$$\Gamma_{L} = \frac{Z_{L} - Z_{0}}{Z_{L} + Z_{s}}$$

$$= \frac{R_{L} + j X_{L} - R_{0}}{R_{L} + j X_{L} + R_{0}}$$

$$=\frac{(R_L-R_0)+j\times_L}{(R_L+R_0)+j\times_L}$$

$$\left| \left| \left| \left| \right| \right|^2 = \frac{\left(R_L - R_0 \right)^2 + \chi_L^2}{\left(R_L + R_0 \right)^2 + \chi_L^2}$$

$$= \frac{\left(R_L + R_0\right)^2 + \chi_L^2 - 4R_L R_0}{\left(R_L + R_0\right)^2 + \chi_L^2}$$

$$(R_L - R_0)^2$$

$$= R_L^2 - 2R_L R_0 + R_0^2$$

$$= R_L^2 + 2R_L R_0 + R_0^2 - 4R_L R_0$$

$$= (R_L^2 + R_0)^2 - 4R_L R_0$$

$$V(z) = \frac{I_{L}(z_{L}+z_{0})}{Z}(z_{L}-z_{0}) + \frac{I_{L}(z_{L}-z_{0})}{Z}(z_{L}-z_{0}) + \frac{I_{L}(z_{L}-z_{0})}{Z}(z_{L}-z_{0})$$

$$= V_{10} e^{-rz} + V_{10} e^{rz}$$

$$V(z) = \frac{I_L}{2}(z_L + z_S) e^{yz} \times \left[1 + \frac{Z_L - Z_S}{Z_L + Z_S} e^{-2yz} \right]$$

$$= V_{is} e^{-j\beta Z} \times \left[1 + \left[\frac{Z_L - Z_S}{Z_L + Z_S} e^{-2\beta Z} \right] \right]$$

$$|V(z)| = |V_{i0}| \times |I + |\Gamma_L| e^{i(\theta_{\Gamma} - 2\beta z^{\gamma})}$$

$$|V(z)|_{\text{max}} = |V_{i0}| \times |I + |T_L|$$

$$|V(z)|_{\text{min}} = |V_{i0}| \times |I - |T_L|$$

$$\int \underline{\Delta} \frac{|V(z)|_{\text{max}}}{|V(z)|_{\text{min}}} = \frac{1+|\Gamma_L|}{1-|\Gamma_L|}$$

最大值發生存 $\theta_r - a\beta z = 0$ or $\theta_r - a\beta z = \pi$ $\Theta_{\Gamma} = 2 \times \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \times Z_{MAX}$

最小值在 Or = TC+2BZnin

- (D 總之 牙可以經由测量極值 發生 的位置所决定。
- S可以测量極值的大小得到 因而有了 1 厂1

by D3 就有了 [=|TIPOT

另外 B= 三六 , 入了经由测量雨峰值 航距離而獲得