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Test Report issued under the responsibility of:



# TEST REPORT IEC 62471 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report Reference No. ...... 150930001GZU-001

Date of issue ...... 28 Oct. 2015

Total number of pages ...... 21

CB Testing Laboratory .....: Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch

Address ....... Block E, No.7-2 Guang Dong Software Science Park, Caipin Road,

Guangzhou Science City, GETDD, Guangzhou, China

Applicant's name ...... MLS Co., Ltd.

Address ...... 1st Avenue, Xiaolan Town, Zhongshan, Guangdong Province, China

**Test specification:** 

Standard.....: IEC 62471:2006 (First Edition)

Test procedure .....: other safe test

Non-standard test method..... N/A

Test Report Form No. ..... IEC62471A

TRF Originator .....: VDE Testing and Certification Institute

Master TRF ...... Dated 2009-05

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Test item description .....: SMD Flat LED

Trade Mark .....: -

Manufacturer .....: Same as applicant

Model/Type reference ...... E2835US24; E2835UN24; E2835UW24

Ratings ...... VF: 2,8-3,4 VDC @ IF=60mA;

Size: 3,5 x 2,7mm;

Material of chip: InGaN;

Emitting color: E2835US24: warm white; E2835UN24: natural white

E2835UW24: white.



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Testi	esting procedure and testing location:			
$\boxtimes$	CB Testing Laboratory:	Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch		
Test	ing location/ address:	Block E, No.7-2 Guang Dong Software Science Park, Caipin Road, Guangzhou Science City, GETDD, Guangzhou, China		
	Associated CB Laboratory:			
Test	ing location/ address:			
	Tested by (name + signature):	Ken Ou		
	Approved by (+ signature):	Shelley Ying		
	Testing procedure: TMP			
	Tested by (name + signature):	_		
	Approved by (+ signature):	_		
Test	ing location/ address:	_		
	Testing procedure: WMT			
	Tested by (name + signature):	_		
	Witnessed by (+ signature):	_		
	Approved by (+ signature):	_		
Test	ing location/ address:	_		
	Testing procedure: SMT			
	Tested by (name + signature):	_		
	Approved by (+ signature):	_		
	Supervised by (+ signature):	_		
Test	ing location/ address:	_		
	Testing procedure: RMT			
	Tested by (name + signature) :	_		
	Approved by (+ signature):	_		
	Supervised by (+ signature):	_		
Test	ing location/ address:	_		



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### Summary of testing:

The tested samples fulfilled the requirements of following standards:

- 1. IEC 62471:2006 (First Edition)
- 2. EN 62471: 2008

Remark: The three models E2835US24; E2835UN24 and E2835UW24 are only different in the colour temperature depend on different phosphor. Model E2835UW24 was selected to do the test because it is the most unfavourable condition as its highest colour temperature.

most unfavourable condition as its highest colour temperature.			
Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	Testing location:		
All clauses	Block E, No.7-2 Guang Dong Software Science Park, Caipin Road, Guangzhou Science City, GETDD, Guangzhou, China		
Summary of compliance with National Differences Not checked.	<b>3:</b>		
Copy of marking plate: N/A			



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Test item particulars	SMD Flat LED		
Tested lamp	□ continuous wave lamps     □ pulsed lamps		
Tested lamp system:	_		
Lamp classification group:	☐ exempt ☐ risk 1 ☐ risk 2 ☐ risk 3		
Lamp cap	· <del>_</del>		
Bulb	E2835US24; E2835UN24; E2835UW24		
Rated of the lamp:	: VF: 2,8-3,4 VDC @ IF=60mA; Size: 3,5 x 2,7mm; Material of chip: InGaN; Emitting color: E2835US24: warm white; E2835UN24: natural white E2835UW24: white.		
Furthermore marking on the lamp:	_		
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard:	_		
Used measurement instrument:	Spectroradiometer		
Temperature by measurement:	25 °C		
Information for safety use:	_		
Possible test case verdicts:			
- test case does not apply to the test object:	N/A		
- test object does meet the requirement:	P (Pass)		
- test object does not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)		
Testing:			
Date of receipt of test item	30 Sep. 2015		
Date (s) of performance of tests:	30 Sep. 2015 to 28 Oct. 2015		



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#### General remarks:

The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report.

"(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report a comma (point) is used as the decimal separator.

List of test equipment must be kept on file and available for review.

When determining for test conclusion, measurement uncertainty of tests has been considered.

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The test report only allows to be revised only within the report defined retention period unless standard or regulation was withdrawn or invalid.

The clause which indicated with \* is the subcontract test item.

This report is totally 21 pages. Page 1-20 is test report, and page 21 is product photos.

#### General product information:

The products covered in this report were SMD Flat LED, and were classified to 'Risk Group 1' according to the standards IEC 62471:2006 (First Edition) and EN 62471:2008.



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	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р
4.1	General		Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 <sup>4</sup> cd·m <sup>-2</sup>	see clause 4.3	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J·m <sup>-2</sup> within any 8-hour period		Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, E <sub>S</sub> , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$E_{s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30$ J·m <sup>-2</sup>		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{S}}}$ s		Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m <sup>-2</sup> for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E <sub>UVA</sub> , shall not exceed 10 W·m <sup>-2</sup> .		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		Р



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	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, B( $\lambda$ ), i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , L <sub>B</sub> , shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$L_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^{6} \qquad J \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for $t \le 10^4 \text{ s}$ $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_{\text{B}}}$	Р
	$L_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t > 10 <sup>4</sup> s	N/A
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	2	Р
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye $E_{\lambda}$ , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	Р
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	Р
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, $L_{\lambda}$ , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}}$ W · m <sup>-2</sup> · sr <sup>-1</sup>	(10 µs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	Р
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual s	timulus	Р
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, $L_{\rm IR}$ , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		Р
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	t > 10 s	Р
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		Р



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	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
			•
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, $E_{\rm IR}$ , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		N/A
	$E_{\text{IR}} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75}$ W · m <sup>-2</sup>	t ≤ 1000 s	N/A
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		Р
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W · m <sup>-2</sup>	t > 1000 s	Р
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		Р
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		Р
	$E_{\text{H}} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25}$ J · m <sup>-2</sup>		Р
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	IS	Р
5.1	Measurement conditions		Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		Р
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		Р
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		Р
5.1.2	Test environment		Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		Р
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation		Р
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р
	the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or		N/A
	the manufacturer's recommendation		Р
			•



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	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
		Τ	
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		N/A
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		N/A
	<ul> <li>the appropriate IEC standard, or</li> </ul>		N/A
	<ul> <li>the manufacturer's recommendation</li> </ul>		N/A
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method		Р
	The measurements made with an optical system.		Р
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		Р
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N/A
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irra- diance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radi- ance measurements.		N/A
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р
	The determination of $\alpha$ , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of $\Delta t$ , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods	1	Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	Р
5.3.2	Calculations		Р



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IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р
6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION		Р
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	Р
	<ul> <li>for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either ir- radiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm</li> </ul>		N/A
	<ul> <li>for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm</li> </ul>		Р
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р
6.1.1	Except Group		Р
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р
	<ul> <li>an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>S</sub>) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>a near-UV hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor</li> </ul>		N/A
	<ul> <li>a retinal thermal hazard (L<sub>R</sub>) within 10 s, nor</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) within 1000 s</li> </ul>		Р
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		Р
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		Р
	<ul> <li>an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>S</sub>) within 10000 s, nor</li> </ul>		N/A
	<ul> <li>a near ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 300 s, nor</li> </ul>		N/A
	<ul> <li>a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 100 s, nor</li> </ul>		Р



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	IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	
	<ul> <li>a retinal thermal hazard (L<sub>R</sub>) within 10 s, nor</li> </ul>		N/A	
	<ul> <li>an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) within 100 s</li> </ul>		N/A	
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ( $L_{\rm IR}$ ), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		Р	
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A	
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A	
	<ul> <li>an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>S</sub>) within 1000 s exposure, nor</li> </ul>		N/A	
	<ul> <li>a near ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 100 s, nor</li> </ul>		N/A	
	<ul> <li>a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor</li> </ul>		N/A	
	<ul> <li>a retinal thermal hazard (L<sub>R</sub>) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor</li> </ul>		N/A	
	<ul> <li>an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) within 10 s</li> </ul>		N/A	
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ( $L_{\rm IR}$ ), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A	
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A	
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A	
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A	
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A	
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A	
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A	
	<ul> <li>a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)</li> </ul>		N/A	
	<ul> <li>for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group</li> </ul>		N/A	



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	IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	
	for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission		N/A	



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		IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 4.1 Spectral we	eighting function for assessing of	ultraviolet hazards for sk	kin and eye P
Wavelength¹ λ, nm	UV hazard function S <sub>υν</sub> (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function S <sub>υν</sub> (λ)
200	0,030	313*	0,006
205	0,051	315	0,003
210	0,075	316	0,0024
215	0,095	317	0,0020
220	0,120	318	0,0016
225	0,150	319	0,0012
230	0,190	320	0,0010
235	0,240	322	0,00067
240	0,300	323	0,00054
245	0,360	325	0,00050
250	0,430	328	0,00044
254*	0,500	330	0,00041
255	0,520	333*	0,00037
260	0,650	335	0,00034
265	0,810	340	0,00028
270	1,000	345	0,00024
275	0,960	350	0,00020
280*	0,880	355	0,00016
285	0,770	360	0,00013
290	0,640	365*	0,00011
295	0,540	370	0,000093
297*	0,460	375	0,000077
300	0,300	380	0,000064
303*	0,120	385	0,000053
305	0,060	390	0,000044
308	0,026	395	0,000036
310	0,015	400	0,000030

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

<sup>\*</sup> Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
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	ectral weighting irces	functions for assessing retinal hazards fr	rom broadband optical P
	elength nm	Blue-light hazard function Β (λ)	Burn hazard function R (λ)
3	300	0,01	
	305	0,01	
	310	0,01	
	315	0,01	
	320	0,01	
	325	0,01	
3	330	0,01	
3	335	0,01	
3	340	0,01	
3	345	0,01	
3	350	0,01	
3	355	0,01	
3	360	0,01	
3	365	0,01	
3	370	0,01	
3	375	0,01	
3	380	0,01	0,1
3	385	0,013	0,13
3	390	0,025	0,25
3	395	0,05	0,5
4	100	0,10	1,0
4	105	0,20	2,0
4	110	0,40	4,0
	115	0,80	8,0
	120	0,90	9,0
4	125	0,95	9,5
4	130	0,98	9,8
	135	1,00	10,0
	140	1,00	10,0
	145	0,97	9,7
	150	0,94	9,4
	155	0,90	9,0
	160	0,80	8,0
	165	0,70	7,0
	170	0,62	6,2
	175	0,55	5,5
	180	0,45	4,5
	185	0,40	4,0
	190	0,22	2,2
	195	0,16	1,6
	0-600	10 <sup>[(450-\lambda)/50]</sup>	1,0
	0-700	0,001	1,0
	-1050		10 <sup>[(700-\)/500]</sup>
1050	D-1150		0,2



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	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 4.2	Spectral weighting fun sources	Spectral weighting functions for assessing retinal hazards from broadband optical sources				
	1150-1200		$0,2^{\cdot}10^{0,02(1150-\lambda)}$			
	1200-1400		0,02			



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	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based value						
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	quation range duration aperture		Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of con- stant irradiance W•m <sup>-2</sup>	
Actinic UV skin & eye		$E_{S} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/	t
Eye UV-A		$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	1000 10	
Blue-light small source		$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0	
Eye IR		$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/ 100	
Skin thermal		$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/	t <sup>0,75</sup>

Table 5.5	Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)						Р
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in ter constant r W•m <sup>-2</sup>	adiance
Blue light		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 - 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000	0,011•√(t/10) 0,011 0,0011•√t 0,1	10 <sup>6</sup> 10 <sup>6</sup> 10 <sup>6</sup> 10 <sup>0</sup>	/t /t
Retinal thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(d 50000/(d	
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000	)/α



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IEC 62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps							Р	
				Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	mpt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
	оросиин			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S <sub>UV</sub> (λ)	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	4,2e-04	0,003	-	0,03	-
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	10	1,4e-04	33	-	100	-
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	-	10000	2,4e+03	4000000	-
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	1,0*	2,1e-01	1,0	-	400	-
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	2,8e+04	28000/α	-	71000/α	-
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(\lambda)	L <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	6000/α	1,2e+02	6000/α	-	6000/α	-
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	100	0,0e+00	570	-	3200	-

Small source defined as one with  $\alpha$  < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



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## **ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62471 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES**

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamps systems

Differences according to ..... EN 62471:2008

Attachment Form No..... EU\_GD\_IEC62471A

Attachment Originator ..... IMQ S.p.A. Master Attachment ..... 2009-07

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	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)		Р	
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р	
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB		_	
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:			
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive (2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471:2006	See appended Table 6.1	Р	
4.1	General	•	Р	
	First paragraph deleted		_	



Appendix 1: EN COMMON MODIFICATIONS

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Table 6.1	Emission limits	for risk group	s of continuo	us wave lamps (base	ed on EU	Directive 200	06/25/EC)		Р
				Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exempt		Low	risk	Mod	l risk
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S <sub>υν</sub> (λ)	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	4,2e-04	-	-	-	-
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,33	1,4e-04	-	-	-	-
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	-	10000	2,4e+03	4000000	-
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,01*	-	1,0	2,1e-01	400	-
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	2,8e+0 4	28000/α	-	71000/α	-
Retinal thermal,	R(λ)	L <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011			1,2e+02		
weak visual stimulus**		-111		6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1		<del>-</del>			
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	100	0,0e+0 0	570	-	3200	-



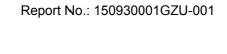
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Appendix 1: EN COMMON MODIFICATIONS

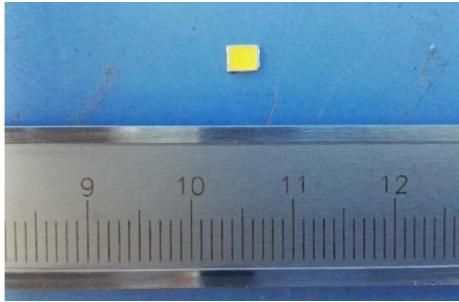
Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/EC)	Р
	ource defined as one with $\alpha$ < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. s evaluation of non-GLS source	
	e action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2	
Th	e applicable aperture diameters: see 4.2.1	
Th	e limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2	
Th	e related measurement condition 5.2.3 and the range of acceptance angles: see Table 5.5.	



Product photos:

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Overview of model E2835US24; E2835UN24; E2835UW24 (E2835US24 as representation)



Detail view of model E2835US24; E2835UN24; E2835UW24 (E2835US24 as representation)