1 Study guide

1.1 Midterm 1

- ☑ Binary numbers, Hexadecimal, Sign-magnitude, One's-complement and Two's complement. Conversions between them.
- ✓ Generate minterms, maxterms, SOP canonical form and POS canonical forms and convert between them
- **☑** Understand and use the laws and theorems of Boolean Algebra
- ✓ Perform algebraic simplification using Boolean algebra
- ✓ Derive sum of product and product of sums expressions for a combinational circuit
- **☑** Convert combinational logic to NAND-NAND and NOR-NOR forms
- ✓ Simplification using Quine-McCluskey method

1.2 Midterm 2

- ✓ Simplification using K-maps
- ✓ Understand the difference between synchronous and asynchronous inputs
- \mathbf{Z} Derive a state graph or state table from a word description of the problem
- \mathbf{Z} Implement a design using JK, SR, D or T flip-flops
- ✓ Analyze a sequential circuit and derive a state-table and a state-graph
- ✓ Analyse and design both Mealy and Moore sequential circuits with multiple inputs and multiple outputs
- ✓ Reduce the number of states in a state table using row reduction and implication tables
- Perform a state assignment using the guideline method

1.3 Final (includes previous topics)

□ Convert between Mealy and Moore designs
□ Design combinational circuits for positive and negative logic
□ Design Hazard-free two level circuits.
□ Compute fan out and noise margin of one device driving the same time

Compute noise margin of one device
Describe how tri-state and open-collector outputs are different from to tempole outputs. $ \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular} $
Different between and limitations of level-triggered latches and edge-triggered flip-flops.
Know the differences and similarities between PAL, PLA, and ROMs and can use each for logic design $$
Design combinational circuits using multiplexers and decoders
Partition a system into multiple state machines