

WIND RIVER DIAB COMPILER ERROR MESSAGES REFERENCE, 5.9.8.1



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Corporate Headquarters

Wind River
500 Wind River Way
Alameda, CA 94501-1153
U.S.A.
Toll free (U.S.A.): +1-800-545-WIND
Telephone: +1-510-748-4100
Facsimile: +1-510-749-2010

For additional contact information, see the Wind River website:

www.windriver.com

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1. ABOUT ERROR MESSAGES

1. Introduction

In analyzing messages, remember that a message can be generated for code that is apparently correct. Such a message may be the result of earlier errors. If a message persists after all other errors have been cleared, please report the circumstances to Customer Support.

2. Compiler Message Format

Information on compiler message format.

Compiler messages have the form:

```
"file ", line #: severity-level (compiler:error#) : message
```

Messages have one of four severity level values as follows. Note that the message descriptions in the following sections contain a severity code, rather than the severity level. Actual messages generated by the tools display the severity level.

Level	Code	Compilation Continues	Object File Produced	Notes
Information	i	Yes	Yes	Usually provides detailed information for an earlier message.
Warning	w	Yes	Yes	
Error	e	Yes	No	
Fatal	f	No	No	

The severity level of a message can be changed with the `-e` command-line option. See the user's guide for more information about `-e` and command-line options in general.

In each message, *"compiler"* identifies the compiler reporting the error: **dcc**, **ctoa**, or **etoa**.

Example:

```
"err1.c", line 2: error (dcc:1525): identifier i not declared
```

2. ERRORS IN ASM MACROS AND ASM STRINGS

1. Errors in asm Macros and asm Strings

Errors in assembly code embedded in C or C++ using **asm** macros or **asm** string statements are caught by the assembler, not by the compiler.

If the **-S** option is not used, the compiler will generate a temporary assembly file that is discarded after assembly. To preserve the assembly file for use in diagnosing errors reported in **asm** macros or **asm** strings, do one of the following:

- Use the **-Xkeep-assembly-file** and **-Xpass-source** command-line options to generate an annotated assembly file along with the object file.
- Use the **-S** option to stop after compilation, along with the **-Xpass-source** option, and then assemble the file explicitly using **das**.

Errors and warnings issued by llopt

Consider the following example:

```
$ cat test.c
void Test(void)
{
    asm(" addis r11,r0,(__SP_INIT-0x10)@ha ");
    asm(" addi r1,r11,(__SP_INIT-0x10)@l ");
}
$
```

The compilation step generates llopt warnings:

```
$ dcc -tPPCE200Z7VEN:simple -S test.c
/folk//diabuild/wrc_iter10/5.9.8.0/LINUX386/bin/llopt - "/tmp/dtmpCAAa0028605":50, Error, Stack or
frame pointer used, but offset required for register allocation has not been adjusted. Instructio
n: addi r1,r11,(__SP_INIT-16)@l
/folk//diabuild/wrc_iter10/5.9.8.0/LINUX386/bin/llopt - "/tmp/dtmpCAAa0028605":50, Info, Additiona
l stack space is required when: 1) registers are spilled, and 2) when preserved registers are chos
en and must be saved on the stack.
$
```

The file should be compiled without coloring by using the **-Xcoloring=0** option.

Using the **-Xcoloring=0** option impacts optimization. As little code as possible should therefore be compiled without coloring.


3. COMPILER ERROR MESSAGES

1. Compiler Error Messages

There are two divisions of compiler error messages, **ctoa** and **etoa**.

Compiler error messages are divided up as follows:

- Those generated by **ctoa** (the default C frontend)—described in [Compiler Message Format on page 1](#)
- Those generated by **etoa** (the newer, EDG-based compiler for C, C99, and C++)—described in [Compiler Message Format on page 1](#)

 Note: **etoa** is also the default frontend for VxWorks RTP projects.

When a message is shared by compilers, the same error message number is used for all instances.

2. Messages Generated by ctoa

The messages in this section are generated by **ctoa**, the default C frontend.

Messages generated by **etoa** (invoked by default for C++ and for C with **-Xc-new**) are listed beginning in [Compiler Message Format on page 1](#).

Numbered messages are issued by the compiler subprogram. Unnumbered messages are issued by the driver and are listed first.

(driver) **can't find program** *program_name*

program_name will be the name of some component of the compiler or other tool. (f)

Possible causes:

- The compiler is not installed properly.
- One of the compiler files has been deleted, hidden, or protected.
- The **dtools.conf** or other configuration file is incorrect.

(driver) **can't fork**

The system cannot start a new process. (f)

(driver) **missing comma in -Y option**

The **-Yc,dir** option must include a comma. (f)

(driver) **illegal output name** *file*

Specific output filenames given with the **-o** option are invalid to avoid common typing mistakes. (f)

```
dplus a.c -o b.c # b.c is an illegal output file name
```

(driver) **invalid option** *unknown*

The driver was started with an unrecognizable -W or -Y option. Note: -X options that are not recognized generate an “unknown option” message, and unrecognized but otherwise valid non -X options are passed to the linker. (f)

(driver) program *tool-name* terminated

The given executable has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1000: (general compiler error)

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1001: illegal argument type

The operand cannot be used with the operator. (e)

```
if ( i > pointer ) . . .
```

1003: function takes no arguments

Function was defined without arguments, but was called with arguments. (e)

```
int fun (){} main(){ fun(1); }
```

1004: wrong number of arguments

Number of arguments given does not match prototype or function definition, (w) in C modules if **-Xpcc** or **-Xk-and-r** or **-Xmismatch-warning**, (e) otherwise.

```
int fn(int, int); ... fn(1,2,3);
```

1006: *string* in *string*

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1007: ambiguous conversion -- cannot cast operand

The compiler cannot find an unambiguous way to convert an item from one type to another. (e)

1010: *Operator, type-designator, argument must be of pointer or integral type*

An operator that requires an integral or pointer type was applied to a different type.

```
float f; f = ~f;
```

1012: *operator, type-designator, argument must be of pointer or arithmetic type*

The operator requires a pointer or arithmetic type operand. (e)

```
struct S { int i; }s; struct S *p; *p ->
                               i =3;    //
```

1013: left argument must be of integral type

The left operand must be an integral type. (e)

```
pointer | 3;
```

1015: *type-designator, operator, type-designator*, left argument must be of arithmetic type

The operand to the left of the operator must be of arithmetic type. (e)

```
pointer * 2; pointer / 2;
```

1017: right argument must be of integral type

The right operand must be an integral type. (e)

```
7 | pointer;
```

1019: *type-designator, operator, type-designator*, right argument must be of arithmetic type

The operand on the right of the operator must be of arithmetic type. (e)

```
2 * pointer; 2 / pointer;
```

1025: division by zero

The compiler has detected a source expression that would result in a division by 0 during target execution. (w)

```
int z = 0; fn(10/z);
```

1028: *type-designator [type-designator]* requires a pointer and an int

A subscripted expression requires a pointer and an integer. (e)

```
main(){ int x; x[3]=4; }
```

1030: can't take address of main

Special rules for the function `main()` are violated. (e)

```
int *p; p = main;
```

1031: can't take address of a cast expression

The address operator requires an **lvalue** for its operand. (e)

```
int i, *p; float f; p = &(int)f;
```

1032: (anachronism) address of bound member function

The correct way to refer to the address of a member function is to use the `::` operator. The C method, using the dot `.` operator, causes the compiler to generate the "anachronism" warning. (w)

```
class C { public: fun(); } c; main(){ class C *  
p; p= &c.fun; // Old way to reference a function }
```

1033: can't take address of expression

Cannot use `&` or other means to find the address of the expression. (e)

```
int *pointer; &pointer++;
```

1034: can't take address of bit-field expression

The address of bit-fields is not available. (e)

```
int *p; struct { int i:3; }s; p =  
s.i;
```

1041: returning from function with address of local variable

A **return** statement should not return the address of a local variable. That stack area will not be valid after the return. (w)

```
int i; return &i;
```

1042: ?"type-designator" ":" type-designator, bad argument type(s)

Incompatible types have been used with the conditional operator. (e)

```
int i, *pointer, *p; p = (2>1) ? i :
                        pointer;
```

1043: trying to decrement object of type bool

A a **boolean** cannot be decremented. (e)

```
bool b; b--;
```

1044: assignment to constant expression

A constant cannot be assigned a value after the constant is defined. (e)

```
const int i=5; i=7;
```

1045: assignment to non-lvalue of type type-designator

The operand being assigned is not an **lvalue** type. (e)

```
const c = 5; c = 7;
```

1046: assignment from type-designator to type-designator

An attempt has been made to assign a type to an incompatible type. (e)

```
int i, j; i = &j;
```

1047: trying to assign "ptr to const" to "ptr"

A pointer to a **const** cannot be assigned to an ordinary pointer. (e)

```
const int *pc; int pi; ... pi = pc;
```

1050: bad left argument to operator operator not a pointer

The operator requires a pointer for its left operand. (e)

```
int int1, j; int1 -> j=3;
```

1051: not a class/struct/union expression before ...

The left hand side of a **"."** or **"*"** or **"->"** or **"->*"** operator must be of type **class** or pointer to **class**. (e)

```
5->a = 128; // 5 is not a pointer to a class
```

1055: illegal function call

The function call is not valid. (e)

```
int i; i();
```


1056: illegal function definition

A function definition is invalid. (e)

```
fun(iint i);
```

1057: main() may not be called from within a program

Calling **main()** is not permitted. (e)

```
fun(){ main(); }
```

1059: (compiler error)

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1060: assignment operator "=" found where "==" expected

Encountered a conditional where the left hand side is assigned a constant value: (w)

```
if (i = 0) ... /* should possibly be i == 0) */
```

1061: illegal cast from *type-designator* to *type-designator*

An attempt is made to perform a cast to an invalid type, i.e., a structure or array type. (e)

```
struct a = (struct abc)x;
```

1063: ambiguous conversion from *type-designator* to *type-designator*

The compiler cannot find an unambiguous way to convert an item from one type to another. (e)

1074: illegal cast

An attempt is made to perform a cast to an invalid type, i.e., a structure or array type. (e)

1075: friend declaration outside class/struct/union declaration

The keyword **friend** is used in a invalid context (e)

```
friend class foo { ... };
```

1076: static only allowed inside { } in a linkage specification

Attempt to declare a static object in a one-line linkage specification. (e)

```
extern "C" static int i; // static + extern at same time?
```

1077: typedefs cannot have external linkage

Linkage specification ignored for **typedef**, cannot have "C" or "C++" linkage. (w)

```
extern "C" typedef int foo;
```

1079: identifier *name* previously declared *linkage*

The identifier was already declared with another linkage specification. (e)

```
int foo; extern "C" int foo;
```

1080: inconsistent storage class specification for *name*

The identifier was already declared, with another storage class. (e)

```
bar() { int foo; // foo is auto by default
      static int foo; // now static }
```

1081: illegal storage class

External variables cannot be **automatic**. Parameters cannot be **automatic**, **static**, **external**, or **typedef**. (e)

```
int fn(i) static int i; { ... }
```

1082: illegal storage class

A variable has been declared, but cannot legally be assigned to storage. (e)

```
register int r;           // Outside of any
                          function
```

1083: only functions can be inline

The **inline** keyword was applied to a non-function, for example, a variable. (e)

1084: only non-static member functions can be virtual

For example, operators **new** and **delete** cannot be **virtual**.

```
virtual void *operator new( size_t
                           size){...}
```

1086: redeclaration of *identifier*

It is invalid to redeclare a variable on the same block level. (e)

```
int a; double a;
```

1087: redeclaration of function

A function was already declared. May be caused by mis-typing the names of similar functions. (e)

1088: illegal declaration

Common causes and examples: (e)

A scalar variable can only be initialized to a single value of its type.	<pre>int i = 1, 2;</pre>
Functions cannot return arrays or functions.	<pre>char fn()[10];</pre>
Variables cannot be of type void . (Usually caused by a missing asterisk, e.g. void *p ; is correct.)	<pre>void a;</pre>
Only one void is allowed as function argument.	<pre>int fn(void, void);</pre>
An array cannot contain functions.	

1089: illegal initializer

An initializer is not of the proper form for the object being initialized. Often caused by a type mismatch or a missing member in a structure constant. (e)

1090: static/external initializers must be constant expressions

Static initializations can only contain constant expressions. (e)

```
static int i = j+3;
```

1091: string too long

A string initializer is larger than the array it is initializing. (e)

```
char str[3] = "abcd";
```

1092: too many initializers

The number of initializers supplied exceeds the number of members in a structure or array. (e)

```
int ar[3] = { 1,2,3,4 };
```

1094: illegal type for identifier *identifier*

This can indicate a **template** was instantiated with the wrong arguments. (e)

```
template<class T> class C{}; C<int,  
                           int> WrongArgs;
```

1096: typedef may not have the same name as its class

Only constructors and destructors for a class may have the same name as the class. (e)

1097: function-declaration in wrong context

A function may not be declared inside a **struct** or **union** declaration. (e)

```
struct { int f(); };
```

1098: only non-static member functions can be *string*

Only non-static member functions can be **const** or **volatile**.

```
class A { static foo() const; };
```

1099: all dimensions must be specified for non-static arrays

For an array in a class all dimensions must be specified, even if the array is not **static**. (e)

1100: member is incomplete

The structure member has an incomplete type, i.e., an empty array or undefined structure. (e)

```
struct { int ar[]; };
```

1101: anonymous union member may not have the same name as its class

Only constructors and destructors for a class may have the same name as the class. (e)

1102: anonymous unions can't have member functions**1103: anonymous unions can't have protected or private members**

1104: name of anonymous union member *name* already defined

An identifier with the same name as an anonymous **union** member was already declared in the scope. (e)

```
int i; static union {
                        int i; // i already declared }
```

1105: anonymous unions in file scope must be static

A special rule for an anonymous **unions** is violated. (e)

1106: friends can't be virtual

A **friend** is not a member of the class; it cannot be **virtual**. (e)

1107: conversion functions must be members of a class

It is not valid to define a conversion function that is not a class member. A conversion function cannot take arguments. A conversion function cannot convert to the type of the class if it is a member of, or a reference to it. (e)

1108: member function declared as friend in its own class

Invalid declaration. (e)

```
class A { foo(int); friend A::foo(int);
        }
```

1110: identifier *identifier* is not a member of class *class-name*

The identifier to the right of :: is not in the class on the left side. (e)

1111: identifier *identifier* not member of struct/union

The expression on the right side of a "." or "->" operator is not a member of the left side's **struct** or **union** type. (e)

1112: member declaration without identifier

A **struct** or **union** declaration contains an incomplete member having a type but no identifier. (w)

```
struct foo { int; ...};
                struct { struct bar { ... }; ... };
```

1113: identifier *name* used both as member and in access declaration

A use of the *name* would be ambiguous. (e)

```
class A { public: int foo; };
                struct B : private A { int foo; A::foo; };
```

1114: array is incompletely specified

An array cannot be declared with an incomplete type. (e)

```
int a[]; // No array size
```

1115: type ... is incomplete

Attempt to access a member in an incomplete type. (e)

1117: identifier *identifier* not an argument

An identifier that is not in the parameter list was encountered in the declaration list of an old-style function. (e)

```
f(a) int b; { ... }
```

1120: constant expression expected

The expression used in an enumerator list is not a constant. (e)

```
enum a { b = f(), c };
```

1121: integer constant expression expected

The size of an array must be computable at compile time. (e)

```
int ar[fn()];
```

1122: switch expression should be integral not a pointer or long long - cast inserted

The expression in a **switch** statement must be an integer that fits into a **long** (e.g., for 32-bit targets it must fit into 32 bits). On 32-bit targets **long long** values will be truncated; pointer values are allowed by ctoa but will be cast to integers. (w)

See also Error 4031 in [Messages Generated by etoa on page 52](#).

1123: illegal type of switch-expr

A **switch** expression is of a non-integral type. (e)

1124: duplicate default labels

A **switch** has should not have more than one default label.

1125: int constant expected

A bit-field width must be an integer constant. (e)

1126: case expression should be integral constant

Case expressions must be integral constants. (e)

```
int i,j; switch (i) { case j: i = 8;
                    }
```

1127: duplicate case constants

A **case** constant should not occur more than once in a **switch** statement. (e)

```
case 1: ... case 1:
```

1127: duplicate case constants

Duplicate **case** constants were detected. (e)

```
main(){ int year,j; switch (year) { case 2000:
                                   j = 8; case 2000: j = 9; } }
```

1128: function must return a value

Found a **return** statement with no value in a function. (e)

```
int foo() { return; // Must return a value.
          }
```

1129: constructor and destructor may return no value

A constructor or destructor must not return a value. (e)

1130: parameter decl. not compatible with prototype

There is a mismatch between a prototype and the corresponding function declaration in either number of parameters or parameter types. (e)

```
int fn(int, int);
                int fn(int a, float b) { ... }
```

1131: multiple initializations

A variable was initialized more than once. (e)

```
static int a = 4; static int a = 5;
```

1133: extern objects can only be initialized in file scope

An **extern** object cannot be initialized inside a function. (e)

```
main(){ extern int i=7; }
```

1133: extern objects can only be initialized in file scope

Attempt to initialize an **extern** object in a function. (e)

```
foo() { extern int one = 1; }
```

1134: can't initialize arguments

It is not valid to attempt to initialize function parameters. (e)

```
f(i) int i = 5; { ... }
```

1135: can't init typedefs

A **typedef** declaration cannot have an initializer. (e)

```
typedef unsigned int uint = 5;
```

1136: initialization of automatic aggregates is an ANSI extension

When the compiler is run in PCC compatibility mode on a C module (-Xpcc), it will report initialization of automatic aggregate types. (w)

```
f() { int ar[3] = {1,2,3}; ... }
```

1140: too many parameters for operator ...

Overloaded operator declared with too many parameters. (e)

1141: too few parameters for operator ...

Overloaded operator declared with too few parameters. (e)

1142: second argument to postfix operator "++" or "--" must be of type int

The argument is of the wrong type. (e)

```
struct A {
                operator++(double); // Arg type must be int };
```

1143: operator->() must return class or reference to class

1144: operator ... can only be overloaded for classes

The operators “,” and “=” and the unary “&” can only be overloaded for classes. (e)

1145: operator . . . must be a non-static member function

The operators (), [], and -> must be non-static member functions. These operators can only be defined for classes. (e)

1146: non-member operator function must take at least one argument of class or enum type or reference to class or enum type

A non-member operator function must take at least one argument, which is of a **class** or **enum** type or a reference to a **class** or **enum** type. (e)

```
Date operator+(int i, j){...}
```

1147: constructors can't be declared *string*

Constructors cannot be declared **static** or **virtual**.

1148: constructors can't have a return type

A constructor declaration is invalid. (e)

1149: constructor is illformed, must have other parameters

A constructor declaration is invalid. (e)

1151: can't have a destructor in a nameless class/struct/union

A nameless class cannot have a destructor since the destructor takes its name from the class. (e)

```
class { ~foo(); };
```

1152: destructors must have same name as the class/struct/union

The destructor declaration is invalid. (e)

1153: destructors may have no return type

For example:

```
const ~k() {}
```

1154: destructors can't be declared *string*

Destructors cannot be declared **static**.

1155: destructors may take no arguments

The destructor declaration is invalid. (e)

1156: conversion functions may take no arguments

It is not valid to define a conversion function that is not a class member. A conversion function cannot take arguments. A conversion function cannot convert to the type of the class if it is a member of, or a reference to it. (e)

1157: conversion to original class or reference to it

It is not valid to define a conversion function that is not a class member. A conversion function cannot take arguments. A conversion function cannot convert to the type of the class if it is a member of, or a reference to it. (e)

1159: no type found for *identifier*, can be omitted for member functions only

The identifier has not been declared. (e)

1160: class already has operator delete with *number of* argument(s)

The **delete** operator cannot be overloaded. (e)

1161: member operator functions can't be static

Operator functions in a class cannot be declared **static**. (e)

1162: member of abstract class

A class member cannot be of abstract type. (e)

1163: unions can't have virtual member functions

Union cannot have **virtual** functions as members. (e)

1164: member function of local class must be defined in class definition

Because functions cannot be defined in other functions, any function in a local class must be defined in the class body. (e)

1165: redeclaration of member *identifier*

A member occurs more than once in a **struct**, **union**, or **class**. (e)

```
struct { int m1; int m1; };
```

1166: member *name* already declared

Attempt to re-declare a member. (e)

```
class A { int a; int a; // Already declared
        };
```

1167: static data member may not have the same name as its class

Only constructors and destructors for a class may have the same name as the class. (e)

1168: a local class can't have static data members

Only non-**static** members can be used in a local class. (e)

1169: unions can't have static data members

Union cannot have **static** data members. (e)

1170: illegal union member

An object of a class with a constructor, a destructor, or a user defined assignment operator cannot be a member of a union. (e)

1171: illegal storage class for class member

A class member cannot be **auto**, **register**, or **extern**. (e)

1172: parameter has no identifier

When declaring a function, a name as well as a type, must be supplied for each parameter. (e)

```
int fn(int a, int) { ... }
```

1173: compiler out of sync: probably missing ";" or "}"

For example:

<code>int i int j;</code>	missing <code>';</code> after i
<code>dribble f;</code>	should be double

1174: ellipsis not allowed as argument to overloaded operator

Cannot declare an overloaded operator with `"..."` as arguments. (e)

1175: ellipsis not allowed in pascal functions

Functions declared with the **pascal** keyword are not allowed to have a variable number of arguments as indicated by an ending ellipsis `"..."`. (e)

1176: argument *n* to string must be of type size_t

For example, operator **delete**'s second argument must be of type `size_t`

```
void operator delete(void *type, int x){
    free(type); }
```

1177: string must return void *

For example the operator **new** must return a **void** pointer.

```
int *operator new(size_t size){...}
```

1179: string takes one or two arguments

For example, operator **delete** takes one or two arguments (e).

```
void operator delete(void *type, size_t size,
    int x){...}
```

1180: operator delete must have a first argument of type void *

The first argument of **delete** must be of type **void***.

```
void operator delete(int x){ free(x);
    }
```

1181: string must return void

For example, operator **delete** must return **void**.

```
int operator delete(void
    *type){...}
```

1182: class *class-name* has no constructor

It is invalid to initialize an object that does not have a constructor by using the constructor initialization syntax. (e)

```
struct A { int b, c; }; A a(1,2);
```

1183: temporary inserted for non-const reference

The compiler made a temporary copy of a variable used in an assignment to a C++ reference. (w)

```
void getCount(unsigned int& count) { count =
    5; return; } ... signed int x = 100; getCount(x);
```

In this example, the compiler makes a temporary copy of **x** and passes the copy (cast to **unsigned int**) to **getCount**. Hence it is the copy of **x**, and not **x** itself, that is modified by **getCount**; after the function executes, the value of **x** is still 100, not 5.

1184: temporary inserted for reference return

For Example:

```
vint& constant1() { return 1;
                  }
```

1186: const member *identifier* must have initializer

A constant member of a class must be initialized. (e)

```
class line{ const int length; ...
           };
```

1188: jump past initializer

An object cannot be accessed before it has been constructed.

```
class C { public: int i; C(int ii) : i(ii) {}
        }; void AllAlarmsOnOff (int function) { switch ( function ) { cas
e 1:
        C c(0); break; default: c.i = 12; // invalid access break; }
        }
```

1190: this cannot be used outside a class member function body

1192: mismatching parenthesis, bracket or ? : around expression

Mostly likely, a parenthesis or bracket was left out of an expression, or the “?” and “:” in a conditional expression where interchanged. (e)

```
int i = (5 + 4]; // ] should have been a )
```

1193: missing operand for operator

An operand is missing. (e)

```
i & ;
```

1194: (compiler error)

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please notify Customer Support. (f)

1195: missing operand somewhere before

An operand was left out of an expression. (e)

1196: missing expression inside parenthesis

An expression was expected between the parentheses. (e)

```
i = ( ) ;
```

1197: missing operand for operator ... inside parenthesis

An operand was left out of an expression. (e)

1198: too many operands inside parenthesis

An operator between the operands is missing. (e)

1199: missing expression inside brackets

An expression was expected between the brackets. (e)

```
int x[5];
                int i = x[]; // x must be subscripted
```

1200: missing operand for operator ... inside brackets**1201: too many operands inside brackets****1202: missing operator before *string***

An operator is needed before *string*.

```
i = (2>1) 3: 4; // Conditional operator
                needs '?'
```

1205: operator ? without matching :

Operator "?" must be followed by a ":" . (e)

```
int i = 4 ? 5; // Missing : part
```

1207: syntax error near token

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

```
if (a == 1 ( /* missing ')' */
```

1208: expression expected

Could not find an expression where it was expected. (e)

```
if () { // The condition is missing. ...
      }
```

1209: illegal expression

There was something wrong with the expression. Another error has probably already been reported. (e)

1210 to 1216: (compiler error)

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please notify Customer Support. (f)

For users searching online: 1211, 1212, 1213, 1214, 1215, 1216.

1219: (internal error)

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1221: don't know size of object

The **sizeof** operator is used on an incompletely specified array or undefined structure, or an array of objects of unknown size is declared. (e)

```
extern int ar[]; sz = sizeof(ar);
```

1224: type must have default constructor

The class must have a default constructor. (e)

1227: EOF in comment

The source file ended in a comment. (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1228: too many characters in character constant

A character constant has more than four characters. The limit is four on 32 bit machines. (e)

```
int i1 = 'abcd'; /* ok */
           int i2 = 'abcde'; /* not ok */
```

1229: EOF in character constant

The source file ended at an unexpected place during parsing. (f)

1230: newline in character constant

For example:

```
vchar TAB = '\t;
```

1231: empty character constant

There are no characters in a character constant. If an empty string is desired, use string quotes "". (e)

```
int i3 = ''; /* This is two single quotes characters. */
```

1232: too many characters in wide character constant**1234: newline in wide character constant**

A newline is in a wide character constant.

Example: in the following, the wide character constant is intended to be **L'ab'**, but is broken across two lines.

```
int i = L'a b';
```

1235: empty wide character constant

Empty wide character constants are not allowed:

```
int i = L'';
```

1236: EOF in string constant

The source file ended at an unexpected place during parsing. (f)

1237: newline in string constant

The end of a line was found while parsing a string constant. Usually caused by a missing double quote character at the end of the constant. (e)

```
char * message = "Not everything that counts can be counted.
```

1238: illegal hex constant

Reported whenever an **"x"** or **"X"** is found in a numeric constant and is not prefixed with a single zero. (e)

```
i = 1xab;
```

1239: too long constant

A numeric constant is longer than 256 characters. (e)

1240: floating point value (...) out of range

A floating point constant exceeds the range of the representation format. (e)

```
double d = 1e10000;
```

1241: floating point overflow

Floating point overflow occurred during constant evaluation. (e)

```
float f=4E200;
```

1242: bad octal constant

A numeric constant with a leading zero is an octal constant and can only contain digits 0 through 7. (w)

```
i = 078;    // '8' is invalid in an octal
              constant
```

1243: constant out of range

Constant overflows its type. (e)

```
int i = 4294967299; // Constant bigger than ULONG_MAX
```

1243: constant out of range [operator]

A constant is out of the range of the context in which it is used. If the operator is present, it shows the operator near the use of the invalid constant. (w)

```
int j = 0xfffffffffff;
```

1244: constant out of range (string)

An invalid constant was used. (w)

```
const int x=0xfffffffff; if ((char)c==257)
    ...
```

1245: illegal character: 0n (octal)

The source file contains a character with octal code *n* that is not defined in the C language. This can only occur outside of a string constant, character constant, or comment. (e)

```
name$from$PLM = 1;
```

1246: no value associated with token

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1247: syntax error after string, expecting string

The expression is missing a semicolon or some token. (e)

```
int i
```

1248, 1249: label *identifier* already exists

A label can only refer to a single place in a function. (e)

1250: label *identifier* not defined

The label used in a **goto** statement is not defined. (e)

1251: label *identifier* not used

The label is never used. One possible cause is the misspelling of a label. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. (w)

```
main(){ agian:           // typo? goto
                        again; }
```

1252: typedef specifier may not be used in a function definition

Bad use of the **typedef** specifier. (e)

```
typedef int foo() { }
```

1253: virtual specifier may only be used inside a class declaration

Function cannot be declared **virtual** outside class body. (e)

```
struct A { foo(); };
                        virtual A::foo() {} // Not virtual in the class declaration
```

1254: redefinition of function

The function is already defined. (e)

```
int foo() {} int foo() {}
```

1255: unions may not have base classes

Union cannot have base classes. (e)

1256: unions can't be base classes

Union cannot be used as base classes. (e)

1257: inconsistent exception specifications

Two function declarations specify different exceptions. (e)

```
int foo() throw (double);
                        int foo() throw (int);
```

1258: exception handling disabled

Exception handling has been turned off. Use **-Xexception=1** to enable it. (e)

1259: rtti disabled

RTTI (run-time type information) can be enabled or disabled through the **-Xrtti...** option. See the User's Guide for more information on this option.

1260: non-unique struct/union reference

In PCC mode (**-Xpcc**) the compiler attempts to locate a member of another **struct** if given an invalid reference. If no unique member can be found, this error is issued. (e)

```
struct a { int i; int m; };
                        struct b { int m; int n; }; int i; ... i->m = 1;
```

1261: insufficient access rights to *member-name* **in** *base-class-name* **base class of** *derived-class-name*

Attempt to access a member in a **private** or **protected** base class. (e)

1264: main can't be overloaded

Special rules for the function **main()** are violated. (e)

1265: can't distinguish *function_name1* **from** *function_name2*

Two overloaded functions cannot be distinguished from each other; they effectively have the same number and types of arguments in the same order. (e)

```
int foo(int); int foo(int &);
```

1266: function *function-name* **already has "C" linkage**

Only one of a set of overloaded functions can have "C" linkage. (e)

```
extern "C" foo(int);
extern "C" foo(double);
```

1268: only virtual functions can be pure

Pure specifier found after non-**virtual** function. (e)

```
class foo { bar() = 0 // Must be virtual };
```

1269: identifier is not a struct/class/union member

The identifier is not a member of a structure, class, or union. (e)

```
int i; i.j = 3; // j is not a member of a
               structure.
```

1272: member *name* **used outside non-static member function**

Attempt to reference a class member directly in a **static** member function or an inlined **friend** function. That is invalid in a function where keyword **this** cannot be used. (e)

1275: error string

This error number can indicate a number of different kinds of errors. In some cases, this message gives additional information about an error message displayed above this one. For example, if a function call is ambiguous, this error prints the names of candidate functions.

1276: can't use ... in default argument expression

Class members can only be used in default arguments if they are **static**. Function arguments cannot be used in default arguments. Local variables cannot be used unless they are declared **extern**. (e)

```
int foo(int a, int b = a) { ... }
```

1278: can't restrict access to *identifier*

An access declaration cannot restrict access to a member that is accessible in the base class, nor can an access declaration enable access to a member that is not accessible in the base class. (e)

1279: can't enable access to *identifier*

1281: no function matches call to *string*

The compiler did not find a match for a class method, or a **template** function. This can also indicate that a class does not have a default constructor. (e)

```
class line{ public: line(){} }; line
           l(5,6);
```

Second example:

```
template< class T> T max(T a, T b) {
           return(a>b) ? a : b; main(){ int i; char c; max(i,c); }
```

1282: can't resolve function call, possible candidates:

An overloaded function was called, but the function arguments did not match any prototype. (e)

```
fun(int i){} fun(char c){} main(){ float f;
                               fun(f); }
```

1285: ambiguous reference to *identifier*, could be *candidate1* *candidate2* ...

The identifier could not be resolved unambiguously. The error message is followed by a list of possible candidates. (e)

```
struct A { int a; }; struct B { int a; };
                               struct C : public A, public B {}; foo() { C c;
                               c.a = 1; // Which a, A::a or B::a? }
```

1288: return type not compatible with ...

A virtual function has a return type that is incompatible with the return type of the **virtual** function in the base class. (w)

1292: too many arguments for function *style cast to string*

Function style casts to a basic type or a union type can only take a single argument. (e)

```
int i = int(3.4, 5.6);
```

1293: non-type in new expression

A **new** expression requires a type.

```
class list {}; . . . class list * cp; cp = new
                lis; // Spelled wrong
```

1294: type in new expression is abstract

The type in a **new** expression must not be abstract.

1295: first dimension must be an integral expression

The first dimension of an array type in a **new** expression must be an integral expression. (e)

```
double d; int *p = new int[d];
```

1296: can't create void objects

The type in a **new** expression was void.

```
void *p = new void;
```

1297: type in new expression is incompletely specified

1298: object of abstract class

Attempt to declare an object of an abstract class. (e)

1298: can't construct object of abstract type

The type in a **new** expression is of abstract class. (e)

```
struct A { virtual foo() = 0; }; A *p =
        new A;
```

1299: can't construct objects of array type

Array elements in an array allocated with **new** cannot be given initial values. (e)

```
struct A {};
        A *p = new A[5] (1,2,3,4,5);
```

1304: already volatile

A variable was declared **volatile** more than once. (w)

```
int * volatile volatile foo;
```

1305 to 1336: (compiler error)

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

For users searching online: 1305, 1306, 1307, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1311, 1312, 1313, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1319, 1320, 1321, 1322, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1327, 1328, 1329, 1330, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1334, 1335, and 1336.

1337: EOF in inline function body

The end of the source file was found while parsing an inline function. (f)

1338: arguments do not match template

The actual **template** argument types must match the declaration exactly. (e)

```
template<int size> class foo { // ... };
        foo<7, 7> qux;
```

1339: arguments do not match template *template name*

The arguments do not match the **template**.

```
template<class T> class C{}; C<int,
        int> WrongArgs;
```

1340: can't recover from earlier errors

Certain earlier errors have made it impossible for the parser to continue. (f)

1341: compiler out of sync: mismatching parens in inline function

The compiler is unable to parse an inline function. Check the function to see if the parentheses are nested correctly. (f)

1344: syntax error - unexpected end of file

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1347: identifier *name* used as template *name*

The identifier cannot be used as a **class**, **struct**, or **union** tag since it is already a **template** name. (e)

```
template<class T> class foo { ... };
    struct foo { }
```

1354: "0" expected in pure specifier

A value other than 0 was found in a pure specifier. (e)

```
class foo {
    virtual bar() = 5; // Should have been 0 }
```

1355: all dimensions but the first must be positive constant integral expressions

The first dimension of an array may be empty in some contexts. In a multi-dimensional array, no other dimensions may be empty (and none may be negative). (e)

```
int array[-4];
```

1360: base class expected

Base class not found after ":" or "," in a class definition. (e)

```
class A : {}; // The base class is
            missing
```

1361: can't initialize ... with a list

An object of a class which has constructors, bases, or non-public members cannot be initialized as an aggregate.

```
struct foo { private: int i public: int j, k;
             }; foo bar = { 1, 2, 3 }; // i is private
```

1362: can't nest function definitions

Functions cannot be defined inside other functions.

```
void foo() { void bar() { } // No nesting
            }
```

1367: class *class-name* used twice as direct base class

Cannot use the same class as a base class more than once. (e)

```
class A {}; class B : A, A {};
```

1368: class name expected after ~

Encountered "~" in a class, apparently to declare a destructor, but it was not followed by the class name. (e)

```
class foo { ~; };
```

1370: class/struct/union cannot be declared *specifier*

A function specifier is applied to a definition of a **class**, **struct**, or **union**. (e)

```
inline class foo { /* inline is invalid for a class */ ...
                  };
```

1371: conflicting declaration specifiers: *specifier1 specifier2*

Illegal mixing of **auto**, **static**, **register**, **extern**, **typedef** and/or **friend**. (e)

```
extern static int foo;
```

1372: conflicting type declarations

More than one type specified in a declaration. (e)

```
int double foo;
```

1373: enumerator may not have same name as its class

Only constructors and destructors for a class may have the same name as the class. (e)

1376: function *function name* is not a member of class *class name*

A function was not declared, it was misspelled, or the parameters were not used consistently. (e)

```
class line{ lint(int l); // Misspelled };
           line::line(int l){}
```

1378: function *function name* is not found

A function call referred to a function that was not found. (e)

```
static int fun(); main(){ fun(); }
```

1379, 1380: identifier ... declared as struct or class. Use struct or class specifier identifier ... declared as union. Use union specifier

There was a type mismatch between the declaration and the use of an identifier. (e)

```
union u { ... };
           struct u foo; // u was a union, cannot also be struct
```

1381: identifier *name* not a nested class nor a base class

Something that is not a class was used as a base class. (e)

1383: identifier *identifier* is not a type

What appeared to be a declaration began with an identifier that is not the name of a type.

```
INT I;
```

1384: identifier *name* not a direct member

Attempt to initialize a variable that is not a direct member of the class. (e)

```
struct B { int b; }; struct C : public B { int
           c; C(int i) : c(i), b(i) {} // Can't initialize b here }
```

1385: identifier *identifier* not a static member of class *class name*

Invalid declaration. (e)

```
struct A { int i; }; int A::i;
```

1386: identifier *identifier* not declared in *string*

An identifier is used but not declared. Check the *identifier* for spelling errors. (e)

1388: identifier *identifier* not declared

An identifier was used without being declared. (e)

1391: identifier *name* is not a class

An identifier that is not a class was used before "::".

1394: illegal *expression*

A **break** statement is only allowed inside a **for**, **while**, **do** or **switch** statement. (e)

A **continue** is only allowed inside a **for**, **while** or **do** statement. (e)

A **default** or **case** label is only allowed inside a **switch** statement. (e)

1395: illegal function specifier for argument

A parameter cannot be declared **inline** or **virtual**.

```
void foo(inline int);
```

1397: illegal storage class for class/struct/union

A storage class other than **extern** is specified for a definition of a **class**, **struct**, or **union**. (e)

```
auto class foo { ... };
```

1403: main can't be declared string

Special rules for the function **main()** are violated. (e)

1404: mem initializers only allowed for constructors

Members can only be initialized with the member initializer syntax in constructors. (e)

```
class A { int i;
        int foo() : i(4711) {} // Not a constructor }
```

1405: missing argument declaration

Argument declaration omitted. (e)

```
class bar { foo(, int); };
```

1410: no default arguments for overloaded operators

Overloaded operators cannot have default arguments. (e)

1411: no redefinition of default arguments

An argument can be given a default value only once in a set of overloaded functions. (e)

```
void foo(int = 17);
void foo(int = 4711);
```

1412: no return type may be specified for conversion functions

The return type of conversion function is implicit. (e)

```
class foo {
        double operator int(); // Cannot specify type }
```

1414: non-extern object *name* of type *type-name* must be initialized

A **const** object must be initialized unless it is **extern**.

1415: non-extern reference *name* must be initialized

References and **const** objects, which are not declared **extern**, must be initialized. So must objects of classes that have constructors but no default constructors. (e)

```
const struct S &structure;
```

1417: only functions can have pascal calling conventions

For example:

```
int pascal i;
```

1418: only static constant member of integral type may have initializer

A member that is a static integral type can be initialized; others cannot. (e)

```
struct { const int *p =0x3333; }s;
```

1419: operator ... cannot be overloaded

It is invalid to overload any of the operators `“.”` or `“.*”` or `“?:”`.

1420: parenthesized expression-list expected after type *typename***1423: redeclaration of symbol ...**

A symbol in an enumerated type clashes with an earlier declaration. (e)

1427: static function declared in a function

There is no use declaring a **static** function inside another function. (e)

```
void foo() { static void bar();
              bar(); // Call to bar, but where can it be defined? }
```

1428: static member ... can't be initialized

A **static** class member cannot be initialized in a member initializer. (e)

```
class A { static int si; A(int ii) : si(ii) {}
              };
```

1429: string literal expected in asm definition

String missing in an **asm** statement.

```
asm(); // the parentheses should contain an instruction
```

1430: subsequent argument without default argument

Only the trailing parameters may have default arguments. (e)

```
void foo(int = 4711, double);
```

1431: syntax error - catch handler expected after try

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1432: syntax error - catch without matching try

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1433: syntax error - class key seen after type. Missing ;?

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1434: syntax error - class name expected after ::

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1435: syntax error - colon expected after access specifier

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1436: syntax error - declarator expected after ...

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1437: syntax error - declarator expected after type

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1438: syntax error - declarator or semicolon expected after class definition

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1439: syntax error - else without matching if

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1441: syntax error - identifier expected after ...

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1442: syntax error - initializer expected after =

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1444: syntax error - keyword operator must be followed by an operator or a type specifier

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1446: syntax error - type tag expected after keyword enum

The parser has found an unexpected token. (e)

1454: type defined in return type (forgotten ";")

It is illegal to define a type in the function return type. (e)

```
struct foo {} bar() { }
```

1455: type definition in bad context

A type was defined where it was not allowed. (e)

1456: type definition in condition

Types cannot be defined in conditions. (e)

```
if (struct foo { int i } bar) { // ...
    }
```

1457: type definition not allowed in argument list

Types cannot be defined in argument lists. (e)

```
int foo( struct bar int a; ) barptr);
```

1460: type expected after new

A **new** expression requires a type. (e)

```
p = new;
```

1461: type expected for ...

No type found in declaration of a variable. (e)

1462: type expected in template parameter

This could indicate a misspelling of a **template** parameter. (e)

```
template<classT> ...;
```

1463: type expected in arg-declaration-clause

An argument type is missing in a function declaration. (e)

```
class bar { foo(int); };
```

1464: type expected in cast

Found something that was not a type in a cast expression. (e)

1465: type expected

Found an expression that was not a type where a type was expected. (e)

1466: type in new expression can't be *string*

A type in a **new** expression cannot be **pascal** or **asm**.

1467: type in new expression may not contain class/struct/enum declarations

Cannot declare types in a **new** expression. Nor can the types used in a **new** expression be **const**, **volatile**, **pascal**, or **asm**. The type used must be completely specified and cannot have pure virtual functions. (e)

```
void *p = new enum foo { bar };
```

1469: unknown language string in linkage specifier: ...

Only "**C**" and "**C++**" allowed in linkage specifiers. (e)

```
extern "F77" { // Don't know anything about F77 linkage}
```

1477: already const

A variable was declared **const** more than once. (w)

```
int * const const foo;
```

1479: comma at end of enumerator list ignored

A superfluous comma at the end of a list of enumerators was ignored. (w)

```
enum foo { bar, };
```

1480: enumerators can't have external linkage

extern cannot be specified for **enum** declarations. (e)

```
extern enum foo { bar };
```

1481: function *function-name* **not declared**

If the -Xforce-declarations option is used, the compiler will generate this error message when a function is used before it has been declared. (w)

1484: missing declarator in typedef

No declarator was given in a **typedef** statement. (e)

```
typedef class foo { // ... };
```

1485: old style function definition

A function was defined using the older K & R C syntax. This is invalid in C++. (w)

```
int foo(a, b) int a, b { ... }
```

1486: initializer that is a brace-enclosed list may contain only constant expressions

A variable was initialized using a brace-enclosed list containing an expression (such as a variable) that cannot be evaluated during compilation.

```
int i = 12; ... int x[] = { 1, 2, 3 , i
                        };
```

This is allowed in C++ but not in C.

1488: redeclaration of parameter *identifier*

One of a function's parameters is shadowed by a declaration within the function, (w) if **-Xpcc** or **-Xk-and-r**, (e) otherwise.

```
f1(int a) { int a; ... }
```

1489: redundant semicolon ignored

Found an extra semicolon among the members of a function. (w)

```
class A { int a; ; };
```

1492: virtual specified both before and after access specifier

Syntax error. (w)

```
class A {};
class B : virtual public virtual A {};
```

1493: redeclaration of ...

A function has been redeclared to something else. (e)

```
int i(int); double i(int); double i( int i)
{...}
```

1494: non-extern object identifier of type *type-designator* **must be initialized**

This message may indicate that a **const** member of a class/structure/union was not initialized. (e)

```
class C { const int ci; } c;
```

1495: non-extern const object *name* **must be initialized**

A **const** object must be initialized unless it is **extern**.

```
const char c;
```

1497: too many declaration levels

An internal stack overflowed. This is unlikely to happen in the absence of other errors. (f)

1498: internal table-overflow

Internal stack overflowed. May occur with extremely complex, deeply nested code. To work-around, simplify or modularize the code. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1499: dcc

Error message caused by either an empty file, a file containing only comments, or a file that otherwise does not include code that can be compiled into an executable.

```
#if 1 /* * */ #else int main (void) { printf
                                ("Code not included"); return 0; } #endif
```

1500: function *<function_name>* has no prototype

The function *function_name* was used without a preceding prototype declaration. In C,

```
void f();
```

is a declaration but not a prototype declaration—it declares *f* to be a function but says nothing about the number or type of arguments it takes. This warning is returned when an attempt has been made to use *f* without making a prototype declaration of it first.

This warning is returned only when the command line option -Xforce-prototypes is used. (w)

1501: function-pointer has no prototype

A function pointer was used but was declared to have a type that lacks a prototype. In C,

```
void (*f)();
```

declares *f* to be a function pointer but says nothing about the number or type of arguments it takes. This warning is returned when an attempt has been made to use *f* without making a prototype declaration of it first.

This warning is returned only when the command line option -Xforce-prototypes is used. (w)

1504: arglist in declaration

An old style function declaration is found in the wrong context. (w)

```
f1() { int f2(a,b,c); ... }
```

1507: end of memory

Ran out of virtual memory during compilation. The compiler first attempts to skip some optimizations in order to use less memory, however this error can occur for large functions on machines with limited memory. Note: initialized arrays require the compiler to hold all initial data and can contribute to this error. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1509: expression involving packed member too complicated

This indicates that the processor does not support “compound assignment” for volatile members of packed structures.

```
struct1.a |=3; // May have to use struct1.a =
               struct1.a|3
```

1511: can't access short or int bit-fields in packed structures unless the architecture supports atomic unaligned accesses (-Xmin-align=1)

Packed structures cannot contain bit-fields unless the architecture support atomic unaligned access. To see if the architecture supports atomic unaligned access, compile a file with the **-S** option and then examine the **.s** assembly file. Look for the **-X93** option in the header. If **X93=1**, the architecture supports atomic unaligned access. (e)

```
#pragma pack(1) struct S { int j:3;
                        };
```

1513: byte swapped structures can't contain bit-field

Bit-fields are not allowed in byte-swapped structures. (e)

```
#pragma pack (, ,1) // Byte swap struct s { int
                        j:3; }
```

1515: profile information out of date

The file given with the **-Xfeedback** option is out of date or has an old format. Re-compile with the **-Xblock-count** option and create a new profiling file. (e)

1516: parameter *parameter name* is never used

A parameter to a function is not used. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. (w)

```
fun(int i){};
```

1517: function *function name* is never used

A **static** function was declared but not used. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. In the example, the file consists of one line. (w)

```
static fun();
```

For C89, inline functions return a different warning; see [#tmt1501705396361__dt1788](#) on page 49.

1518: variable *identifier* is never used

A variable is never used. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. (w)

```
fun(){ int i; }
```

1519: expression not used

The compiler has detected all or part of an expression which will never be used. (w)

```
a+b; /* statement with no side effects */
      a=(10,b+c); /* 10 is not used */
      *s++; /* the '*' is not needed: s++; /
```

Note: the compiler will not issue this warning for an expression consisting solely of a reference to a volatile variable.

1520: large structure is used as argument

The size of a structure passed as an argument to a function equals or exceeds the size specified by **-Xstruct-arg-warning**. (This message is returned only when the command-line option **-Xstruct-arg-warning** is used.) (w)

1521: missing return expression

A function is defined with a return type, but does not return a value. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. (w)

```
float fun(){ return; }
```

1522: statement not reached

A statement can never be executed. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. (w)

```
main(){ int never; return 0; never=6;
      }
```

1523: can't recognize storage mode *unknown*

The storage mode specified in an **asm** macro is unknown. See the User's Guide for more information on embedding assembly code. (e)

1524: too many enhanced asm parameters

There can be a maximum of 20 parameters and labels used in an **asm** macro. See the User's Guide for more information on embedding assembly code..

1525: identifier *identifier* not declared

An identifier was not declared. (e)

```
fun(){ return i; }
```

1526: asm macro line too long

A very long line was given in an **asm** macro. See the *User's Guide* for more information on embedding assembly code. (e)

1527: non-portable mix of old and new function declarations

A function declaration was made in accordance to an older C standard. In K & R C, **chars** and **shorts** are promoted to **int**, and **floats** are promoted to **double** just before a call is made to a function. However, in ANSI C, the arguments match the prototype at the call site. (w)

1528: can't initialize variable of type *type_designator*

Some types do not allow initialization. (e)

```
void a = 1;
```

1534: only first array size may be omitted

The size of the first dimension of an array can be omitted; all others must be specified. (e)

```
int x[3][];
```

1535: illegal width of bit-field

A bit-field width is greater than the underlying type used for the bit-field. (e)

Example for a target with 32 bit integers:

```
struct { int i:33; }
```

1536: bit-field must be int or unsigned

The compiler detected an unsupported bit-field type. (e)

```
struct { float a:4; };
```

1541: redeclaration of struct/union/enum ...

A **struct**, **union**, or **enum** tag name was used more than once: (e)

```
struct t1 { ... }; struct t1 { ... };
```

1542: redeclaration of member *variable name*

A member has been declared more than once. (e)

```
struct{ int i; int i; };
```

1543: negative subscript not allowed

The size of an array cannot be negative. (e)

```
int ar[-10];
```

1544: zero subscript not allowed

An array of zero size cannot be declared when compiling for strict ANSI C (**-X7=2**, or **--Xdialect-strict-ansi**). (w)

```
int x[0];
```

1546: dangerous to take address of member of packed or swapped structure

Using the address of a packed or byte-swapped structure is not recommended. (w)

```
#pragma pack (2,2,1) . . . ptr =
                        &(struct1.i);
```

1547: can't take address of object

Trying to take the address of a function, constant, or register variable that is not stored in memory. (e)

```
register int r; fn(&r);
```

1548: can't do sizeof on bit-field

The **sizeof** function does not work on bit-fields. (e)

```
struct { int j:3; } struct1; i =
                        sizeof(struct1.j);
```

1549: illegal value

Only certain expressions can be on the left hand side of an assignment. (e)

```
a+b = 1; (a ? b : c) =
                        2;    /* not valid in C modules*/
```

1550: can't push *identifier*

It is invalid to use an expression of type function or **void** as an argument. (e)

```
void *pv; int (*pf)(); fn(*pv,*pf);
```

1551: argument [*identifier*] type does not match prototype

The type of an argument to a function is not compatible with its type as given in the function's prototype. (w) if **-Xpcc** or **-Xk-and-r** or **-Xmismatch-warning**, (e) otherwise.

```
int f(char *), i; ... i = f(&i);
```


1552: initializer type "type" incompatible with object type "type"

The type of an initializer is not compatible with the type of the variable, (w) if **-Xpcc** or **-Xmismatch-warning**, (e) otherwise.

```
char c; int *ip = &c;
```

1553: too many errors, good bye

The compiler has found so many errors that it does not seem worthwhile to continue. (f)

1554: illegal type(s): type-signatures

The operators of an expression do not have the correct or compatible types, (w) if **-Xpcc** or **-Xk-and-r** or **-Xmismatch-warning**, (e) otherwise. This message may also indicate an attempt has been made to find the sum of two pointers.

```
int *pi, **ppi; ... if (pi == ppi) ...
                                #illegal types: ptr-to-int '==' ptr-to-ptr-to-int int *p, *q; p =
p +
                                q; // Attempt to add pointers
                                #illegal types: ptr-to-int '+' ptr-to-ptr-to-int
```

1555: not a struct/union reference

The left hand side of a "**->**" or "**."**" expression is not of **struct** or **union** type. If **-Xpcc** is specified the offset of the given member name in another **struct** or **union** is used. (w) if **-Xpcc**, **-Xk-and-r**, or **-Xmismatch-warning**, (e) otherwise.

1556: volatile packed member cannot be accessed atomically

For the selected processor, a packed member cannot be accessed atomically if it is **volatile**. (w)

```
#pragma pack(1, 1) struct { volatile int v;
                          } s; s.v =3; /* generates error 1556 */
```

1560: unknown pragma

The **pragma** is not recognized. (w)

```
#pragma tist
```

1561: unknown option -Xunknown

The compiler was started with an **-X** option that is not recognized. (w)

1562: bad #pragma use_section: section section name not defined

A **#pragma use_section** command has not been correctly given. (w)

```
#pragma section DATA3 // Correct #pragma
                        use_section x // Omitted section class name DATA3
```

1563: bad #pragma [name]

If issued without the *name*, the compiler did not recognize the pragma. If issued with a *name*, there is a problem with either the operands to the **pragma** or the context in which it appears. (w)

1564: bad #pragma pack

The **#pragma pack** statement is not correct. (w)

```
#pragma pack(1,2,3,4) // Takes up to three
                      arguments
```

1565: illegal constant in #pragma pack

An invalid constant has been used in a **pack pragma**. (w)

```
#pragma pack(7) // Must use powers of 2 for
                alignment
```

1566 to 1572: obsolete messages

Messages numbered 1566 to 1572 should not appear because they refer to obsolete features.

1573: user's error string

Error number 1573 displays a message from any of the following directives:

- **#info**
- **#warning**
- **#error**
- **#pragma info**
- **#pragma warning**
- **#pragma error**

This message can also appear along with other compiler messages, where it supplies additional information about the error.

1574: can't open *file* for input

The given *file* cannot be opened. (f)

1575: can't open *file* for output

The given *file* cannot be opened. (f)

1577: can't open profiling file *file*

The file given with the **-Xfeedback=***file* option cannot be opened. (w)

1578: profile file is of wrong version (*file*)

The file given with the **-Xfeedback** option is out of date or has an old format. Re-compile with the **-Xblock-count** option and create a new profiling file. (e)

1579: profile file *file* is corrupted

The file given with the **-Xfeedback** option is corrupted. Re-compile with the **-Xblock-count** option and create a new profiling file. (e)

1580: can't find current module in profile file ...

No data about the current source file is available in the profiling file. (w)

Possible causes:

- No function in the current file was actually executed during profiling.
- The profiling file belongs to another executable program.

1583: overflow in constant expression

The constant expression overflows the underlying data type. For example, the expression:

```
return 0x40000000 + 0x40000000;
```

will flag this warning. Here, the type is a signed **int** and this operation will result in an overflow. However, if the constant is updated with a size specifier, for example:

```
return 0x40000000U + 0x40000000U;
```

No warning is issued.

1584: illegal declaration-attribute

A declaration contains an invalid combination of declaration specifiers. (w)

```
unsigned double foo;
```

1585: global register *register name* is already used

The global register has already been reserved. (w)

```
#pragma global_register counter = r14 #pragma
      global_register kounter = r14
```

1586: cannot use scratch registers for global register variables

Scratch registers cannot be used for global register variables. (w)

```
#pragma global_register counter=scratch-register-name
```

1587: global register *register-name* is invalid

Found an unrecognized register name in a **global_register pragma**. (w)

1588: no .cd file specified!

The target description (**.cd**) file was not specified.

The compiler reads a *target description file* during initialization (see the User's Guide). Normally, when the **dcc** command is given, the **.cd** file is automatically specified. To find out the **.cd** filename for your selected target configuration, run **dcc** with the **-#** option to display all of the commands generated, and look at the **-M** option for the **ctoa** program. (f)

Likely causes:

- The compiler is not installed properly.
- One of the compiler files has been deleted, hidden, or protected.
- The **dttools.conf** or other configuration file is incorrect.

1589: can't open .cd file!

See error 1588 for a description of the **.cd** file and likely causes.

1590: .cd file is of wrong type!

See error 1588 for a description of the **.cd** file and likely causes.

1591: .cd file is of wrong version!

See error 1588 for a description of the **.cd** file and likely causes.

1592: cd file *file* too small?!

See error 1588 for a description of the **.cd** file and likely causes.

1593: rite error

Write to output file failed. (f)

1594: internal consistency check fails

Please contact customer support.

1595: illegal arg to *function name*

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1596: test version of compiler: File is too big!

This error is generated when certain limits in an evaluation copy of the compiler are exceeded. (f)

1597: test version of compiler: Can't continue!

This error is generated when certain limits in an evaluation copy of the compiler are exceeded. (f)

1598: no matching asm pattern exists

While scanning an **asm** macro, no storage-mode-line matching the given parameters was found. See the User's Guide for more information on embedding assembly code.

1599: expression too complex. Try to simplify

Can occur if an expression is too complex to compile. Should not happen on most modern processors. Can occur on a processor with few registers and no built-in stack support. (f)

1600: no table entry found!

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1601: address taken in initializer (PIC)

Position-independent code. A static initializer containing the address of a variable or string has been found when generating position-independent code. Such address values cannot be position-independent. (w) or (e) depending on whether **-Xstatic-addr-warning** or **-Xstatic-addr-error** is used.

1602: variable ... is incomplete

A variable is defined with a type that is incomplete. (e)

```
struct a; struct a b;
```

1603: logic error in *internal-identification*

The compiler has detected an internal error. May result from other errors reported earlier. If the problem does not appear to be a consequence of some earlier error, please report it to Customer Support. (f)

1604: useless assignment to variable *identifier*. Assigned value not used

The variable assignment has no effect, since the assigned value is not used. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. (w)

```
fun(){ int i=1; }
```

1605: not enough memory for reaching analysis

Certain optimizations, called "reaching analysis", will be skipped if the host machine cannot provide enough memory to execute them. The compiler continues, but produces less than optimal code. (w)

1606: conditional expression or part of it is always true/false

A conditional test is made, but the results will always be the same. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. (w)

```
int main(){ int i = 3; if (i < 6) return 4;
                }
```

1607: variable *name* is used before set

During optimization, the compiler discovers a variable that is used before it is set. (w)

```
func() { int a; if (a == 0) ... }
```

1608: variable *identifier* might be used before set

A variable may have been used before it was given a value. (w)

```
fun(){ int i,j; i = j;      // j is used before
                        set }
```

1609: illegal option **-D*invalid_name***

The preprocessor was invoked with the **-D** option and an invalid name. Names must start with a letter or underscore. (w)

1611: argument list not terminated

The end of the source file was found in a macro argument list. (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1612: EOF inside **#if**

The source file ended before a terminating **#endif** was found to match an earlier **#if** or **#ifdef**. If not caused by a missing **#endif**, then it is frequently caused by an unclosed comment or unclosed string. (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1617: syntax error in **#if**

The expression in an **#if** directive is incorrect, (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

```
#if a *
```

1618: too complex **#if expression**

The expression in an **#if** directive overflowed an internal stack. This is unlikely to happen in the absence of other errors, (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1619: include nesting too deep

The preprocessor cannot nest header files deeper than 100 levels, (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1621: can't find header file *unknown*

The preprocessor cannot find a file named in an **#include** directive. (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1622: found **#elif, **#else**, or **endif** without **#if****

Found an **#elif**, **#else**, or **#endif** directive without a matching **#if** or **#ifdef**. (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1623: bad **include syntax**

The **#include** directive is not followed by **<** or **"** or the filename is too long. (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1624, 1625: illegal macro name illegal macro definition

Macro names and arguments must start with a letter or underscore, (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1626: illegal redefinition of *macro_name*

`__LINE__`, `__FILE__`, `__DATE__`, `__TIME__`, `defined`, and `__STDC__` cannot be redefined, (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1627: macro *macro name* redefined

The macro was previously defined. (w)

```
#define PI 3.14 #define PI 3.1416
```

1629: undefined control

Undefined or unsupported directive found after `#`, (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

```
#pragmo
```

1630: illegal assert name

An **#assert** name must be an identifier and must be preceded by a `"#"` character, (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

1631: macro *identifier*: argument mismatch

Either too few or too many arguments supplied when using a macro, (w) if **-Xpcc**, (e) otherwise.

```
#define M(a,b) (a+b)
i = M(1,2,3);
```

1632: recursive macro *macro name*

A recursive macro has been detected. The error occurs when the macro substitution occurs, line 4 in this case: (e)

```
#define max(A,B) A>B ? A : max(A,B) main(){
    int i=1,j=2,k; k = max(i,j); // Reports error for this line.
}
```

1633: parse error

The compiler was not able to parse the expression. (e)

```
x = multiply(y, ); // Comma, but no second
                  argument main() // Typed } instead of )
```

1635: license error: *error message*

An error occurred when checking the license for the software tools. The error message describes the problem (no server for this feature, etc.). Please refer to your Getting Started manual or contact Customer Support. (f)

1638: illegal error level *error level* in option *option name*

The **-exn** option was used with an invalid error level. The **-e** option is used for increasing the severity of error messages for a particular error. (w)

```
dcc -e99 test.c // 99 is invalid error
                level
```

1640: illegal error message number *message number*

The **-exn** option was used with an invalid error message number. The **-e** option is used for increasing the severity of error messages for a particular error. (w)

```
dcc -ew10000 test.c // There is no message
                    number 10000
```

1641: cannot reduce severity of error message number below error level

For example:

```
% dcc -ew1614 test.c warning (dcc:1641): Cannot
    reduce severity of message 1641 below "error"
```

1643: narrowing or signed-to-unsigned type conversion found: type to type

A type conversion from signed to unsigned, or a narrowing type conversion has been found. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. (w)

```
main(){ int i; char c; c = i; }
```

1647: non-string method invocation expression on string object expression

This error indicates a mismatch between an invocation and the declaration of a method.

For example, non-**const** method invocation in **const** object. Methods of **const** objects must be **const**.

```
class C { int i; public: f() { i = 12; } C() {}
    }; const C c; main() { c.f(); } "x.cpp", line 11: error (1647):
    non-const method invocation f() on const object c
```

1657: initializer method name initializes neither a direct base nor a member

Only classes that are direct bases or **virtual** bases can be used in a member initializer. (e)

```
struct A { A(int); };
    struct B : public A { B(int); }; struct C : public B {
    C(int i) : A(i) {} // Can't initialize A here };
```

1663: inline of function does not occur in routine function - try increasing value of -Xinline

This warning is generated whenever the **inline** keyword is specified but the compiler does not inline the function. Increasing the value of **-Xinline** or **-Xparse-size** can help, but there are other reasons for not inlining a function.

1665: long long bit-fields are not supported

long long cannot be used with bit-fields. (w)

```
struct { long long story:3; }
```

1671: non-portable behavior: operands of type are promoted to unsigned type only in non-ANSI mode

When a non-ANSI compilation mode is used, for example, **-Xpcc**, this warning appears when the compiler selects an unsigned integral type for an expression which would have been signed under ANSI mode. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used. Use **-Xlint=0x200** to suppress this message. (w)

1672: scope of tag tag is only this declaration/definition

The tag referred to in a parameter list does not have a prior definition. (w)

```
/* struct bar does not have a definition before
    this point */ foo(struct bar a);
```

1674: template argument argument should be pointer/reference to object with external linkage

Arguments for template functions need to be pointers or references to objects with external linkage. (e)

```
template <class T, int& Size> class
    Base { .... }; class A { ... } ; static int local_linkage_int;
    Base<A, local_linkage_int> ob;
```

1675: sizeof expression assumed to contain type-id type-id (use "typename")

When a **type-id** is used in a **sizeof** expression, the compiler assumes that this is intended; otherwise a typename should be used instead. (w)

```
template <class T, int& Size> class
    Base { ... void incr() { Size = Size + sizeof(A); } ... };
```

1676: class *class* is abstract because it doesn't override pure virtual function

A class that has un-overridden pure virtual functions is an "abstract class" and cannot be instantiated. (i)

1679: no definition found for inline function *function*

The template member function referred to has no definition. (w)

1680: delete called on incomplete type *type*

The **delete** operator is called on a pointer to a type whose full declaration has been deferred. (w)

1682: "(unsigned) long long" type is not supported by the ANSI standard

The ANSI standard does not support the **long long** type. (w; future error)

```
long long x;
```

1683: non-int bit-fields are not supported by the ANSI standard

The ANSI standard allows bit-fields of integer type only. (w; future error)

```
struct foo { char x:2; };
```

1684: vector must occur before any other type specifiers

This message is specific to the Altivec target.

The **vector** keyword should occur before any other type specifier. (e)

```
int vector b;
```

1685: pixel can only be specified as part of a vector type

This message is specific to the Altivec target.

The **pixel** keyword cannot be used for declarations outside a vector type. (e)

```
vector b; pixel c;
```

1686: long keyword for vector types is deprecated

This message is specific to the Altivec target.

The **long** keyword for vector types has been deprecated. (w)

```
vector long b;
```

1687: vector pixel should have no other type specifiers

This message is specific to the Altivec target.

No other types are allowed in the declaration of a vector pixel. (e)

```
vector unsigned short pixel a; vector unsigned
    int pixel b;
```


1688: vector float cannot have bool specifier

This message is specific to the AltiVec target.

A vector float cannot have a **bool** specifier. (e)

```
vector float bool c;
```

1689: vector name is an invalid vector type

This message is specific to the AltiVec target.

An invalid vector type is defined. (e)

```
struct X {      int a; }; vector struct X
                        checking;
```

1691: vec_step is only valid for vector types

This message is specific to the AltiVec target.

vec_step can be called only with vector types. (e)

```
int j = vec_step(char const);
```

1692: vector initialization may only contain constants

This message is specific to the AltiVec target.

A vector initialization should contain constants only. (e)

```
int c; vector int A = (vector int) (1, c, 3,
                                   4);
```

1693: vector initialization - not enough initializer constants

This message is specific to the AltiVec target.

Too few initializer constants are specified for a vector. (e)

```
vector int A = (vector int) (1, 2,
                             3);
```

1694: vector initialization - too many initializer constants

This message is specific to the AltiVec target.

Too many initializer constants are specified for a vector. (e)

```
vector int A = (vector int) (1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
                             6);
```

1695: vector arguments can only be passed to vector intrinsics or functions with prototypes

This message is specific to the AltiVec target.

Vector arguments can be sent only to intrinsic functions or functions that have already been defined or declared. (e)

```
vector int A; /* foo has no definition or
               prototype till this point    and is not an intrinsic function */
               foo(A);
```

1696: intrinsic function name must have n argument(s)

The number of arguments passed to an intrinsic function is incorrect. (e)

```
int a, b; ... a = __ffl(a, b);
```

1697: invalid types on arguments to intrinsic function name

An argument of an invalid type is passed to an intrinsic function. (e)

```
char *ptr; int a; ... a =
    __ffl(ptr);
```

1698: the number i argument to intrinsic function name must be an unsigned constant less than n

This message is specific to the AltiVec target.

The argument passed to the intrinsic function should be less than the specified value. (e)

```
int a; vector unsigned long B, C; ... C =
    vec_splat(B, a);
```

1699: the number i argument to intrinsic function name must be a signed constant between n and m

This message is specific to the AltiVec target.

The argument passed to the intrinsic function should be within the specified range of values. (e)

1700: implicit intrinsic function name must have n argument(s) - when the intrinsic is enabled, optional user prototype must match

When an enabled intrinsic function is redefined, the number of arguments must be the same. (e)

```
unsigned int __ffl(unsigned int x, unsigned int
    y) { ... }
```

1701: invalid types on prototype to intrinsic function name - when the intrinsic is enabled, optional user prototype must match

When an enabled intrinsic function is redefined, the prototypes must match. (e)

```
unsigned int __ffl(int a) { ... }
```

1702: prototype return type of intrinsic function name should be type - when the intrinsic is enabled, optional user prototype must match

When an enabled intrinsic function is redefined, the return type must match. (e)

```
void __ffl(unsigned int a) { ... }
```

1703: function name matches intrinsic function name - rename function or disable the intrinsic with -Xintrinsic-mask

A function with the same name as an intrinsic function has been defined. The function should be renamed or intrinsic functions should be disabled. (w)

```
unsigned int __ffl(unsigned int x) { ...
    }
```

1704: structure or union cannot contain a member with an incomplete type

Structures or unions should not contain fields of incomplete type. (w; future error)

```
struct x { void a; };
```

1707: invalid pointer cast/assignment from/to __X mem/ __Y mem

The pointer assignment is invalid because it is between locations in two different memory banks. (e)

1708: cannot take address of an intrinsic function

An intrinsic function, which represents a specific CPU instruction, has no location in memory.

1709: unsupported GNU Extension : inline assembler code

The compiler does not translate extended GNU inline assembler syntax (such as register usage specification). (e)

1710: macro *macroname*: vararg argument count does not match. expected *n* or more but given *m*

Too few arguments are passed to a **vararg** macro. (w)

```
#define TEST_INFO_1(fmt, val, ...) printf(fmt,
                                   val, __VA_ARGS__) ... TEST_INFO_1("val1 = %d, val2 = %d",
                                   12);
```

1711: undefined identifier *identifier* used in constant expression

An undefined macro name occurs in a **#if** preprocessor directive. To disable this warning, use **-Xmacro-undefined-warn**. (w)

```
#if (FooDef1 == FooDef2) # ...
                          #endif
```

1712: only vector literals may be used in vector initializations

Vectors can be initialized only with vector constants. (e)

```
vector<int> a[2] = {1, 2};
```

1713: invalid assert name *name***1714: invalid macro name *name*****1715: no input file given****1716: memory unavailable****1717: unterminated comment****1718: unterminated character or string constant****1719: duplicate parameter name *param* in macro *macro*****1720: implicit include file "*file*" not found****1721: missing ">" in '#include <*filename*> syntax"****1722: junk after "#include <*filename*>"****1723: junk after "#include "*filename*"****1724: "#include" expects <*filename*> or "*filename*"****1725: #if nesting too deep****1726: #include file nesting too deep. possible recursion****1727: unmatched *condition*. block starts on line *n***

- 1728: unmatched** *condition*
- 1729: unbalanced** *condition*
- 1730: undefined control after** *expr*
- 1731: EOF inside #... conditional**
- 1732, 1733: illformed macro parameter list in macro** *macro*
- 1734: invalid macro name** *name*
- 1735: invalid argument to macro**
- 1736: illformed macro invocation**
- 1737: invalid assert name** *name*
- 1738: "##" at start of macro definition**
- 1739: "#" precedes non macro argument name or empty argument**
- 1740: macro** *macro* **: argument count does not match. expected** *n* **but given** *m*
- 1741: redefinition of macro** "*macro*". **previously defined here**
- 1742: predefined macro** *macro* **redefined**
- 1743: empty token-sequence in "#assert"**
- 1744: no closing ")" in "#assert"**
- 1745: garbage at the end of "#assert"**
- 1746: invalid number in #line**
- 1747: only a string is allowed after #line** *<num>*
- 1748: string expected after #error**
- 1749: string expected after #ident**
- 1750: # directive not understood**
- 1751: "defined" without an identifier**
- 1752: no closing ")" in "defined"**
- 1753: bad digit in number**
- 1754: bad number in #if...**
- 1755: floating point number not allowed in #if...**
- 1756: wide character constant value undefined**
- 1757: undefined escape sequence in character constant**
- 1758: empty character constant**

1759: multi-character character constant

1760: octal character constant does not fit in a byte

1761: hex character constant does not fit in a byte

1762: character constant taken as unsigned

1763: garbage at the end of *condition* argument

1764: illegal identifier *identifier* in *condition*

1767: can't find include file *file* in the include path

1768: invalid "vector bool" constant, valid values 0, 1 or -1

1769: the called object is not a function

1770: array is too large

There is a physical limitation on the amount of space that can be allocated for an array. (e)

1771: reserved identifiers "__FUNCTION__" and "__PRETTY_FUNCTION__" may only be used inside a function

The special identifiers `__FUNCTION__` and `__PRETTY_FUNCTION__`, which return the name of the current function, can be used only within a function. (e)

1772: possible redundant expression

The compiler has encountered a valid but redundant operation, such as `x&x`. This message appears if the `-Xlint` option is used. (w)

1773: quoted section name cannot be empty, set to: *default name*

Quoted section names cannot be empty (`""` or `" "`). For example,

```
.section " ", 4, rx
```

will be changed to:

```
.section "default_section_name", 4, rx
```

where the default section name is determined by context. (w)

1774: asm macro must be completed with "}" in the very first position

An `asm` macro must conclude with a right brace (`"}"`) in the first column of a new line. The example below shows a valid `asm` macro. (e)

```
asm void setsr (unsigned short value) {
                                %mem    value;    move.w  value,d0    move.w  d0,sr }
```

1775: deprecated use of constructor/destructor ignored, use attribute keyword

The compiler encountered an initialization or finalization function declared with the obsolete prefix `_STI__nn_` or `_STD__nn_`. Use the `__attribute__` keyword to identify initialization and finalization functions, or specify `-Xinit-section=2` to use old-style initialization and finalization sections. (f)

1776: constructor/destructor priority out of range (*number*)

The specified priority is out of range. The default range is 0-65535; but if `-Xinit-section=2` is enabled, the range is 0-99. (e)

1777: default constructor/destructor priority out of range, setting to lowest

The priority for default constructors and destructors has been set with **-Xinit-section-default-pri** to a value that is out of range. The default range is 0-65535; but if **-Xinit-section=2** is enabled, the range is 0-99. (w)

1778: option -Xc++-old is deprecated and dtoa will be removed in a future release

-Xc++-old, which invokes an obsolete version of the C++ compiler, will not be supported indefinitely. Legacy projects should be ported to the latest C++ compiler. See the User's Guide for more information. (w)

1779: CODE section without execute access mode: *section-name*

A **CODE** section has been created with a specified access mode that does not include execute permission. For example:

```
#pragma section CODE ".SOME_CODE_SECTION" RW
                        far-code
```

In this example, **RW** (read-write) is not a valid access mode, since a **CODE** section must allow execution. **X** (execute) should be added to the access mode. (e)

1780: non-int bitfields not allowed in packed structures

Bit-fields of type **char** or **short** are nonstandard. Depending on the compilation target, such bit-fields can result in faulty code when they occur in packed structures. Code such as this, therefore, should be avoided:

```
struct { ... unsigned short foo:11; ... }
        __attribute__((packed)) struct1
```

int bit-fields are allowed in packed structures; therefore, in this example, the **unsigned short** should be replaced with an **int**. (e)

1781: absolute only supported with const int

__attribute__((“absolute”)) can only be used with variables of type **const int**. (e)

1782: *item* is deprecated - *message*

This warning is issued if a function, variable, or type has been marked by the user as deprecated (with **__attribute__((deprecated))**), but is nonetheless referenced. *message* is an optional user-authored string. (w)

1783: Inlining function *function* from file *file*

This is an informational message that reports when the function *function* in the file *file* is being inlined during cross-module optimization. (i)

1784: Not inlining function from exclude list

This is an informational message only. This message appears if you have compiled with **-Xcmo-exclude-inline** and *function* is one of the functions to be excluded from cross-module optimization. (i)

1785:

(The error message with this number is no longer generated.)

1786: -Xpic not supported in specified target environment

An attempt was made to use the **-Xpic** option, but **-Xpic** does not work for the chosen targeted environment. **-Xpic** is intended for the VxWorks RTP application environment, and so should be used with the targeted environment **rtp** only. (f)

1787: Incorrectly promoting bitfield to unsigned int for backwards compatibility (for standards-compliant bitfield promotion please use -Xstrict-bitfield-promotions=1)

When a bit-field occurs in an expression where an **int** is expected, the compiler promotes the bit-field to a larger integral type. According to the ANSI standard, such a promotion should be value-preserving, but not necessarily sign-preserving. Specifically, an unsigned bit-field (of size < 32 bits) should be promoted to a signed **int** because the value fits into a signed **int**.

This warning indicates that the sign is being preserved (which was the case for pre-ANSI compilers). Use **-Xstrict-bitfield-promotions=1** to ensure that bit-fields are promoted according to standard.

1788: inline function *inline_function* is never used

A **static** function was declared as **inline** but was not called. This message appears if the **-Xlint** option is used.

This warning appears for C89 code only. Note that for C89, the function must be declared using **#pragma inline** and compiled using optimization (**-XO**). For more information, see also [#tmt1501705396361__dt1517 on page 32](#), and the sections on inline pragmas in the User's Guide. (w)

1789: #pragma use_section *section section_type* conflicts with earlier use_section for same variable

A variable can only be assigned to one section. In this case **#pragma use_section** has been used more than once with the same variable. In such cases, the final **use_section** directive applies. (w)

1790: Incorrect struct/union/enum specifier in 'type1 struct_name' (expected 'type2')

The wrong type has been applied to a **struct**, **union**, or **enum**. (e)

For example:

```
union U {      int x;      int y; }; struct U
              u; /* ERROR */
```

1791: /*' within comment. nested comment is not allowed

A "begin-comment" token (/*) follows another begin-comment token before an end-comment token (*/) is reached. Nesting of comments is not allowed; the second begin-comment token is ignored. (w)

1792: trying to assign 'ptr to volatile' to 'ptr'

An attempt has been made to assign a "pointer to **volatile**" to a pointer. (e)

It is illegal in C to assign a pointer to a variable that has a less restrictive type (with the exception that a **void *** pointer can be assigned a variable of any other pointer type). Qualifiers like **const** and **volatile** restrict the semantics of the objects they apply to. Thus it is permissible to assign a pointer to a "pointer to **volatile**," but not the other way around:

```
volatile int * pVolatile; int *p; int main()
                           volatile int * qVolatile = p; /* OK */      int * q = pVolat
ile;
                           /* ERROR */ }
```

If you really need to remove a **const** or **volatile** qualifier (and understand the implications of doing so), use an explicit cast.

1793: conflicting types for section *section*:

An attempt has been made to mix types of information in a single object-file section; for example, constant data (such as a string constant) into a section reserved for code or variables.

In this example, the compiler assumes from the first statement that the section **.mydata** is intended to be of the **DATA** section class, whereas the second statement assumes that **.mydata** will be a **CONST** section class:

```
__attribute__((section(".mydata"))) int var =
1; __attribute__((section(".mydata"))) const int const_var =
2;
```

1794: expensive optimizations disabled for function '*function*': size (*function_size*) > size specified with -Xopt-limit (-*Xopt_limit_size*)

Example:

```
"application.cpp", line 491609: warning (etoa:1794): expensive optimizations disabled for function '_foo': size (357930) > size specified with -Xopt-limit (10000)
```

1795: Semicolon found in assembly statement but neither -Xsemi-is-newline nor -Xsemi-is-comment has been specified

1796: __thread not supported in the specified target environment

1797: __thread variable used in initializer

1798: Unexpected flag for intrinsic function prototype. *diagnostic_message*

1799: function 'function' is marked 'inline' but has no body (and so cannot be inlined)

1800: [-Xwhole-program-optim: diagnostic_message]

Examples:

```
info (dcc:1800): [-Xwhole-program-optim:Recompiling module a.c (from information stored at offset 224 in a.o)]
info (dcc:1800): [-Xwhole-program-optim:Recompiling function foo]
```

1801: -Xwhole-program-optim: fatal_error_message

Examples:

```
fatal error (dcc:1801): -Xwhole-program-optim: in ModuleReader: cannot open file fileName for reading
fatal error (dcc:1801): -Xwhole-program-optim: in ModuleWriter: cannot open file fileName for writing
```

1802: -Xcmo-use and -Xcmo-gen are now deprecated. Please use -Xwhole-program-optim instead

1803: Addressing mode incompatible with -Xpic

1804: Recursion detected in function having __attribute__((always_inline))

1805: Recursion detected for function marked __attribute__((flatten))

1811: the alignment of auto variable *x* exceeds frame alignment size *n*

A variable has been declared with a size that exceeds alignment boundaries. For example, if the default alignment boundary is 16 bytes, the following code will cause this error to be issued:

```
extern void goo(int*); int main(void) { int
                                var __attribute__((aligned(32))); /* exceeds alignment */
                                goo(&var); printf("var 0x%x\n", var); }
```

1812: call to asm macro (ASM_FUNC) that is defined in a different compilation unit

Using assembler macros across compilation units usually causes the linker to produce an error message, because assembler macros are handled local to their own compilation units. However, the **-Xwhole-program-optim** option provides cross-module optimization during link time. This error indicates that one compilation unit calls an assembler macro from a different compilation unit. Disabling the error (with **-ei1812**) or reducing the error to a warning level (**-ew1812**) will pull in the assembler macro like an externally defined function. (An assembler macro definition in one file may be used in many files.)

1813: Vectored {fast} interrupts are not supported on this target

This error message may apply to fast interrupts or to interrupts in general.

1814: Interrupt vector must be non-negative

1815: function *function* not inlined as *reason*

Examples:

```
info (dcc:1815): function test not inlined as callee has ASM macro
info (dcc:1815): function fibonacci not inlined as callee has asm(string)
```

1816: Unbalanced '(' or '[' or '{' in asm macro**1817: taking address of a cast expression is not legal in ANSI C, even if the cast is not size-changing****1819: Prototype mismatch while trying to inline call to '*function*' - please fix prototype, otherwise no further inlining will be performed for this file, due to inlining plan failure!!****1820: optimizations will only be done at link-time, due to -Xwhole-program-optim. To optimize at both compile time and link time, use -Xwhole-program-optim=3.****1821: routine is both "fastcall" and "nofastcall" ("nofastcall" assumed)****1822: argument *arg_#* in call to intrinsic *function* must be a compile-time constant**

Example:

```
line 30: error (etoa:1822): argument 2 in call to intrinsic _foo must be a compile-time constant
```

1823: Invalid LTO group name (-Xlto-group='*lto_group_name*'). The name can only include alphanumeric characters and '_'.

Example:

```
line 12: error (dcc:1823): Invalid LTO group name (-Xlto-group='Group-A'). The name can only include alphanumeric characters and '_'.
```

1824: explicit cast from '*type1*' to '*type2*' discards volatile qualifier

You are trying to cast a type with a volatile qualifier to one that doesn't have one. Example:

```
volatile int x;

int* f(void)
{
    return (int*)&x;
}

$ dcc -tPPCEH:windiss -c vol.c
"vol.c", line 5: warning (dcc:1824): explicit cast from 'ptr-to-volatile int' to 'ptr-to-int' discards volatile qualifier
```

1825: incomplete type is not allowed**1827: array element size (*array_size*) incompatible with requested element alignment (*base_size*) - elements will only be *element_aligned-byte* aligned.**

Example:

```
array element size (6) incompatible with requested element alignment (32) - elements will only be 2-byte aligned
```

1828: SSP - in function 'function', variable 'varname' is still vulnerable after stack reordering because of its struct layout

1829: SSP - alloca() used in function 'function'

1830: SSP enabled on 'function' because reason

Examples:

```
info (dcc:1830): SSP enabled on 'foo' because has __attribute__((stack_protect))
info (dcc:1830): SSP enabled on 'bar' because -Xstack-protection-all
```

1831: Stack Smashing Protection is not supported on this target

2274: enumerated type mixed with another type

A variable of enumerated type is assigned a value of another type, such that the resulting value might be outside of the enumeration of the enumerated type.

```
//assume two different enumerated types e_Enum1 and e_Enum2
e_Enum1 enum1;
e_Enum2 enum2;
int noenum;

enum1=enum2; //2274: value of enum2 might not fall into enumeration of e_Enum1
enum2=enum1; //2274: value of enum1 might not fall into enumeration of e_Enum2
enum2=noenum; //2274: value of noenum might not fall into enumeration of e_Enum2
noenum=enum1; //OK
```

3. Messages Generated by etoa

The messages in this section are generated by **etoa**, which is the default frontend for C++, and which may be invoked for C with the **-Xc-new** option.

Messages generated by the default C compiler, **ctoa**, are listed in [Compiler Message Format on page 1](#).

No further documentation is currently available for these messages. If a message is unclear, contact Customer Support.

The severity of some C++ diagnostics (information, warning, error, or fatal) varies according to the circumstances under which the message is generated.

- Ignore/Information (i) - The compiler is making a note about a non-serious issue with the source.
- Internal (in) - The compiler has detected an internal error that may have resulted from other errors reported earlier. If this appears to be unrelated to a previous error, please contact Customer Support.
- Fatal/Severe (f) - The compiler has detected a serious error in the source. The compilation attempt is terminated.
- Error (e) - The compiler has detected a serious error in the source. More errors may be reported after the first as a consequence of an attempt to recover from the error condition.
- Warning (w) - The compiler has detected a potential problem with the source and while not critical to continue code generation, this may result in undesired behavior.
- Deprecated (d) - This message is not generated, but has not been removed from in order to preserve the error numbers.

2273: suspicious extension of a 32-bit value when assigned to a 64-bit integral type (potential portability problem).

This error number is generated for previous versions.

- 4000: unknown error** (i)
- 4001: last line of file ends without a newline** (i)
- 4002: last line of file ends with a backslash** (i)
- 4003: #include file "xxxx" includes itself** (f)
- 4004: out of memory** (f)
- 4005: could not open source file "xxxx"** (d)
- 4006: comment unclosed at end of file** (e)
- 4007: unrecognized token** (i)(w)
- 4008: missing closing quote** (i)(w)
- 4009: nested comment is not allowed** (w)
- 4010: "#" not expected here** (i)
- 4011: unrecognized preprocessing directive** (w)
- 4012: parsing restarts here after previous syntax error** (e)(w)
- 4013: expected a file name** (e)(w)
- 4014: extra text after expected end of preprocessing directive** (w)
- 4015: "xxxx" is not a file containing source text** (d)
- 4016: "xxxx" is not a valid source file name** (d)
- 4017: expected a "]"** (i)
- 4018: expected a ")"** (i)
- 4019: extra text after expected end of number** (e)(w)
- 4020: identifier "xxxx" is undefined** (e)
- 4021: type qualifiers are meaningless in this declaration** (w)
- 4022: invalid hexadecimal number** (e)(w)
- 4023: integer constant is too large** (e)(w)
- 4024: invalid octal digit** (e)(w)
- 4025: quoted string should contain at least one character** (i)
- 4026: too many characters in character constant** (i)
- 4027: character value is out of range** (w)
- 4028: expression must have a constant value** (e)
- 4029: expected an expression** (e)

4030: floating constant is out of range (w)

4031: expression must have integral type (e)(w)

Note that a **switch** statement must be an integer that fits into a **long** (e.g., for 32-bit targets it must fit into 32 bits). On 32-bit targets **long long** values will be truncated, while pointer values are not allowed by etoa and will produce this error.

See also Error 1122 in [Messages Generated by ctoa on page 3](#).

4032: expression must have arithmetic type (i)

4033: expected a line number (e)

4034: invalid line number (e)

4035: #error directive: xxxx (f)

4036: the #if for this directive is missing (e)

4037: the #endif for this directive is missing (e)

4038: directive is not allowed -- an #else has already appeared (w)

4039: division by zero (e)(w)

4040: expected an identifier (e)(w)

4041: expression must have arithmetic or pointer type (e)(w)

4042: operand types are incompatible (type and type) (e)(w)

4043: expression must have integral or pointer type (d)

4044: expression must have pointer type (i)

4045: #undef may not be used on this predefined name (w)

4046: this predefined name may not be redefined (i)

4047: incompatible redefinition of macro entity (i)

4048: cast between pointer-to-object and pointer-to-function (d)

4049: duplicate macro parameter name (e)

4050: "##" may not be first in a macro definition (e)

4051: "##" may not be last in a macro definition (e)

4052: expected a macro parameter name (e)

4053: expected a ":" (e)

4054: too few arguments in macro invocation (w)

4055: too many arguments in macro invocation (w)

4056: operand of sizeof may not be a function (e)(w)

4057: this operator is not allowed in a constant expression (e)

4058: this operator is not allowed in a preprocessing expression (e)

4059: function call is not allowed in a constant expression (i)

4060: this operator is not allowed in an integral constant expression (e)

4061: integer operation result is out of range (e)

4062: shift count is negative (i)

4063: shift count is too large (i)

4064: declaration does not declare anything (w)

4065: expected a ";" (e)

4066: enumeration value is out of "int" range (e)(w)

4067: expected a "}" (e)

4068: integer conversion resulted in a change of sign (i)

4069: integer conversion resulted in truncation (w)

4070: incomplete type is not allowed (e)

4071: operand of sizeof may not be a bit field (i)

4072: operand of "&" may not be a constant (d)

4073: operand of "&" in an initializer must be static (d)

4074: invalid operand of "&" (d)

4075: operand of "*" must be a pointer (w)

4076: argument to macro is empty (w)

4077: this declaration has no storage class or type specifier (e)

4078: a parameter declaration may not have an initializer (e)

4079: expected a type specifier (e)

4080: a storage class may not be specified here (e)

4081: more than one storage class may not be specified (e)

4082: storage class is not first (i)

4083: type qualifier specified more than once (e)(w)

4084: invalid combination of type specifiers (e)

4085: invalid storage class for a parameter (w)

4086: invalid storage class for a function (e)

4087: a type specifier may not be used here (e)

- 4088: array of functions is not allowed (e)**
- 4089: array of void is not allowed (e)**
- 4090: function returning function is not allowed (e)**
- 4091: function returning array is not allowed (e)**
- 4092: identifier-list parameters may only be used in a function definition (e)**
- 4093: function type may not come from a typedef (e)**
- 4094: the size of an array must be greater than zero (e)**
- 4095: array is too large (e)**
- 4096: a translation unit must contain at least one declaration (i)**
- 4097: a function may not return a value of this type (e)**
- 4098: an array may not have elements of this type (e)**
- 4099: a declaration here must declare a parameter (e)(w)**
- 4100: duplicate parameter name (e)**
- 4101: "xxxx" has already been declared in the current scope (e)**
- 4102: forward declaration of enum type is nonstandard (w)**
- 4103: class is too large (i)**
- 4104: struct or union is too large (i)**
- 4105: invalid size for bit field (e)**
- 4106: invalid type for a bit field (e)**
- 4107: zero-length bit field must be unnamed (e)(w)**
- 4108: signed bit field of length 1 (w)**
- 4109: expression must have (pointer-to-) function type**
- 4110: expected either a definition or a tag name**
- 4111: statement is unreachable**
- 4112: expected "while"**
- 4113: this use of a default argument is nonstandard**
- 4114: *entity-kind "entity"* was referenced but not defined**
- 4115: a continue statement may only be used within a loop**
- 4116: a break statement may only be used within a loop or switch**
- 4117: non-void *entity-kind "entity"* should return a value**

- 4118: a void function may not return a value**
- 4119: cast to type "*type*" is not allowed**
- 4120: return value type does not match the function type**
- 4121: a case label may only be used within a switch**
- 4122: a default label may only be used within a switch**
- 4123: case label value has already appeared in this switch**
- 4124: default label has already appeared in this switch**
- 4125: expected a "("**
- 4126: expression must be an lvalue**
- 4127: expected a statement**
- 4128: loop is not reachable from preceding code**
- 4129: a block-scope function may only have extern storage class**
- 4130: expected a "{"**
- 4131: expression must have pointer-to-class type**
- 4132: expression must have pointer-to-struct-or-union type**
- 4133: expected a member name**
- 4134: expected a field name**
- 4135: *entity-kind "entity"* has no member "*xxxx*"**
- 4136: *entity-kind "entity"* has no field "*xxxx*"**
- 4137: expression must be a modifiable lvalue**
- 4138: taking the address of a register variable is not allowed**
- 4139: taking the address of a bit field is not allowed**
- 4140: too many arguments in function call**
- 4141: unnamed prototyped parameters not allowed when body is present**
- 4142: expression must have pointer-to-object type**
- 4143: program too large or complicated to compile**
- 4144: a value of type "*type*" cannot be used to initialize an entity of type "*type*"**
- 4145: *entity-kind "entity"* may not be initialized**
- 4146: too many initializer values**
- 4147: declaration is incompatible with *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line *xxxx*)**

- 4148:** *entity-kind "entity"* has already been initialized
- 4149:** a global-scope declaration may not have this storage class
- 4150:** a type name may not be redeclared as a parameter
- 4151:** a typedef name may not be redeclared as a parameter
- 4152:** conversion of nonzero integer to pointer
- 4153:** expression must have class type
- 4154:** expression must have struct or union type
- 4155:** old-fashioned assignment operator
- 4156:** old-fashioned initializer
- 4157:** expression must be an integral constant expression
- 4158:** expression must be an lvalue or a function designator
- 4159:** declaration is incompatible with previous *"entity"* (declared at line xxxx)
- 4160:** name conflicts with previously used external name *"xxxx"*
- 4161:** unrecognized `#pragma`
- 4162:** expression must have arithmetic, pointer, or void type
- 4163:** could not open temporary file *"xxxx"*
- 4164:** name of directory for temporary files is too long (*"xxxx"*)
- 4165:** too few arguments in function call
- 4166:** invalid floating constant
- 4167:** argument of type *"type"* is incompatible with parameter of type *"type"*
- 4168:** a function type is not allowed here
- 4169:** expected a declaration
- 4170:** pointer points outside of underlying object
- 4171:** invalid type conversion
- 4172:** external/internal linkage conflict with previous declaration
- 4173:** floating-point value does not fit in required integral type
- 4174:** expression has no effect
- 4175:** subscript out of range
- 4176:** constant string subscript out of range
- 4177:** *entity-kind "entity"* was declared but never referenced

- 4178: "&" applied to an array has no effect**
- 4179: right operand of "%" is zero**
- 4180: argument is incompatible with formal parameter**
- 4181: argument is incompatible with corresponding format string conversion**
- 4182: could not open source file "xxxx" (no directories in search list)**
- 4183: type of cast must be integral**
- 4184: type of cast must be arithmetic or pointer**
- 4185: dynamic initialization in unreachable code**
- 4186: comparison of unsigned integer with zero is always true/false**
- 4187: use of "=" where "==" may have been intended**
- 4188: enumerated type mixed with another type**
- 4189: error while writing xxxx file**
- 4190: invalid intermediate language file**
- 4191: type qualifier is meaningless on cast type**
- 4192: unrecognized character escape sequence**
- 4193: zero used for undefined preprocessing identifier**
- 4194: expected an asm string**
- 4195: an asm function must be prototyped**
- 4196: an asm function may not have an ellipsis**
- 4197: asm may only be used to declare a function**
- 4198: an asm function may not have a storage class**
- 4199: asm return value size does not match function return type**
- 4200: asm parameter size does not match function parameter size**
- 4201: expected a "%"**
- 4202: invalid combination of asm control specifiers**
- 4203: extra text after expected end of asm control line**
- 4204: expected an asm control specifier**
- 4205: this asm name is already defined**
- 4206: invalid register name**
- 4207: an asm parameter may not have void type**

4208: expected an asm type specification

4209: invalid asm type specification

4210: invalid asm type width

4211: invalid asm constant

4212: an asm temporary may not have this type

4213: this parameter may not be referenced because it has no type

4214: the return value may not be referenced because its type is void

4215: invalid register specifier

4216: an expansion leaf must have at least one expansion line

4217: the return value may not be referenced because it has no type

4218: the return value may not have this asm type

4219: error while deleting file "xxxx"

4220: integral value does not fit in required floating-point type

4221: floating-point value does not fit in required floating-point type

4222: floating-point operation result is out of range

4223: function declared implicitly

4224: the format string requires additional arguments

4225: the format string ends before this argument

4226: invalid format string conversion

4227: macro recursion

4228: trailing comma is nonstandard

4229: bit field cannot contain all values of the enumerated type

4230: nonstandard type for a bit field

4231: declaration is not visible outside of function

4232: old-fashioned typedef of "void" ignored

4233: left operand is not a struct or union containing this field

4234: pointer does not point to struct or union containing this field

4235: variable "xxxx" was declared with a never-completed type

4236: controlling expression is constant

4237: selector expression is constant

- 4238: invalid specifier on a parameter**
- 4239: invalid specifier outside a class declaration**
- 4240: duplicate specifier in declaration**
- 4241: a union is not allowed to have a base class**
- 4242: multiple access control specifiers are not allowed**
- 4243: class or struct definition is missing**
- 4244: qualified name is not a member of class "*type*" or its base classes**
- 4245: a nonstatic member reference must be relative to a specific object**
- 4246: a nonstatic data member may not be defined outside its class**
- 4247: *entity-kind "entity"* has already been defined**
- 4248: pointer to reference is not allowed**
- 4249: reference to reference is not allowed**
- 4250: reference to void is not allowed**
- 4251: array of reference is not allowed**
- 4252: reference *entity-kind "entity"* requires an initializer**
- 4253: expected a ",",**
- 4254: type name is not allowed**
- 4255: type definition is not allowed**
- 4256: invalid redeclaration of type name "*entity*" (declared at line xxxx)**
- 4257: *const entity-kind "entity"* requires an initializer**
- 4258: "this" may only be used inside a nonstatic member function**
- 4259: constant value is not known**
- 4260: explicit type is missing ("int" assumed)**
- 4261: access control not specified ("*xxxx*" by default)**
- 4262: not a class or struct name**
- 4263: duplicate base class name**
- 4264: invalid base class**
- 4265: *entity-kind "entity"* is inaccessible**
- 4266: "*entity*" is ambiguous**
- 4267: old-style parameter list (anachronism)**

- 4268: declaration may not appear after executable statement in block**
- 4269: implicit conversion to inaccessible base class "type" is not allowed**
- 4270: name is not a member of a base class of "xxxx"**
- 4271: access adjustment in a "private" section is not allowed**
- 4272: increasing an inherited member's access is not allowed**
- 4273: restricting an inherited member's access is not allowed**
- 4274: improperly terminated macro invocation**
- 4276: name followed by "::" must be a class or namespace name**
- 4277: invalid friend declaration**
- 4278: a constructor or destructor may not return a value**
- 4279: invalid destructor declaration**
- 4280: declaration of a member with the same name as its class**
- 4281: global-scope qualifier (leading "::") is not allowed**
- 4282: the global scope has no "xxxx"**
- 4283: qualified name is not allowed**
- 4284: NULL reference is not allowed**
- 4285: initialization with "{...}" is not allowed for object of type "type"**
- 4286: base class "type" is ambiguous**
- 4287: derived class "type" contains more than one instance of class "type"**
- 4288: cannot convert pointer to base class "type" to pointer to derived class "type" -- base class is virtual**
- 4289: no instance of constructor "entity" matches the argument list**
- 4290: copy constructor for class "type" is ambiguous**
- 4291: no default constructor exists for class "type"**
- 4292: "xxxx" is not a nonstatic data member or base class of class "type"**
- 4293: indirect nonvirtual base class is not allowed**
- 4294: invalid union member -- class "type" has a disallowed member function**
- 4295: cannot overload functions -- parameter types are too similar**
- 4296: invalid use of non-lvalue array**
- 4297: expected an operator**
- 4298: inherited member is not allowed**

- 4299: cannot determine which instance of *entity-kind "entity"* is intended**
- 4300: a pointer to a bound function may only be used to call the function**
- 4301: typedef name has already been declared (with same type)**
- 4302: *entity-kind "entity"* has already been defined**
- 4304: no instance of *entity-kind "entity"* matches the argument list**
- 4305: type definition is not allowed in function return type declaration**
- 4306: default argument not at end of parameter list**
- 4307: redefinition of default argument**
- 4308: more than one instance of *entity-kind "entity"* matches the argument list:**
- 4309: more than one instance of constructor *"entity"* matches the argument list:**
- 4310: default argument of type *"type"* is incompatible with parameter of type *"type"***
- 4311: cannot overload functions distinguished by return type alone**
- 4312: no suitable user-defined conversion from *"type"* to *"type"* exists**
- 4313: type qualifier is not allowed on this function**
- 4314: only nonstatic member functions may be virtual**
- 4315: the object has cv-qualifiers that are not compatible with the member function**
- 4316: program too large to compile (too many virtual functions)**
- 4317: return type is not identical to nor covariant with return type *"type"* of overridden virtual function *entity-kind "entity"***
- 4318: override of virtual *entity-kind "entity"* is ambiguous**
- 4319: pure specifier ("= 0") allowed only on virtual functions**
- 4320: badly-formed pure specifier (only "= 0" is allowed)**
- 4321: data member initializer is not allowed**
- 4322: object of abstract class type *"type"* is not allowed:**
- 4323: function returning abstract class *"type"* is not allowed:**
- 4324: duplicate friend declaration**
- 4325: inline specifier allowed on function declarations only**
- 4326: "inline" is not allowed**
- 4327: invalid storage class for an inline function**
- 4328: invalid storage class for a class member**
- 4329: local class member *entity-kind "entity"* requires a definition**

- 4330:** *entity-kind "entity" is inaccessible*
- 4331:** **direct path to base class "type" gives less access than indirect path**
- 4332:** **class "type" has no copy constructor to copy a const object**
- 4333:** **defining an implicitly declared member function is not allowed**
- 4334:** **class "type" has no suitable copy constructor**
- 4335:** **linkage specification is not allowed**
- 4336:** **unknown external linkage specification**
- 4337:** **linkage specification is incompatible with previous "entity" (declared at line xxxx)**
- 4338:** **more than one instance of overloaded function "entity" has "C" linkage**
- 4339:** **class "type" has more than one default constructor**
- 4340:** **value copied to temporary, reference to temporary used**
- 4341:** **"operatorxxxx" must be a member function**
- 4342:** **operator may not be a static member function**
- 4343:** **no arguments allowed on user-defined conversion**
- 4344:** **too many parameters for this operator function**
- 4345:** **too few parameters for this operator function**
- 4346:** **nonmember operator requires a parameter with class type**
- 4347:** **default argument is not allowed**
- 4348:** **more than one user-defined conversion from "type" to "type" applies:**
- 4349:** **no operator "xxxx" matches these operands**
- 4350:** **more than one operator "xxxx" matches these operands:**
- 4351:** **first parameter of allocation function must be of type "size_t"**
- 4352:** **allocation function requires "void *" return type**
- 4353:** **deallocation function requires "void" return type**
- 4354:** **first parameter of deallocation function must be of type "void *"**
- 4355:** **second parameter of deallocation function must be of type "size_t"**
- 4356:** **type must be an object type**
- 4357:** **base class "type" has already been initialized**
- 4358:** **base class name required -- "type" assumed (anachronism)**
- 4359:** *entity-kind "entity" has already been initialized*

- 4360: name of member or base class is missing**
- 4361: assignment to "this" (anachronism)**
- 4362: "overload" keyword used (anachronism)**
- 4363: invalid anonymous union -- nonpublic member is not allowed**
- 4364: invalid anonymous union -- member function is not allowed**
- 4365: anonymous union at global or namespace scope must be declared static**
- 4366: *entity-kind "entity"* provides no initializer for:**
- 4367: implicitly generated constructor for class "type" cannot initialize:**
- 4368: *entity-kind "entity"* defines no constructor to initialize the following:**
- 4369: *entity-kind "entity"* has an uninitialized const or reference member**
- 4370: *entity-kind "entity"* has an uninitialized const field**
- 4371: class "type" has no assignment operator to copy a const object**
- 4372: class "type" has no suitable assignment operator**
- 4373: ambiguous assignment operator for class "type"**
- 4374: const or volatile qualifier is not allowed**
- 4375: declaration requires a typedef name**
- 4376: unknown error**
- 4377: "virtual" is not allowed**
- 4378: "static" is not allowed**
- 4379: cast of bound function to normal function pointer (anachronism)**
- 4380: expression must have pointer-to-member type**
- 4381: extra ";" ignored**
- 4382: nonstandard member constant declaration (standard form is a static const integral member)**
- 4383: a pointer to const may not be deleted**
- 4384: no instance of overloaded "entity" matches the argument list**
- 4385: operator delete() may not be overloaded**
- 4386: no instance of *entity-kind "entity"* matches the required type**
- 4387: delete array size expression used (anachronism)**
- 4388: "operator->" for class "type1" returns invalid type "type2"**
- 4389: a cast to abstract class "type" is not allowed:**

- 4390: function "main" may not be called or have its address taken**
- 4391: a new-initializer may not be specified for an array**
- 4392: member function "entity" may not be redeclared outside its class**
- 4393: pointer to incomplete class type is not allowed**
- 4394: reference to local variable of enclosing function is not allowed**
- 4395: single-argument function used for postfix "xxxx" (anachronism)**
- 4397: implicitly generated assignment operator cannot copy:**
- 4398: cast to array type is nonstandard (treated as cast to "type")**
- 4399: entity-kind "entity" has an operator newxxxx() but no default operator deletexxxx()**
- 4400: entity-kind "entity" has a default operator deletexxxx() but no operator newxxxx()**
- 4401: destructor for base class "type" is not virtual**
- 4403: entity-kind "entity" has already been declared**
- 4404: function "main" may not be declared inline**
- 4405: member function with the same name as its class must be a constructor**
- 4406: using nested entity-kind "entity" (anachronism)**
- 4407: a destructor may not have parameters**
- 4408: copy constructor for class "type" may not have a parameter of type "type"**
- 4409: entity-kind "entity" returns incomplete type "type"**
- 4410: protected entity-kind "entity" is not accessible through a "type" pointer or object**
- 4411: a parameter is not allowed**
- 4412: an "asm" declaration is not allowed here**
- 4413: no suitable conversion function from "type" to "type" exists**
- 4414: delete of pointer to incomplete class**
- 4415: no suitable constructor exists to convert from "type" to "type"**
- 4416: more than one constructor applies to convert from "type" to "type":**
- 4417: more than one conversion function from "type" to "type" applies:**
- 4418: more than one conversion function from "type" to a built-in type applies:**
- 4424: a constructor or destructor may not have its address taken**
- 4425: dollar sign ("\$\$") used in identifier**
- 4426: temporary used for initial value of reference to non-const (anachronism)**

- 4427: qualified name is not allowed in member declaration**
- 4428: enumerated type mixed with another type (anachronism)**
- 4429: the size of an array in "new" must be non-negative**
- 4430: returning reference to local temporary**
- 4431: const qualifier dropped in initializing reference to non-const**
- 4432: "enum" declaration is not allowed**
- 4433: qualifiers dropped in binding reference of type "type" to initializer of type "type"**
- 4434: a reference of type "type" (not const-qualified) cannot be initialized with a value of type "type"**
- 4435: a pointer to function may not be deleted**
- 4436: conversion function must be a nonstatic member function**
- 4437: template declaration is not allowed here**
- 4438: expected a "<"**
- 4439: expected a ">"**
- 4440: template parameter declaration is missing**
- 4441: argument list for *entity-kind "entity"* is missing**
- 4442: too few arguments for *entity-kind "entity"***
- 4443: too many arguments for *entity-kind "entity"***
- 4444: template parameter for a function template must be a type**
- 4445: *entity-kind "entity"* is not used in declaring the parameter types of *entity-kind "entity"***
- 4446: two nested types have the same name: "entity" and "entity" (declared at line xxxx) (cfront compatibility)**
- 4447: global "entity" was declared after nested "entity" (declared at line xxxx) (cfront compatibility)**
- 4449: more than one instance of *entity-kind "entity"* matches the required type**
- 4450: the type "long long" is nonstandard**
- 4451: omission of "xxxx" is nonstandard**
- 4452: return type may not be specified on a conversion function**
- 4453: detected during:**
- 4456: excessive recursion at instantiation of *entity-kind "entity"***
- 4457: "xxxx" is not a function or static data member**
- 4458: argument of type "type" is incompatible with template parameter of type "type"**
- 4459: initialization requiring a temporary or conversion is not allowed**

- 4460: declaration of "xxxx" hides function parameter**
- 4461: initial value of reference to non-const must be an lvalue**
- 4463: "template" is not allowed**
- 4464: "type" is not a class template**
- 4465: static data member may not be an anonymous union**
- 4466: "main" is not a valid name for a function template**
- 4467: invalid reference to *entity-kind* "entity" (union/nonunion mismatch)**
- 4468: a template argument may not reference a local type**
- 4469: tag kind of xxxx is incompatible with declaration of *entity-kind* "entity" (declared at line xxxx)**
- 4470: the global scope has no tag named "xxxx"**
- 4471: *entity-kind* "entity" has no tag member named "xxxx"**
- 4472: member function typedef (allowed for cfront compatibility)**
- 4473: *entity-kind* "entity" may be used only in pointer-to-member declaration**
- 4474: unknown error**
- 4475: a template argument may not reference a non-external entity**
- 4476: name followed by "::~" must be a class name or a type name**
- 4477: destructor name does not match name of class "type"**
- 4478: type used as destructor name does not match type "type"**
- 4479: *entity-kind* "entity" redeclared "inline" after being called**
- 4480: destructor name does not match left operand of "->" or "."**
- 4481: invalid storage class for a template declaration**
- 4482: *entity-kind* "entity" is an inaccessible type (allowed for cfront compatibility)**
- 4483: a return type is not allowed**
- 4484: invalid explicit instantiation declaration**
- 4485: *entity-kind* "entity" is not an entity that can be instantiated**
- 4486: compiler generated *entity-kind* "entity" cannot be explicitly instantiated**
- 4487: inline *entity-kind* "entity" cannot be explicitly instantiated**
- 4489: *entity-kind* "entity" cannot be instantiated -- no template definition was supplied**
- 4490: *entity-kind* "entity" cannot be instantiated -- it has been explicitly specialized**
- 4491: class "type" has no constructor**

- 4492: % must be used in a parameter without a default value in *entity-kind "entity"***
- 4493: no instance of *entity-kind "entity"* matches the specified type**
- 4494: declaring a void parameter list with a typedef is nonstandard**
- 4495: global *entity-kind "entity"* used instead of *entity-kind "entity"* (cfront compatibility)**
- 4496: template parameter *"xxxx"* may not be redeclared in this scope**
- 4497: declaration of *"xxxx"* hides template parameter**
- 4498: template argument list must match the parameter list**
- 4499: conversion function to convert from *"type1"* to *"type2"* is not allowed**
- 4500: extra parameter of postfix *"operatorxxxx"* must be of type *"int"***
- 4501: an operator name must be declared as a function**
- 4502: operator name is not allowed**
- 4503: *entity-kind "entity"* cannot be specialized in the current scope**
- 4504: nonstandard form for taking the address of a member function**
- 4505: too few template parameters -- does not match previous declaration**
- 4506: too many template parameters -- does not match previous declaration**
- 4507: function template for operator delete(void *) is not allowed**
- 4508: class template and template parameter may not have the same name**
- 4510: a template argument may not reference an unnamed type**
- 4511: enumerated type is not allowed**
- 4512: type qualifier on a reference type is not allowed**
- 4513: a value of type *"type"* cannot be assigned to an entity of type *"type"***
- 4514: comparison of unsigned integer with a negative constant is always true/false"**
- 4515: cannot convert to incomplete class *"type"***
- 4516: const object requires an initializer**
- 4517: object has an uninitialized const or reference member**
- 4518: nonstandard preprocessing directive**
- 4519: *entity-kind "entity"* may not have a template argument list**
- 4520: initialization with *"{...}"* expected for aggregate object**
- 4521: pointer-to-member selection class types are incompatible (*"type"* and *"type"*)**
- 4522: pointless friend declaration**

- 4523:** "." used in place of "::" to form a qualified name
- 4524:** non-const function called for const object (anachronism)
- 4525:** a dependent statement may not be a declaration
- 4526:** a parameter may not have void type
- 4529:** this operator is not allowed in a template argument expression
- 4530:** try block requires at least one handler
- 4531:** handler requires an exception declaration
- 4532:** handler is masked by default handler
- 4533:** handler is potentially masked by previous handler for type *"type"*
- 4534:** use of a local type to specify an exception
- 4535:** redundant type in exception specification
- 4536:** exception specification is incompatible with that of previous *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx):
- 4537:** previously specified: no exceptions will be thrown
- 4538:** previously omitted: *"type"*
- 4539:** previously specified but omitted here: *"type"*
- 4540:** support for exception handling is disabled
- 4541:** omission of exception specification is incompatible with previous *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx)
- 4542:** could not create instantiation request file *"xxxx"*
- 4543:** non-arithmetic operation not allowed in nontype template argument
- 4544:** use of a local type to declare a nonlocal variable
- 4545:** use of a local type to declare a function
- 4546:** transfer of control bypasses initialization of:
- 4547:** *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4548:** transfer of control into an exception handler
- 4549:** *entity-kind "entity"* is used before its value is set
- 4550:** *entity-kind "entity"* was set but never used
- 4551:** *entity-kind "entity"* cannot be defined in the current scope
- 4552:** exception specification is not allowed
- 4553:** external/internal linkage conflict for *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx)
- 4554:** *entity-kind "entity"* will not be called for implicit or explicit conversions

4555: tag kind of `xxx` is incompatible with template parameter of type `"type"`

4556: function template for operator `new(size_t)` is not allowed

4557: invalid access declaration -- inherited name `"xxxx"` is ambiguous

4558: pointer to member of type `"type"` is not allowed

4559: ellipsis is not allowed in operator function parameter list

4560: `"entity"` is reserved for future use as a keyword

4561: invalid macro definition:

4562: invalid macro undefinition:

4563: invalid preprocessor output file

4564: cannot open preprocessor output file

4565: IL file name must be specified if input is

4566: invalid IL output file

4567: cannot open IL output file

4568: invalid C output file

4569: cannot open C output file

4570: error in debug option argument

4571: invalid option:

4572: back end requires name of IL file

4573: could not open IL file

4574: invalid number:

4575: incorrect host CPU id

4576: invalid instantiation mode:

4577: missing include file directory name

4578: invalid error limit:

4579: invalid raw-listing output file

4580: cannot open raw-listing output file

4581: invalid cross-reference output file

4582: cannot open cross-reference output file

4583: invalid error output file

4584: cannot open error output file

- 4585: virtual function tables can only be suppressed when compiling C++**
- 4586: anachronism option can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4587: instantiation mode option can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4588: automatic instantiation mode can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4589: implicit template inclusion mode can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4590: exception handling option can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4591: strict ANSI mode is incompatible with K&R mode**
- 4592: strict ANSI mode is incompatible with cfront mode**
- 4593: missing source file name**
- 4594: output files may not be specified when compiling several input files**
- 4595: too many arguments on command line**
- 4596: an output file was specified, but none is needed**
- 4597: IL display requires name of IL file**
- 4598: a template parameter may not have void type**
- 4599: excessive recursive instantiation of *entity-kind "entity"* due to instantiate-all mode**
- 4600: strict ANSI mode is incompatible with allowing anachronisms**
- 4601: a throw expression may not have void type**
- 4602: local instantiation mode is incompatible with automatic instantiation**
- 4603: parameter of abstract class type *"type"* is not allowed:**
- 4604: array of abstract class *"type"* is not allowed:**
- 4605: floating-point template parameter is nonstandard**
- 4606: this pragma must immediately precede a declaration**
- 4607: this pragma must immediately precede a statement**
- 4608: this pragma must immediately precede a declaration or statement**
- 4609: this kind of pragma may not be used here**
- 4611: overloaded virtual function *"entity"* is only partially overridden in *entity-kind "entity"***

An overloaded virtual function in the base class does not have a function with the corresponding signature in the derived class. The function in the base class is hidden in the derived class; this may result in unexpected behavior. For example:

```
struct Base
{
    virtual void f(int) { /* base class definition*/ }
    virtual void f(double) { /* base class definition */ }
}
```

```

struct Derived : Base
{
    void f(int) { /* derived class definition */ };
}
int main()
{
    Derived d;
    d.f(1.0); /* calls Derived::f(int) with the argument
               truncated from a double to an int, *not* Base::f(double)! */
}

```

Calling **f()** on an instance of **Derived** with an argument of type double will nevertheless end up calling **Derived::f(int)** because that is the only overload that is visible.

To eliminate this warning either define functions in the derived class for all overloaded functions in the base class or explicitly introduce functions from the base class with the **using** keyword. For example:

```

struct Base
{
    virtual void f(int) { /* base class definition */ }
    virtual void f(double) { /* base class definition */ }
}
struct Derived : Base {
    using Base::f;
    void f(int) { /* derived class definition */ };
}

```

4612: specific definition of inline template function must precede its first use

4613: invalid error tag:

4614: invalid error number:

4615: parameter type involves pointer to array of unknown bound

4616: parameter type involves reference to array of unknown bound

4617: pointer-to-member-function cast to pointer to function

4618: struct or union declares no named members

4619: nonstandard unnamed field

4620: nonstandard unnamed member

4621: a function type cannot be used as a template argument

4622: invalid precompiled header output file

4623: cannot open precompiled header output file

4624: "xxxx" is not a type name

4625: cannot open precompiled header input file

4626: precompiled header file "xxxx" is either invalid or not generated by this version of the compiler

4627: precompiled header file "xxxx" was not generated in this directory

4628: header files used to generate precompiled header file "xxxx" have changed

- 4629: the command line options do not match those used when precompiled header file "xxxx" was created**
- 4630: the initial sequence of preprocessing directives is not compatible with those of precompiled header file "xxxx"**
- 4631: unable to obtain mapped memory**
- 4632: "xxxx": using precompiled header file "xxxx"**
- 4633: "xxxx" creating precompiled header file "xxxx"**
- 4634: memory usage conflict with precompiled header file "xxxx"**
- 4635: invalid PCH memory size**
- 4636: PCH options must appear first in the command line**
- 4637: insufficient memory for PCH memory allocation**
- 4638: precompiled header files may not be used when compiling several input files**
- 4639: insufficient preallocated memory for generation of precompiled header file ("xxxx" bytes required)**
- 4640: very large entity in program prevents generation of precompiled header file**
- 4641: "xxxx" is not a valid directory**
- 4642: cannot build temporary file name**
- 4643: "restrict" is not allowed**
- 4644: a pointer or reference to function type may not be qualified by "restrict"**
- 4645: "xxxx" is an unrecognized __declspec attribute**
- 4646: a calling convention modifier may not be specified here**
- 4647: conflicting calling convention modifiers**
- 4648: strict ANSI mode is incompatible with Microsoft mode**
- 4649: cfront mode is incompatible with Microsoft mode**
- 4650: calling convention specified here is ignored**
- 4651: a calling convention may not be followed by a nested declarator**
- 4652: calling convention is ignored for this type**
- 4653: calling conventions may only be applied to function types**
- 4654: declaration modifiers are incompatible with previous declaration**
- 4655: the modifier "xxxx" is not allowed on this declaration**
- 4656: transfer of control into a try block**
- 4657: inline specification is incompatible with previous "entity" (declared at line xxxx)**
- 4658: closing brace of template definition not found**

- 4659:** `wchar_t` keyword option can be used only when compiling C++
- 4660:** invalid packing alignment value
- 4661:** expected an integer constant
- 4662:** call of pure virtual function
- 4663:** invalid source file identifier string
- 4664:** a class template cannot be defined in a friend declaration
- 4665:** "asm" is not allowed
- 4666:** "asm" must be used with a function definition
- 4667:** "asm" function is nonstandard
- 4668:** ellipsis with no explicit parameters is nonstandard
- 4669:** "&..." is nonstandard
- 4670:** invalid use of "&..."
- 4671:** alternative token option can be used only when compiling C++
- 4672:** temporary used for initial value of reference to const volatile (anachronism)
- 4673:** a reference of type "*type*" cannot be initialized with a value of type "*type*"
- 4674:** initial value of reference to const volatile must be an lvalue
- 4675:** SVR4 C compatibility option can be used only when compiling ANSI C
- 4676:** using out-of-scope declaration of *entity-kind* "*entity*" (declared at line xxxx)
- 4677:** strict ANSI mode is incompatible with SVR4 C mode
- 4678:** call of *entity-kind* "*entity*" declared at line xxxx) cannot be inlined
- 4679:** *entity-kind* "*entity*" cannot be inlined
- 4680:** invalid PCH directory:
- 4681:** expected `__except` or `__finally`
- 4682:** a `__leave` statement may only be used within a `__try`
- 4688:** "xxxx" not found on pack alignment stack
- 4689:** empty pack alignment stack
- 4690:** RTTI option can be used only when compiling C++
- 4691:** *entity-kind* "*entity*", required for copy that was eliminated, is inaccessible
- 4692:** *entity-kind* "*entity*", required for copy that was eliminated, is not callable because reference parameter cannot be bound to rvalue
- 4693:** `<typeinfo>` must be included before `typeid` is used

- 4694:** "xxxx" cannot cast away const or other type qualifiers
- 4695:** the type in a dynamic_cast must be a pointer or reference to a complete class type, or void *
- 4696:** the operand of a pointer dynamic_cast must be a pointer to a complete class type
- 4697:** the operand of a reference dynamic_cast must be an lvalue of a complete class type
- 4698:** the operand of a runtime dynamic_cast must have a polymorphic class type
- 4699:** bool option can be used only when compiling C++
- 4700:** invalid storage class for condition declaration
- 4701:** an array type is not allowed here
- 4702:** expected an "="
- 4703:** expected a declarator in condition declaration
- 4704:** "xxxx", declared in condition, may not be redeclared in this scope
- 4705:** default template arguments are not allowed for function templates
- 4706:** expected a ",", or ">"
- 4707:** expected a template parameter list
- 4708:** incrementing a bool value is deprecated
- 4709:** bool type is not allowed
- 4710:** offset of base class "entity" within class "entity" is too large
- 4711:** expression must have bool type (or be convertible to bool)
- 4712:** array new and delete option can be used only when compiling C++
- 4713:** entity-kind "entity" is not a variable name
- 4714:** __based modifier is not allowed here
- 4715:** __based does not precede a pointer operator, __based ignored
- 4716:** variable in __based modifier must have pointer type
- 4717:** the type in a const_cast must be a pointer, reference, or pointer to member to an object type
- 4718:** a const_cast can only adjust type qualifiers; it cannot change the underlying type
- 4719:** mutable is not allowed
- 4720:** redeclaration of entity-kind "entity" is not allowed to alter its access
- 4721:** nonstandard format string conversion
- 4722:** use of alternative token "<:" appears to be unintended
- 4723:** use of alternative token "%:" appears to be unintended

- 4724: namespace definition is not allowed**
- 4725: name must be a namespace name**
- 4726: namespace alias definition is not allowed**
- 4727: namespace-qualified name is required**
- 4728: a namespace name is not allowed**
- 4729: invalid combination of DLL attributes**
- 4730: *entity-kind "entity"* is not a class template**
- 4731: array with incomplete element type is nonstandard**
- 4732: allocation operator may not be declared in a namespace**
- 4733: deallocation operator may not be declared in a namespace**
- 4734: *entity-kind "entity"* conflicts with using-declaration of *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx)**
- 4735: using-declaration of *entity-kind "entity"* conflicts with *entity-kind "entity"***
- 4736: namespaces option can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4737: using-declaration ignored -- it refers to the current namespace**
- 4738: a class-qualified name is required**
- 4739: argument types are: (xxxx)**
- 4740: operand types are: xxxx**
- 4742: *entity-kind "entity"* has no actual member "xxxx"**
- 4743: global-scope qualifier (leading "::") on friend declaration is nonstandard**
- 4744: incompatible memory attributes specified**
- 4745: memory attribute ignored**
- 4746: memory attribute may not be followed by a nested declarator**
- 4747: memory attribute specified more than once**
- 4748: calling convention specified more than once**
- 4749: a type qualifier is not allowed**
- 4750: *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx) was used before its template was declared**
- 4751: static and nonstatic member functions with same parameter types cannot be overloaded**
- 4752: no prior declaration of *entity-kind "entity"***
- 4753: a template-id is not allowed**
- 4754: a class-qualified name is not allowed**

- 4755:** *entity-kind "entity"* may not be redeclared in the current scope
- 4756:** qualified name is not allowed in namespace member declaration
- 4757:** *entity-kind "entity"* is not a type name
- 4758:** explicit instantiation is not allowed in the current scope
- 4759:** *entity-kind "entity"* cannot be explicitly instantiated in the current scope
- 4760:** *entity-kind "entity"* explicitly instantiated more than once
- 4761:** typename may only be used within a template
- 4762:** `special_subscript_cost` option can be used only when compiling C++
- 4763:** `typename` option can be used only when compiling C++
- 4764:** `implicit` typename option can be used only when compiling C++
- 4765:** nonstandard character at start of object-like macro definition
- 4766:** exception specification for virtual *entity-kind "entity"* is incompatible with that of overridden *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4767:** conversion from pointer to smaller integer
- 4768:** exception specification for implicitly declared virtual *entity-kind "entity"* is incompatible with that of overridden *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4769:** *"entity"*, implicitly called from *entity-kind "entity"*, is ambiguous
- 4770:** option `"explicit"` can be used only when compiling C++
- 4771:** `"explicit"` is not allowed
- 4772:** declaration conflicts with `"xxxx"` (reserved class name)
- 4773:** only `()` is allowed as initializer for array *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4774:** `"virtual"` is not allowed in a function template declaration
- 4775:** invalid anonymous union -- class member template is not allowed
- 4776:** template nesting depth does not match the previous declaration of *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4777:** this declaration cannot have multiple `"template <...>"` clauses
- 4778:** option to control the `for-init` scope can be used only when compiling C++
- 4779:** `"xxxx"`, declared in `for-loop` initialization, may not be redeclared in this scope
- 4780:** reference is to *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx) -- under old `for-init` scoping rules it would have been *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx)
- 4781:** option to control warnings on `for-init` differences can be used only when compiling C++
- 4782:** definition of virtual *entity-kind "entity"* is required here
- 4783:** empty comment interpreted as token-pasting operator `"##"`

- 4784:** a storage class is not allowed in a friend declaration
- 4785:** template parameter list for "entity" is not allowed in this declaration
- 4786:** entity-kind "entity" is not a valid member class or function template
- 4787:** not a valid member class or function template declaration
- 4788:** a template declaration containing a template parameter list may not be followed by an explicit specialization declaration
- 4789:** explicit specialization of entity-kind "entity" must precede the first use of entity-kind "entity"
- 4790:** explicit specialization is not allowed in the current scope
- 4791:** partial specialization of entity-kind "entity" is not allowed
- 4792:** entity-kind "entity" is not an entity that can be explicitly specialized
- 4793:** explicit specialization of entity-kind "entity" must precede its first use
- 4794:** template parameter "type" may not be used in an elaborated type specifier
- 4795:** specializing entity-kind "entity" requires "template<>" syntax
- 4796:** "template<>" syntax is required when declaring a member function template instance as a friend
- 4797:** nonstandard "asm" declaration is not supported inside a template
- 4798:** option "old_specializations" can be used only when compiling C++
- 4799:** specializing entity-kind "entity" without "template<>" syntax is nonstandard
- 4800:** this declaration may not have extern "C" linkage
- 4801:** "xxxx" is not a class or function template name in the current scope
- 4802:** specifying a default argument when redeclaring an unreferenced function template is nonstandard
- 4803:** specifying a default argument when redeclaring an already referenced function template is not allowed
- 4804:** cannot convert pointer to member of base class "type" to pointer to member of derived class "type" -- base class is virtual
- 4805:** exception specification is incompatible with that of entity-kind "entity" (declared at line xxxx):'
- 4806:** omission of exception specification is incompatible with entity-kind "entity" (declared at line xxxx)
- 4807:** unexpected end of default argument expression
- 4808:** default-initialization of reference is not allowed
- 4809:** uninitialized entity-kind "entity" has a const member
- 4810:** uninitialized base class "type" has a const member
- 4811:** const entity-kind "entity" requires an initializer -- class "type" has no explicitly declared default constructor
- 4812:** const object requires an initializer -- class "type" has no explicitly declared default constructor

- 4813:** option "implicit_extern_c_type_conversion" can be used only when compiling C++
- 4814:** strict ANSI mode is incompatible with long preserving rules
- 4815:** type qualifier on return type is meaningless
- 4816:** in a function definition a type qualifier on a "void" return type is not allowed
- 4817:** static data member declaration is not allowed in this class
- 4818:** template instantiation resulted in an invalid function declaration
- 4819:** "..." is not allowed
- 4820:** option "extern_inline" can be used only when compiling C++
- 4821:** extern inline *entity-kind "entity"* was referenced but not defined
- 4822:** invalid destructor name for type "*type*"
- 4824:** destructor reference is ambiguous -- both *entity-kind "entity"* and *entity-kind "entity"* could be used
- 4825:** virtual inline *entity-kind "entity"* was never defined
- 4826:** *entity-kind "entity"* was never referenced
- 4827:** only one member of a union may be specified in a constructor initializer list
- 4828:** support for "new[]" and "delete[]" is disabled
- 4829:** "double" used for "long double" in generated C code
- 4830:** *entity-kind "entity"* has no corresponding operator delete"*xxxx*" (to be called if an exception is thrown during initialization of an allocated object)
- 4831:** support for placement delete is disabled
- 4832:** no appropriate operator delete is visible
- 4833:** pointer or reference to incomplete type is not allowed
- 4834:** invalid partial specialization -- *entity-kind "entity"* is already fully specialized
- 4835:** incompatible exception specifications
- 4836:** returning reference to local variable
- 4837:** omission of explicit type is nonstandard ("int" assumed)
- 4838:** more than one partial specialization matches the template argument list of *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4840:** a template argument list is not allowed in a declaration of a primary template
- 4841:** partial specializations may not have default template arguments
- 4842:** *entity-kind "entity"* is not used in template argument list of *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4844:** the template argument list of the partial specialization includes a nontype argument whose type depends on a template parameter

- 4845:** this partial specialization would have been used to instantiate *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4846:** this partial specialization would have been made the instantiation of *entity-kind "entity"* **ambiguous**
- 4847:** expression must have integral or enum type
- 4848:** expression must have arithmetic or enum type
- 4849:** expression must have arithmetic, enum, or pointer type
- 4850:** type of cast must be integral or enum
- 4851:** type of cast must be arithmetic, enum, or pointer
- 4852:** expression must be a pointer to a complete object type
- 4853:** a partial specialization of a member class template must be declared in the class of which it is a member
- 4854:** a partial specialization nontype argument must be the name of a nontype parameter or a constant
- 4855:** return type is not identical to return type *"type"* of overridden virtual function *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4856:** option "guiding_decls" can be used only when compiling C++
- 4857:** a partial specialization of a class template must be declared in the namespace of which it is a member
- 4858:** *entity-kind "entity"* is a pure virtual function
- 4859:** pure virtual *entity-kind "entity"* has no overrider
- 4860:** `__declspec` attributes ignored
- 4861:** invalid character in input line
- 4862:** function returns incomplete type *"type"*
- 4863:** effect of this `"#pragma pack"` directive is local to *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4864:** `"xxxx"` is not a template
- 4865:** a friend declaration may not declare a partial specialization
- 4866:** exception specification ignored
- 4867:** declaration of `"size_t"` does not match the expected type *"type"*
- 4868:** space required between adjacent `">"` delimiters of nested template argument lists (`">>"` is the right shift operator)
- 4869:** could not set locale `"xxxx"` to allow processing of multibyte characters
- 4870:** invalid multibyte character sequence
- 4871:** template instantiation resulted in unexpected function type of *"type" 1* (the meaning of a name may have changed since the template declaration -- the type of the template is *"type"*)
- 4872:** ambiguous guiding declaration -- more than one function template *"entity"* matches type *"type"*
- 4873:** non-integral operation not allowed in nontype template argument
- 4874:** option `"embedded_c++"` can be used only when compiling C++

- 4875: Embedded C++ does not support templates**
- 4876: Embedded C++ does not support exception handling**
- 4877: Embedded C++ does not support namespaces**
- 4878: Embedded C++ does not support run-time type information**
- 4879: Embedded C++ does not support the new cast syntax**
- 4880: Embedded C++ does not support using-declarations**
- 4881: Embedded C++ does not support "mutable"**
- 4882: Embedded C++ does not support multiple or virtual inheritance**
- 4883: invalid Microsoft version number:**
- 4884: pointer-to-member representation "*xxxx*" has already been set for *entity-kind "entity"***
- 4885: "*type*" cannot be used to designate constructor for "*type*"**
- 4886: invalid suffix on integral constant**
- 4887: operand of `__typeof` must have a class or enum type for which `__declspec(uuid("..."))` has been specified**
- 4888: invalid GUID string in `__declspec(uuid("..."))`**
- 4889: option "vla" can be used only when compiling C**
- 4890: variable length array with unspecified bound is not allowed**
- 4891: an explicit template argument list is not allowed on this declaration**
- 4892: an entity with linkage cannot have a type involving a variable length array**
- 4893: a variable length array cannot have static storage duration**
- 4894: *entity-kind "entity"* is not a template**
- 4896: expected a template argument**
- 4897: explicit function template argument lists are not supported yet in expression contexts**
- 4898: nonmember operator requires a parameter with class or enum type**
- 4899: option "enum_overloading" can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4900: using-declaration of *entity-kind "entity"* is not allowed**
- 4901: qualifier of destructor name "*type*" does not match type "*type*"**
- 4902: type qualifier ignored**
- 4903: option "nonstd_qualifier_deduction" can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4904: a function declared "dllimport" may not be defined**
- 4905: incorrect property specification; correct form is `__declspec(property(get=name1,put=name2))`**

- 4906: property has already been specified**
- 4907: `__declspec(property)` is not allowed on this declaration**
- 4908: member is declared with `__declspec(property)`, but no "get" function was specified**
- 4909: the `__declspec(property)` "get" function "`xxxx`" is missing**
- 4910: member is declared with `__declspec(property)`, but no "put" function was specified**
- 4911: the `__declspec(property)` "put" function "`xxxx`" is missing**
- 4912: ambiguous class member reference `--entity-kind "entity"` used in preference to `entity-kind "entity"` (declared at line `xxxx`)**
- 4913: missing or invalid segment name in `__declspec(allocate("..."))`**
- 4914: `__declspec(allocate)` is not allowed on this declaration**
- 4915: a segment name has already been specified**
- 4916: cannot convert pointer to member of derived class "`type`" to pointer to member of base class "`type`" -- base class is virtual**
- 4917: invalid directory for instantiation files:**
- 4918: option "`one_instantiation_per_object`" can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4919: invalid output file: "`xxxx`"**
- 4920: cannot open output file: "`xxxx`"**
- 4921: an instantiation information file name may not be specified when compiling several input files**
- 4922: option "`one_instantiation_per_object`" may not be used when compiling several input files**
- 4923: more than one command line option matches the abbreviation "`--xxxx`":**
- 4924: `--xxxx`**
- 4925: a type qualifier cannot be applied to a function type**
- 4926: cannot open definition list file: "`xxxx`"**
- 4927: late/early tiebreaker option can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4928: incorrect use of `va_start`**
- 4929: incorrect use of `va_arg`**
- 4930: incorrect use of `va_end`**
- 4931: pending instantiations option can be used only when compiling C++**
- 4932: invalid directory for `#import` files:**
- 4933: an import directory can be specified only in Microsoft mode**
- 4934: a member with reference type is not allowed in a union**
- 4935: "`typedef`" may not be specified here**

- 4936:** redeclaration of *entity-kind "entity"* alters its access
- 4937:** a class or namespace qualified name is required
- 4938:** return type "int" omitted in declaration of function "main"
- 4939:** pointer-to-member representation "*xxxx*" is too restrictive for *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4940:** missing return statement at end of non-void *entity-kind "entity"*
- 4941:** duplicate using-declaration of "*entity*" ignored
- 4942:** enum bit-fields are always unsigned, but enum "*type*" includes negative enumerator
- 4943:** option "class_name_injection" can be used only when compiling C++
- 4944:** option "arg_dep_lookup" can be used only when compiling C++
- 4945:** option "friend_injection" can be used only when compiling C++
- 4946:** name following "template" must be a member template
- 4947:** name following "template" must have a template argument list
- 4948:** nonstandard local-class friend declaration -- no prior declaration in the enclosing scope
- 4949:** specifying a default argument on this declaration is nonstandard
- 4950:** option "nonstd_using_decl" can be used only when compiling C++
- 4951:** return type of function "main" must be "int"
- 4952:** a nontype template parameter may not have class type
- 4953:** a default template argument cannot be specified on the declaration of a member of a class template
- 4954:** a return statement is not allowed in a handler of a function try block of a constructor
- 4955:** ordinary and extended designators cannot be combined in an initializer designation
- 4956:** the second subscript must not be smaller than the first
- 4957:** option "designators" can be used only when compiling C
- 4958:** option "extended_designators" can be used only when compiling C
- 4959:** declared size for bit field is larger than the size of the bit field type; truncated to "*xxxx*" bits
- 4960:** type used as constructor name does not match type "*type*"
- 4961:** use of a type with no linkage to declare a variable with linkage
- 4962:** use of a type with no linkage to declare a function
- 4963:** return type may not be specified on a constructor
- 4964:** return type may not be specified on a destructor
- 4965:** incorrectly formed universal character name

- 4966: universal character name specifies an invalid character**
- 4967: a universal character name cannot designate a character in the basic character set**
- 4968: this universal character is not allowed in an identifier**
- 4969: the identifier `__VA_ARGS__` can only appear in the replacement lists of variadic macros**
- 4970: the qualifier on this friend declaration is ignored**
- 4971: array range designators cannot be applied to dynamic initializers**
- 4972: property name cannot appear here**
- 4973: "inline" used as a function qualifier is ignored**
- 4974: option "compound_literals" can be used only when compiling C**
- 4975: a variable-length array type is not allowed**
- 4976: a compound literal is not allowed in an integral constant expression**
- 4977: a compound literal of type `"type"` is not allowed**
- 4978: a template friend declaration cannot be declared in a local class**
- 4979: ambiguous "?" operation: second operand of type `"type"` can be converted to third operand type `"type"`, and vice versa**
- 4980: call of an object of a class type without appropriate operator() or conversion functions to pointer-to-function type**
- 4982: there is more than one way an object of type `"type"` can be called for the argument list:**
- 4983: typedef name has already been declared (with similar type)**
- 4984: operator new and operator delete cannot be given internal linkage**
- 4985: storage class "mutable" is not allowed for anonymous unions**
- 4986: invalid precompiled header file**
- 4987: abstract class type `"type"` is not allowed as catch type:**
- 4988: a qualified function type cannot be used to declare a nonmember function or a static member function**
- 4989: a qualified function type cannot be used to declare a parameter**
- 4990: cannot create a pointer or reference to qualified function type**
- 4991: extra braces are nonstandard**
- 4992: invalid macro definition:**
- 4993: subtraction of pointer types `"type"` and `"type"` is nonstandard**
- 4994: an empty template parameter list is not allowed in a template template parameter declaration**
- 4995: expected "class"**
- 4996: the "class" keyword must be used when declaring a template template parameter**

- 4997:** *entity-kind "entity" is hidden by "entity" -- virtual function override intended?*
- 4998:** a qualified name is not allowed for a friend declaration that is a function definition
- 4999:** *entity-kind "entity" is not compatible with entity-kind "entity"*
- 5000:** a storage class may not be specified here
- 5001:** class member designated by a using-declaration must be visible in a direct base class
- 5002:** Sun mode is incompatible with Microsoft mode
- 5003:** Sun mode is incompatible with cfront mode
- 5004:** strict ANSI mode is incompatible with Sun mode
- 5005:** Sun mode is only allowed when compiling C++
- 5006:** a template template parameter cannot have the same name as one of its template parameters
- 5007:** recursive instantiation of default argument
- 5008:** a parameter of a template template parameter cannot depend on the type of another template parameter
- 5009:** *entity-kind "entity" is not an entity that can be defined*
- 5010:** destructor name must be qualified
- 5011:** friend class name may not be introduced with "typename"
- 5012:** a using-declaration may not name a constructor or destructor
- 5013:** a qualified friend template declaration must refer to a specific previously declared template
- 5014:** invalid specifier in class template declaration
- 5015:** argument is incompatible with formal parameter
- 5016:** option "dep_name" can be used only when compiling C++
- 5017:** loop in sequence of "operator->" functions starting at class "type"
- 5018:** *entity-kind "entity" has no member class "xxxx"*
- 5019:** the global scope has no class named "xxxx"
- 5020:** recursive instantiation of template default argument
- 5021:** access declarations and using-declarations cannot appear in unions
- 5022:** *"entity" is not a class member*
- 5023:** nonstandard member constant declaration is not allowed
- 5024:** option "ignore_std" can be used only when compiling C++
- 5025:** option "parse_templates" can be used only when compiling C++
- 5026:** option "dep_name" cannot be used with "no_parse_templates"

- 5027: language modes specified are incompatible**
- 5028: invalid redeclaration of nested class**
- 5029: type containing an unknown-size array is not allowed**
- 5030: a variable with static storage duration cannot be defined within an inline function**
- 5031: an entity with internal linkage cannot be referenced within an inline function with external linkage**
- 5032: argument type "*type*" does not match this type-generic function macro**
- 5033: variable length array "*entity*"**
- 5034: friend declaration cannot add default arguments to previous declaration**
- 5035: *entity-kind* "*entity*" cannot be declared in this scope**
- 5036: the reserved identifier "*xxxx*" may only be used inside a function**
- 5037: this universal character cannot begin an identifier**
- 5038: expected a string literal**
- 5039: unrecognized STDC pragma**
- 5040: expected "ON", "OFF", or "DEFAULT"**
- 5041: a STDC pragma may only appear between declarations in the global scope or before any statements or declarations in a block scope**
- 5042: incorrect use of *va_copy***
- 5043: "*xxxx*" can only be used with floating-point types**
- 5044: complex type is not allowed**
- 5045: invalid designator kind**
- 5046: floating-point value cannot be represented exactly**
- 5047: complex floating-point operation result is out of range**
- 5048: conversion between real and imaginary yields zero**
- 5049: an initializer cannot be specified for a flexible array member**
- 5050: imaginary **=* imaginary sets the left-hand operand to zero**
- 5051: standard requires that *entity-kind* "*entity*" be given a type by a subsequent declaration ("*int*" assumed)**
- 5052: a definition is required for inline *entity-kind* "*entity*"**
- 5053: conversion from integer to smaller pointer**
- 5054: a floating-point type must be included in the type specifier for a *_Complex* or *_Imaginary* type**
- 5055: #pragma error: *xxxx***
- 5056: #pragma info: *xxxx***

- 5057: #pragma warning: xxxx**
- 5058: expression must be a vector type or have a constant value**
- 5059: use of obsolete feature: xxxx**
- 5060: too few initializer values**
- 5061: vector argument requires a prototype**
- 5062: vector type specifier is not first**
- 5063: operand of vec_step must be a vector type**
- 5064: types cannot be declared in anonymous unions**
- 5065: returning pointer to local variable**
- 5066: returning pointer to local temporary**
- 5067: option "export" can be used only when compiling C++**
- 5068: option "export" cannot be used with "no_dep_name"**
- 5069: option "export" cannot be used with "implicit_include"**
- 5070: declaration of *entity-kind "entity"* is incompatible with a declaration in another translation unit**
- 5071: the other declaration is xxxx "**
- 5072: detected during compilation of secondary translation unit "xxxx "**
- 5073: compilation of secondary translation unit "xxxx "**
- 5074: a field declaration cannot have a type involving a variable length array**
- 5075: declaration of *entity-kind "entity"* had a different meaning during compilation of "xxxx "**
- 5076: expected "template"**
- 5077: "export" cannot be used on an explicit instantiation**
- 5078: "export" cannot be used on this declaration**
- 5079: a member of an unnamed namespace cannot be declared "export"**
- 5080: a template cannot be declared "export" after it has been defined**
- 5081: a declaration cannot have a label**
- 5082: support for exported templates is disabled**
- 5083: cannot open exported template file: "xxxx "**
- 5084: *entity-kind "entity"* already defined during compilation of "xxxx "**
- 5085: *entity-kind "entity"* already defined in another translation unit**
- 5086: a non-static local variable may not be used in a __based specification**

5087: the option to list makefile dependencies may not be specified when compiling more than one translation unit

5088: the option to list included files may not be specified when compiling more than one translation unit

5089: the option to generate preprocessed output may not be specified when compiling more than one translation unit

5090: a field with the same name as its class cannot be declared in a class with a user-declared constructor

5091: "implicit_include" cannot be used when compiling more than one translation unit

5092: exported template file "xxxx" is corrupted

5093: *entity-kind "entity"* cannot be instantiated -- it has been explicitly specialized in the translation unit containing the exported definition

5094: object type is: xxxx

5095: the object has cv-qualifiers that are not compatible with the member *entity-kind "entity"*

5096: no instance of *entity-kind "entity"* matches the argument list and object (the object has cv-qualifiers that prevent a match)

5097: an attribute specifies a mode incompatible with "type"

5098: there is no type with the width specified

5099: invalid alignment value specified by attribute

5100: invalid attribute for "type"

5101: invalid attribute for *entity-kind "entity"*

5102: invalid attribute for parameter

5103: attribute "xxxx" does not take arguments

5104: attribute "xxxx" requires arguments

5105: expected an attribute name

5106: there is no attribute "xxxx"

5107: attributes may not appear here

5108: invalid argument to attribute "xxxx"

5109: the "packed" attribute is ignored in a typedef

5110: in "goto *expr", expr must have type "void *"

5111: "goto *expr" is nonstandard

5112: taking the address of a label is nonstandard

5113: file name specified more than once:

5114: #warning directive: "xxxx"

5115: attribute "xxxx" is only allowed in a function definition

- 5116: the "transparent_union" attribute only applies to unions, and "type" is not a union**
- 5117: the "transparent_union" attribute is ignored on incomplete types**
- 5118: "type" cannot be transparent because *entity-kind* "entity" does not have the same size as the union**
- 5119: "type" cannot be transparent because it has a field of type "type" which is not the same size as the union**
- 5120: only parameters can be transparent**
- 5121: the "xxxx" attribute does not apply to local variables**
- 5122: attributes are not permitted in a function definition**
- 5123: declarations of local labels should only appear at the start of statement expressions**
- 5124: the second constant in a case range must be larger than the first**
- 5125: an asm name is not permitted in a function definition**
- 5126: an asm name is ignored "xxxx"**
- 5128: modifier letter "xxxx" ignored in asm operand**
- 5129: unknown asm constraint modifier "xxxx"**
- 5130: unknown asm constraint letter "'xxxx'"**
- 5131: asm operand has no constraint letter**
- 5132: an asm output operand must have one of the '=' or '+' modifiers**
- 5133: an asm input operand may not have the '=' or '+' modifiers**
- 5134: too many operands to asm statement (maximum is 30; '+' modifier adds an implicit operand)**
- 5135: too many colons in asm statement**
- 5136: register "xxxx" used more than once**
- 5137: register "xxxx" is both used and clobbered**
- 5138: register "xxxx" clobbered more than once**
- 5139: register "xxxx" has a fixed purpose and may not be used in an asm statement**
- 5140: register "xxxx" has a fixed purpose and may not be clobbered in an asm statement**
- 5141: an empty clobbers list must be omitted entirely**
- 5142: expected an asm operand**
- 5143: expected a register to clobber**
- 5144: "format" attribute applied to *entity-kind* "entity" which does not have variable arguments**
- 5145: first substitution argument is not the first variable argument**
- 5146: format argument index is greater than number of parameters**

- 5147: format argument does not have string type**
- 5148: the "template" keyword used for syntactic disambiguation may only be used within a template**
- 5149: a debug option must be specified on the command-line for the db_opt pragma to be used**
- 5150: more than one preinclude option specified**
- 5151: attribute does not apply to non-function type "type"**
- 5152: arithmetic on pointer to void or function type**
- 5153: storage class must be auto or register**
- 5154: "type" would have been promoted to "type" when passed through the ellipsis parameter; use the latter type instead**
- 5155: "xxxx" is not a base class member**
- 5156: __super cannot appear after "::"**
- 5157: __super may only be used in a class scope**
- 5158: __super must be followed by "::"**
- 5159: [xxxx instantiation contexts not shown]**
- 5160: mangled name is too long**
- 5161: declaration aliased to unknown entity "xxxx"**
- 5162: declaration does not match its alias *entity-kind* "entity"**
- 5163: entity declared as alias cannot have definition**
- 5164: variable-length array field type will be treated as zero-length array field type**
- 5165: nonstandard cast on lvalue ignored**
- 5166: unrecognized flag name**
- 5167: void return type cannot be qualified**
- 5168: the auto specifier is ignored here (invalid in standard C/C++)**
- 5169: a reduction in alignment without the "packed" attribute is ignored**
- 5170: a member template corresponding to "entity" is declared as a template of a different kind in another translation unit**
- 5171: excess initializers are ignored**
- 5172: va_start should only appear in a function with an ellipsis parameter**
- 5173: the "short_enums" option is only valid in GNU C mode**
- 5174: invalid export information file "xxxx" at line number "xxxx"**
- 5175: statement expressions are only allowed in block scope**
- 5176: from translation unit**

- 5177: an asm name is ignored on a non-register automatic variable**
- 5178: inline function also declared as an alias; definition ignored**
- 5179: cannot initialize `__ev64_opaque__` from a brace enclosed list (first cast to a specific ev64 type)**
- 5180: priority out of range**
- 5181: improper object type or scope, attribute ignored**
- 5182: inline *entity-kind* "entity" was declared but never referenced**
- 5183: unrecognized UPC pragma**
- 5184: shared block size does not match one previously specified**
- 5185: bracketed expression is assumed to be a block size specification rather than an array dimension**
- 5186: the block size of a shared array must be greater than zero**
- 5187: multiple block sizes not allowed**
- 5188: strict or relaxed requires shared**
- 5189: THREADS not allowed in this context**
- 5190: block size specified exceeds the maximum value of "xxxx"**
- 5191: function returning shared is not allowed**
- 5192: only arrays of a shared type can be dimensioned to a multiple of THREADS**
- 5193: one dimension of an array of a shared type must be a multiple of THREADS when the number of threads is nonconstant**
- 5194: shared type inside a struct or union is not allowed**
- 5195: parameters may not have shared types**
- 5196: a dynamic THREADS dimension requires a definite block size**
- 5197: shared variables must be static or extern**
- 5198: argument of `upc_blocksizeof` is a pointer to a shared type (not shared type itself)**
- 5199: affinity expression ignored in nested `upc_forall`**
- 5200: branching into or out of a `upc_forall` loop is not allowed**
- 5201: affinity expression must have a shared type or point to a shared type**
- 5202: affinity has shared type (not pointer to shared)**
- 5203: shared `void*` types can only be compared for equality**
- 5204: UPC mode is incompatible with C++ and K&R modes**
- 5205: null (zero) character in input line ignored**
- 5206: null (zero) character in string or character constant**

- 5207: null (zero) character in header name**
- 5208: declaration in for-initializer hides a declaration in the surrounding scope**
- 5209: the hidden declaration is at line "xxxx"**
- 5210: the prototype declaration of *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx) is ignored after this unprototyped redeclaration**
- 5211: attribute ignored on typedef of class or enum types**
- 5212: *entity-kind "entity"* must have external C linkage**
- 5213: variable declaration hides declaration in for-initializer**
- 5214: typedef "xxxx" may not be used in an elaborated type specifier**
- 5215: call of zero constant ignored**
- 5216: parameter "xxxx" may not be redeclared in a catch clause of function try block**
- 5217: the initial explicit specialization of *entity-kind "entity"* must be declared in the namespace containing the template**
- 5218: "cc" clobber ignored**
- 5219: "template" must be followed by an identifier**
- 5220: MYTHREAD not allowed in this context**
- 5221: layout qualifier cannot qualify pointer to shared**
- 5222: layout qualifier cannot qualify an incomplete array**
- 5223: declaration of "xxxx" hides handler parameter**
- 5224: nonstandard cast to array type ignored**
- 5225: this pragma cannot be used in a `_Pragma` operator (a `#pragma` directive must be used)**
- 5226: field uses tail padding of a base class**
- 5227: GNU C++ compilers may use bit field padding**
- 5228: use of *entity-kind "entity"* is deprecated: xxxx**
- 5229: an asm name is not allowed on a nonstatic member declaration**
- 5230: unrecognized format function type "xxxx" ignored**
- 5231: base class "*entity*" uses tail padding of base class "*entity*"**
- 5232: the "init_priority" attribute can only be used for definitions of static data members and namespace scope variables of class types**
- 5233: requested initialization priority is reserved for internal use**
- 5234: this anonymous union/struct field is hidden by *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx)**
- 5235: invalid error number**
- 5236: invalid error tag**

- 5237: expected an error number or error tag**
- 5238: size of class is affected by tail padding**
- 5239: labels can be referenced only in function definitions**
- 5240: transfer of control into a statement expression is not allowed**
- 5241: transfer of control out of a statement expression is not allowed**
- 5242: this statement is not allowed inside of a statement expression**
- 5243: a non-POD class definition is not allowed inside of a statement expression**
- 5244: destructible entities are not allowed inside of a statement expression**
- 5245: a dynamically-initialized local static variable is not allowed inside of a statement expression**
- 5246: a variable-length array is not allowed inside of a statement expression**
- 5247: a statement expression is not allowed inside of a default argument**
- 5248: nonstandard conversion between pointer to function and pointer to data**
- 5249: interface types cannot have virtual base classes**
- 5250: interface types cannot specify "private" or "protected"**
- 5251: interface types can only derive from other interface types**
- 5252: "type" is an interface type**
- 5253: interface types cannot have typedef members**
- 5254: interface types cannot have user-declared constructors or destructors**
- 5255: interface types cannot have user-declared member operators**
- 5256: interface types cannot be declared in functions**
- 5257: cannot declare interface templates**
- 5258: interface types cannot have data members**
- 5259: interface types cannot contain friend declarations**
- 5260: interface types cannot have nested classes**
- 5261: interface types cannot be nested class types**
- 5262: interface types cannot have member templates**
- 5263: interface types cannot have static member functions**
- 5264: this pragma cannot be used in a __pragma operator (a #pragma directive must be used)**
- 5265: qualifier must be base class of "type"**
- 5266: declaration must correspond to a pure virtual member function in the indicated base class**

- 5267: integer overflow in internal computation due to size or complexity of "type"**
- 5268: integer overflow in internal computation**
- 5269: __w64 can only be specified on int, long, and pointer types**
- 5270: potentially narrowing conversion when compiled in an environment where int, long, or pointer types are 64 bits wide**
- 5271: current value of pragma pack is "xxxx"**
- 5272: arguments for pragma pack(show) are ignored**
- 5273: invalid alignment specifier value**
- 5274: expected an integer literal**
- 5275: earlier __declspec(aligned(...)) ignored**
- 5276: expected an argument value for the "xxxx" attribute parameter**
- 5277: invalid argument value for the "xxxx" attribute parameter**
- 5278: expected a boolean value for the "xxxx" attribute parameter**
- 5279: a positional argument cannot follow a named argument in an attribute**
- 5280: attribute "xxxx" 1 has no parameter named "xxxx"**
- 5281: expected an argument list for the "xxxx" attribute**
- 5282: expected a ",", or "]"**
- 5283: attribute argument "xxxx" has already been given a value**
- 5284: a value cannot be assigned to the "xxxx" attribute**
- 5285: a throw expression may not have pointer-to-incomplete type**
- 5286: alignment-of operator applied to incomplete type**
- 5287: "xxxx" may only be used as a standalone attribute**
- 5288: "xxxx" attribute cannot be used here**
- 5289: unrecognized attribute "xxxx"**
- 5290: attributes are not allowed here**
- 5291: invalid argument value for the "xxxx" attribute parameter**
- 5292: too many attribute arguments**
- 5293: conversion from inaccessible base class "type" is not allowed**
- 5294: option "export" requires distinct template signatures**
- 5295: narrow and wide string literals cannot be concatenated**
- 5296: GNU layout bug not emulated because it places virtual base "entity" outside "entity" object boundaries**

- 5297: virtual base "entity" placed outside "entity" object boundaries**
- 5298: nonstandard qualified name in namespace member declaration**
- 5299: reduction in alignment ignored**
- 5300: const qualifier ignored**
- 5301: return statement in function marked with "noreturn"**
- 5302: invalid GNU asm qualifiers**
- 5303: non-POD class type passed through ellipsis**
- 5304: a non-POD class type cannot be fetched by va_arg**
- 5305: the 'u' or 'U' suffix must appear before the 'l' or 'L' suffix in a fixed-point literal**
- 5306: option "fixed_point" can be used only when compiling C**
- 5307: integer operand may cause fixed-point overflow**
- 5308: fixed-point constant is out of range**
- 5309: fixed-point value cannot be represented exactly**
- 5310: constant is too large for long long; given unsigned long long type (nonstandard)**
- 5311: layout qualifier cannot qualify pointer to shared void**
- 5312: duplicate THREADS in multidimensional array type**
- 5313: a strong using-directive may only appear in a namespace scope**
- 5314: *entity-kind "entity"* declares a non-template function -- add <> to refer to a template instance**
- 5315: operation may cause fixed-point overflow**
- 5316: expression must have integral, enum, or fixed-point type**
- 5317: expression must have integral or fixed-point type**
- 5318: function declared with "noreturn" does return**
- 5319: asm name ignored because it conflicts with a previous declaration**
- 5320: class member typedef may not be redeclared**
- 5321: taking the address of a temporary**
- 5322: attributes are ignored on a class declaration that is not also a definition**
- 5323: fixed-point value implicitly converted to floating-point type**
- 5324: fixed-point types have no classification**
- 5325: a template parameter may not have fixed-point type**
- 5326: hexadecimal floating-point constants are not allowed**

- 5327: option "named_address_spaces" can be used only when compiling C**
- 5328: floating-point value does not fit in required fixed-point type**
- 5329: value cannot be converted to fixed-point value exactly**
- 5330: fixed-point conversion resulted in a change of sign**
- 5331: integer value does not fit in required fixed-point type**
- 5332: fixed-point operation result is out of range**
- 5333: multiple named address spaces**
- 5334: variable with automatic storage duration cannot be stored in a named address space**
- 5335: type cannot be qualified with named address space**
- 5336: function type cannot be qualified with named address space**
- 5337: field type cannot be qualified with named address space**
- 5338: fixed-point value does not fit in required floating-point type**
- 5339: fixed-point value does not fit in required integer type**
- 5340: value does not fit in required fixed-point type**
- 5341: option "named_registers" can be used only when compiling C**
- 5342: a named-register storage class is not allowed here**
- 5343: *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx) redeclared with incompatible named-register storage class**
- 5344: named-register storage class cannot be specified for aliased variable**
- 5345: named-register storage specifier is already in use**
- 5346: option "embedded_c" cannot be combined with options to control individual Embedded C features**
- 5347: invalid EDG_BASE directory:**
- 5348: cannot open predefined macro file: "xxxx"**
- 5349: invalid predefined macro entry at line xxxx:xxxx**
- 5350: invalid macro mode name "xxxx"**
- 5351: incompatible redefinition of predefined macro "xxxx"**
- 5352: redeclaration of *entity-kind "entity"* (declared at line xxxx) is missing a named-register storage class**
- 5353: named register is too small for the type of the variable**
- 5354: arrays cannot be declared with named-register storage class**
- 5355: `const_cast` to enum type is nonstandard**
- 5356: option "embedded_c" can be used only when compiling C**

5357: a named address space qualifier is not allowed here

5358: an empty initializer is invalid for an array with unspecified bound

5359: function returns incomplete class type "*type*"

5360: *entity-kind "entity"* has already been initialized; the out-of-class initializer will be ignored

5361: declaration hides *entity-kind "entity"*

5362: a parameter cannot be allocated in a named address space

5363: invalid suffix on fixed-point or floating-point constant

5364: a register variable cannot be allocated in a named address space

5365: expected "SAT" or "DEFAULT"

5366: *entity-kind "entity"* has no corresponding member operator `delete`_{xxxx} (to be called if an exception is thrown during initialization of an allocated object)

5367: a thread-local variable cannot be declared with "dllimport" or "dllexport"

5368: a function return type cannot be qualified with a named address space

5369: an initializer cannot be specified for a flexible array member whose elements have a nontrivial destructor

5370: an initializer cannot be specified for an indirect flexible array member

5371: invalid GNU version number:

5372: variable attributes appearing after a parenthesized initializer are ignored

5373: the result of this cast cannot be used as an lvalue

5374: negation of an unsigned fixed-point value

5375: this operator is not allowed at this point; use parentheses

5376: flexible array member initializer must be constant

5377: register names can only be used for register variables

5378: named-register variables cannot have void type

5379: `__declspec` modifiers not valid for this declaration

5380: parameters cannot have link scope specifiers

5381: multiple link scope specifiers

5382: link scope specifiers can only appear on functions and variables with external linkage

5383: a redeclaration cannot weaken a link scope

5384: link scope specifier not allowed on this declaration

5385: nonstandard qualified name in global scope declaration

5386: implicit conversion of a 64-bit integral type to a smaller integral type (potential portability problem)

- 5387: explicit conversion of a 64-bit integral type to a smaller integral type (potential portability problem)**
- 5388: conversion from pointer to same-sized integral type (potential portability problem)**
- 5389: the "sun_linker_scope" option is only valid in Sun mode**
- 5390: friend specifier is not allowed in a class definition; friend specifier is ignored**
- 5391: only static and extern variables can use thread-local storage**
- 5392: multiple thread-local storage specifiers**
- 5393: virtual *entity-kind "entity"* was not defined (and cannot be defined elsewhere because it is a member of an unnamed namespace)**
- 5394: carriage return character in source line outside of comment or character/string literal**
- 5395: expression must have fixed-point type**
- 5396: invalid use of access specifier is ignored**
- 5397: pointer converted to bool**
- 5398: pointer-to-member converted to bool**
- 5399: storage specifier ignored**
- 5400: dllexport and dllimport are ignored on class templates**
- 5401: base class dllexport/dllimport specification differs from that of the derived class**
- 5402: redeclaration cannot add dllexport/dllimport to "*entity*" (declared at line xxxx)**
- 5403: dllexport/dllimport conflict with "*entity*"; dllexport assumed**
- 5404: cannot define dllimport entity**
- 5405: dllexport/dllimport requires external linkage**
- 5406: a member of a class declared with dllexport/dllimport cannot itself be declared with such a specifier**
- 5407: field of class type without a DLL interface used in a class with a DLL interface**
- 5408: parenthesized member declaration is nonstandard**
- 5409: white space between backslash and newline in line splice ignored**
- 5410: dllexport/dllimport conflict with "*entity*"; dllimport/dllexport dropped**
- 5411: invalid member for anonymous member class -- class "*type*" has a disallowed member function**
- 5412: nonstandard reinterpret_cast**
- 5413: positional format specifier cannot be zero**
- 5414: a local class cannot reference a variable-length array type from an enclosing function**
- 5415: member *entity-kind "entity"* already has an explicit dllexport/dllimport specifier**
- 5416: a variable-length array is not allowed in a function return type**

- 5417: variable-length array type is not allowed in pointer to member of type "type"
- 5418: the result of a statement expression cannot have a type involving a variable-length array
- 5419: support for trigraphs is disabled
- 5420: the "xxx" attribute can only appear on functions and variables with external linkage
- 5421: strict mode is incompatible with treating namespace std as an alias for the global namespace
- 5427: invalid symbolic operand name "xxx"
- 5428: a symbolic match constraint must refer to one of the first ten operands
- 5429: use of __if_exists is not supported in this context
- 5430: __if_exists block not closed in the same scope in which it was opened
- 5431: thread-local variable cannot be dynamically initialized
- 5432: conversion drops "__unaligned" qualifier
- 5433: some enumerator values cannot be represented by the integral type underlying the enum type
- 5434: default argument is not allowed on a friend class template declaration
- 5435: multicharacter character literal (potential portability problem)
- 5436: expected a class, struct, or union type
- 5437: second operand of offsetof must be a field
- 5438: second operand of offsetof may not be a bit field
- 5439: cannot apply offsetof to a member of a virtual base
- 5440: offsetof applied to non-POD types is nonstandard
- 5441: default arguments are not allowed on a friend declaration of a member function
- 5442: default arguments are not allowed on friend declarations that are not definitions
- 5443: redeclaration of entity-kind "entity" previously declared as a friend with default arguments is not allowed
- 5444: invalid qualifier for "type" (a derived class is not allowed here)
- 5445: invalid qualifier for definition of class "type"
- 5446: no prior push_macro for "xxx"
- 5447: wide string literal not allowed
- 5448: "xxx" is only allowed in C++
- 5449: "xxx" is only allowed in C
- 5450: __ptr32 and __ptr64 must follow a ""
- 5451: __ptr32 and __ptr64 cannot both apply

- 5452: template argument list of "xxxx" must match the parameter list**
- 5453: an incomplete class type is not allowed**
- 5454: complex integral types are not supported**
- 5455: __real and __imag can only be applied to complex values**
- 5456: __real/ __imag applied to real value**
- 5457: entity-kind "entity" was declared "deprecated ("xxxx")"**
- 5458: invalid redefinition of entity-kind "entity"**
- 5459: dllimport/dllexport applied to a member of an unnamed namespace**
- 5460: __thiscall can only appear on nonstatic member function declarations**
- 5461: __thiscall not allowed on function with ellipsis parameter**
- 5462: explicit specialization of entity-kind "entity" must precede its first use (at line xxxx)**
- 5463: a sealed class type cannot be used as a base class**
- 5464: duplicate class modifier**
- 5465: a member function cannot have both the "abstract" and "sealed" modifiers**
- 5466: a sealed member cannot be pure virtual**
- 5467: nonvirtual function cannot be declared with "abstract" or "sealed modifier"**
- 5468: member function declared with "override" modifier does not override a base class member**
- 5469: cannot override sealed entity-kind "entity"**
- 5470: entity-kind "entity" was declared with the class modifier "abstract"**
- 5515: catastrophic error**
- 5516: Catastrophic error**
- 5517: command-line error**
- 5518: Command-line error**
- 5519: internal error**
- 5520: Internal error**
- 5521: -D**
- 5522:**
- 5523: Error limit reached.**
- 5524: Internal error loop**
- 5525: Loop in catastrophic error processing.**

5526: generated C output

5527: temporary

5528: preprocessing output

5529: raw listing

5530: cross-reference

5531: intermediate language (1)

5532: intermediate language (2)

5533: intermediate language (3)

5534: intermediate language (4)

5535: intermediate language (5)

5536: intermediate language (6)

5537: intermediate language (7)

5538: intermediate language (8)

5539: intermediate language (9)

5540: PCH

5541: template information file

5542: exported template file

5543: instantiation request file

5544: definition list file

5545: missing cannot-redefine flag

5546: missing mode after ','

5547: missing macro name

5548: invalid cannot-redefine value

5549: duplicate function modifier

5550: invalid character for char16_t literal

5551: __LPREFIX cannot be applied to char16_t or char32_t literals

5552: unrecognized calling convention xxxx, must be one of:

5553: xxxx

5554: option to control char16_t/char32_t literals can be used only when compiling C

5555: attribute "xxxx" not allowed on parameter declarations

- 5556: underlying type of enum type must be an integral type other than bool**
- 5557: some enumerator constants cannot be represented by "type"**
- 5558: "xxxx" not allowed in current mode**
- 5559: type traits helpers option can be used only when compiling C++**
- 5560: attribute "sentinel" requires an ellipsis parameter**
- 5561: argument must be a constant null pointer value**
- 5562: insufficient number of arguments for sentinel value**
- 5563: sentinel argument must correspond to an ellipsis parameter**
- 5564: __declspec(implementation_key(...)) can appear only between #pragma start_map_region and #pragma stop_map_region**
- 5565: #pragma start_map_region already active: pragma ignored**
- 5566: no #pragma start_map_region is currently active: pragma ignored**
- 5567: entity-kind "entity" cannot be used to name a destructor (a type name is required)**
- 5568: nonstandard empty wide character literal treated as L'\\0'**
- 5569: "typename" may not be specified here**
- 5570: a non-placement operator delete must be visible in a class with a virtual destructor**
- 5571: name linkage conflicts with previous declaration of entity-kind "entity"**
- 5572: alias creates cycle of aliased entities**
- 5573: subscript must be constant**
- 5574: a variable with static storage duration allocated in a specific register cannot be declared with an initializer**
- 5575: a variable allocated in a specific register must have POD type**
- 5576: predefined meaning of "entity" discarded**
- 5577: the "xxxx" attribute can only appear on functions and variables with internal linkage**
- 5578: designator may not specify a non-POD subobject**
- 5579: enum qualified name is nonstandard**
- 5580: anonymous union qualifier is nonstandard**
- 5581: anonymous union qualifier is ignored**
- 5582: __declspec ignored (no variable or function declared)**
- 5583: __declspec(xxxx) ignored (it has no meaning for a C struct)**
- 5584: specifiers after comma between declarations are nonstandard**
- 5585: nonstandard specifier ignored**

- 5586: attributes are ignored on an enum declaration that is not also a definition**
- 5587: declaring a reference with "mutable" is nonstandard**
- 5588: a condition declaration for an array is always true**
- 5589: static assertion failed with "xxxx"**
- 5590: visibility attribute ignored because it conflicts with a previous declaration**
- 5591: field name resolves to more than one offset -- see "entity1" and "entity2"**
- 5592: "xxxx" is not a field name**
- 5593: case label value has already appeared in this switch at line xxxx**
- 5594: a member function cannot have internal linkage**
- 5595: declaration hides built-in entity-kind "entity"**
- 5596: declaration overloads built-in entity-kind "entity"**
- 5597: the option to list macro definitions may not be specified when compiling more than one translation unit**
- 5598: unexpected parenthesis after declaration of entity-kind "entity" (malformed parameter list or invalid initializer?)**
- 5599: parentheses around a string initializer are nonstandard**
- 5600: __interface**
- 5601: a variable declared with an auto type specifier cannot appear in its own initializer**
- 5602: cannot deduce "auto" type**
- 5603: initialization with "{...}" is not allowed for "auto" type**
- 5604: "auto" type cannot appear in top-level array type**
- 5605: "auto" type cannot appear in top-level function type**
- 5606: a member of type "type" cannot have an in-class initializer**
- 5607: a member with an in-class initializer must be const**
- 5608: cannot deduce "auto" type (initializer required)**
- 5609: "auto" type is "type"1 for this entity, but was previously implied to be "type"2**
- 5610: invalid constructor declaration**
- 5611: invalid use of a type qualifier**
- 5612: a union cannot be abstract or sealed**
- 5613: "auto" is not allowed here**
- 5614: definition of base class type not completed yet**
- 5615: "extern template" cannot refer to a specialization of static entity-kind "entity"**

- 5616: "extern template" cannot follow explicit instantiation of entity-kind "entity"**
- 5617: __declspec(restrict) requires a function returning a pointer type**
- 5618: the "report_gnu_extensions" option is only valid in GNU C and GNU C++ modes**
- 5619: variable-length array types are nonstandard**
- 5620: designators are nonstandard**
- 5621: this designator syntax is a GNU extension**
- 5622: compound literals are nonstandard**
- 5623: statement expressions are a GNU extension**
- 5624: asm name ignored for previously defined entity**
- 5625: attributes are a GNU extension**
- 5626: extended asm syntax is a GNU feature**
- 5627: volatile asm declarations are a GNU extension**
- 5628: asm name specifiers are a GNU extension**
- 5629: the "__restrict" qualifier is nonstandard**
- 5630: "typeof" is a GNU extension**
- 5631: modifying the size or signedness of a typedef is nonstandard**
- 5632: zero-length arrays are a GNU extension**
- 5633: flexible array members are nonstandard**
- 5634: attribute "nonnull" references nonpointer parameter**
- 5635: argument for attribute "nonnull" is larger than number of parameters**
- 5636: no parameter has pointer type**
- 5637: null argument provided for parameter marked with attribute "nonnull"**
- 5638: the destructor for "type1" has been suppressed because the destructor for "type2" is inaccessible**
- 5639: the suppressed destructor for "type" is needed**
- 5640: routine is both "inline" and "noinline" ("noinline" assumed)**
- 5641: invalid cleanup routine**
- 5642: attribute "cleanup" requires automatic storage duration**
- 5643: attribute "cleanup" does not apply to parameters**
- 5644: cleanup routine has invalid type**
- 5645: call of cleanup routine requires suspect conversion**

- 5646: __sptr and __uptr must follow a "*"**
- 5647: __sptr and __uptr cannot both be specified**
- 5648: widening pointer conversion from "type1" to "type2" extends sign bit**
- 5649: __sptr and __uptr don't apply to pointer-to-member types**
- 5650: the declaration of the copy assignment operator for "type" has been suppressed because entity-kind "entity" is const**
- 5651: the declaration of the copy assignment operator for "type" has been suppressed because entity-kind "entity" has reference type**
- 5652: the declaration of the copy assignment operator for "type1" has been suppressed because that of "type2" was suppressed**
- 5653: the declaration of the copy assignment operator for "type1" has been suppressed because that of "type2" is ambiguous**
- 5654: the declaration of the copy assignment operator for "type1" has been suppressed because that of "type2" is inaccessible**
- 5655: the declaration of the copy constructor for "type1" has been suppressed because that of "type2" was suppressed**
- 5656: the declaration of the copy constructor for "type1" has been suppressed because that of "type2" is ambiguous**
- 5657: the declaration of the copy constructor for "type1" has been suppressed because that of "type2" is inaccessible**
- 5658: the destructor for "type1" will not be called because it is inaccessible and the destructor for "type2" was suppressed**
- 5659: definition at end of file not followed by a semicolon or a declarator**
- 5660: first argument must be a pointer to integer or enumeration type**
- 5661: synchronized operations are valid only on objects of size 1, 2, 4, or 8**
- 5662: extra arguments ignored**
- 5663: '=' assumed following macro name "xxxx" in command-line definition**
- 5664: white space is required between the macro name "xxxx" and its replacement text**
- 5665: result of call is not used**
- 5666: attribute "warn_unused_result" is ignored for void return type**
- 5667: attribute "xxxx" requires pointer-to-function type**
- 5668: dllimport/dllexport is ignored on redeclaration using a qualified name**
- 5669: too many characters in character literal -- extra leading characters ignored**
- 5670: entity-kind "entity" cannot be declared inline after its definition at line xxxx**
- 5671: a statement expression is not allowed in a template-dependent typeof specifier**
- 5672: a statement expression is not allowed in a decltype specifier**
- 5673: a template argument may not reference a type with no name linkage**

- 5674:** "virtual" is ignored here
- 5675:** a template argument may not reference a variable-length array type
- 5676:** a universal character name cannot designate a surrogate code point
- 5677:** #include_next cannot be used in the primary source file
- 5678:** "entity" cannot be specified in a template member definition -- "entity" assumed instead
- 5679:** attribute "xxxx" is ignored on local function declaration
- 5680:** concatenation with "xxxx" in entity-kind "entity" does not create a valid token
- 5681:** "entity" is ambiguous (entity-kind "entity" assumed)
- 5682:** a type qualifier is not allowed on a static member function
- 5683:** a type qualifier is not allowed on a constructor or destructor
- 5684:** a type qualifier is not allowed on operator new or operator delete
- 5685:** a type qualifier is not allowed on a nonmember function
- 5686:** __assume expression with side effects discarded
- 5687:** unrecognized Unicode source kind (must be one of UTF-8, UTF-16, UTF-16LE, UTF-16BE):
- 5688:** Unicode character with hex value xxxx not representable in preprocessing output
- 5689:** requested constructor/destructor priority is reserved for internal use
- 5690:** unrecognized GCC pragma
- 5691:** unrecognized GCC visibility pragma directive
- 5692:** unrecognized visibility kind
- 5693:** visibility pragma was still active
- 5694:** no matching visibility push
- 5695:** typeid of incomplete type
- 5696:** __declspec attributes are not allowed on enum specifiers in C mode
- 5697:** array entity-kind "entity" assumed to have one element
- 5698:** vector_size attribute requires an arithmetic or enum type
- 5699:** vector size is too large
- 5700:** vector size must be a power of two
- 5701:** vector size must be a multiple of the element size
- 5702:** mixed vector-scalar operation not allowed
- 5703:** operation requires two vectors of the same size

- 5704: template-dependent vector size is not allowed**
- 5705: vector_size attribute is not allowed on a template-dependent type**
- 5706: vector_size attribute is not allowed here**
- 5707: vector_size attribute is not allowed with a complex element type**
- 5708: vector size must be an integer constant**
- 5709: vector operation requires identical element types**
- 5710: vector operation does not apply to vector with non-integral type**
- 5711: cannot open xxxx file "xxxx"**
- 5712: cannot open xxxx file "xxxx": xxxx**
- 5718: error while writing xxxx file: xxxx**
- 5727: IL output**
- 5728: conversion drops "__restrict" qualifier**
- 5729: unable to obtain mapped memory for "xxxx": xxxx**
- 5730: restrict qualifier is ignored**
- 5731: attributes ignored here**
- 5732: array of elements containing a flexible array member is nonstandard**
- 5733: a template parameter may not have a vector type**
- 5734: the initialization of entity-kind "entity" will be done before that of entity-kind "entity"**
- 5735: inheritance kind is not allowed in C**
- 5736: inheritance kind is ignored on an enum specifier**
- 5737: modifier is not allowed on an enum specifier**
- 5738: modifier is ignored on an enum specifier**
- 5739: identifier character cannot be represented in Unicode**
- 5740: header name contains characters that cannot be represented in Unicode**
- 5741: "xxxx" is not a valid locale name**
- 5742: declaring a void parameter list with a template parameter is nonstandard**
- 5743: lambdas option can be used only when compiling C++**
- 5744: explicit capture matches default**
- 5745: entity-kind "entity" is not a variable**
- 5746: a variable with static storage duration cannot be captured in a lambda**

- 5747: "this" cannot be captured by reference**
- 5748: "this" cannot be used inside the body of this lambda**
- 5749: a member of an outer-scope anonymous union cannot be referenced inside the body of a lambda**
- 5750: an enclosing-function local variable cannot be referenced in a lambda body unless it is in the capture list**
- 5751: invalid reference to an outer-scope local variable in a lambda body**
- 5752: a local variable outside the current function scope cannot be captured**
- 5753: the enclosing-function "this" cannot be referenced in a lambda body unless it is in the capture list**
- 5754: the body of a value-returning lambda with no explicit return type must be a single return statement**
- 5755: lambda captured variable of type "type1" cannot be copied to closure class field of type "type2"**
- 5756: invalid template directory:**
- 5764: enumeration value is outside the range of its underlying type ("type")**
- 5765: "\\\" followed by white space is not a line splice**
- 5766: this dynamic_cast cannot be done without runtime type information, which is disabled**
- 5767: conversion to "type" is ambiguous; direct base selected**
- 5768: an internal buffer would be too large**
- 5769: C++ exception handler used, but exception handling semantics have not been specified**
- 5770: type qualifier ignored on constructor**
- 5771: a variable captured by a lambda cannot have a type involving a variable-length array**
- 5772: conversion between incompatible vector types**
- 5773: expected a "{" introducing a lambda body**
- 5774: rvalue references option can be used only when compiling C++**
- 5775: a type qualifier is not allowed on a lambda**
- 5776: a name cannot appear more than once in a capture-list**
- 5777: explicit template arguments ignored**
- 5778: a lambda is not allowed in a constant expression**
- 5779: "type" is not a class type**
- 5780: "delete" applied to a pointer-to-array type treated as delete[]**
- 5781: "delete" applied to a pointer-to-array type is nonstandard; treated as delete[]**
- 5782: entity-kind "entity" cannot be called with the given argument list**
- 5783: an rvalue reference cannot be bound to an lvalue**

- 5784: a nontype template parameter cannot have rvalue reference type**
- 5785: type qualifiers are ignored (underlying type is a reference)**
- 5786: entity-kind "entity", declared using a local type, must be defined in this translation unit**
- 5787: entity-kind "entity", declared using a type with no linkage, must be defined in this translation unit**
- 5788: the operand of an rvalue reference `dynamic_cast` must have a complete class type**
- 5789: "= default" can only appear on default constructors, copy constructors, copy assignment operators, and destructors**
- 5790: "= delete" can only appear on the first declaration of a function**
- 5791: entity-kind "entity" (declared at line xxxx) cannot be referenced -- it is a deleted function**
- 5792: a lambda is not allowed in an unevaluated expression**
- 5793: `__builtin_va_arg_pack/ __builtin_va_arg_pack_len` can appear only in an inline function with an ellipsis parameter**
- 5794: "= default" cannot be specified on a friend declaration**
- 5795: expected a C++ keyword**
- 5796: this cast to an rvalue reference type is invalid because the underlying type "type" is incomplete**
- 5797: offset is not constant**
- 5798: unrecognized #pragma comment type "xxxx"**
- 5799: option to control whether "auto" is a type specifier can be used only when compiling C++**
- 5800: option to control whether "auto" is a storage class can be used only when compiling C++**
- 5801: the type specifier and storage class specifier meanings of "auto" cannot both be disabled**
- 5802: invalid string in #pragma comment**
- 5803: deleted function overrides nondeleted entity-kind "entity"**
- 5804: nondeleted function overrides deleted entity-kind "entity"**
- 5805: the default constructor of "type" cannot be referenced -- it is a deleted function**
- 5806: an rvalue reference is not allowed as a catch type**
- 5807: default arguments of entity-kind "entity" is incompatible with a declaration in another translation unit**
- 5808: default arguments of entity-kind "entity" were different during compilation of "xxxx"**
- 5809: entity-kind "entity" cannot be specialized because it is deleted**
- 5810: initializer for entity-kind "entity" is different in another translation unit**
- 5811: initializer for entity-kind "entity" was different during compilation of "xxxx"**
- 5812: a designator into a template-dependent type is not allowed**
- 5813: unrecognized conformance kind**

5814: expected "on" or "off"

5815: #pragma conform(forScope) stack is empty

5816: no previous #pragma conform(forScope) entry matches "xxxx"

5817: forScope behavior is nonstandard

5818: forScope behavior is standard

5819: function "main" cannot be deleted

5820: type qualifiers are meaningless here

5821: invalid type for defaulted assignment operator

5822: function templates cannot be defaulted

5823: invalid type for defaulted constructor

5824: function call requires one argument

5825: function call requires a real floating-point argument

5826: a copy constructor with a default argument cannot be defaulted

5827: a predeclared function cannot be deleted

5828: empty dependent statement in if-statement

5829: empty dependent statement in "else" clause of if-statement

5830: entity-kind "entity" (declared at line xxxx), required for copy that was eliminated, cannot be referenced -- it is a deleted function

5831: nonstandard first parameter "type" of "main", expected "int"

5832: nonstandard number of parameters for "main", expected zero or two parameters

5833: nonstandard second parameter "type" of "main", expected "char *[]" or "char *"**

5834: "xxxx" was specified as both a system and non-system include directory -- the non-system entry will be ignored

5835: option to control move constructors and move assignment operators can be used only when compiling C++

5836: a nonpublic or explicit member function cannot be defaulted in its parent class definition

5837: "packed" attribute ignored on class with non-POD entity-kind "entity"

5844: function *<function_name>* has no prototype

5848: GNU-style inline assembly detected. This feature is not supported.

The Diab compiler does not support GNU-style inline assembly extended syntax. This warning is emitted if such syntax is detected.

5849: suspicious extension of a 32-bit value when assigned to a 64-bit integral type (potential portability problem).

This warning is reported as 2273 for previous versions.

4. ASSEMBLER ERROR MESSAGES

1. Assembler Error Messages

Assembler messages have the format:

```
"file ", line #: severity: message
```

Three kinds of messages are generated. The severity values for each as they appear in messages are as follows.

warning

Warning: a message will be printed, assembly will continue, and an output file will be produced.

error

Error: a message will be printed, assembly will continue, but no output will be generated.

fatal

Fatal: a message will be printed and assembly aborted.

Assembler messages are intended to be clear in the context of the error and are not listed here. Please report unclear assembler error messages to Customer Support.

5. LINKER ERROR MESSAGES

1. Linker Message Format

Linker messages have the format:

```
DLD.EXE: message
```

Where relevant, the file and line are included in the message.

The severity level for each message is shown in parentheses in the message description. A warning (w) generates a diagnostic message, but linking continues and an output file is produced. An error (e) causes the linker to abort.

2. Linker Message Detail

The following is a list of possible linker error messages.

"." (0x...) is assigned invalid value: 0x...

Assignment to "." creates a gap in section data. The size of this gap should not be negative and should be less 0x4000000. (e)

Absolute section has invalid name: name

Absolute section name must be ".abs.hexNumber". (e)

An unknown or incorrect option has been provided

The linker does not recognize an option flag that has been passed to it. (w)

Archive file *filename* does not have symbol table

An archive file must have a symbol table to be usable by the linker. Use **dar** to create the table. (e)

ASSERT failed: *assertion*

(Message may include the **assert** expression.) Contact Customer Support. (e)

Assignment to symbol "*symbol*" in the LECL file is ignored

The symbol is defined in an input object file.

The linker command file cannot redefine a symbol that is already defined in an input object file. (w)

Cannot allocate 0x... bytes of memory for "*name*"

The **MEMORY** directive in the linker command language is used to specify the regions from which the linker can allocate memory. When there is not enough space to contain a group, section, or **NEXT** directive, an error message is generated. (e)

Cannot allocate branch island

The linker cannot calculate the address or size of a branch island. The circular dependencies are too complex. (e)

Cannot calculate address of group

Complex circular dependencies cannot be resolved. Linker command language and implicit linking rules constitute an equation system which can be unsolvable, resulting in this or similar error message. (e)

Cannot calculate address of section *section*

Complex circular dependencies cannot be resolved. Linker command language and implicit linking rules constitute an equation system which can be unsolvable, resulting in this or similar error message. (e)

Cannot calculate OVERFLOW size expression

Complex circular dependencies cannot be resolved. An expression value depends on the address or size of a symbol or section, which in turn depends directly or implicitly on the expression value. Example:

```
X = sizeof(Y); Y (DATA) : { . = . + X; }
```

Linker command language and implicit linking rules constitute an equation system which can be unsolvable, resulting in this or similar error message. (e)

Cannot calculate size of group

Complex circular dependencies cannot be resolved. Linker command language and implicit linking rules constitute an equation system which can be unsolvable, resulting in this or similar error message. (e)

Cannot create branch island - section *section* **is too large**

Branch islands are created between input sections. If an input section is too large it might not be possible to create an island for that branch.

Cannot create Branch Island for Arm to Thumb call, function *name*

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Cannot create Branch Island for Thumb to Arm call, function *name*

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Cannot create position independent branch island: __SDA2_BASE_ is undefined

-Xpic-only needs the symbol __SDA2_BASE_ to be defined. (e)

Cannot evaluate expression

Complex circular dependencies cannot be resolved. Linker command language and implicit linking rules constitute an equation system which can be unsolvable, resulting in this or similar error message. (e)

Cannot evaluate fill value expression

Complex circular dependencies cannot be resolved. Linker command language and implicit linking rules constitute an equation system which can be unsolvable, resulting in this or similar error message. (e)

Cannot evaluate value of symbol *symbol*

Complex circular dependencies cannot be resolved. Linker command language and implicit linking rules constitute an equation system which can be unsolvable, resulting in this or similar error message. (e)

Cannot find matching input sections for "..."

Input section specification does not match any input. (w)

Cannot find overflow output section "section "

Invalid section name in **OVERFLOW** statement. No such section defined in linker command file. (e)

Cannot get current directory name

Call to **getcwd()** failed. (e)

Cannot rename "filename", error: message

The host operating system reported an error renaming the file. Check the permissions on the directory where the file resides. This usually means that you are not permitted to write in that directory. (e)

Cannot write relocation table: relocation type 0x... is not supported by COFF

This can occur when input and output have different formats (ELF to COFF) and some relocations cannot be converted. (e)

Cannot allocate memory (NEXT)

The **MEMORY** directive in the linker command language is used to specify the regions from which the linker can allocate memory. When there is not enough space to contain a group, section, or **NEXT** directive, an error message is generated. (e)

Cannot calculate size of section "section": "." (0x...) is assigned invalid value: 0x...**Can't calculate size of section section: it depends on section address ...****Can't calculate size of section section: it depends on section address....** The section might require alignment specification

Complex circular dependencies cannot be resolved. Linker command language and implicit linking rules constitute an equation system which can be unsolvable, resulting in this or similar error message. (e)

Can't create file name**Can't create file name: ...**

The host operating system returned an error when **dld** tried to create a file. The permissions in the current directory probably don't allow your **dld** command to write in the directory. (e)

Can't create tempfile name: ...

The host operating system returned an error when **dld** tried to create a file. The permissions in the current directory probably don't allow your **dld** command to write in the directory. (e)

Can't find file: filename

The linker cannot locate the specified file. (e)

Can't find library: libname.a

The linker cannot locate the specified library. (e)

Can't find output section section

Invalid section name in linker command language expression. (e)

Can't find section section

Invalid section name in linker command language expression. (e)

Can't lseek on name: ...

Possibly an external task has shortened the file. More likely, this represents an internal error in the **dld** code. Please collect a test case to reproduce the problem and contact Customer Support. (e)

Can't open filename: ...

The host operating system returned an error when **dld** tried to read the file. Check the permissions on the file and the full pathname to the file. Perhaps there is a spelling error in the path. (e)

Can't open tempfile name: ...

The host operating system returned an error when **dld** tried to read the file. Check the permissions on the file and the full pathname to the file. Perhaps there is a spelling error in the path. (e)

Can't search unused sections, main entry symbol "*symbol*" is undefined

This warning should not be generated since the current linker deletes such symbols silently. (w)

Can't search unused sections, main entry symbol "*symbol*" has absolute address

This warning should not be generated since the current linker deletes such symbols silently. (w)

COMMON object is eclipsed by a function definition:

Function name: *name*

File: *filename*

A symbol of type **function** is defined with the same name as a **COMMON** object. (w)

Compression switch function "*function*" is undefined

PowerPC compressed code only. When **-Xmixed-compression** is on, symbols **__switch_to_uncompressed** and **__switch_to_compressed** must be defined in an input object files. (e)

Don't know where to allocate input section:

no matching input specification found in linker command file.

Section name: *section*

File: *filename*

Change linker command file to include explicit instructions on how to link this section. If the "section name" referred to in the message is **.ctors** or **.dtors**, you may be using an old linker command file that specifies **.init** and **.fini** instead of **.ctors** and **.dtors**. (w)

Don't know where to put COMMONs! No .bss and no COMMON directive

Found a **COMMON** variable but linker command file has no **.bss** nor **COMMON**. (e)

Don't know where to put small COMMONs! No .sbss and no SCOMMON directive

Found a small **COMMON** variable but linker command file has no **.sbss** nor **SCOMMON**. (e)

End of memory

All internal structures used in the linker are dynamically allocated. When the host operating system cannot provide more memory, the linker aborts with an error message. On UNIX, change the amount of memory your shell allows with the **limit** or **ulimit** command; if that does not work, increase your swap area. On Windows, increase your swap area (virtual memory). (e)

Environment variable "RTAPROJECT" must be set

The variable must be set when **-Xgenerate-vmap** is used. (This option is not intended to be set by the user.) (e)

Failed to read file *name*: ...

The host operating system reported a read error. Perhaps the file's permissions were changed by another task after **dld** opened it successfully. (e)

Failed to read file *name*: file is empty

The host operating system reported less data in the input file than **dld** expected. Probably the file is corrupted or was only partially written because the file system filled up before its writes were completed. You should recreate the file and retry your **dld** command. (e)

Failed to read file name from archive *name*

The host operating system reported a read error. Perhaps the file's permissions were changed by another task after **dld** opened it successfully. (e)

Failed to read from file *name*: ...**Failed to read from file** *name* (...): ...

The host operating system reported a read error. Perhaps the file's permissions were changed by another task after **dld** opened it successfully. (e)

Failed to read from file *name*: end of file

The host operating system reported less data in the input file than **dld** expected. Probably the file is corrupted or was only partially written because the file system filled up before its writes were completed. You should recreate the file and retry your **dld** command. (e)

Failed to write to file *name*: ...

The host operating system reported a write error. Perhaps the file's permissions were changed by another task after **dld** opened it successfully. Perhaps the file partition has filled up, leaving insufficient room for the file. (e)

File *filename* **does not have symbol table section****File** *filename* (...) **does not have symbol table section**

Invalid input file: no symbol table. (e)

File *filename* **has invalid relocation section** **File** *filename* (...) **has invalid relocation section**

Invalid input file: invalid reference to relocation information. (e)

File has wrong byte order, file *filename*

Invalid ELF header: Byte order neither big-endian nor little-endian. (e)

File has wrong class, file *filename*

Invalid or unsupported ELF class in input file header. (e)

File has wrong version, file *filename*

Invalid or unsupported ELF version in input file header. (e)

File is not an ELF file, file *filename*

Linker assumed file to be ELF but it does not have valid ELF header. (e)

File *filename* **is not of known format**

Supported formats are COFF, ELF, archive, and linker command language. (e)

File "*filename*", **section** "*section*", **offset** 0x...: **Invalid relocation:**

Input object file has relocation entry which cannot be processed. (e)

File type is not COFF, file *filename*

Contact Customer Support. (e)

File type is not ELF, file *filename*

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Generation of relocation entries without a symbol table is not possible

Invalid **-s** option. (e)

... has BIND address, "> area-name" specification is ignored

Contact Customer Support. (w)

Hole moved because of section overflow

A warning is given if a "hole" has to be moved away. (w)

For further details, please refer to [OVERFLOW Specification](#).

Illegal -B option

-B must be followed by **"="**. (e)

Illegal expression

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Illegal filename prefix[COMMON], only * is allowed

Input specification must be ***[COMMON]**, not **xyz.o[COMMON]**. (e)

Illegal option option

Option is not recognized. (w or e)

Illegal option -Xoption

Option is not recognized. (e)

Illegal usage of HEADERSZ in LECL file

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Illegal -Y option

-Y must be followed by **","**. (e)

In file "filename", Section "section" Section offset 0x..., Symbol "symbol" Invalid relocation entry

Input file has broken symbol table or relocation information. (e)

In file filename, symbol symbol has invalid value: symbol is undefined (state 0x...), but value is not zero - 0x...

Invalid input file: The symbol table is defective. (w)

In LECL file "filename", line number, name is not allocable, "> name" specification is ignored

The name of a section or group is a reserved word. Change the name of the section or group to a word that is not linker file format keyword. Refer to the compiler user's guide for information on linker file formats. (w)

Input contains mix of little-endian and big-endian object files: Aborted...

Linking a mix of little-endian and big-endian object files is not supported. (e)

Input contains mix of PPC COFF and ELF object files: PPC COFF and ELF object files have incompatible calling conventions

Mixing PowerPC COFF and PowerPC ELF is dangerous. (w)

Input files contain code for mixed processors: Only one file for each processor type is listed

Mixing code generated for different CPU types is dangerous. (w)

Insufficient memory

All internal structures used in the linker are dynamically allocated. When the host operating system cannot provide more memory, the linker aborts with an error message. On UNIX, change the amount of memory your shell allows with the **limit** or **ulimit** command; if that does not work, increase your swap area. On Windows, increase your swap area (virtual memory). (e)

Internal error: cannot calculate COFF header size

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Internal error: cannot calculate ELF header size

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Internal error: can't ADD symbol to non-hashed table

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Internal error: error counting undefines

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Internal error: illegal output file type

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Internal error: illegal/unsupported output format ...

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Internal error: no output file type set

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Internal error: not relocinfo

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Internal error: output buffer overflow

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Internal error: should not happen

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Invalid archive format, file *filename*

Archive file has invalid format. (e)

Invalid archive symbol table, file: *filename*

Invalid input file: The symbol table is defective. (e)

Invalid file header, file *filename* in archive *archive*

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Invalid fill pattern alignment, must be 1, 2, or 4

Invalid fill specification in section definition (**SECTIONS** command). (e)

Invalid fill pattern size, must be 1, 2, or 4

Invalid fill specification in section definition (**SECTIONS** command). (e)

Invalid option format: *option*

Valid format is `-optionName[=number]`. (e)

Invalid relocation info: File "*filename*" Section "*section*" Section address 0x...size 0x... Relocating reference at address 0x... Can't relocate

Input object file has broken relocation information. (e)

Invalid section header in file "*filename*", section name "*name*"

Invalid input file: Invalid **COMDAT** section header. (e)

Invalid value of -Xmax-long-branch= option

The option sets the maximum branch offset which does not need a branch island. Some targets (like the PowerPC) have short and long branch instructions. Valid values are 2..0x7ffffff; using the option without a value is an error. (e)

Invalid value of -Xmax-short-branch= option

Valid values are 2..0x7ffffff. Using the option without a value is an error. (e)

Machine type not supported, file *filename* **Machine type not supported, file** *filename* (...)

Invalid input file: unsupported target CPU. (e)

Memory area "*area-name*" **is full**

Memory area specified in "`> area-name`" is full. (e)

Memory area "*area-name*" **is undefined**

Invalid name in "`> area-name`" specification. (e)

Memory block extends over 32 bit address range: ...

memory address + *memory size* >= 0x100000000. (w)

Next alignment with zero!

Invalid argument of **NEXT**(). (e)

No main entry point defined

Executable output needs an entry point. (e)

No section names in file *filename*

Invalid input file: no section names string table. (e)

No string table in file *filename*

Invalid input file: no string table. (e)

Not all files are compiled with same value of "-Xsmall-data-registers"

If all the source files (including assembly sources) were not compiled with the same setting of `-Xextra-base-registers=N`, then this warning is shown.

Nothing to link

No object files are given in the command line. (e)

Only one COMMON allowed in LECL file

More than one input specification like ***[COMMON]** is not allowed in the linker command file. (e)

Only one SCOMMON allowed in LECL file

More than one input specification like ***[SCOMMON]** is not allowed in the linker command file. (e)

Out of memory reading archive *archive*

All internal structures used in the linker are dynamically allocated. When the host operating system cannot provide more memory, the linker aborts with an error message. On UNIX, change the amount of memory your shell allows with the **limit** or **ulimit** command; if that does not work, increase your swap area. On Windows, increase your swap area (virtual memory). (e)

Output file format not specified

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Output section "*section*" contains mix of compiled for compression and normal sections: The output section will not be prepared for compression

Mixing compressed and normal code in one section is illegal. (w)

Output sections: have overlapping load addresses

Incompatible specification of output sections. (e)

Output sections: have overlapping run-time addresses

Incompatible specification of output sections. (e)

Overlapping memory block *block*

Two or more **MEMORY** directives define the same memory area. (w)

Redeclaration of *symbol*

More than one definition of a symbol which is not **COMMON** or weak.

Register number in REGISTER() section specification must be in 0..*n* range

Invalid register specification. (e)

Relocation error in file *filename*: section *section* refers to local symbol *symbol* in section *section* and section *section* is not taken to output

Linker failed to remove unused sections properly. file a SPR. Contact Customer Support. (e)

Relocation error in file *filename*: section *section* refers to local symbol *symbol* at section *section* and section *section* is purged COMDAT section

Linker failed to remove unused **COMDAT** sections. Contact Customer Support. (e)

Relocation info is not properly sorted, file *filename*, section *section* Relocation info is not properly sorted, file *filename*(...), section *section*

Input file has broken relocation information. (e)

Section .data (DATA) is not defined

COFF output must have a **.data** section. (e)

Section *e_shstrndx* is not a SHT_STRTAB in file "*filename*"**Section *e_shstrndx* is not a SHT_STRTAB in file "*filename*(...)"**

Invalid input file: invalid ELF header. (e)

Section *section* extends over 32-bit address range

section address + *section size* >= 0x100000000. (w)

Section *.text* (TEXT) is not defined

COFF output must have a *.text* section. (e)

Symbol "*symbol*" can't be declared relative Symbol is declared as "... @ ... = ..." Section "*section*" is empty - can't be used for relative declaration

A section must have some input section to make relative declaration possible. (w)

Symbol "*symbol*" can't be declared relative Symbol is declared as "... @ ... = ..." Symbol "*symbol*" is absolute - can't be used for relative declaration

Base symbol must be declared inside a section. (w)

Symbol definition "*name*" not found

Symbol name is used in linker command file but symbol is undefined. (e)

Symbol definitions missing at index *index* in *name*

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Symbol "*symbol*" has unknown binding type

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Symbol *symbol* has unknown section index

Invalid symbol table in input ELF file. (w)

Symbol *symbol* has unknown symbol type

Input file has a symbol of an unknown or unsupported type. (e)

Symbol *symbol* in *name* is defined in unknown section

Invalid section table in input ELF file. (w)

Symbol *symbol* is declared with more than one size Symbol *symbol* is declared with more than one size (*n* and *m*)

Conflicting definition for a **COMMON** variable. (w)

Symbol *symbol* is undefined but not used

This warning should not be generated since the current linker deletes such symbols silently. (w)

Symbol *name* missing. Must be defined when using shared libraries.

This message is no longer used. (e)

Symbol or section "*name*" not found

Invalid name in relative symbol definition in linker command file. (e)

Symbol *_SDA_BASE_* is undefined Symbol *_SDA2_BASE_* is undefined Symbol *_SDA3_BASE_* is undefined

The symbol *_SDAx_BASE_* is needed to process SDA (Small Data Area) relocations. (e)

Target architecture is not specified

Unknown target. (e)

The total size of the small data and constant for this program requires using N additional SDA base registers. Consider compiling with the option -Xextra-base-registers=N

The total size of near data and near consts used by the program cannot be addressed with default base registers. However, the program can still link if the user uses -Xextra-base-registers=N as suggested.

Undefined symbol "symbol" Undefined symbol "symbol" in file "filename" Undefined symbol "symbol" in file "filename(...)"

An undefined symbol is referenced. (w)

Undefined symbols found - no output written

The **MEMORY** directive in the linker command language is used to specify the regions from which the linker can allocate memory. When there is not enough space to contain a group, section, or **ONEXT** directive, an error message is generated. (e)

Unknown relocation type in name

Contact Customer Support. (e)

Unsupported file format: "name"

Supported formats are COFF, ELF, archive, and linker command language. (e)

Unsupported file type in archive

Supported formats in archives are COFF and ELF. (e)

Unsupported output file format

Selected combination of object-file format and target is not supported. (e)

Unsupported relocation type ... Unsupported relocation type in file "filename"

Input file has unsupported relocation type. (e)

Unused symbols search failure, symbol: symbol

The linker failed while attempting to find and delete unused symbols in object files. This could be caused by a linker bug, or by an object file that is corrupt, invalid, or in an unsupported format. (e)

Use -Xmixed-compression command line option to enable generation of compression switches

PowerPC compressed code only. The switches are codes which change the CPU mode from compressed code to normal code and back. (e)

Value of "." is undefined outside a section or group

Illegal use of "." in linker command file. (e)

-Xstop-on-warning is on, linking aborted

The linker stopped after issuing a warning because the **-Xstop-on-warning** option is enabled. (e)