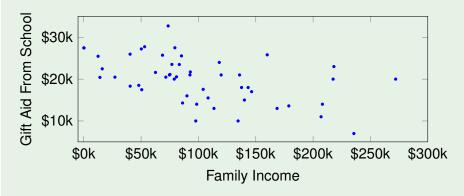
# **Least Squares Regression**

Colby Community College

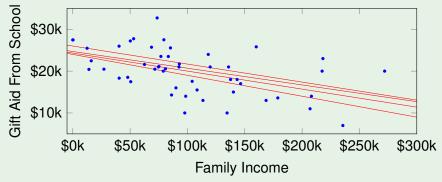
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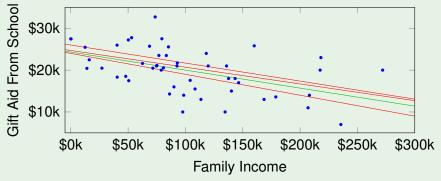
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Without an objective definition of measure of "best", the answer will vary from person to person.

A reasonable idea of best, is if we make the sum of the residuals as small as possible:

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#### Note

In many applications, a residual twice as large as another is more than twice as bad. Squaring the residuals helps account for this discrepancy.

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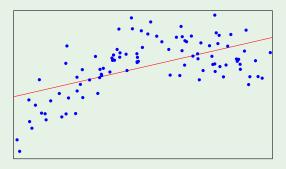
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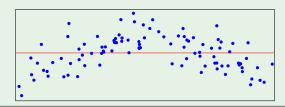
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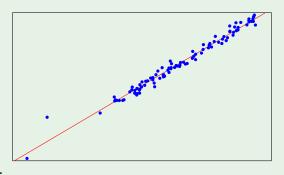
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- Independent Observations: Be careful about applying regression to **time series** data, which are sequential observations in time such as a stock price each day.

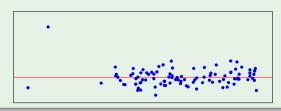
## Scatter plot where the linearity condition fails:



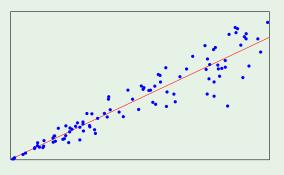


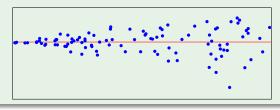
#### Scatter plot where there are clear outliers:



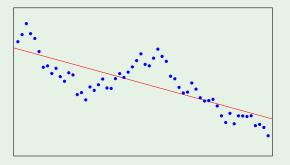


Scatter plot where the variability around the line isn't constant:





## Scatter plot using time series data:





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#### Note

Recall from Algebra that if we know the slope, m, of a line and a point,  $(x_0, y_0)$ , on that line, then:

$$y-y_0=m(x-x_0)$$

The summary statistics of the Elmhurst College data set are:

	Family	Income (x)	Gift	Aid (y)
mean	$\bar{x} =$	\$101,780	$\bar{y} =$	\$19,940
std. dev.	$s_x =$	\$63,200	$s_y =$	\$5,460

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$$y = 24,327 - 0.0431x$$

## Process for estimating the least squares line

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#### Note

The intercept,  $b_0$ , describes the average outcome of y if x = 0 and the linear model is valid all the way to x = 0.

## Example 6 (Continued)

The slope,  $b_1 = -0.0431$ , means that for each \$1,000 family income, we would expect a student to receive a net difference of

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#### Note

We must be cautious about interpreting a causal connection between these variables because this data is observational, not experimental.

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The financial aid a school gives a student can never be less than zero!

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The  $R^2$  of a linear model describes what percent of the variation in the response that is explained by the least squares line.

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Note that for this data set we have R = -0.499 and

$$R^2 = (-0.4999)^2 \approx 0.25$$