

Complements, Conditional Probability, and Bayes's Theorem

Colby Community College

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Example 1

The following are the same event:

- “Not getting at least 1 girl in 10 births.”
- “Getting no girls in 10 births.”
- “Getting 10 boys in 10 births.”

Finding the Probability of “At Least One”

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Formal Approach

$$P(B | A) = \frac{P(A \text{ and } B)}{P(A)}$$

Example 3

	Positive Test Result	Negative Test Result
Uses Drugs	45 (True Positive)	5 (False Negative)
Doesn't Use Drugs	25 (False Positive)	480 (True Negative)

Find the following probabilities:

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Note

In general $P(B \mid A) \neq P(A \mid B)$.

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A cancer test has the following performance characteristics:

- $P(C) = 0.01$
- The false positive rate is 10%. That is, $P(\text{positive test result} \mid \bar{C})$
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- Among the 90 subjects without cancer, 9 will get a positive result.

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- Among the 90 subjects without cancer, 81 will get a negative result.
- Among the 10 subject with cancer, 8 will get a positive result.

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We can make the following observations.

- Assume we have 100 subjects. Then, 10 subjects are expected to have cancer. The other 990 do not have cancer.
- Among the 990 subjects without cancer, 99 will get a positive result.
- Among the 990 subjects without cancer, 891 will get a negative result.
- Among the 10 subject with cancer, 8 will get a positive result.
- Among the 10 subjects with cancer, 2 will get a negative result.

Example 4

We can summarize the results in the following table.

	Positive Test Result	Negative Test Result	Total
Has Cancer	8 (True Positive)	2 (False Negative)	10
No Cancer	99 (False Positive)	891 (True Negative)	990
Total	107	893	

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We can also use the following formula:

$$P(C \mid \text{positive}) = \frac{P(C) \cdot P(\text{positive} \mid C)}{(P(C) \cdot P(\text{positive} \mid C)) + (P(\bar{C}) \cdot P(\text{positive} \mid \bar{C}))}$$

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$$P(A | B) = \frac{P(A)P(B | A)}{P(B)} = \frac{P(A) \cdot P(B | A)}{(P(A) \cdot P(B | A)) + (P(\bar{A}) \cdot P(B | \bar{A}))}$$

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A **posterior probability** is a probability value that has been revised by using additional information that is later obtained.