

## 第一&二讲作业参考答案

1.2

$$\nabla P = \frac{\partial P}{\partial x} \vec{e}_x + \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} \vec{e}_y$$

$$\nabla P(a,b) = \rho_{\infty} v_{\infty}^2 \left[ \left( \frac{1}{a} \cos 1 \sin 1 + \frac{2}{a} \right) \vec{e}_x + \frac{1}{b} \sin 1 \cos 1 \vec{e}_y \right]$$

1.8

TRANSFORMATION FROM (x,y) TO (r,θ)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial y} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}$$

$$r^2 = x^2 + y^2, \quad \theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}$$

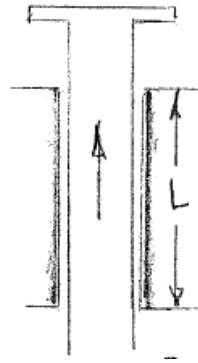
$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = \frac{x}{(x^2 + y^2)^{1/2}} = \frac{r \cos \theta}{r} = \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} = -\frac{y}{x^2 + y^2} = -\frac{r \sin \theta}{r^2} = -\frac{\sin \theta}{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial y} = \sin \theta, \quad \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} = \frac{\cos \theta}{r}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \cos \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial r} - \frac{\sin \theta}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{\cos \theta}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \end{cases}$$

7. 15



$$t = \text{GAP} = \frac{D_{\text{OUTSIDE}} - D_{\text{INSIDE}}}{2} = \frac{36.04 - 36.02}{2} = 0.01 \text{ cm}$$

$$F = \tau A = \tau \pi D L$$

$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \mu \frac{\Delta u}{\Delta y} = \mu \frac{v}{t} \text{ (Assumes Laminar Profile)}$$

$$F = \frac{\mu v \pi D L}{t} = \frac{\rho \nu v \pi D L}{t} = \frac{0.85 \times 1000 \times 3.7 \times 10^{-4} \times 0.15 \times \pi \times 0.3602 \times 3.14}{1 \times 10^{-4}} = 1676 \text{ N}$$

2. 1

$$P = \rho g h = 101325 \text{ Pa}$$

$$\rho_{\text{air@STP}} = 1.29 \text{ kg / m}^3$$

$$h = \frac{P}{\rho_{\text{air@STP}} g} = \frac{101325}{1.29 \times 9.81} = 8006.78 \text{ m}$$

2. 8

$$P_A = P_{\text{ATM}} + [\rho_{\text{Hg}} g(1) - \rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} g(5) - \rho_{\text{oil}} g(10)] \times 0.3048$$

$$= P_{\text{ATM}} + \rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} g(13.6 \times 1 - 5 - 0.8 \times 10) \times 0.3048$$

$$= P_{\text{ATM}} + 1788.67 \text{ Pa}$$

2. 13

$$P_A - P_B = [\rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} g(4) + \rho_{\text{Hg}} g(10) - \rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} g(10)] \times 0.0254$$

$$= \rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} g(-6 + 13.6 \times 10) \times 0.0254$$

$$= 32295.44 \text{ Pa}$$