library(tidyverse)

#先讀入檔案並查看資料型態,因為我只需要 Description,儘管 Date 資料型態 是錯誤的 chr, 我只要確認 Description 是 chr 即可

data <- read.csv("airline.csv")

str(data)

```
> str(data)
'data.frame': 73 obs. of 4 variables:
 $ Date : chr "03/28/1933" " 10/10/1933" " 02/09/1937" " 07/28/1945\n " ... $ Airlane : chr "Imperial Airways\n Armstrong Argosy II" "United Air Lines\n
             : chr "Imperial Airways\n Armstrong Argosy II" "United Air Lines\n Boeing 247" "United Air
 Lines\n DC-3" "U.S. Army\n B-25" ..
            : chr "Dixmude" " Belgium" " Chesterton" " Indiana" ...
 $ Description: chr "A fire, possibly started by a passenger attempting to commit suicide, caused the pla
ne to crash killing all 15 "I \_truncated\_ "The aircraft was destroyed by an explosive device using nitro
glycerin. This was the first proven case of sabota" | __truncated__ "The co-pilot dropped his microphone wh
ich jammed the controls preventing the pilot from pulling out of the glid"| __truncated__ "A U.S. Army Air
 Force B-25 crashed into the 79th floor of the Empire State Building in fog, killing 3 aboard an"I __trunc
ated__ ...
#引入 text mining 套件
#進行資料處理:英文轉小寫、移除標點符號、移除和空難原因無關的連接詞
#轉成 matrix 並用 inspect()觀察
library(tm)
x1 <- Corpus(VectorSource(data$Description))
```

x1 <- tm map(x1,tolower)

x1 <- tm map(x1,content transformer(tolower))

x1 <- tm map(x1,removePunctuation)

x1StopWords <- c(stopwords(),"the","and","this","that","was","but","for")

x1 <- tm map(x1,removeWords,x1StopWords)

x1 <- tm map(x1,stemDocument)</pre>

x1tdm <- TermDocumentMatrix(x1)

inspect(x1tdm)

> inspect(x1tdm)

<<TermDocumentMatrix (terms: 1107, documents: 73)>>

Non-/sparse entries: 2199/78612

Sparsity : 97% Maximal term length: 16

Weighting : term frequency (tf)

Sample :

Docs

Terms	32	36	47	49	59	61	67	7	70	8
aboard	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
aircraft	1	1	0	3	2	2	0	1	1	0
caus	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
crash	0	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	4	1
engin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
flight	3	3	0	1	1	2	1	1	2	3
kill	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
land	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
passeng	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
plane	4	2	0	2	0	2	4	0	1	6

x1review <- as.matrix(x1tdm)

x1freq <- rowSums(x1review)</pre>

x1freq <- sort(x1freq, decreasing=T)</pre>

x1freq[1:25]

> x1freq[1:25]									
plane	aircraft	crash	kill	aboard	passeng	land	flight	engin	caus	control
67	47	44	43	32	31	30	29	27	26	20
captain	crew	air	pilot	one	copilot	feet	two	fire	seat	safe
20	19	18	17	14	13	13	13	12	12	12
ground	fuel	peopl								
11	11	11								

#由 inspect 結果看出現多次的字詞再用 freq 方便檢視,我認為還是有很多和空難原因不直接相關的字詞如 plane, aircraft 等,因此再做一次文字探勘,這次將之前認為不太相關的字詞刪去

x1StopWords <-

c(stopwords(),"plane","aircraft","aboard","passeng","flight","caus","one","feet","two ","seat","safe","peopl")

x1 <- tm_map(x1,removeWords,x1StopWords)</pre>

x1 <- tm_map(x1,stemDocument)</pre>

x1tdm <- TermDocumentMatrix(x1)</pre>

inspect(x1tdm)

> inspect(x1tdm)

<<TermDocumentMatrix (terms: 1089, documents: 73)>>

Non-/sparse entries: 1958/77539

Sparsity: 98%
Maximal term length: 16

Weighting : term frequency (tf)

Sample :

Docs

-		-								
Terms	32	36	47	49	59	61	67	7	70	8
air	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	3
captain	0	2	0	0	4	1	3	3	0	1
control	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	1
copilot	0	1	0	0	1	3	2	1	0	0
crash	0	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	4	1
crew	2	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	0
engin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
kill	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
land	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
pilot	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	1

x1review <- as.matrix(x1tdm)

x1freq <- rowSums(x1review)</pre>

x1freq <- sort(x1freq, decreasing=T)</pre>

#可以觀察到更多關於空難原因的字詞,如 engin(可能是引擎問題)、fire、fuel等

x1freq[1:25]

```
> x1freq[1:25]
 crash kill land engin control captain
                                             pilot copilot
                                                         fire ground
                                  crew
                                         air
   44
       43 30 27 20 20 19
                                        18
                                              17 13
                                                                11
  fuel attempt forc sever cooper
                             back jump minut three runway
                                                         year
                                                              base
  11 10 10 10
                      10
                                                         8
  fli
   8
```

#產生文字雲以看到更多

library(wordcloud2)

x1freqframe <- data.frame(word=names(x1freq),num=x1freq)
wordcloud2(x1freqframe,size=1)</pre>



#可以觀察到更多空難原因相關的字眼如 control、bomb、struck、explo(可能和爆炸或爆裂物相關)等等