

MUX/DEC Sequential logic design

Vikas Dhiman for ECE275

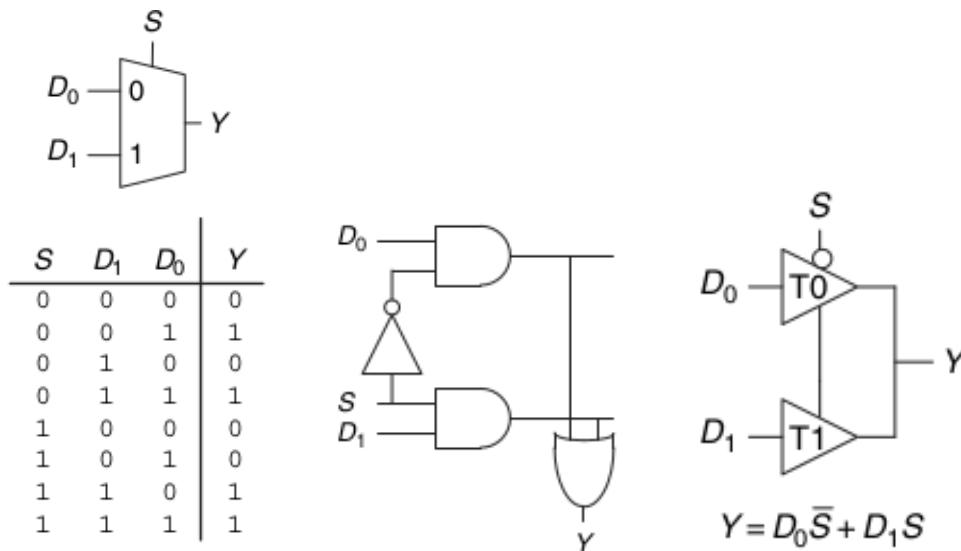
December 1, 2023

1 Objectives

1. Design combinational circuits using multiplexers and decoders

2 Design combinational circuit using multiplexers [1, Section 2.8.1]

2.1 Review: 2to1 Multiplexer (MUX)



2.2 Wider multiplexers

Draw the symbol for a 4:1 MUX, an 8:1 MUX and a $2^N : 1$ MUX and write corresponding Boolean expressions.

Example 1. Design a circuit for $Y = A\bar{B} + \bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}BC$ using a 8:1 MUX.

Remark 1. A $2^N : 1$ MUX can be used to program any N -input logic function.

Example 2. Design a circuit for $Y = A\bar{B} + \bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}BC$ using a 4:1 MUX and NOT gates only.

Remark 2. A $2^{N-1} : 1$ MUX can be used to program any N -input logic function, if we use literals on the input side.

Example 3. Design a circuit for $Y = \bar{A}C + \bar{A}B + B\bar{D}$ using a 8:1 MUX and NOT gates only. Also design using 4:1 MUX and other gates. fewest gates.

3 Encoders and Decoders

Example 4. Draw the symbol and the truth table for 2:4 decoder. Also write the logic expressions.

Example 5. Draw the symbol and the truth table for 3:8 decoder, 4:16 decoder and $N : 2^N$ decoder. Also write the logic expressions.

Example 6. *Design a circuit for a XOR gate using a 2:4 decoder and an OR gate.*

Example 7. *Design a circuit for $Y = A\bar{B} + \bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}BC$ using a 3:8 decoder and an OR gate.*

3.1 (Priority) Encoders

Example 8. *Draw symbol and truth table for a 4:2 priority encoder.*

Example 9. *Draw symbol and truth table for a 8:3 priority encoder.*

References

- [1] Sarah L Harris and David Harris. *Digital design and computer architecture*. Morgan Kaufmann, 2022.