# Producer-consumer and BlockingCollection Demo

Simon Robinson

@TechieSimon | TechieSimon.com

# Module 5 Overview

- Demo `ConcurrentQueue<T>` *in producer-consumer situation*
- `ConcurrentQueue<T>` not adequate *because of issue of polling for tasks*
- `BlockingCollection<T>` provides additional *services (and solves the polling issue)*

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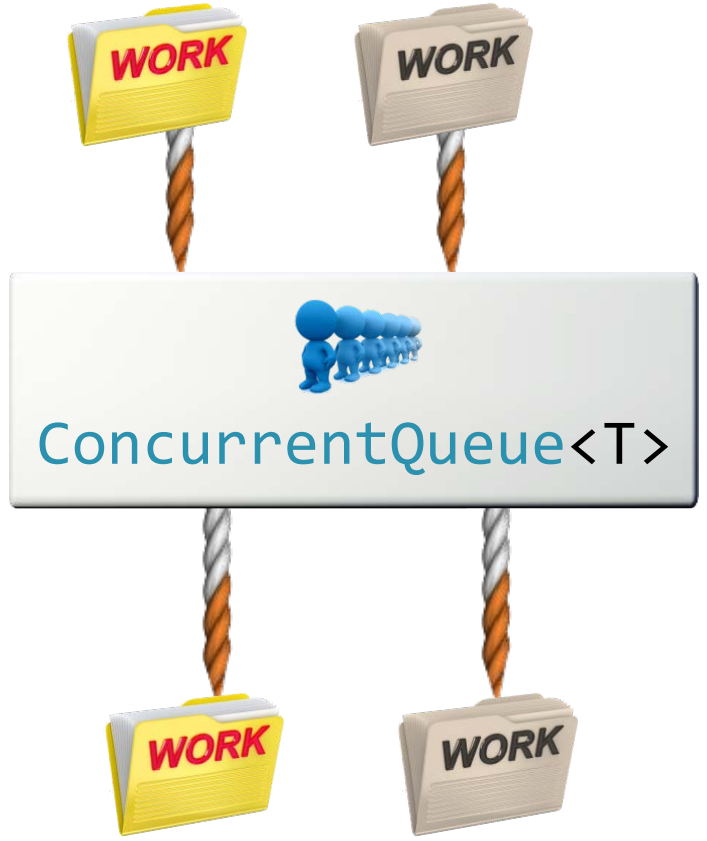
# Producer-Consumer Demo

Some threads add tasks




Other threads remove tasks

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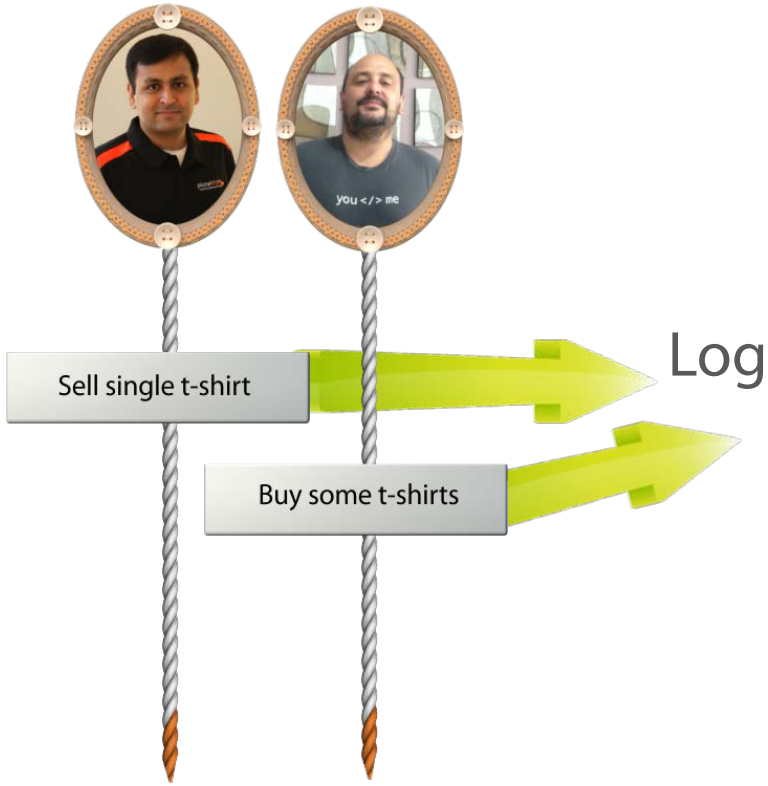
# New in SalesBonuses App…



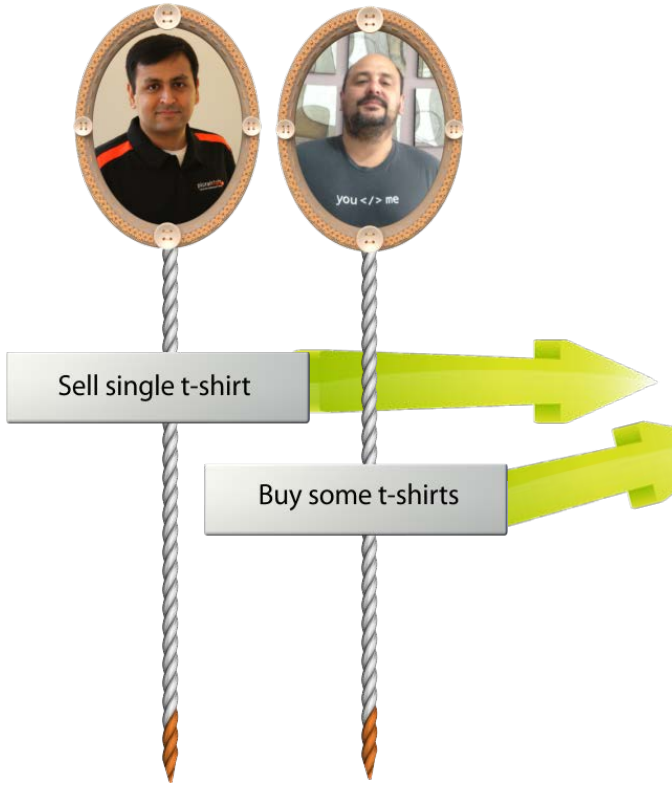

Log trade for calculating staff bonus

Calculating bonus is…

…not urgent

…time-consuming

# When a Trade Is Made…




Immediately…

1. Update stock levels
2. Log the trade

Use a `ConcurrentQueue<T>` for this!

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# Short Intermission

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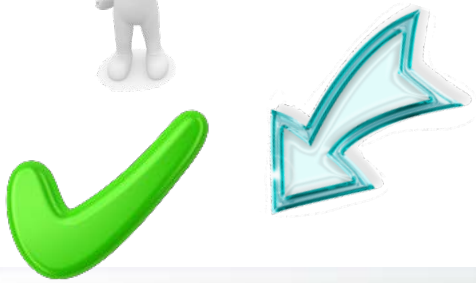
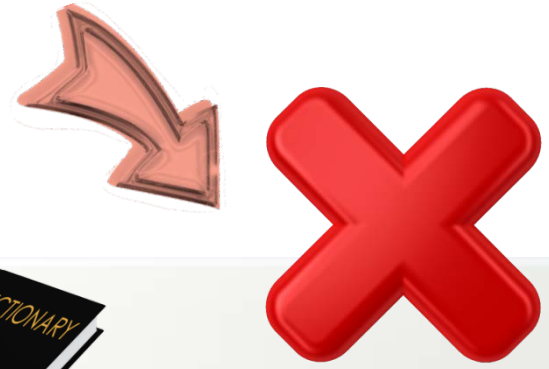
# What Can BlockingCollection<T> Wrap?

IProducerConsumerCollection<T>

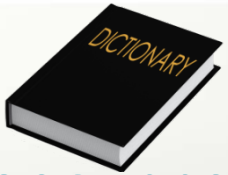




ConcurrentQueue<T>

ConcurrentStack<T>

ConcurrentBag<T>




ConcurrentDictionary<TKey, TValue>

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# BlockingCollection<T> Extra Features

`Take()`
is cancellable

`TryTake()`
allows a timeout

Maximum
collection size

`Add()`
is cancellable

`TryAdd()`
allows a timeout

# Module 5 Summary

- Demo'd `ConcurrentQueue<T>` to store tasks awaiting processing
- `ConcurrentQueue<T>` lacks ability to wait until an item is on the queue
  - `ConcurrentStack<T>` and `ConcurrentBag<T>` have same problem
- `BlockingCollection<T>` fixes this