

Notations (common)

Each row is the recording for neuron i , $\mathbf{y}_i = (y_{i1}, \dots, y_{iT})'$, $i = 1, \dots, N$. Denote the cluster index for neuron i as $z_i \in \{1, \dots, J\}$. The number of neurons in cluster j is $n_j = \sum_{i=1}^N I(z_i = j)$, and $\sum_{j=1,2,\dots} n_j = N$. The proportion/ probability in cluster z_i is ρ_{z_i} .

Mixture Model (MM)

The number of cluster is J for MM. The full likelihood for these N neurons is

$$L = \prod_{i=1}^N \rho_{z_i} f(\mathbf{y}_i | \boldsymbol{\Theta}_{z_i}) = \prod_{j=1}^J \rho_j^{n_j} \left[\prod_{i:z_i=j} f(\mathbf{y}_i | \boldsymbol{\Theta}_j) \right]$$

Where $\boldsymbol{\Theta}_j$ is all parameters in cluster j defined by the model. The model details & likelihood can be found in “models” folder, and model XXX is named as “MCMC_XXX”.

The parameters need to update:

- (1) Cluster indicator: $\{z_i\}_{i=1}^N$
- (2) Cluster proportion: $\boldsymbol{\rho} = (\rho_1, \dots, \rho_J)'$
- (3) Model parameters: $\boldsymbol{\Theta}_j$

The (conditional) priors:

- (1) Cluster indicator $\{z_i\}_{i=1}^N$:
 $P(z_i = j) = \rho_j$
- (2) Cluster proportion $\boldsymbol{\rho} = (\rho_1, \dots, \rho_J)'$:
 $\boldsymbol{\rho} \sim \text{Dir}(\delta_1, \dots, \delta_J)$

Where $\delta_1 = \dots = \delta_J = 1$

MCMC iteration:

- (1) Update $\{z_i\}_{i=1}^N$:
 $P(z_i = j | \mathbf{y}_i, \{\boldsymbol{\Theta}_j\}_{j=1}^J) \propto \rho_j f(\mathbf{y}_i | \boldsymbol{\Theta}_j)$
- (2) Update $\boldsymbol{\rho} = (\rho_1, \dots, \rho_J)'$:
 $\boldsymbol{\rho} | \{\mathbf{y}_i\}_{i=1}^N, \{z_i\}_{i=1}^N, \{\boldsymbol{\Theta}_j\}_{j=1}^J \sim \text{Dir}(\delta_1 + n_1, \dots, \delta_J + n_J)$
- (3) Update $\boldsymbol{\Theta}_j$:

See details of the chosen model in “~/documents/models/MCMC_XXX.docx”. when there's no $z_i = j$, just sample $\boldsymbol{\Theta}_j$ from prior.

Dirichlet Process (DP)

Use slice sampler (Walker 2007, <https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/03610910601096262>).

Represent cluster proportion by “stick-breaking”, i.e.

$$\rho_1 = \eta_1$$

$$\rho_j = (1 - \eta_1) \cdot \dots \cdot (1 - \eta_{j-1}) \eta_j$$

$$\eta_j \sim \text{Beta}(1, \alpha)$$

The parameters need to update:

- (1) “stick-breaking” elements: η_j
- (2) Augment latent variable: $\{u_i\}_{i=1}^N$
- (3) Model parameters: Θ_j
- (4) Cluster indicator: $\{z_i\}_{i=1}^N$

MCMC iteration:

- (1) update η_j , for $j = 1, \dots, z^* = \max\{z_i\}_{i=1}^N$ as

$$\eta_j | \{z_i\}_{i=1}^N, \dots \sim \text{Beta}(n_j + 1, N - \sum_{l=1}^j n_l + \alpha)$$

- (2) update $\{u_i\}_{i=1}^N$

$$u_i | \boldsymbol{\rho}, \dots \sim U(0, \rho_{z_i})$$

- (3) update η_j , for $j = z^* + 1, \dots, s^*$. s^* is the smallest value, s.t. $\sum_{j=1}^{s^*} \rho_j > 1 - \min\{u_1, \dots, u_N\}$
 $\eta_j \sim \text{Beta}(1, \alpha)$

- (4) update state vectors $\{\Theta_j\}_{j=1, \dots}$

See details of the chosen model in “~/documents/models/MCMC_XXX.docx”. when there’s no $z_i = j$, just sample Θ_j from prior.

- (5) Update $\{z_i\}_{i=1}^N$

$$P(z_i = j | \mathbf{y}_i, \{\Theta_j\}, \boldsymbol{\rho}, \{u_i\}_{i=1}^N) = \frac{f(\mathbf{y}_i | \Theta_j)}{\sum_{j: \rho_j > u_i} f(\mathbf{y}_i | \Theta_j)}$$