## Homework 2 solution

Max marks: 110

Due on September 17, 2021, 9 AM, before class.

Row	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	f
0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	1
2	0	1	0	1
3	0	1	1	0
4	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	0
6	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	1

Table 1: Truth table for a 3-way light switch

# 1 Sept 10th Lecture

**Problem 1** If the SOP form for  $\bar{f} = A\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}$ , then give the POS form for f. [10 marks]

## Solution

Take inversion on both sides

$$\begin{split} \overline{f} &= \overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C} + \overline{A} \overline{B} \\ f &= \overline{A} \overline{B} \overline{C} \cdot \overline{A} \overline{B} & \text{by DeMorgan's} \\ &= (\overline{A} + B + C)(A + B) & \text{by DeMorgan's} \end{split}$$

**Problem 2** Use DeMorgan's Theorem to find f if  $\bar{f} = (A + BC)D + EF$ . [10 marks]

### Solution

Take inversion on both sides

$$\begin{split} \overline{\bar{f}} &= \overline{(A+BC)D+EF} \\ f &= \overline{((A+BC)D)} \cdot \overline{EF} \qquad \text{by DeMorgan's} \\ &= (\overline{(A+BC)} + \bar{D})(\bar{E} + \bar{F}) \qquad \text{by DeMorgan's} \\ &= (\bar{A}\overline{(BC)} + \bar{D})(\bar{E} + \bar{F}) \qquad \text{by DeMorgan's} \\ &= (\bar{A}(\bar{B} + \bar{C}) + \bar{D})(\bar{E} + \bar{F}) \qquad \text{by DeMorgan's} \end{split}$$

**Problem 3** Implement the function in Table 1 using only NAND gates. [10 marks]

### Solution

To implement the function using NAND gates, we seek the SOP form of the function,

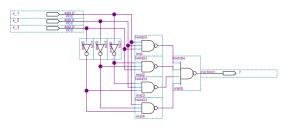
	$\bar{x}_1$	$c_1$			
	$\bar{x}_2$	x	2	$\bar{x}_2$	
$\bar{x}_3$	0	1	0	1	-•
$x_3$	1	0	1	0	

The function cannot be simplified beyond minterms.

$$f = \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 x_3 + \bar{x}_1 x_2 \bar{x}_3 + x_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 + x_1 x_2 x_3$$

$$= \overline{\bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 x_3} + \overline{\bar{x}_1 x_2 \bar{x}_3} + \overline{x_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3} + \overline{x_1 x_2 x_3}$$

$$= \overline{\bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 x_3} \cdot \overline{x_1 x_2 \bar{x}_3} \cdot \overline{x_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3} \cdot \overline{x_1 x_2 x_3}$$



**Problem 4** Implement the function in Table 1 using only NOR gates. [10 marks]

## Solution

To implement the function using NAND gates, we seek the POS form of the function. We plot the K-map for  $\bar{f}$ ,

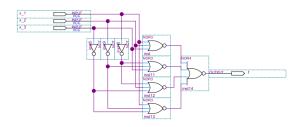
The function  $\bar{f}$  cannot be simplified further,

$$\bar{f} = \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 + \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 x_3 + \bar{x}_1 x_2 \bar{x}_3 + x_1 \bar{x}_2 x_3$$

Taking inverse of both sides and observing  $\overline{f} = f$ .

$$\begin{split} f &= (x_1 + x_2 + x_3)(x_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_3)(\bar{x}_1 + x_2 + \bar{x}_3)(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + x_3) \\ &= \overline{(x_1 + x_2 + x_3)(x_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_3)(\bar{x}_1 + x_2 + \bar{x}_3)(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + x_3)} \end{split}$$

 $=\overline{(x_1+x_2+x_3)}+\overline{(x_1+\bar{x}_2+\bar{x}_3)}+\overline{(\bar{x}_1+x_2+\bar{x}_3)}+\overline{(\bar{x}_1+\bar{x}_2+x_3)}\ \textbf{Solution}$ 



# 2 Sept 13th Lecture

**Problem 5** Find the minimum-cost SOP and POS forms for the function  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = m(1, 2, 3, 5)$ . [1, Prob 2.37] [10 marks]

#### Solution

Minimum cost SOP

$$f = \bar{x}_1 x_2 + \bar{x}_2 x_3 \tag{1}$$

Cost = 2 AND + 1 OR + (2 \* (2 input per AND gates) + 2 input per OR gate) inputs = 9

To find Minimum cost POS, we draw K-map for  $\bar{f}$ .

$$\bar{f} = \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 + x_1 x_2 \tag{2}$$

$$\implies f = (x_2 + x_3)(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2) \tag{3}$$

Cost = 2 OR + 1 AND + (2 \* (2 inputs per OR gate) + 2 input AND gate) inputs = 9

**Problem 6** Find the minimum-cost SOP and POS forms for the function  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \sum m(1, 4, 7) + D(2, 5)$ . [1, Prob 2.38] [10 marks]

1

 $x_3$ 

$$f = x_1 \bar{x}_2 + x_1 x_3 + \bar{x}_2 x_3 \tag{4}$$

Cost = 3 AND + 1 OR + (3 \* (2 input per AND gate) + 3 inputs per OR gate) inputs = 13

d + d + d

To find minimum cost POS, we draw K-map for  $\bar{f}$ ,

		$\bar{x}_1$	$\overline{x_1}$			
	$\bar{x}_2$	$  x_2 $		$\bar{x}_2$		
$\bar{x}_3$	1	d + d + d	1	0		
$\bar{x}_3 \\ x_3$	0	1	0	d		

$$\bar{f} = \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_3 + \bar{x}_1 x_2 + x_2 \bar{x}_3 \tag{5}$$

$$\implies f = (x_1 + x_3)(x_1 + \bar{x}_2)(\bar{x}_2 + x_3) \tag{6}$$

Cost = 3 OR + 1 AND + (3\*(2 inputs per OR gate) + 3 inputs per AND gate) inputs = 13

**Problem 7** Find the minimum-cost SOP and POS forms for the function  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \prod M(0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15)$ . [1, Prob 2.39] [10 marks]

#### Solution

The function f is zero at the maxterms. We draw the following K-map,

		$\bar{x}$		$x_1$		
		$\bar{x}_2$	x	2	$\bar{x}_2$	
	$\bar{x}_4$	0	0	0	0	
$\bar{x}_3$	$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{x}_4 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$	0	0	1	0	
<i>m</i> -	$x_4$	1	0	0	1	
$x_3$	$\begin{vmatrix} x_4 \\ \bar{x}_4 \end{vmatrix}$	0	1	0	0	

$$f = \bar{\mathbf{x}}_2 \mathbf{x}_3 \mathbf{x}_4 + \bar{x}_1 \mathbf{x}_2 \mathbf{x}_3 \bar{x}_4 + \mathbf{x}_1 \mathbf{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 \mathbf{x}_4 \tag{7}$$

Cost = 3 AND gates + 1 OR gate + (3+4+4) inputs to the AND gates + 3 inputs to the OR gate) = 18.

To find the POS form, we draw K-map for  $\bar{f}$ ,

		$\bar{x}$	1		$x_1$		
		$\bar{x}_2$	$x_2$		$\bar{x}_2$		
=	$\bar{x}_4$	1 + 1	1 + 1	1	1 + 1		
$\bar{x}_3$	$\begin{vmatrix} \bar{x}_4 \\ x_4 \end{vmatrix}$	1	1	0	1		
<i>m</i> -		0	1	1	0		
$x_3$	$\begin{vmatrix} x_4 \\ \bar{x}_4 \end{vmatrix}$	1	0	1	1 + 1		

$$\bar{f} = \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_3 + \bar{x}_3 \bar{x}_4 + x_2 x_3 x_4 + x_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3$$

$$+ x_1 x_3 \bar{x}_4 + \bar{x}_2 x_3 \bar{x}_4$$

$$\Longrightarrow f = (x_1 + x_3)(x_3 + x_4)(x_2 + x_3 + x_4)$$

$$(\bar{x}_1 + x_2 + x_3)$$

**Problem 8** Find the minimum-cost SOP and POS forms for the function  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \sum m(0, 2, 8, 9, 12, 15) + D(1, 3, 6, 7)$ . [1, Prob 2.40] [10 marks]

## Solution

The K-map for f is

		$\bar{x}_1$ $x_1$					
		$\bar{x}_2$	x	$\bar{x}_2$			
$\bar{x}_3$	$\bar{x}_4$	1	0	1	1 + 1		
$x_3$	$x_4$	d	0	0	1		
<i>m</i> -	$x_4$	d	d	1	0		
$x_3$	$ \begin{vmatrix} \bar{x}_4 \\ x_4 \\ x_4 \\ \bar{x}_4 \end{vmatrix} $	1	d	0	0		

$$f = \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 + x_1 \bar{x}_3 \bar{x}_4 + x_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 + x_2 x_3 x_4$$

Cost = 4 AND gates + 1 OR gate + (2 + 3 + 3 + 3) inputs to the AND gates + 4 inputs to the OR gate) = 20

The K-map for  $\bar{f}$  is

			$\bar{x}_1$		$x_1$
		$\bar{x}_2$	$x_2$		$\bar{x}_2$
=	$\bar{x}_4$	0	1	0	0
$\bar{x}_3$	$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{x}_4 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$	d	1 + 1	1	0
~	$x_4$	d	d	0	1
$x_3$	$\begin{vmatrix} x_4 \\ \bar{x}_4 \end{vmatrix}$	0	d	1	1 + 1

$$\bar{f} = \bar{x}_1 x_2 + x_2 \bar{x}_3 x_4 + x_1 x_3 \bar{x}_4 + x_1 \bar{x}_2 x_3. (8)$$

$$\implies f = (x_1 + \bar{x}_2)(\bar{x}_2 + x_3 + \bar{x}_4)$$

$$(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_3 + x_4)(\bar{x}_1 + x_2 + \bar{x}_3). (9)$$

Cost = 4 OR gates + 1 AND gate + (2 + 3 + 3 + 3 inputs to OR gates and 4 inputs to the AND gate) = 20

**Problem 9** Derive a minimum-cost realization of the four-variable function that is equal to 1 if

exactly two or exactly three of its variables are equal to 1; otherwise it is equal to 0. [1, Prob 2.46] [10 marks]

#### Solution

Row	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	f	Reason
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
2	0	0	1	0	0	
3	0	0	1	1	1	2-var are one
4	0	1	0	0	0	
5	0	1	0	1	1	2-var
6	0	1	1	0	1	2-var
7	0	1	1	1	1	3-var
8	1	0	0	0	0	
9	1	0	0	1	1	2-var
10	1	0	1	0	1	2-var
11	1	0	1	1	1	3-var
12	1	1	0	0	1	2-var
13	1	1	0	1	1	3-var
14	1	1	1	0	1	3-var
15	1	1	1	1	0	

K-map for the function f is

		$\bar{x}$	l	$x_1$	
		$\bar{x}_2$		$x_2$	$\bar{x}_2$
==	$\bar{x}_4$	0	0	1	0
$\bar{x}_3$	$x_4$	0	1	1 + 1	1
<i>m</i> -	$x_4$	1	1	0	1
$x_3$	$\bar{x}_4$ $\bar{x}_4$	0	1	1 + 1	1

$$f = x_2 \bar{x}_3 x_4 + x_2 x_3 \bar{x}_4 + x_1 \bar{x}_2 x_4 + \bar{x}_1 x_3 x_4 + x_1 x_3 \bar{x}_4 + x_1 x_2 \bar{x}_3$$

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm Cost} = 5 \ {\rm AND} \ {\rm gate} + 1 \ {\rm OR} \ {\rm gate} + (5*3 \ {\rm inputs} \\ {\rm per} \ {\rm AND} \ {\rm gate} + 5 \ {\rm inputs} \ {\rm to} \ {\rm the} \ {\rm OR} \ {\rm gate}) = 26 \\ {\rm K-map} \ {\rm for} \ {\rm the} \ {\rm inverted} \ {\rm function} \ \bar{f} \ {\rm is} \\ \end{array}$ 

		$\bar{x}_1$			$x_1$
		$\bar{x}_2$	x	2	$\bar{x}_2$
=	$\bar{x}_4$	1 + 1 + 1 + 1	1	0	1
$\bar{x}_3$	$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{x}_4 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$	1	0	0	0
	$x_4$	0	0	1	0
$x_3$	$\bar{x}_4$ $\bar{x}_4$	1	0	0	0

$$\bar{f} = \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_3 \bar{x}_4 + \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 \bar{x}_4 + \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 
+ \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_4 + x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 
f = (x_1 + x_3 + x_4)(x_2 + x_3 + x_4) 
(x_1 + x_2 + x_3)(x_1 + x_2 + x_4) 
(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_3 + \bar{x}_4)$$

			$\bar{x}_1$	~	- <del>-</del>	$x_1$	<i>m</i>
		$\bar{x}_3$	$\overset{ }{x_3}$	$\begin{vmatrix} x_2 \\ \bar{x}_3 \end{vmatrix}$	$\bar{x}_2$ $\bar{x}_3$	$x_3$	$x_2 \mid \bar{x}_3$
$\bar{x}_4$	$egin{array}{c} ar{x}_5 \ x_5 \end{array}$	1	1 d	1 1	1 d	1 (	) [1]
$x_4$	$x_5 \\ \bar{x}_5$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \end{bmatrix}$	d d 1 1	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\frac{1}{0}$	d (	0 0

Table 2: K-map for f in problem 10. The essential minterm for the Essential Prime implicant is indicated with the same color.

			$\bar{x}_1$					$x_1$	
		$\bar{x}_2$	2		$x_2$	$\bar{x}_2$	2		$x_2$
		$\bar{x}_3$	x	3	$\bar{x}_3$	$\bar{x}_3$	a	$c_3$	$\bar{x}_3$
	$\bar{x}_5$	0	0	d	0	0	0	1	0
$\bar{x}_4$	$x_5$	0	d	0	0	d	0	1	0
~	$x_5$	0	d	d	0	0	d	1	1
$x_4$	$\bar{x}_5$	1	0	0	1	)(1	0	1	

Table 3: 5-var K-map for  $\bar{f}$  in problem 10. The essential minterms for Essential Prime Implicants (EPI) is shown in the same color.

Cost = 5 OR gates + 1 AND gate + (4 \* 3 inputs per OR gate + 4 inputs to one OR gate + 5 inputs to 1 AND gate = 27

The minimal cost representation is the SOP representation:

$$f = x_2 \bar{x}_3 x_4 + x_2 x_3 \bar{x}_4 + x_1 \bar{x}_2 x_4 + \bar{x}_1 x_3 x_4 + x_1 x_3 \bar{x}_4 + x_1 x_2 \bar{x}_3$$

**Problem 10** Find the minimum-cost SOP and POS forms for the function  $f(x_1,...,x_5) = \sum m(0,1,3,4,6,8,9,11,13,14,16,19,20,21,22,24,25) + D(5,7,12,15,17,23). [1, Prob 2.42] [10 marks]$ 

#### Solution

The K-map for the function is in Table 2.

$$f = \bar{x}_1 x_5 + \bar{x}_1 x_3 + x_2 x_3 + \bar{x}_3 \bar{x}_4 + \bar{x}_2 x_5$$

Cost = 5 AND gates + 1 OR gate + (5\*2 inputs per AND gate + 5 inputs to one OR gate) = 21 The K-map for the function inverse is given in Table 3

$$\bar{f} = x_1 x_2 x_3 + \bar{x}_3 x_4 \bar{x}_5 + x_1 x_2 x_4 
\Longrightarrow f = (\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_3)(x_3 + \bar{x}_4 + x_5) 
(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_4)$$

Cost = 3 OR gate + 1 AND gate + (3\*3 inputs to the OR gates and 3 inputs to the AND gate)=16.

## References

[1] S. Brown and Z. Vranesic. Fundamentals of Digital Logic with Verilog Design: Third Edition. McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2013.

		$\begin{vmatrix} ar{x}_1 \\ ar{x}_3 \end{vmatrix}$	_	$\bar{x}_1 \\ x$	$\dot{z}_2$	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} & x_1 & \\ \bar{x}_2 & \mid & x_2 \\ \bar{x}_3 \mid & x_3 & \mid \bar{x}_3 \end{array} $			
		$\bar{x}_3$	9	$x_3$	$\bar{x}_3$	$\bar{x}_3$	x	3	$\bar{x}_3$
$\bar{x}_4$ $x_4$	$\bar{x}_5$	0	4	12	8	16	20 21	28	24
	$x_5$	1	5	13	9	17	21	29	25
$x_4$	$x_5$	3	7	15	11	19	23	31	27
	$ \bar{x}_5 $	2	6	14	10	18	22	30	26

		$x_1 = 0/1$							
		$\bar{x}_2$			$x_2$				
		$\bar{x}_3$	(	$x_3$	$\bar{x}_3$				
=	$\bar{x}_5$	0/16	4/20	12/28	8/24				
$\bar{x}_4$	$x_5$	1/17	5/21	13/29	9/25				
œ.	$x_5$	3/19	7/23	15/31	11/27				
$x_4$	$\bar{x}_5$	2/18	6/22	14/30	10/26				

Table 4: K-map for 5-variables with numbered minterms