## **Python Programming and Practice**

# Anagram generator & interpreter

**Proposal** 

**Progress Report: 1** 

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### 1. Introduction

### 1) Background

Anagram is a literary device that fosters fun by hiding clues in words or sentences in mystery novels. There are difficulties in generating and interpreting anagram because anagram has to be created by changing the order of spelling one by one. To solve this problem, we need a program that automatically makes anagram and recommends it to our customers.

### 2) Project goal

It aims to create a program that finds words corresponding to words input by users in English dictionaries and recommends them.

### 3) Differences from existing programs

Existing programs supported anagram of words mostly in English and not Korean. And it simply mixed up the spelling of words and didn't just extract the combination of meaningful words. We will support Korean Anagram and only recommend combinations of meaningful words, so there is a difference from existing programs.

### 2. Functional Requirement

### 1) Function to choose between English and Korean

- Select an anagram to generate between English and Korean

### 2) Function to receive and save words from users

- Receive words from the user and save them one letter each in the list
- (1) Save English words in lowercase on the list
- (2) Hangeul stores consonants and vowels separately

### 3) Save words in a word dictionary

The word dictionary is stored in the txt file. Save the words in the vocabulary dictionary one letter at a time in a two-dimensional list.

(1) Hangeul stores consonants and vowels separately

# 4) The ability to output corresponding words from a word dictionary

- Prints the saved words if they correspond to the word dictionary saved in 2)
- (1) Check correspondence by calculating the number of characters between words

### 3. Progress

### 1) Implementation of features

### (1) Function to choose between English and Korean

- Input and output

Input: 0 or 1 or else

- Explanation

Determine the language by having the user choose between 0 and 1. Ask again if the

input is not 0 or 1

- Apply what I learned

Loop(while), Condition,

- code screen shot

```
while 1:
word = re.sub(r"[^\uAC00-\uD7A30-9a-zA-Z]", "", input("아나그램에 사용할 단여를 입력해주세요: ").lower())
if len(word)<3:
print("세 글자 이상 입력해주세요(특수문자 제외)")
else:
break
```

### (2) Function to receive and save words from users

- Input and output

Input: user input

Output: organized string

- Explanation

Receive a string from the user and remove special characters and spaces. Capital letters change to lowercase letters. If it's less than 2 letters, it's re-entered.

- Apply what I learned

Module(re), Loop(while), condition

- code screen shot

```
while 1:
word = re.sub(r"[^\uAC00-\uD7A30-9a-zA-Z]", "", input("아나그램에 사용할 단어를 입력해주세요: ").lower())
if len(word)<3:
print("세 글자 이상 입력해주세요(특수문자 제외)")
else:
break
wordLen = len(word)
```

### (3) Create all permutations of a string

- Input and output

Input: previously saved variable "word"

Output: List of all permutations of a string

- Explanation

The "permutations" function of "itertools" generates all permutations of values entered by the user. Deduplication is eliminated. This function uses memory the most.

- Apply what I learned

Function(from itertools import permutations), module, list

- code screen shot

```
def generate_anagrams(word):
# 문자열의 모든 순열을 생성
permutationsList = [''.join(p) for p in permutations(word)]
# 중복된 순열을 제거하고 정렬
uniqueAnagrams = sorted(set(permutationsList))
return uniqueAnagrams
```

### (4) Function to separate consonants and vowels in Korean

- Input and output

Input: previously saved variable "word"(kor)

Output: List of Korean consonants and vowels separated

- Explanation

There are 588 Korean Unicode for each consonant. Therefore, the initial consonant can be obtained by subtracting 44032 (first letter) and dividing it by 588. In addition, vowels and consonants can be obtained by calculating the number of 588 identical initial vowels.

- Apply what I learned

List, module(re), function, condition

- code screen shot

```
# 중성
char2 = (char_code - (CHOSUNG * char1)) // JUNGSUNG
result.append(JUNGSUNG_LIST[char2])

# 중성
char3 = int[(char_code - (CHOSUNG * char1) - (JUNGSUNG * char2))]
print(char3)
if char3 != 0:
    result.append(JONGSUNG_LIST[char3-1])

else:
    if keyword != " ":
        result.append(keyword)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    print("".join(result)) # 자소 분리 결과 출력
return result

if __name__ == "__main__":
    print(korSeparator("¬Lee사과뱀힘"))
```

# (5) The function of finding English words that match the anagram created in function 4 in the previously saved English dictionary

- Input and output

Input: "anagram", English words

Output: a list of words that match

- Explanation

A word with the same number of characters as the word input by the user is stored in "engDictFinal" in the form of a list. Save the intersection of "anagram" and "engDictFinal" in "finalResult".

- Apply what I learned

List, set, module(re), Loop, Condition

- code screen shot

```
if lang == "0":
    finalResult = []
    anagram = generate_anagrams(word)
    engDictFinal = []
    for i in engDict.engDict:
        dictWord = re.sub(r"[^\uAC00-\uD7A30-9a-zA-Z]", "",i.lower())
        if len(dictWord)==wordLen:
            engDictFinal.append(dictWord)
    finalResult = list(set(anagram) & set(engDictFinal))
    if finalResult == []:
        print("영어 사전에 해당하는 단어가 없습니다.")
    else:
        for i in finalResult:
            print(i)
```

### 2) Test result

### (1) 테스트한 기능 이름

- 설명
- 테스트 결과 스크린샷

### 4. Changes in Comparison to the Plan

### 1) don't use dictionaries

- Before
- 1)Receive words from the user and save them one letter each in the list. Create an

anagram using a direct iteration

- 2) implements a function that allows multiple words to correspond to one word
- After
- 1)Make a list of inputs made by the user using the permutations function.
- 2) It does not implement the ability of multiple words to correspond to a single word
- Reason
- 1)It's faster and look good.
- 2) Out of memory

### 5. Schedule

- 진행 상황 표기

| 업무           |      | 11/3     | 11/10    | 11/17    | 11/23     | 12/10 | 12/17 |
|--------------|------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-------|-------|
| 제안서 작성       |      | complete |          |          |           |       |       |
| 1) Function  | 세부기  |          | complete |          |           |       |       |
| to choose    | 능1   |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| between      |      |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| English and  |      |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| Korean       |      |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| 2) Function  | 세부기  |          |          | com      | plete     |       |       |
| to receive   | 능1,2 |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| and save     |      |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| words from   |      |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| users        |      |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| Create all   | 세부기  |          |          | Eng part | t is done |       |       |
| permutations | 능1   |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| of a string  |      |          |          |          |           |       |       |
| 4) Function  | 세부기  |          |          |          |           | Eng   |       |

| to separate | 능1  |  |  | part is     |  |
|-------------|-----|--|--|-------------|--|
| consonants  |     |  |  | done        |  |
| and vowels  |     |  |  |             |  |
| in Korean   |     |  |  |             |  |
|             | 세부기 |  |  | Eng part is |  |
|             | 능2  |  |  | done        |  |