', '==', '!=']
8  arith_operator=[ '+', '-', '*', '/', '%']
9  terminate_symbol=[ '\0']
10 white_space=[ '\n', '\t', ' ', '\f', '\r']
11 pair_symbol=[ '(', ')', '{', '}', '[', ']', '<', '>']
12 comma=[ ',']
13
14 #Combine all of Tokens which I defined.
15 KEYWORDS = arith_operator+terminate_symbol+pair_symbol+keyword+type1+comma+type2+operator+white_space
```

1~15: Define Tokens.

```
21 # Function of True, False based on following dfa which is accepted. or not.
22 def accepts(transitions,initial,accepting,s):
23     state = initial
24     for c in s:
25         if c in transitions[state].keys():
26             state = transitions[state][c]
27         else:
28             return bool(0)
29     b= state in accepting
30     return b
```

21~30: Function of performing DFA

```
Lexer.py X
31
32 #Integer_DFA
33 Integer_dfa = {0:{'0':1,'1':2,'2':3,'3':4,'4':5,'5':6,'6':7,'7':8,'8':9,'9':2},
34               1:{'1':2,'2':3,'3':4,'4':5,'5':6,'6':7,'7':8,'8':9,'9':2},
35               2:{'0':2,'1':2,'2':3,'3':4,'4':5,'5':6,'6':7,'7':8,'8':9,'9':2},
36               3:{}}
37
38 #Literal_DFA
39 Literal_dfa={0:{'0':1},
40              1:{'a':1,'b':1,'c':1,'d':1,'e':1,'f':1,'g':1,'h':1,'i':1,'j':1,'k':1,'l':1,'m':1,
41                 'n':1,'o':1,'p':1,'q':1,'r':1,'s':1,'t':1,'u':1,'v':1,'w':1,'x':1,'y':1,'z':1,
42                 '0':1,'1':1,'2':1,'3':1,'4':1,'5':1,'6':1,'7':1,'8':1,'9':1,'A':1,'B':1,'C':1,
43                 'D':1,'E':1,'F':1,'G':1,'H':1,'I':1,'J':1,'K':1,'L':1,'M':1,'N':1,'O':1,'P':1,'Q':1,
44                 'R':1,'S':1,'T':1,'U':1,'V':1,'W':1,'X':1,'Y':1,'Z':1,'\n':1,'\t':1,' ','\f':1},
45              2:{}}
46
47 #Identifier_DFA
48 Identifier_dfa={0:{'a':1,'b':1,'c':1,'d':1,'e':1,'f':1,'g':1,'h':1,'i':1,'j':1,'k':1,'l':1,'m':1,
49                   'n':1,'o':1,'p':1,'q':1,'r':1,'s':1,'t':1,'u':1,'v':1,'w':1,'x':1,'y':1,'z':1},
50                 1:{'a':1,'b':1,'c':1,'d':1,'e':1,'f':1,'g':1,'h':1,'i':1,'j':1,'k':1,'l':1,'m':1,
51                   'n':1,'o':1,'p':1,'q':1,'r':1,'s':1,'t':1,'u':1,'v':1,'w':1,'x':1,'y':1,'z':1,
52                   '0':1,'1':1,'2':1,'3':1,'4':1,'5':1,'6':1,'7':1,'8':1,'9':1,'A':1,'B':1,'C':1,
53                   'D':1,'E':1,'F':1,'G':1,'H':1,'I':1,'J':1,'K':1,'L':1,'M':1,'N':1,'O':1,'P':1,'Q':1,
54                   'R':1,'S':1,'T':1,'U':1,'V':1,'W':1,'X':1,'Y':1,'Z':1}}
```

32~53: In case of Integer, Literal, Identifier DFA, I used dictionary type.

```

55 #open the file
56 file = open('test4.c','r')
57 str=file.read()
58
59 #save it on the test.out
60 fileout= open('test4.out','w')
61 print("    <Lexical Analyzer Table>    ")
62 print("_____")
63 fileout.write("    <Lexical Analyzer Table>    \n")
64 fileout.write("_____ \n")

```

55~64: Open Input file. (test~.c) and Write Output file. (test.out)

```

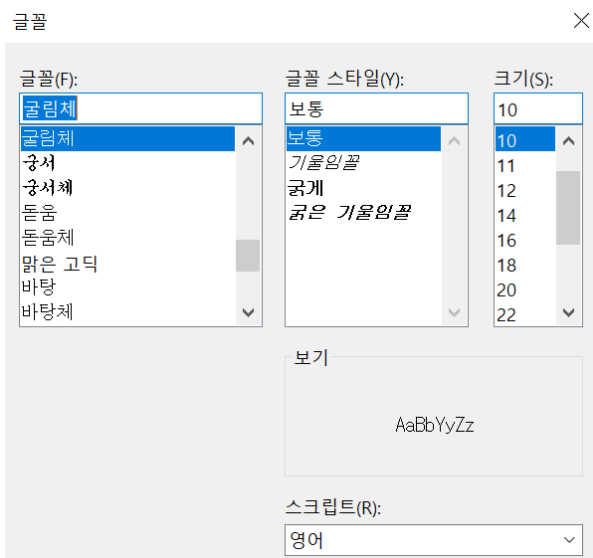
67 #! is index of 'str' and char is value of 'str' about index.
68 for i, char in enumerate(str):
69     #Not to show white space in lexical table.
70     if char not in white_space:
71         lexeme += char
72
73 #to prevent an error
74 if (i+1) < len(str):
75     #This is not to confuse about each comparison operators
76     if (str[i] in operator) and str[i + 1] == '=':
77         continue
78     #keyword is all of tokens.
79     elif str[i+1] == blank or str[i+1] in KEYWORDS or lexeme in KEYWORDS_:

```

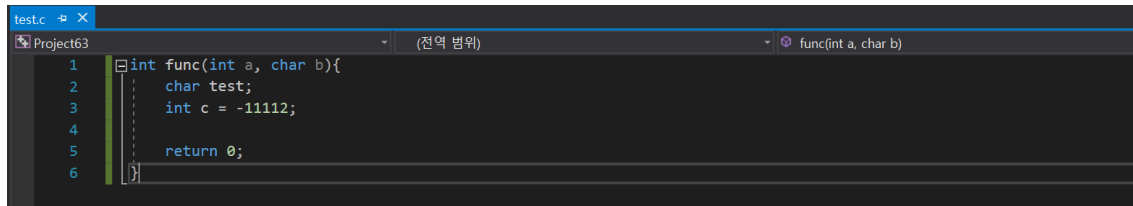
68~184: Using for statement and if statement, Print and save in output file DFA tokens.

## ■Input Output Capture

If you use .txt. Please change Font Style following the picture.

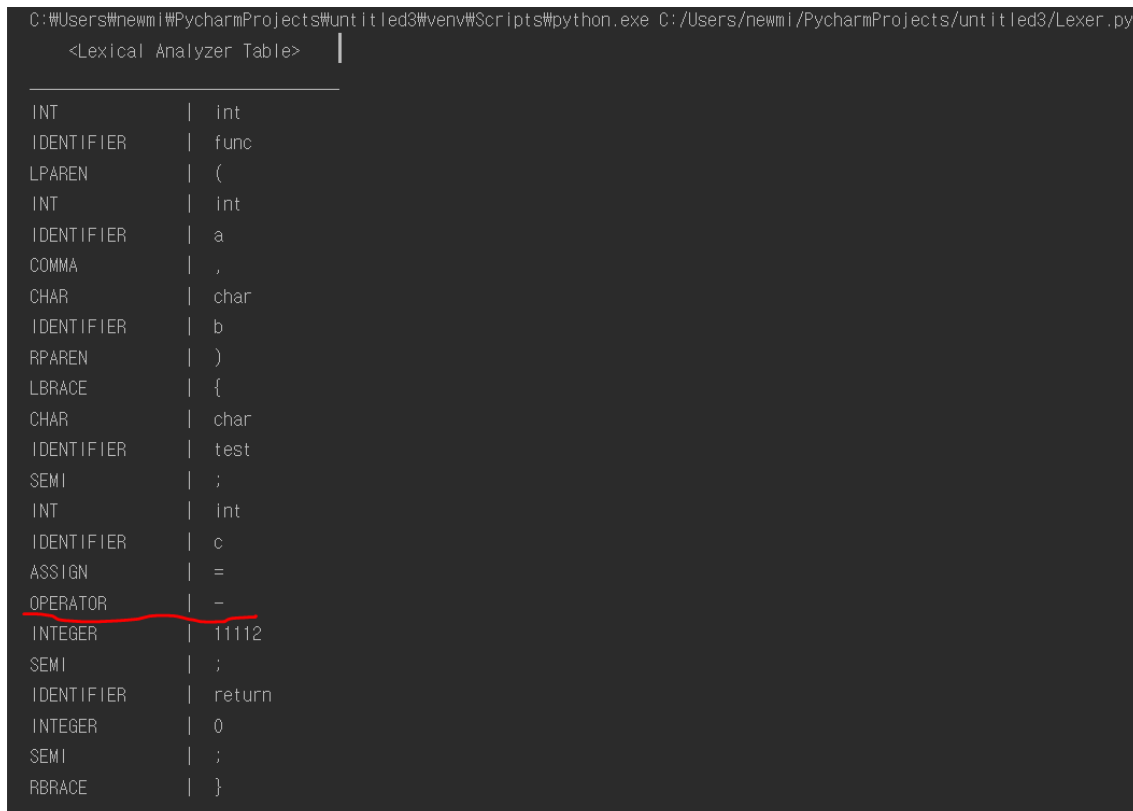


## Problem!!



```
1 int func(int a, char b){
2     char test;
3     int c = -11112;
4
5     return 0;
6 }
```

This is input <test.c>. Please note Line 3.



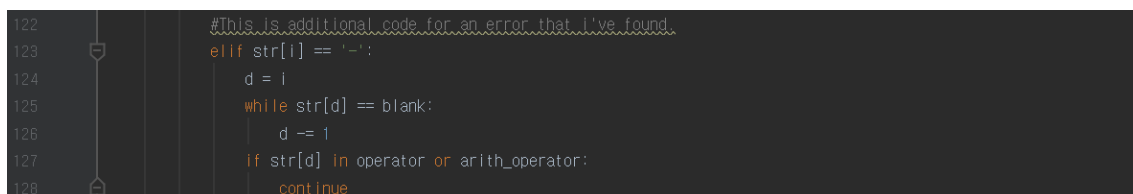
```
C:\Users\newmi\PycharmProjects\untitled3\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:/Users/newmi/PycharmProjects/untitled3/Lexer.py
<Lexical Analyzer Table>

INT      | int
IDENTIFIER | func
LPAREN   | (
INT      | int
IDENTIFIER | a
COMMA    | ,
CHAR     | char
IDENTIFIER | b
RPAREN   | )
LBRACE   | {
CHAR     | char
IDENTIFIER | test
SEMI     | ;
INT      | int
IDENTIFIER | c
ASSIGN   | =
OPERATOR | -
INTEGER  | 11112
SEMI     | ;
IDENTIFIER | return
INTEGER  | 0
SEMI     | ;
RBRACE   | }
```

And this is output of test.c. When I put -11112 as a integer, My lexer cannot recognize that as a integer. It shows '-' as a operator.

So I tried to solve this problem.

Next pic is code that I've solved.



```
122 #This is additional code for an error that I've found.
123 elif str[i] == '-':
124     d = i
125     while str[d] == blank:
126         d += 1
127     if str[d] in operator or arith_operator:
128         continue
```

Here is what I've solved. If there are any operator just before '-', it becomes integer except blank.

```
C:\Users\newmi\PycharmProjects\untitled3\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:/Users/newmi/PycharmProjects/untitled3/Lexer.py
<Lexical Analyzer Table>

INT      | int
IDENTIFIER | func
LPAREN   | (
INT      | int
IDENTIFIER | a
COMMA    | ,
CHAR     | char
IDENTIFIER | b
RPAREN   | )
LBRACE   | {
CHAR     | char
IDENTIFIER | test
SEMI     | ;
INT      | int
IDENTIFIER | c
ASSIGN   | =
INTEGER  | -11112
SEMI     | ;
IDENTIFIER | return
INTEGER  | 0
SEMI     | ;
RBRACE   | }
```

This is the same input I used. After I changed my code , my lexer recognized ‘-11112’ as a integer. Because of this, I complete all of requirement.

<input.2>

```
test2.c ×
Project63 (지역 범위) operationfunc1(int a, int b)
1 int operationfunc1(int a, int b)
2 {
3     char c = (char)a - b;
4     int d = -2134;
5     d = 0;
6     while (b<=1)
7         a = 1;
8
9     return 2;
10 }
```

## 〈output.2 of input.2〉

test2.out - 메모장

파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O) 보기(V) 도움말(H)  
<Lexical Analyzer Table>

INT	int
IDENTIFIER	operationfunc1
LPAREN	(
INT	int
IDENTIFIER	a
COMMA	,
INT	int
IDENTIFIER	b
RPAREN	)
LBRACE	{
CHAR	char
IDENTIFIER	c
ASSIGN	=
LPAREN	(
CHAR	char
RPAREN	)
IDENTIFIER	a
OPERATOR	-
IDENTIFIER	b
SEMI	;
INT	int
IDENTIFIER	d
ASSIGN	=
INTEGER	-2134
SEMI	;
IDENTIFIER	d
ASSIGN	=
INTEGER	0
SEMI	;
KEYWORD	while
LPAREN	(
IDENTIFIER	b
COMPARISON	<=
INTEGER	1
RPAREN	)
IDENTIFIER	a
ASSIGN	=
INTEGER	1
SEMI	;
RETURN	return
INTEGER	2
SEMI	;

## 〈input 3〉

```
input4.c  *  X
Project63  (전역 범위)  foofunc(int a, int b)

1  int foofunc(int a, int b) {
2      int c = a * b;
3      c = a - b;
4      c = a + b;
5      c = a / b;
6      return 0;
7  }
```

<output 3 of input3>

test4.out - 메모장

파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O) 보기(V) 도움말(H)

<Lexical Analyzer Table>

INT	int
IDENTIFIER	foofunc
LPAREN	(
INT	int
IDENTIFIER	a
COMMA	,
INT	int
IDENTIFIER	b
RPAREN	)
LBRACE	{
INT	int
IDENTIFIER	c
ASSIGN	=
IDENTIFIER	a
OPERATOR	*
IDENTIFIER	b
SEMI	;
IDENTIFIER	c
ASSIGN	=
IDENTIFIER	a
OPERATOR	-
IDENTIFIER	b
SEMI	;
IDENTIFIER	c
ASSIGN	=
IDENTIFIER	a
OPERATOR	+
IDENTIFIER	b
SEMI	;
IDENTIFIER	c
ASSIGN	=
IDENTIFIER	a
OPERATOR	/
IDENTIFIER	b
SEMI	;
RETURN	return
INTEGER	0
SEMI	;