

C# Extension Methods

Module 1: Introducing Extension Methods

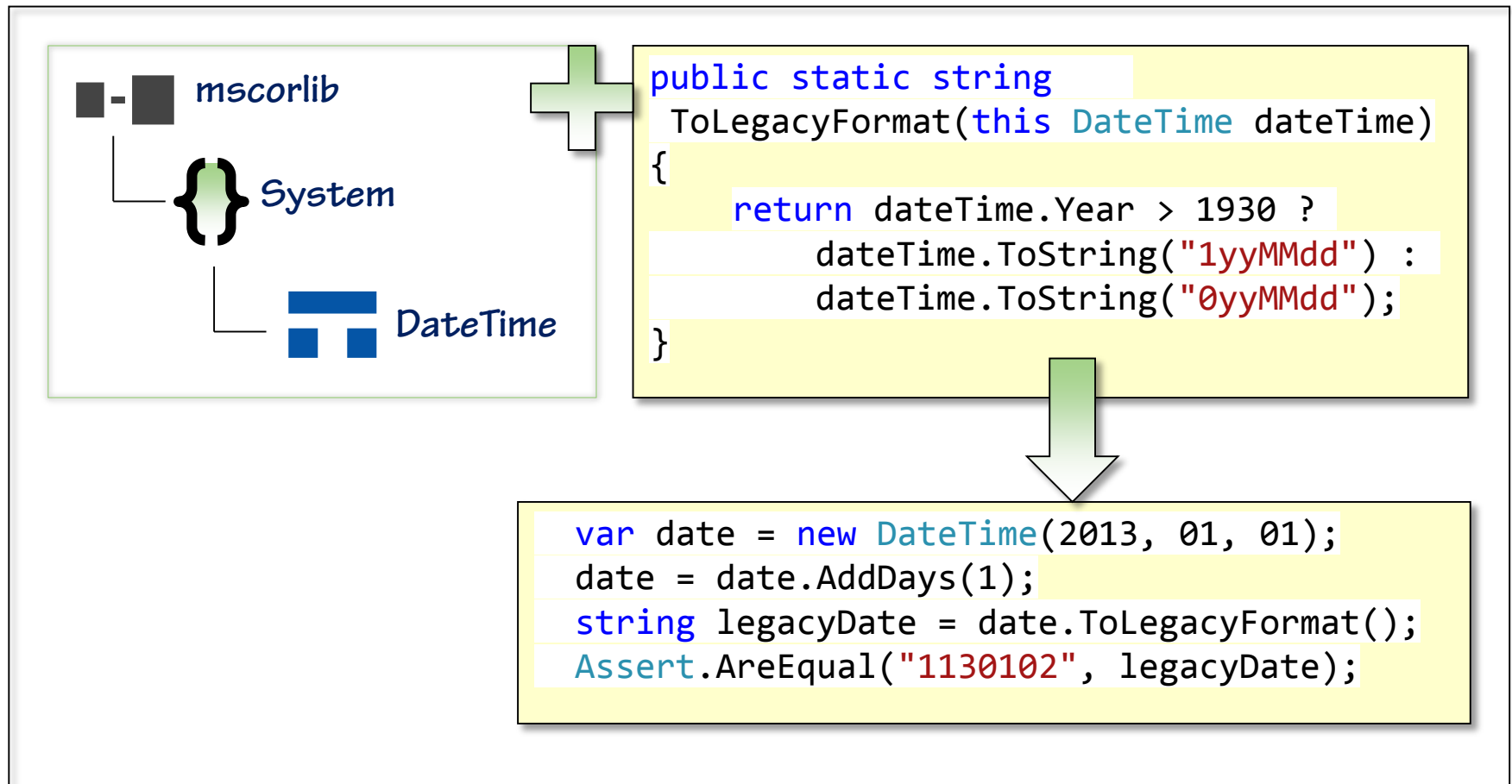
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pluralsight
hardcore developer training

Introducing Extension Methods

- Extend a codebase by adding methods



Introducing Extension Methods

- **Extend types**

- Classes & Structs
- Interfaces

- **Extend generics**

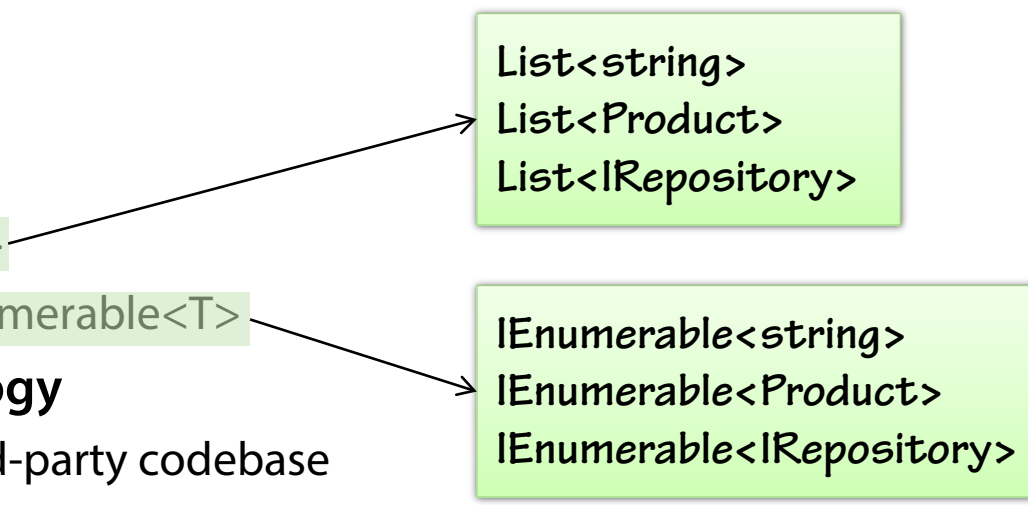
- Classes – `List<T>`
- Interfaces – `IEnumerable<T>`

- **Enabling technology**

- Adding to a third-party codebase
- Adding to a class hierarchy
 - Without inheritance or composition

- **Straightforward to use**

- But powerful



The diagram illustrates the concept of extension methods. It features two light green rectangular boxes on the right side. The top box contains the text `List<string>`, `List<Product>`, and `List<IRepository>`. The bottom box contains `IEnumerable<string>`, `IEnumerable<Product>`, and `IEnumerable<IRepository>`. From the text `List<T>` in the list under 'Extend generics', an arrow points to the top box. From the text `IEnumerable<T>` in the same list, an arrow points to the bottom box.

`IEnumerable<string>`
`IEnumerable<Product>`
`IEnumerable<IRepository>`

About the Course

■ Aims

- Learn everything about extension methods in C#
- What you can and can't do
- How extension methods work
- Extension method library for (almost) any project

■ Pre-requisites

- Familiarity with C#
- Classes, objects, interfaces

■ Toolset

- Visual Studio 2013
- ILDasm
- dotPeek (JetBrains)

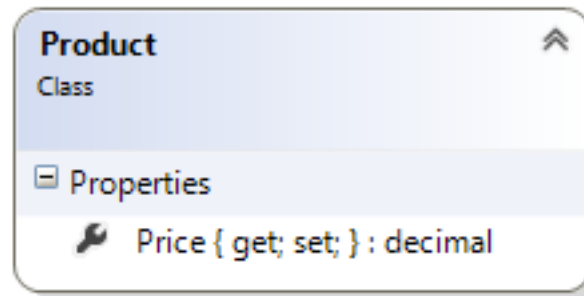
Course Outline

- **Module 1: Introducing Extension Methods**
 - Writing and using
 - With types, interfaces & collections
 - What scenarios they enable
- **Module 2: Advanced Extension Methods**
 - Restrictions with extension methods
 - How .NET implements extensions
 - Building with different extension methods
- **Module 3: Extension Method Library (part 1)**
 - Core, Reflection, Entity Framework
- **Module 4: Extension Method Library (part 2)**
 - WCF, WebAPI, ASP.NET MVC



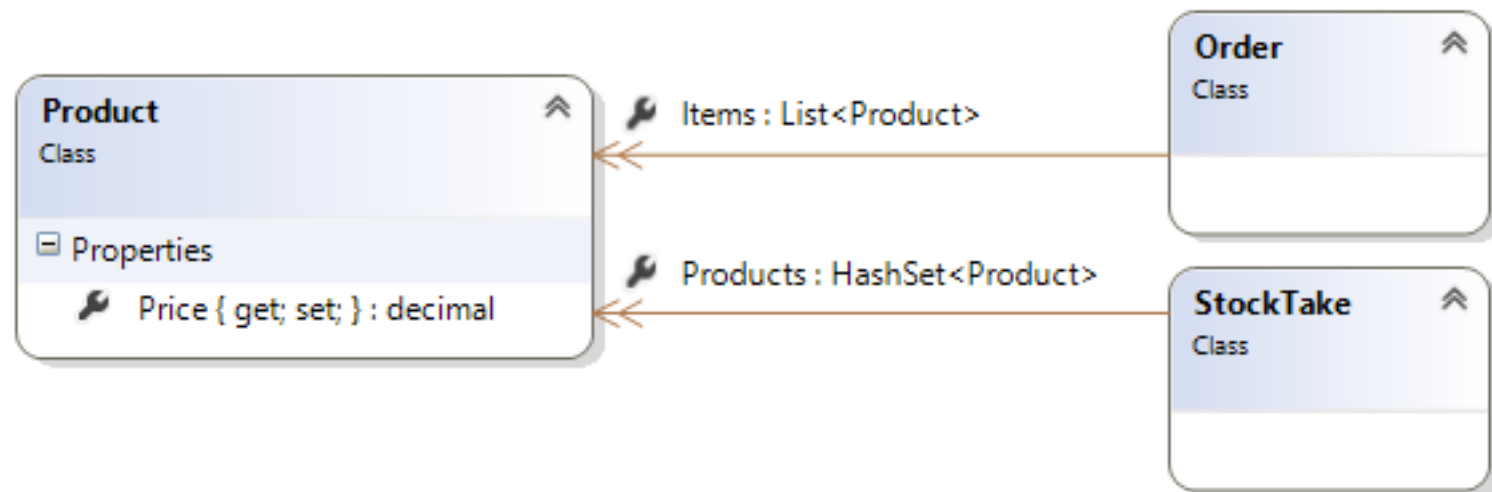
Introducing Extension Methods

- Centralize common code



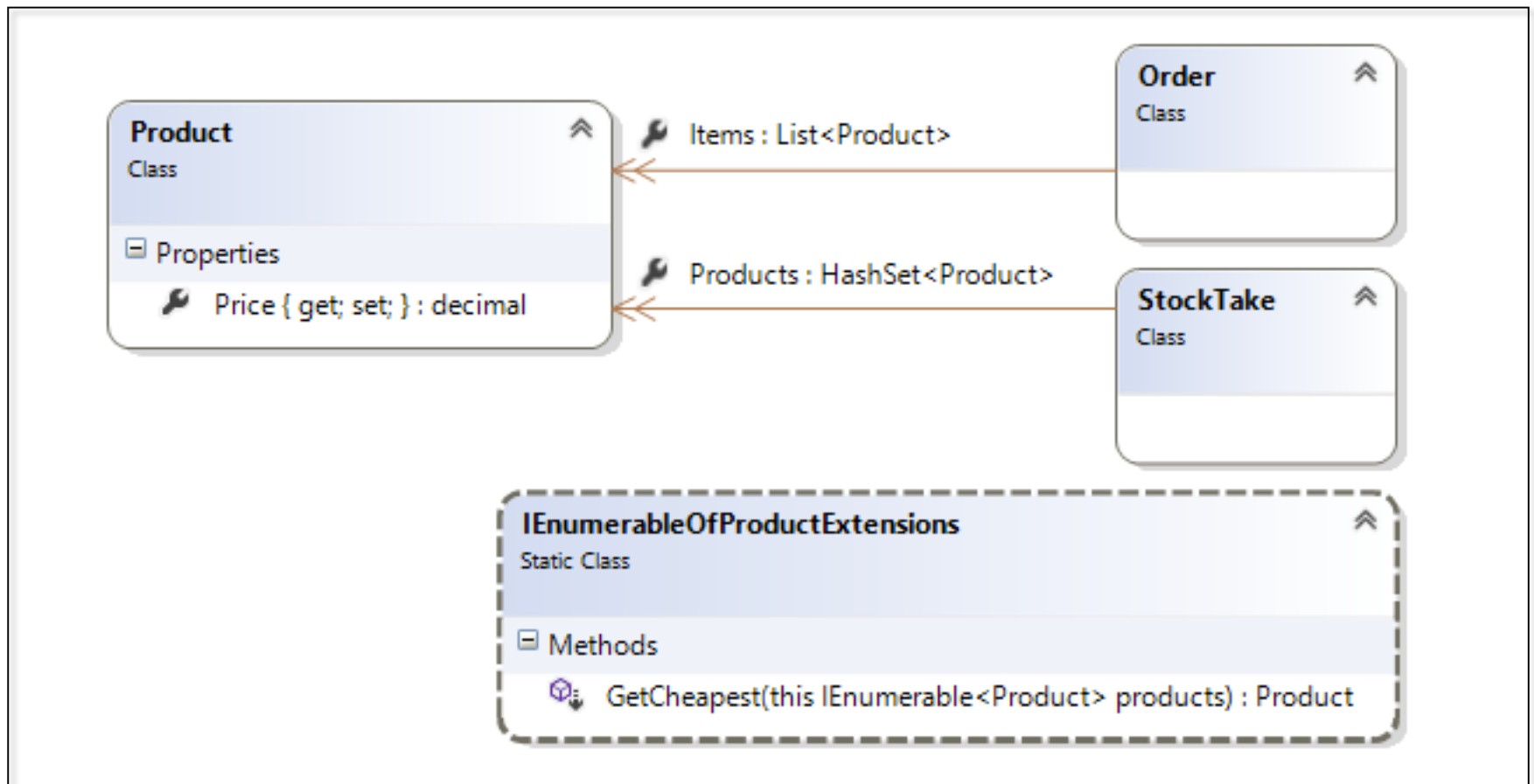
Introducing Extension Methods

- Centralize common code



Introducing Extension Methods

- Centralize common code



Demo 1: Extending System Types

Feature

Convert data into
legacy system
format

Task

Convert dates
into legacy
format
(CYYMMDD)

Task

Convert names
into legacy
format
(LAST, FIRST)

Demo 1: Extending System Types

Demo 1: Extending System Types

■ Writing extension methods

- Can live in any assembly
- With any namespace
- And any class name – typically
 - {Type}Extensions
 - {Feature}Extensions

■ Declaring extension methods

- Type to extend in **this** argument

```
public static string ToLegacyFormat(this DateTime dateTime)
```

- Static method in static class

```
public static class LegacyExtensions  
{  
    public static string ToLegacyFormat(this DateTime dateTime)
```

Demo 1: Extending System Types

- Using extension methods
 - Reference extension method assembly
 - Import extension method namespace

```
using Sixeyed.Extensions.Samples;
```

- Call the method on an instance

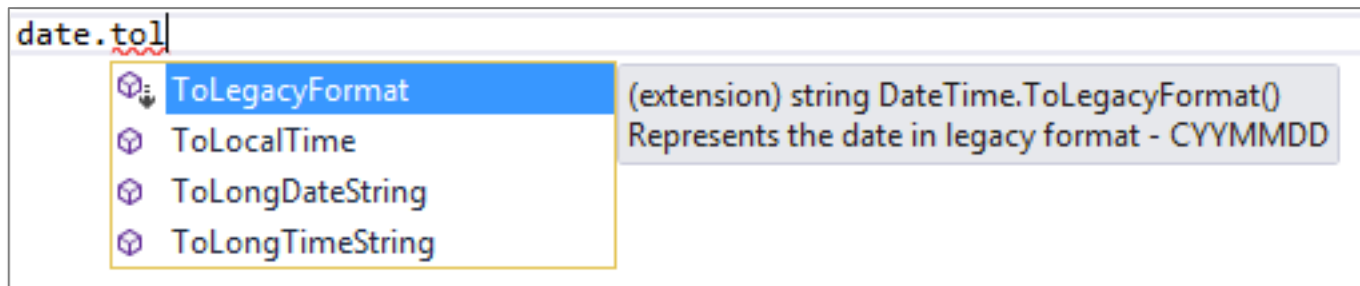
```
var date = new DateTime(1920, 12, 31);  
Assert.AreEqual("0201231", date.ToLegacyFormat());
```

```
var legacyName = "Elton Stoneman".ToLegacyFormat();  
Assert.AreEqual("STONEMAN, ELTON", legacyName);
```

Tooling

■ Visual Studio

- IntelliSense for extension methods



- But only when in scope
 - Referenced assemblies
 - Imported namespaces

■ Resharper

- Can import namespaces



Demo 2: Piggybacking Namespaces

Feature

Output dates in
XML format
(`xsd:DateTime`)

Task

Output dates in
`xsd:dateTime`
format - UTC

Task

Output dates in
`xsd:dateTime`
format – local
time

Demo 2: Piggybacking Namespaces

Demo 2: Piggybacking Namespaces

■ Declaring extension methods

- Static class, static method
- Type to extend in **this** argument
- Use target type's namespace

```
namespace System
{
    public static class DateTimeExtensions
    {
        public static string ToXmlDateTime(this DateTime dateTime)
```

■ Using extension methods

- Directly

```
var dateTime = new DateTime(2013,10,24,13,10,15,951);
string xmlDateTime = DateTimeExtensions.ToXmlDateTime(dateTime);
```


Demo 2: Piggybacking Namespaces

- **Overloading extension methods**

- Same name, different arguments
- Type to extend in **this** argument

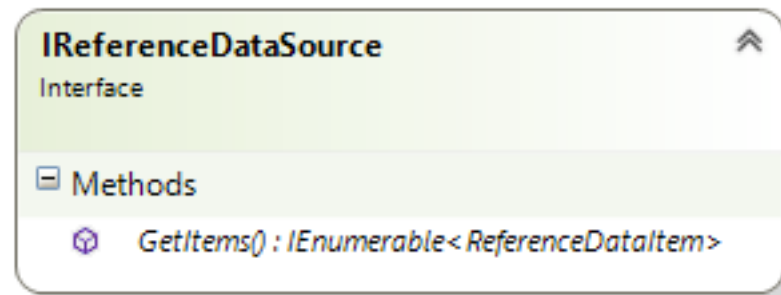
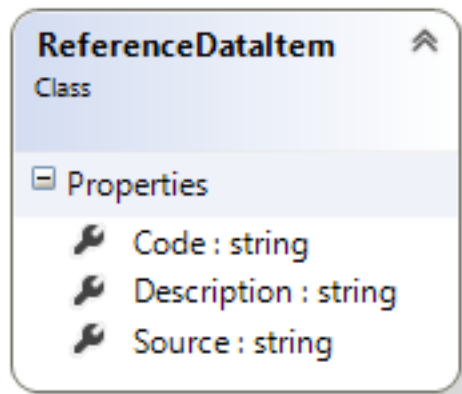
```
public static string ToXmlDateTime(this DateTime dateTime) { }  
public static string ToXmlDateTime(this DateTime dateTime,  
    XmlDateTimeSerializationMode serializationMode) { }
```

- With optional parameters

```
public static string ToXmlDateTime(this DateTime dateTime) { }  
  
public static string ToXmlDateTime(this DateTime dateTime,  
    XmlDateTimeSerializationMode serializationMode =  
    XmlDateTimeSerializationMode.Utc) { }
```

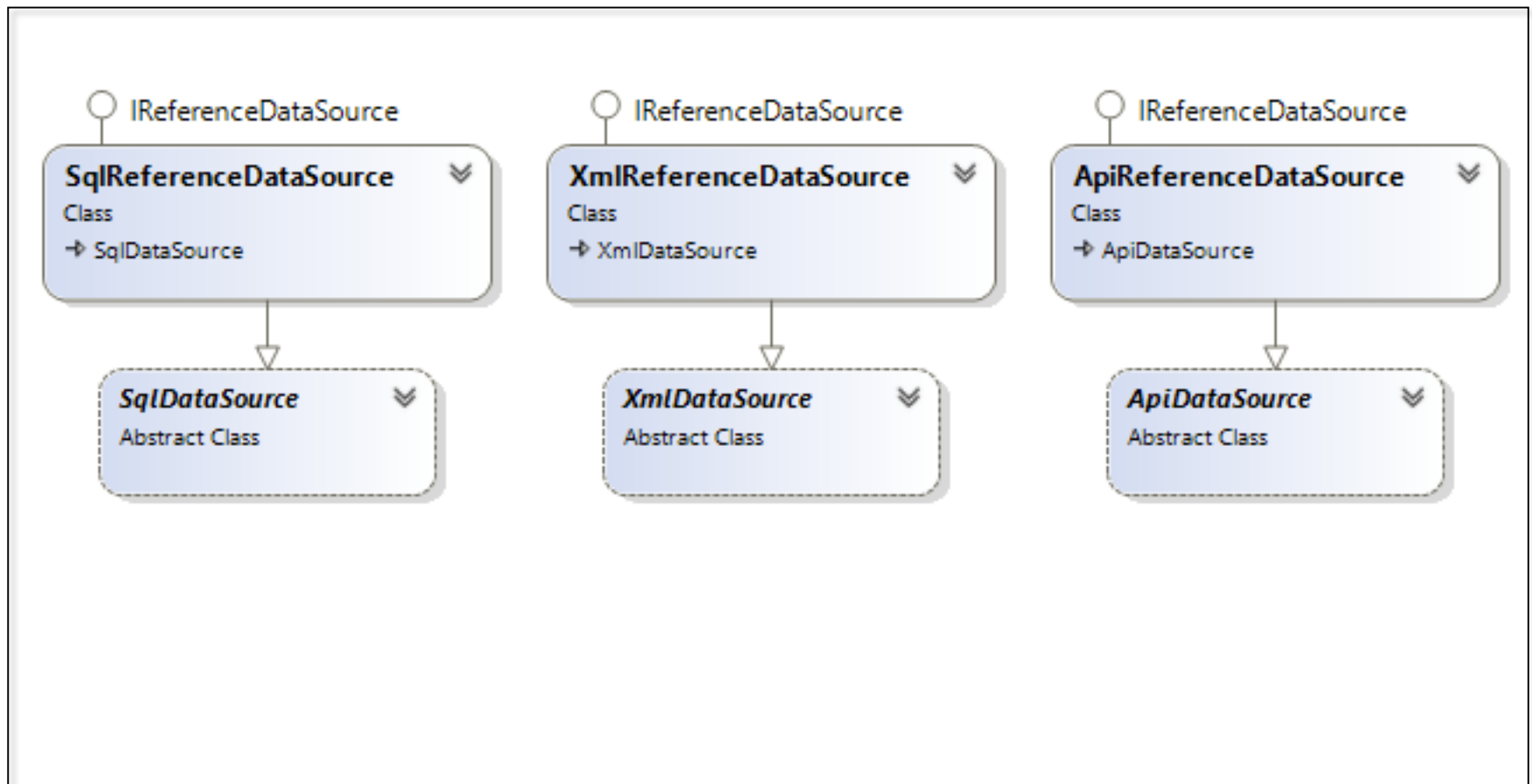
Simplifying the Codebase

- Extension instead of inheritance or composition



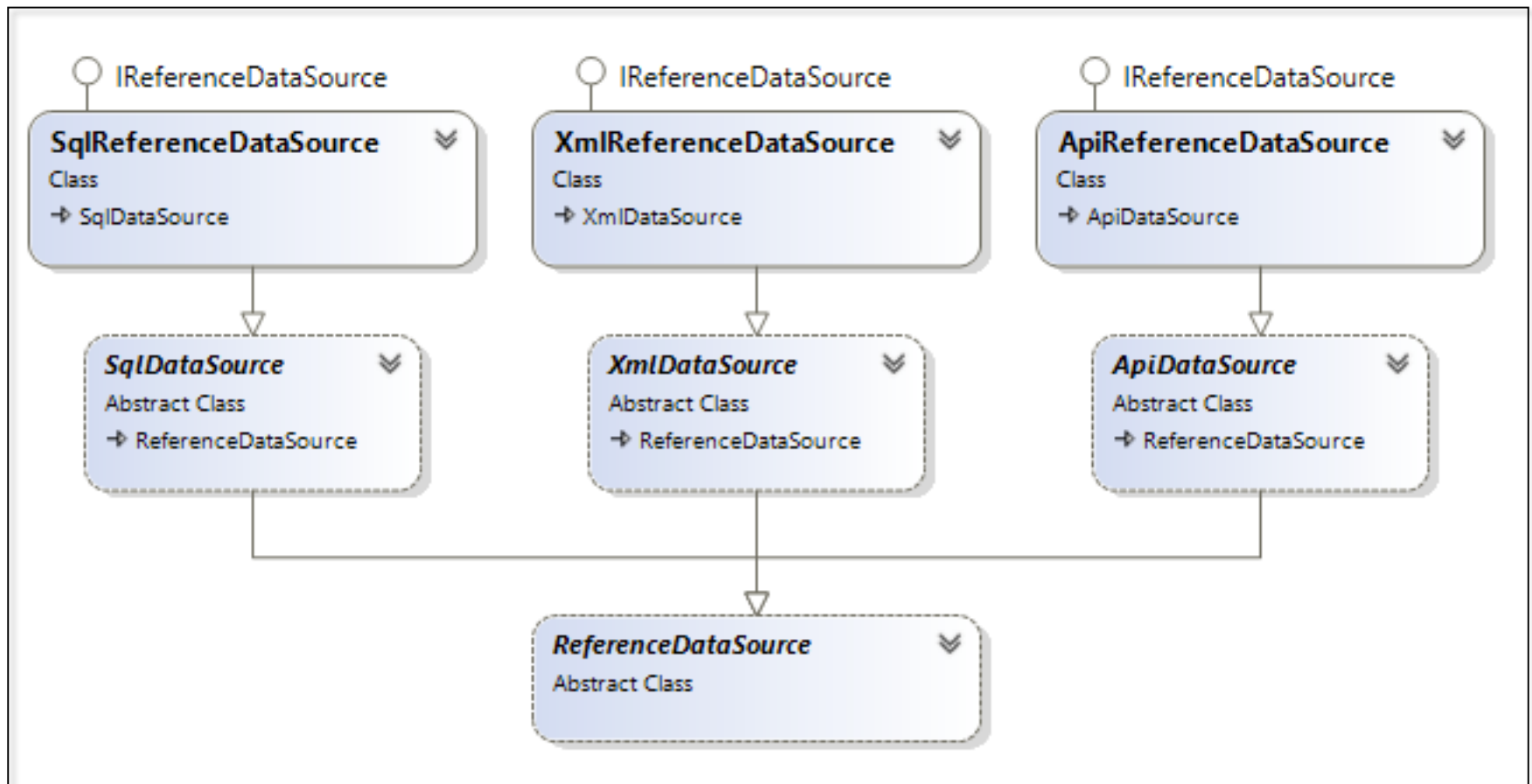
Simplifying the Codebase

- Extension instead of inheritance or composition



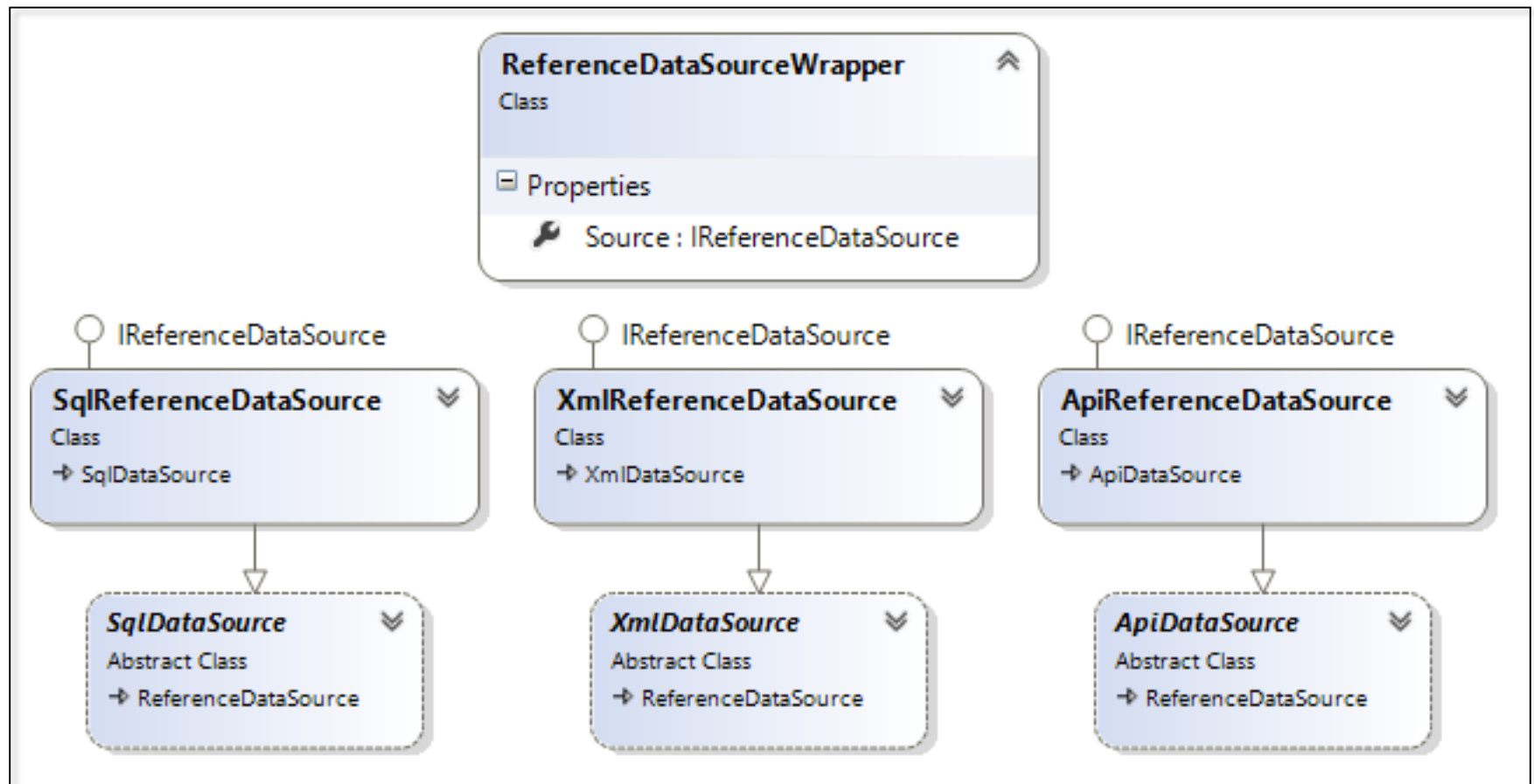
Simplifying the Codebase

- Extension instead of inheritance or composition



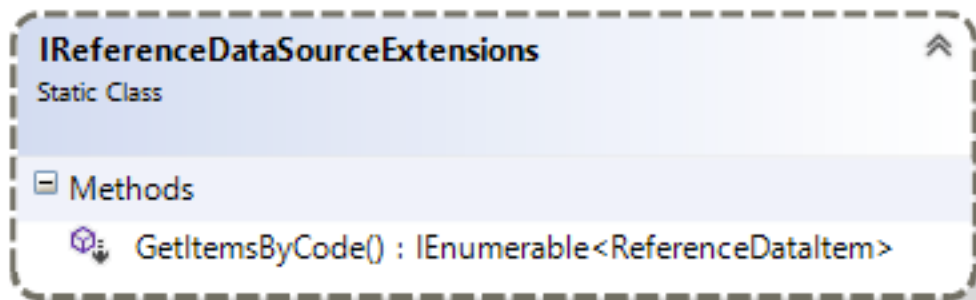
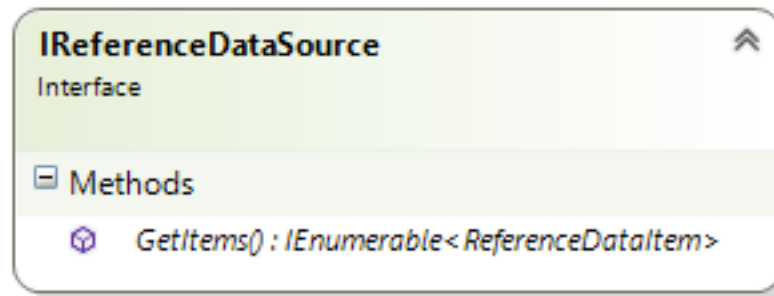
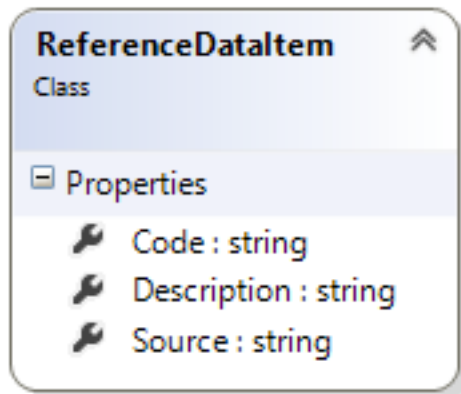
Simplifying the Codebase

- Extension instead of inheritance or composition



Simplifying the Codebase

- Extension instead of inheritance or composition



Demo 3: Extending Interfaces

Feature

*Get reference
data by type from
any source*

Task

*Extend reference
data source
interface*

Demo 3: Extending Interfaces

Demo 3: Extending Interfaces

■ Writing extension methods

- Static class, static method
- Interface to extend in **this** argument

```
public static IEnumerable<ReferenceDataItem>  
GetItemsByCode(this IReferenceDataSource source, string code)
```

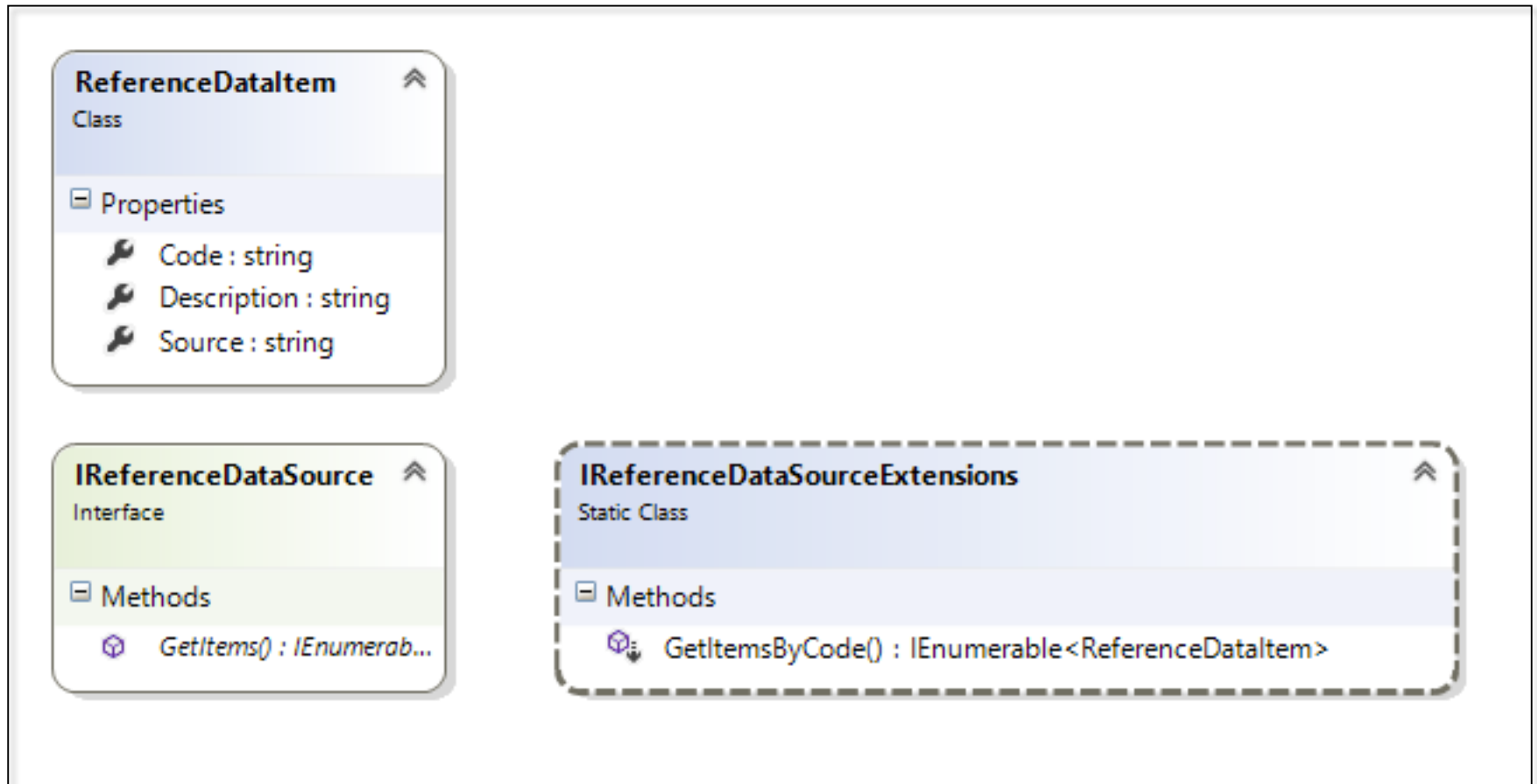
■ Using extension methods

- Apply to any interface implementation

```
var items = new List<ReferenceDataItem>();  
var sqlSource = new SqlReferenceDataSource();  
items.AddRange(sqlSource.GetItemsByCode("xyz"));  
var xmlSource = new XmlReferenceDataSource();  
items.AddRange(xmlSource.GetItemsByCode("xyz"));  
var apiSource = new ApiReferenceDataSource();  
items.AddRange(apiSource.GetItemsByCode("xyz"));
```

Extending Collections

- Extensions over multiple objects



Demo 4: Extending Collections

Feature

*Get aggregated
reference data by
type from
multiple sources*

Task

Extend array of
reference data
source interfaces

Task

Extend
IEnumerable

Task

Extend
IEnumerable<T>

Demo 4: Extending Collections

Demo 4: Extending Collections

■ Extending arrays

- Static class, static method
- Array to extend in **this** argument

```
public static IEnumerable<ReferenceDataItem> GetAllItemsByCode  
(this IReferenceDataSource[] sources, string code) {}
```

■ Using extensions on arrays

- Apply to any implementation

```
var sqlSource = new SqlReferenceDataSource();  
var xmlSource = new XmlReferenceDataSource();  
var sources = new IReferenceDataSource[] { sqlSource, xmlSource };  
var items = sources.GetAllItemsByCode("xyz");
```

Demo 4: Extending Collections

- Extending collection interfaces
 - Interface to extend in **this** argument

```
public static IEnumerable<ReferenceDataItem> GetAllItemsByCode  
    (this IEnumerable sources, string code) {}
```

- Implementation needs to cast entries

```
foreach (var source in sources)  
{  
    var refDataSource = source as IReferenceDataSource;  
    if (refDataSource != null) //etc.
```

Demo 4: Extending Collections

- Using extensions on collection interfaces
 - Apply to any interface implementation

```
var sqlSource = new SqlReferenceDataSource();  
var xmlSource = new XmlReferenceDataSource();  
var sources = new ArrayList();  
sources.Add(sqlSource);  
sources.Add(xmlSource);  
sources.Add("i am not a reference data source");  
sources.GetAllItemsByCode("xyz");
```

Demo 4: Extending Collections

- Extending generic collection interfaces

- Static class, static method
- Generic interface to extend in **this** argument

```
public static IEnumerable<ReferenceDataItem> GetAllItemsByCode  
(this IEnumerable<IReferenceDataSource> sources, string code) {}
```

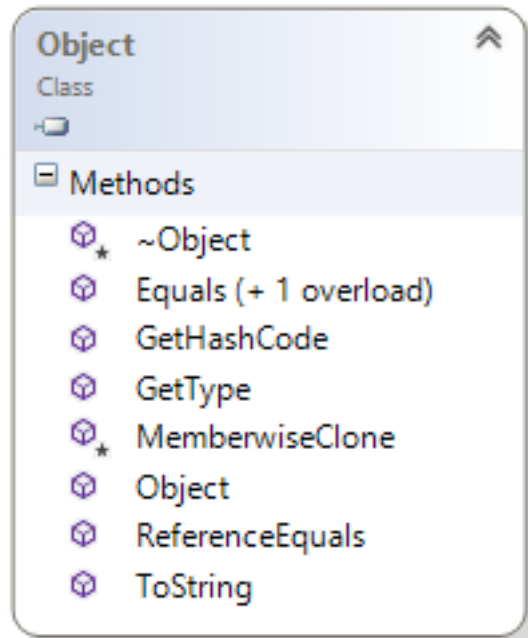
- Using extensions on generic collection interfaces

- Apply to any generic implementation

```
var s1 = new SqlReferenceDataSource();  
var s2 = new XmlReferenceDataSource();  
var list = new List<IReferenceDataSource> {s1, s2};  
list.GetAllItemsByCode("xyz");  
var hashSet = new HashSet<IReferenceDataSource> {s1, s2};  
hashSet.GetAllItemsByCode("xyz");
```

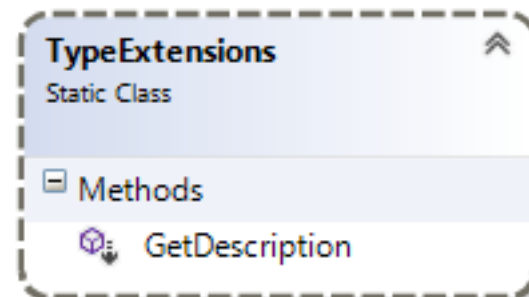
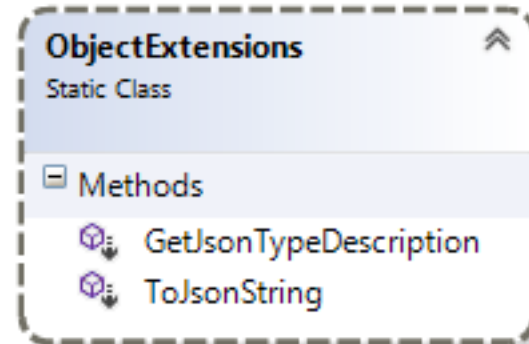
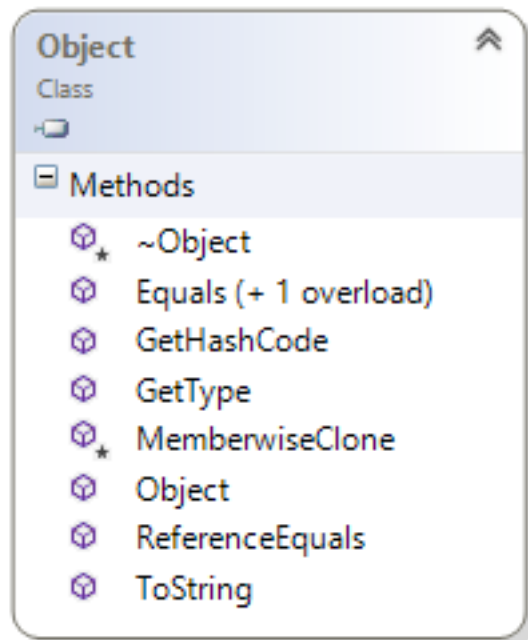

Extending Everything

- Extensions over any object



Extending Everything

- Extensions over any object



Demo 5: Extending Everything

Feature

*Get formatted
text version of
any object for
logging*

Task

Extend `Object` to
return a JSON
representation

Task

Extend `Type` to
return a
structured
description

Demo 5: Extending Everything

Demo 5: Extending Everything

■ Extending all objects

- Static class, static method
- Extend **object** or **Type** in **this** argument

```
public static string ToJsonString(this object obj) {}  
public static TypeDescription GetDescription(this Type type) {}  
public static string GetJsonTypeDescription(this object obj) {}
```

■ Using extensions on objects

- Apply to anything

```
var obj1 = int.MaxValue;  
Debug.WriteLine(obj1.ToJsonString());  
  
var obj2 = new DateTime(2000, 12, 01);  
Debug.WriteLine(obj2.ToJsonString());  
  
var obj3 = new ReferenceDataItem { }; //etc.  
Debug.WriteLine(obj3.ToJsonString());
```

Module Summary

- **How to write extension methods** ✓
 - Static class, static method
 - **this** keyword
- **How to extend** ✓
 - Classes & structs
 - Interfaces & collections
 - Object
- **Where to define extension methods** ✓
 - Any assembly, any class
 - Any namespace – including piggybacking
- **How to use extension methods** ✓
 - Add a reference to the assembly
 - Import the namespace
 - With IntelliSense



Key Scenarios ✓

Extending a
3rd-party codebase

*

Adding to a hierarchy
without inheritance
or composition

*

Adding aggregation
without collection classes

*

Extending every object