Low Level Design

Thyroid Disease Detection System

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1. Introduction

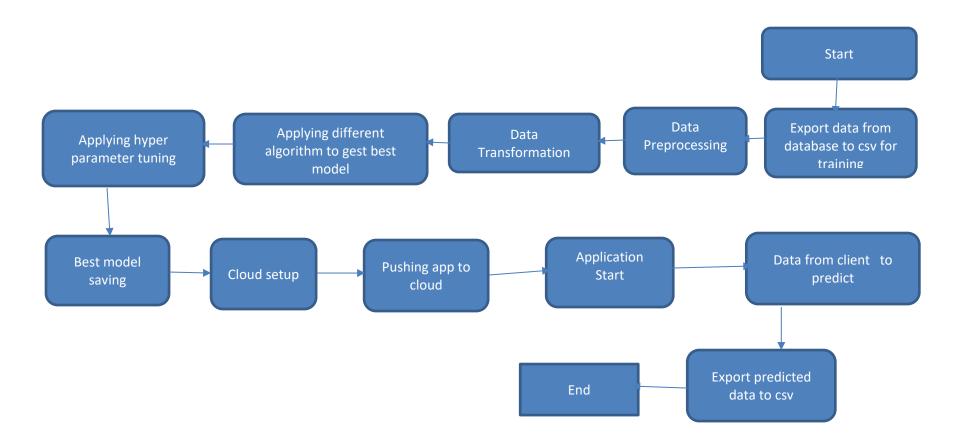
1.1 What is Low-Level design document?

The goal of LLD or a low-level design document (LLD) is to give the internal logical design of the actual program code for Thyroid Disease Detection System. LLD describe the class diagrams with the methods and relations between classes and program specs. It describe the modules so that the programmer can directly code the program from the document.

1.2 Scope

Low-level design (LLD) is a component-level design process that follows a step-by-step refinement process. This process can be used for designing data structures, required software architecture, source code and ultimately, performance algorithms. Overall, the data organization may be defined during requirement analysis and then refined during data design work.

2. Architecture



3. Architecture Description

3.1 Data Description

We will be using Thyroid Disease Data Set present in UCI Machine Learning Repository. This Data set is satisfying our data requirement. Total 7200 instances present in different batches of data.

3.2 Export Data from database to CSV for Training

Here we will be exporting all batches of data from database into one csv file for training.

3.3 Data Preprocessing

We will be exploring our data set here and do EDA if required and perform data preprocessing depending on the data set. We first explore our data set in Jupyter Notebook and decide what pre-processing and Validation we have to do such as imputation of null values, dropping some column, etc and then we have to write separate modules according to our analysis, so that we can implement that for training as well as prediction data.

3.4 Get best model of each cluster

Here we will train various model on each cluster which we will obtain in Data Clustering, and then will try to get best model of each cluster.

3.5 Hyper parameter Tuning

After selecting best model for each cluster, we will do hyper parameter tuning for each selected model, and try to increase performance of the models.

3.6 Model Saving

After performing hyper parameter tuning for models, we will save our models so that we can use them for prediction purpose.

3.7 Cloud Setup

Here we will do cloud setup for model deployment. Here we also create our flask app and user interface and integrate our model with flask app and UI

3.8 Push app to cloud

After doing cloud setup and checking app locally, we will push our app to cloud to start the application.

3.9 Data from client side for prediction purpose

Now our application on cloud is ready for doing prediction. The prediction data which we receive from client side will be exported from DB and further will do same data cleansing process as we have done for training data using modules we will write for training data. Client data will also go along the same process of **Exporting data from DB**, **Data pre-processing**, **Data clustering** and according to each cluster number we will use our **saved model** for prediction on that cluster.

3.10 Export Prediction to CSV

Finally when we get all the prediction for client data, then our final task is to export prediction to csv file and hand over it to client.

4 Unit Test Cases

Test Case Description	Pre-Requisite	Expected Result
Verify whether the Application URL is	1. Application URL	Application URL should be
accessible to the user	should be defined	accessible to the user
	1.Application URL	
Verify whether the Application loads	is accessible	The Application should load
completely for the user when the URL	2.Application is	completely for the user when the
is accessed	deployed	URL is accessed
Verify whether the User is able to sign	1. Application is	The User should be able to sign up
up in the application	accessible	in the application
	1. Application is	
Varify whather user is able to	accessible 2.User is signed up	Hear should be able to suggestfully
Verify whether user is able to successfully login to the application	to the application	User should be able to successfully login to the application
successiumy login to the application	Application is	logili to the application
	accessible	
	2.User is signed up	
	to the application	
Verify whether user is able to see input	3.User is logged in	User should be able to see input
fields on logging in	to the application	fields on logging in
	1. Application is	
	accessible	
	2. User is signed up to the application	
Varify bathan an is able to adit all	3.User is logged in	
Verify whether user is able to edit all input fields	to the application	User should be able to edit all input fields
input neius	1. Application is	neius
	accessible	
	2.User is signed up	
	to the application	
Verify whether user gets Submit	3.User is logged in	User should get Submit button to
button to submit the inputs	to the application	submit the inputs