

Homework 4

Max marks: 60

Due on Nov 1st, 2023, 12 noon, before class.

Problem 1 Consider the timing diagram in Figure 1. Assuming that the D and Clock inputs shown are applied to the circuit in Figure 2, draw waveforms for the Q_a , Q_b , and Q_c signals. (10 marks) [1, Prob 5.1]

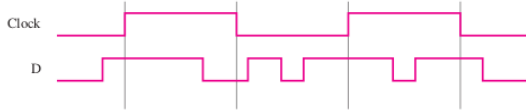


Figure 1: Inputs for Prob 1

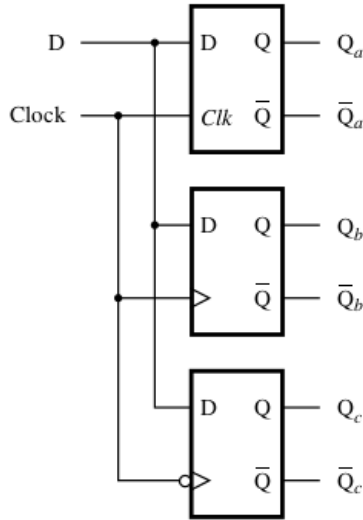


Figure 2: Circuit for Prob 1. Recall that Clk with a “▷” symbol indicates rising-edge (positive-edge) triggered flip-flop. Clk without “▷” symbol indicates a level-triggered latch. Clk with “▷◁” symbol indicates a falling-edge (negative-edge) triggered flip-flop.

Problem 2 Figure 3 shows a S-R latch built with NOR gates. Draw a similar latch using

NAND gates. Derive its characteristic table and show its timing diagram. Assume that \bar{S} and \bar{R} are available. (10 marks) [1, Prob 5.2].

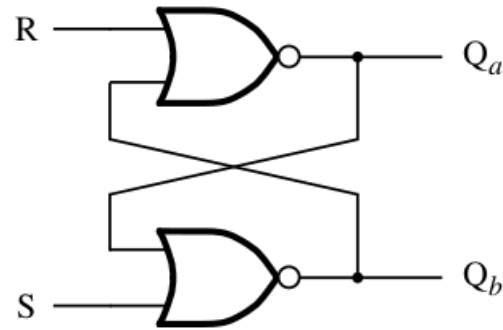


Figure 3: Circuit for Prob 2

Problem 3 An SR flip-flop is a flip-flop that has set and reset inputs like a gated SR latch. Show how an SR flip-flop can be constructed using a D flip-flop and other logic gates. (10 marks) [1, Prob 5.5]

Problem 4 Show how a JK flip-flop can be constructed using a T flip-flop and other logic gates (10 marks) [1, Prob 5.7].

Problem 5 Design a three-bit up/down counter using T flip-flops. It should include a control input called Up/Down. If Up/Down = 0, then the circuit should behave as an up-counter. If Up/Down = 1, then the circuit should behave as a down-counter. (10 marks) [1, Prob 5.15].

Problem 6 The circuit in Figure 4 looks like a counter. What is the counting sequence of this circuit (10 marks) [1, Prob 5.17]?

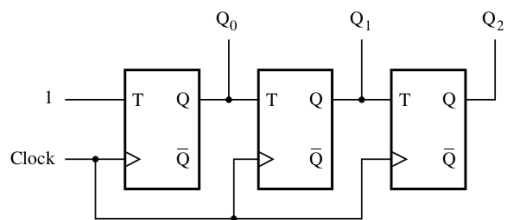


Figure 4: Circuit for Problem 6.

References

- [1] S. Brown and Z. Vranesic. *Fundamentals of Digital Logic with Verilog Design: Third Edition*. McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2013.