LangServe: Serve LangChain

LangServe Intro and Walkthrough

Press Space for next page \rightarrow



《AGI应用实践》系列教程

AGI OVERVIEW

■ 101: AGI 提示工程指北

■ 102: OpenAI API 浅出

LANGCHAIN IN ACTION

■ 201:LangChain 功能模块解析(上篇)

■ 202:LangChain 功能模块解析(中篇)

■ 203: LangChain 功能模块解析(下篇)

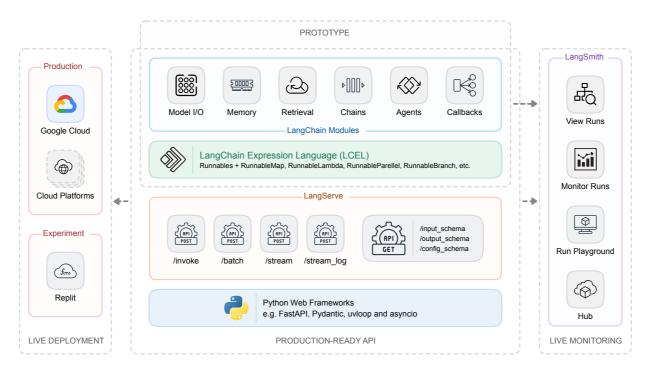
■ 301: LangChain 实战 - Chat LangChain 应用解析

■ 302: LangServe - 部署 LangChain 最佳方式

教程大纲

- LangServe 之诞生
- 使用 LangServe 构建生产可用的 Web API
- LangServe Replit 模板
- LangServe 特性概览
- 调用 LangServe 端点接口的多种方式
- LCEL 对于 LangServe 的重要支撑

Production-Oriented LangChain APP Architecture



LangChain Universe v0.1.0 (Updated: Oct 15, 2023) by @zhanghaili0610

LangChain: https://github.com/langchain-ai LangServe: https://github.com/langchain-ai/langserve LangSmith: https://smith.langchain.com







您当前的浏览器不支持 HTML5 播放器

请更换浏览器再试试哦~

LangServe 之诞生



Introduction LangServe

The best way to deploy your LangChains

Input/Output schema
/docs endpoint
invoke/batch/stream endpoints
/stream_log endpoint for streaming
intermediate steps

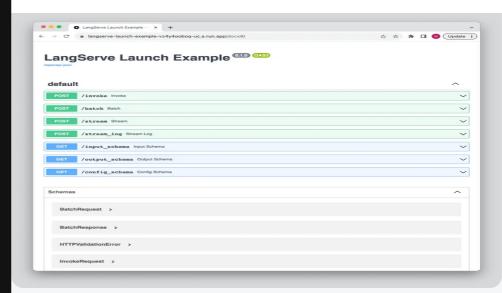
LangSmith Integration

Used to power ChatLangChain and WebLangChain

Blog post and

LANGCHAIN BLOG





Introducing LangServe, the best way to deploy your LangChains

BY LANGCHAIN 5 MIN READ OCT 12, 2023

使用 LangServe 构建生产可用的 Web API

Building Production-Ready Web APIs with LangServe

⟨⟩ `my_package/chain.py`:

```
vectorstore = FAISS.from texts(
    ["cats like fish", "dogs like sticks"],
    embedding=OpenAIEmbeddings()
retriever = vectorstore.as retriever()
model = ChatOpenAI()
chain = ConversationalRetrievalChain.from llm(model, retriever)
```

'my_package/server.py':

```
app = FastAPI(title="Retrieval App")
add routes(app, chain)
   import uvicorn
    uvicorn.run(app, host="localhost", port=8000)
```

任意构建一个 Chain(完全可以是基于 LCEL 构建)

Build a Chain as you like (especially via LCEL)

通过 `add_routes` 方法把 Chain 注册到 Web 服务

Register chain to web server via `add_routes`

LangServe Replit 模板

C LangServe Replit Template

该模板展示了如何使用 LangServe 将 LangChain Expression Language Runnable 部署为一组 HTTP 端点到 Replit 上,并支持流和批处理

This template shows how to deploy a LangChain Expression Language Runnable as a set of HTTP endpoints with stream and batch support using LangServe onto Replit.

NOTICE

在运行示例前,需要通过左下角的 `Tools > Secrets `来设置 `OPENAI_API_KEY`

Need to set an `OPENAI_API_KEY` environment variable by going under `Tools > Secrets` in the bottom left corner

LangServe 特性概览

LangServe Endpoints and Features

🝃 `//docs` 通过 Swagger UI 展示和调试 API

`//docs` endpoint serves API docs with Swagger UI

4 个"写"端点用于调用 Chain: `/invoke`, `/batch`, `/stream`, `/stream log`

4 endpoints to call your chain in various approaches

Q 2 个"读"端点用于获取 Chain 的输入输出结构: `/input_schema`, `/output_schema`

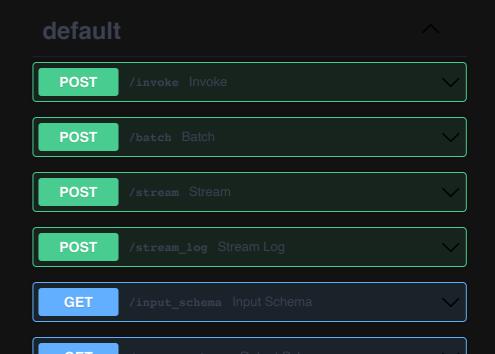
2 endpoints to retrieve input and output schemas (Pydantic models) auto-generated from the structure of the chain

■ 支持在同一服务的不同路径下托管多个 Chain

Support for hosting multiple chains in the same server under separate paths, e.g. `/chat/invoke`, `/say/invoke

LangServe Launch Example O.1.0 OAS3

/openapi.json



调用 LangServe 端点接口的多种方式

Calling hosted chain from various clients

```
from langserve import RemoteRunnable

pirate_chain = RemoteRunnable("https://your_url.repl.co/chat/")

pirate_chain.invoke({"question": "how are you?"})

await pirate_chain.ainvoke({"question": "how are you?"})
```

```
import { RemoteRunnable } from "langchain/runnables/remote"; // Introduced in LangChain.js 0.0.166+

const pirateChain = new RemoteRunnable({ url: `https://your_url.repl.co/chat/` });
const result = await pirateChain.invoke({ "question": "what did i just say my name was?" });
```

```
curl --location --request POST 'https://your_url.repl.co/chat/invoke' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw '{
    "input": { "question": "what did i just say my name was?" }
}'
```

LCEL 对于 LangServe 的重要支撑

The journey to build LangServe really started when LCEL and the Runnable protocol launched

STREAMING CAPACITY

- ← 一流的流式传输支持: 使用 LCEL 时,您可以获得最佳的首次 Token 时间;正在尝试支持流式 JSON 解析器 First-class support for streaming: build your chains with LCEL you get the best possible time-to-first-token, streaming JSON parser is WIP
- 流式输出中间结果:添加了对流式输出中间结果的支持,并且在每个 LangServe 服务上都可用
 Accessing intermediate results: added support for streaming intermediate results, and it's available on every LangServe server

CONTROL FLOW

- ☑ 支持重试和回退:为 LCEL 链的增加了 重试和回退 的支持;目前正在努力添加对重试/回退的流支持

Retries and fallbacks: added support for any part of your LCEL chain; currently working on adding streaming support for retries/fallback

参考资料

本教程在制作过程中参考和引用了以下资料(排名不分先后)的内容,特此鸣谢!

- 视频资料
- Short Courses | Learn Generative AI from DeepLearning.AI

= 图文资料

- Core Concepts | \(\setminus \mathcal{O} \) LangChain
 - JS/TS Docs, Python Docs, LangSmith Docs
 - LangChain Blog, Release Notes
- 入门: Prompts(提示词)|通往 AGI 之路

- openai/openai-cookbook: Examples and guides for using the OpenAI API
- datawhalechina/prompt-engineering-for-developers: 吴恩达大模型系列课程中文版
- slidevjs/slidev: Presentation Slides for Developers

感谢聆听 💙

