

Handling Duplicate Code



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Overview



Code duplication in automated tests

DRY vs. DAMP

Using test fixtures

Sections

BDD-style test cases



Unit Tests vs. Integration Tests

Unit Tests

Focused

Isolated

Fast

Integration Tests

Extensive

Depends on Environment

Usually slower





Duplication in unit tests

- Initializing test subject
- Common operations

Duplication in integration tests

- Creating environment
- Common operations
- Cleanup

DRY

Don't Repeat Yourself

Avoid Duplication

Increases maintainability

Isolate change

vs

DAMP

Descriptive And Meaningful Phrases

Promote code readability

Reduce the time it takes to read and understand the code



DAMP > DRY

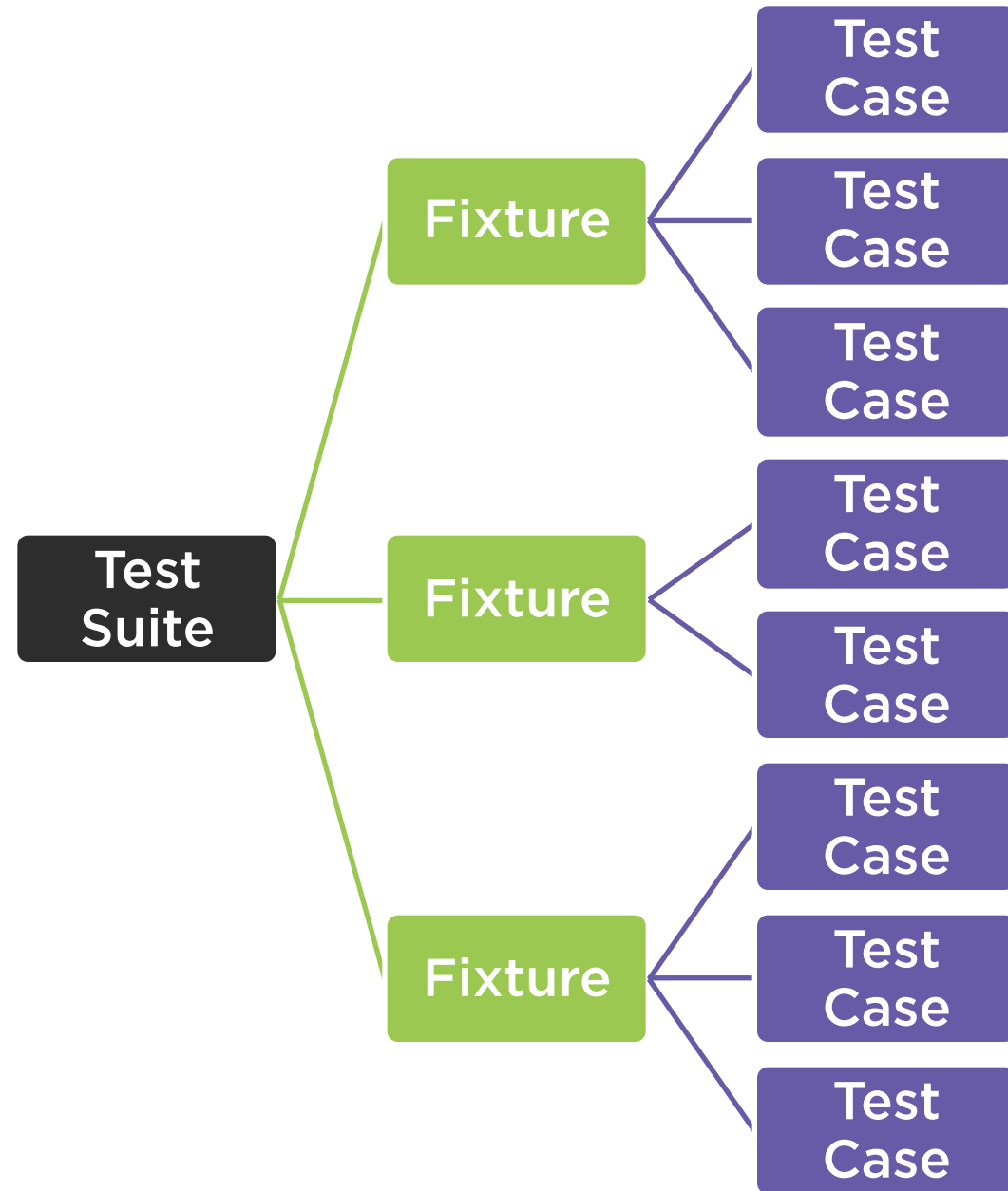
* In unit tests



Test Suite == exe/dll

Fixture == class

Test Case == method



Creating Test Fixtures

```
class MyFixture {  
    MyFixture()  
    { // Common setup code }  
    ~MyFixture()  
    { // Common teardown code }  
};  
  
TEST_CASE_METHOD(MyFixture, "Test1") {  
    ...  
}
```



Using Test Fixtures

Reduce code duplication

- Preconditions
- Cleanup after each test
- Provide common operation
- Common state/environment

Group code in logical units

- Group related tests
- Use inheritance for utility code

Hide uninteresting code

- Usually in Integration tests



Demo



Using test fixtures



The Problem with Using Fixtures

Divided test logic

Hard to read and understand

Difficult to fix failures

Hides some of the test's logic

Setup/Teardown for all tests

Increased complexity

Violate SRP

Shared logic between tests



When to Use Test Fixtures

Integration tests

Create hierarchy



Introducing SECTIONS

```
TEST_CASE("This is a test case") {  
    // Initialization  
  
    SECTION("Test section 1"){  
        // Test code  
    }  
    SECTION("Test section 2"){  
        // Test code  
    }  
}
```



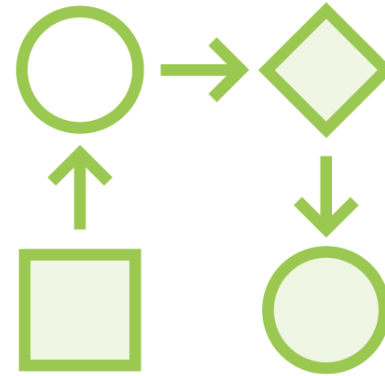
The Benefits of Using SECTIONS



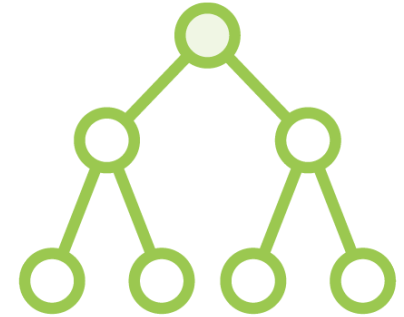
Each section
executed
independently



Enable reuse



Easy to read
and maintain



Supports nested
sections



Demo



Using SECTIONS



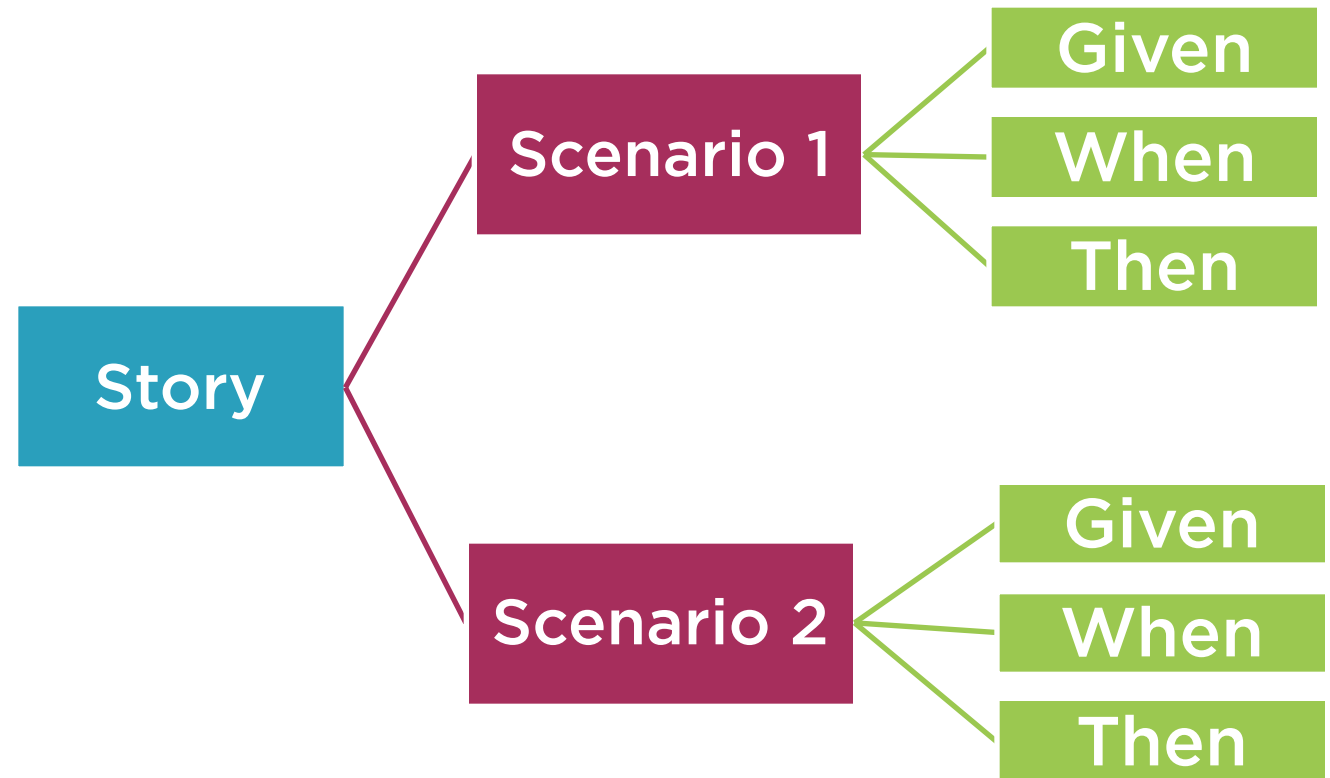
“The deeper I got into TDD, the more I felt that my own journey had been less of a wax-on, wax-off process of gradual mastery than a series of blind alleys...”

“I decided it must be possible to present TDD in a way that gets straight to the good stuff and avoids all the pitfalls.”

Dan North – introducing BDD



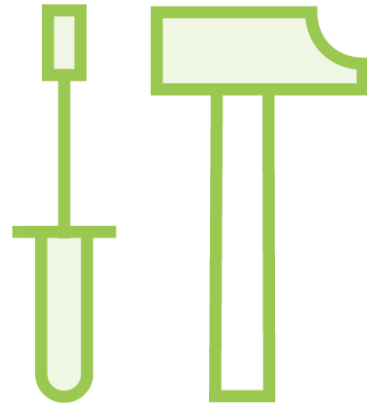
Given the initial state
When event occurs
Then desired outcome



Behavior **D**riven **D**evelopment



Use tests to
describe
behavior of the
system



Given
When
Then



Create
executable
specification



Clear confusion

```
SCENARIO("First roll is strike", "[Strike][Bowling]") {  
    GIVEN("Bowled strike on first turn") {  
        Game game;  
        game.Roll(10);  
  
        WHEN("All rest rolls are gutter balls") {  
            RollSeveral(game, 18, 0);  
            THEN("Total score is 10") {  
                REQUIRE(game.Score() == 10);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    WHEN("Next two rolls are not spare or strike") ...  
}
```



Demo



BDD style tests using CATCH



Summary



Unit tests vs. integration tests

DRY vs. DAMP

When to use test fixtures

How to use sections

BDD with Catch

