Database Schema:

```
Movies(id: int(11), title: varchar(20), genre: varchar(20), release: date, language:
varchar(20), duration: int(11), summary: varchar(256))

Crew(mid: int(11), name: varchar(20), role: varchar(20))

Tags(mid: int(11), tag: varchar(20))

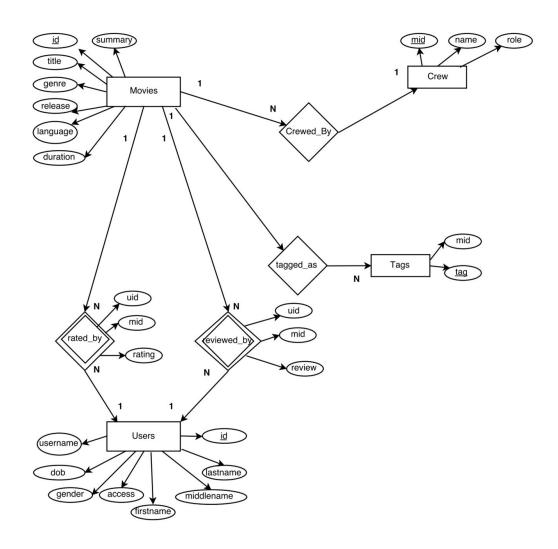
Users(id: int(20, firstname: varchar(20), middle: char(1), lastname: varchar(20), username: varchar(20), dob: date, gender: char(1), access: varchar(20))

Ratings(uid: int(11), mid: int(11), rating: int(11))

Reviews(uid: int(11), mid: int(11), review: varchar(256))

All of the relations (crew, rating, tags, and review) are 3NF because they aren't determined by any nonprime attributes (only by candidate keys of the table)
```

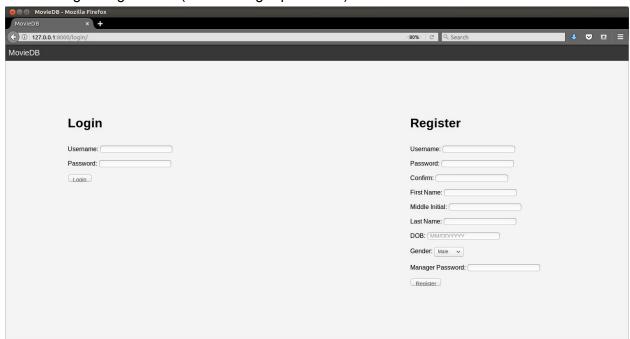
ER Dlagram



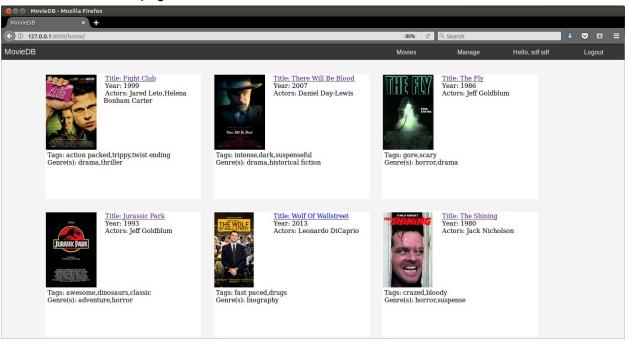
Functionalities (all users)

- Login/logout
- User Registration

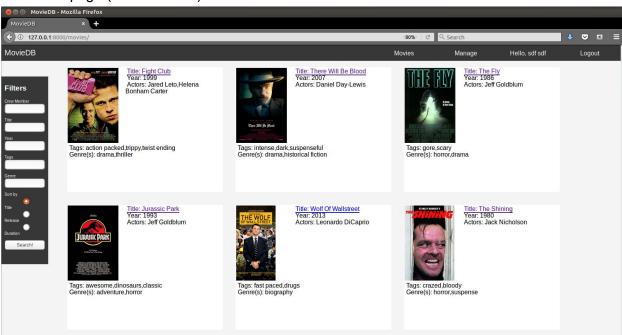
- New Manager Registration (With manager password)



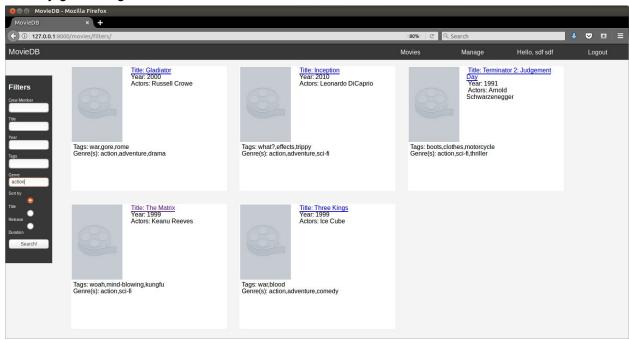
Home Movies page visible

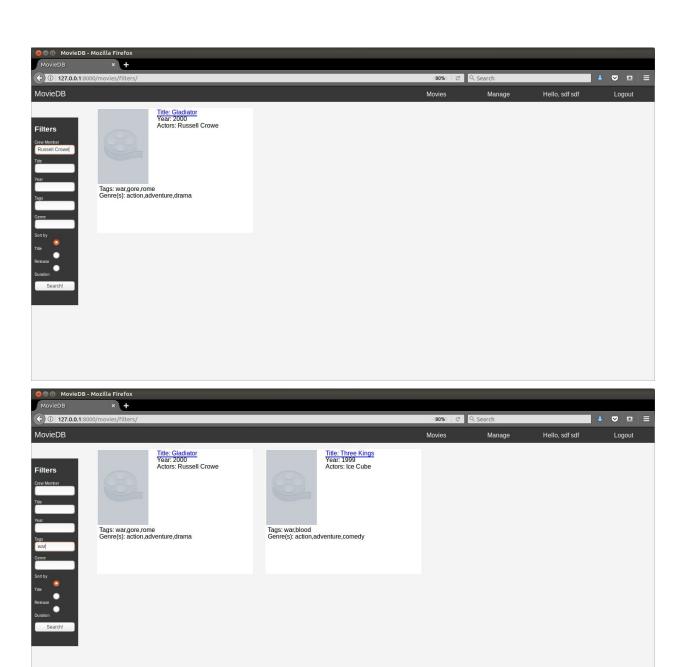


- All movies page (with filter box) visible

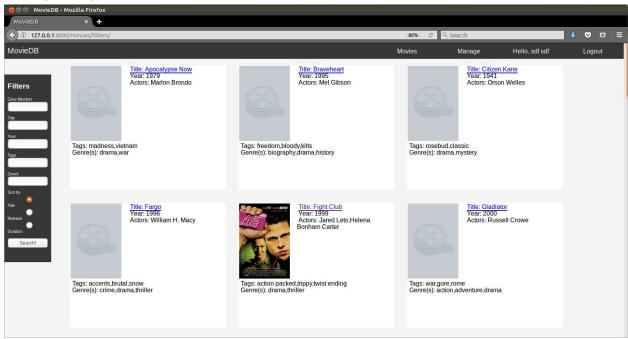


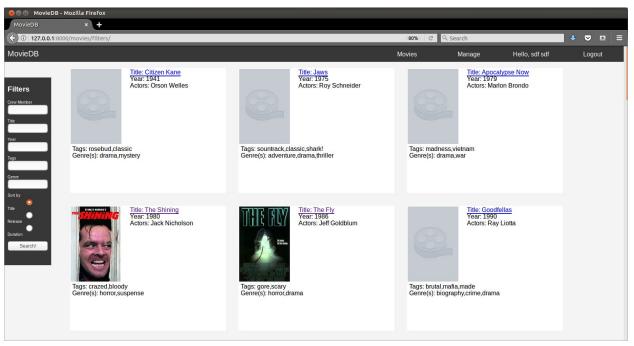
Filter by genre, tag, film crew

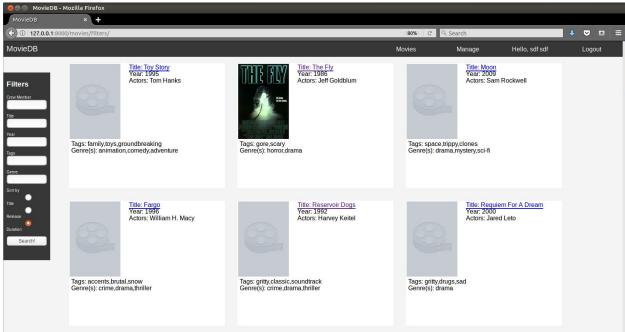




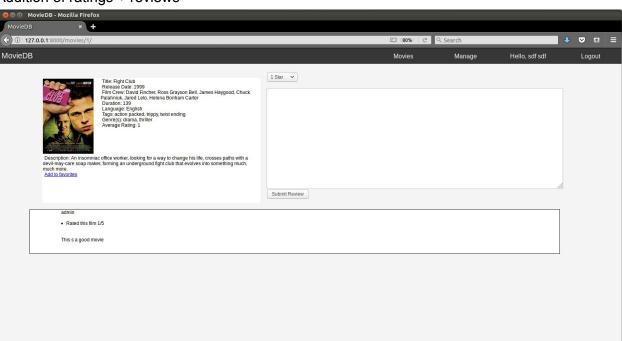
- Sort by title, year, duration (bonus)



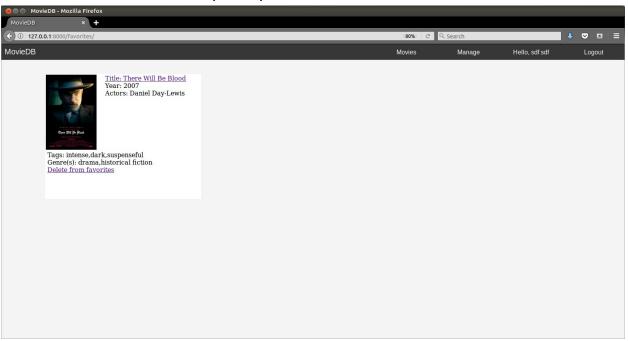




- Addition of ratings + reviews

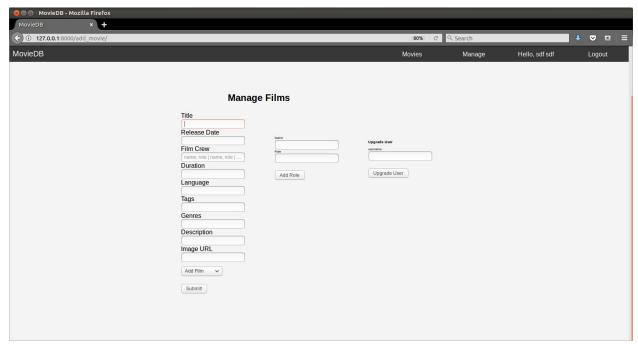


- Favorite movies can be saved (bonus)



Functionalities (Managers)

- Addition of Movies + movie components (tag, genre, film crew, **title**, **year made**, **duration**)



- Deletion of Movies + movie components (Dropdown menu offers new options)
- Update of Movies + movie components
- User upgrade to manager

Testing

- Login/logout
 - Tested by Making sure registered users were the only ones able to obtain access into the website
 - Used unregistered usernames and passwords for login to test security
 - Made sure when different site links were input, it would always redirect to the login page to ensure no unregistered users could enter
- User Registration
 - Tested by inputting different values into the registration boxes ensured that new users input values for all required fields, otherwise an error would output
 - Made sure registered user could login successfully
- New Manager Registration
 - Registration process using a predefined manager key
 - Made sure registration and login were successful, made sure user has manager capabilities (New manager tab appears)
- Initial Movies page visible
 - When any user logs in they must see movies homepage with popular movie entries (picture and name)
- Movies must have name, and it may have a picture
- Clicking movie must bring user to movie page
- All movies page (with filter box) visible

- Any user can click on the movies tab and see all movies with filter box visible
- Filter by genre, tag, film crew, title, year made, duration
 - Tested by inputting different (correct and incorrect) values into text fields of the filter box. Once searched, correct movies must show up
- Addition of tags
- Addition of ratings + reviews
 - Users must be able to input a new rating, and new rating must update the movie rating average
 - Users must be able to input a new review and a new review must add to old ones and be visible

- Favorite movies can be saved

Users must be able to add and delete movies to their favorites list

Functionalities (Managers)

- Addition of Movies + movie components (tag, genre, film crew, **title**, **year made**, **duration**)
 - In the manager tab, managers must see the text fields for addition of movies and movie components
 - Selection of viable additions must add movie (or attribute)
 - Putting wrong inputs into the text boxes must show an error
- Deletion of Movies + movie components
 - Deletion of correct movie title must remove movie from database
 - Deletion of incorrect movie title/attributes must show an error
- Update of movie components
 - Movie updates must change movie attribute values
 - Incorrect movie spelling (or movie that isn't available) will return an error
- User upgrade to manager
 - Once in the manager tab, several unique text fields should be present
 - Including upgrade from regular user to manager
 - Once user was upgraded, we ensured subsequent logins by that user would give them manager capabilities

README

- 1. Install python 3.6 (anaconda or something else, your pick here)
- 2. Install django https://www.djangoproject.com/download/
- 3. Install mysgl https://dev.mysgl.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/linux-installation.html
- 4. `sudo apt-get install libmysqlclient-dev`
- 5. 'pip install mysglclient'
- 6. Create mysql user "moviedb_user" with password "moviedb_user", grant all access to it https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-create-a-new-user-and-grant-permissions-in-mysql
- 7. 'git clone https://weiliansong@bitbucket.org/weiliansong/moviedb.git
- 8. `cd moviedb/src/moviedb/`
- 9. 'bash remigrate.py'
- 10. 'python manage.py shell'
- 11. In the opened ipython session, 'cd database/'
- 12. In the opened ipython session, 'run fill db.py'
- 13. In the opened ipython session, 'exit'
- 14. `python manage.py runserver`
- 15. In a browser, navigate to 127.0.0.1:8000/login

Experience and Challenge

- Django is an excellent framework, but it is hard to grasp its concept at first. Concept of an "app" within django was confusing, and the initial design was not efficient enough for rapid, flexible development
- 2. User input validation can get tedious, especially when it can be composite
- 3. Database schema design has to be clean for efficient queries, since it has to go through django's interface with SQL
- 4. Keeping track of which user logged in is a bit difficult, we eventually fall back on a backend-based method
- 5. Setting up new machines to run website server is tedious, but the README should be able to compensate for this difficulty
- 6. Git workflow is new for some of our members, so there's a small learning curve using a version control system
- 7. Django's interface with SQL resulted with us not being able to use our mysql dump directly to populate our tables. We resorted to a custom script whose functionality is essentially the same. As such, the final mysql dump file (though it does contain at least 30 entries per table) does not contain all of the data represented on the website.

Contributions

Weilian Song - django developer

Henry Uradu - front end development

Nathan Serpico - front end development

Greg McIntosh - backend development