

NANYANG TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY  
SPMS/DIVISION OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

2025/26 Semester 2

MH4110 Partial Differential Equations

Tutorial 1, 22 January

**Problem 1** Solve the equations

(a)

$$2\frac{dy}{dx} + (\tan x)y = \frac{(4x+5)^2}{\cos x}y^3$$

(b)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2}{x}y = (-x^2 \cos x)y^2$$

**Problem 2 (Ex. 2 on Page 5)** Which of the following operators are linear?

(a)  $\mathcal{L}u = u_x + xu_y$

(b)  $\mathcal{L}u = u_x + uu_y$

(c)  $\mathcal{L}u = u_x + u_y^2$

(d)  $\mathcal{L}u = u_x + u_y + 1$

(e)  $\mathcal{L}u = \sqrt{1+x^2}(\cos y)u_x + u_{yxy} - [\arctan(x/y)]u$

**Problem 3** Prove that the first-order equation is linear.

$$a(x, y)u_x(x, y) + b(x, y)u_y(x, y) + c(x, y)u(x, y) = f(x, y)$$

**Problem 4 (Ex. 3 on Page 5)** For each of the following equations, state the order and whether it is nonlinear, linear inhomogeneous, or linear homogeneous; provide reasons.

(a)  $u_t - u_{xx} + 1 = 0$

(b)  $u_t - u_{xx} + xu = 0$

(c)  $u_t - u_{xxt} + uu_x = 0$

(d)  $u_{tt} - u_{xx} + x^2 = 0$

(e)  $iu_t - u_{xx} + u/x = 0$

(f)  $u_x(1+u_x^2)^{-1/2} + u_y(1+u_y^2)^{-1/2} = 0$

(g)  $u_x + e^y u_y = 0$

(h)  $u_t + u_{xxxx} + \sqrt{1+u} = 0$

**Problem 5 (Ex. 4 on Page 6)** Show that the difference of two solutions of an inhomogeneous linear equation  $\mathcal{L}u = g$  with the same  $g$  is a solution of the homogeneous equation  $\mathcal{L}u = 0$ .

**Problem 6 (Ex. 12 on Page 6)** Verify by direct substitution that

$$u_n(x, y) = \sin(nx) \sinh(ny)$$

is a solution of  $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$  for every  $n > 0$ .