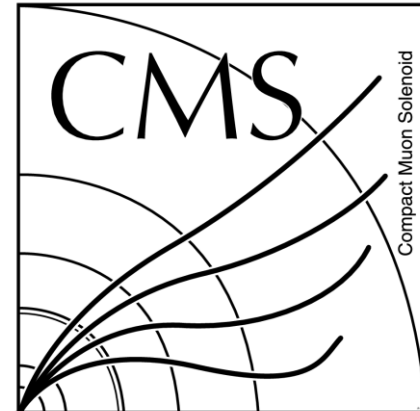


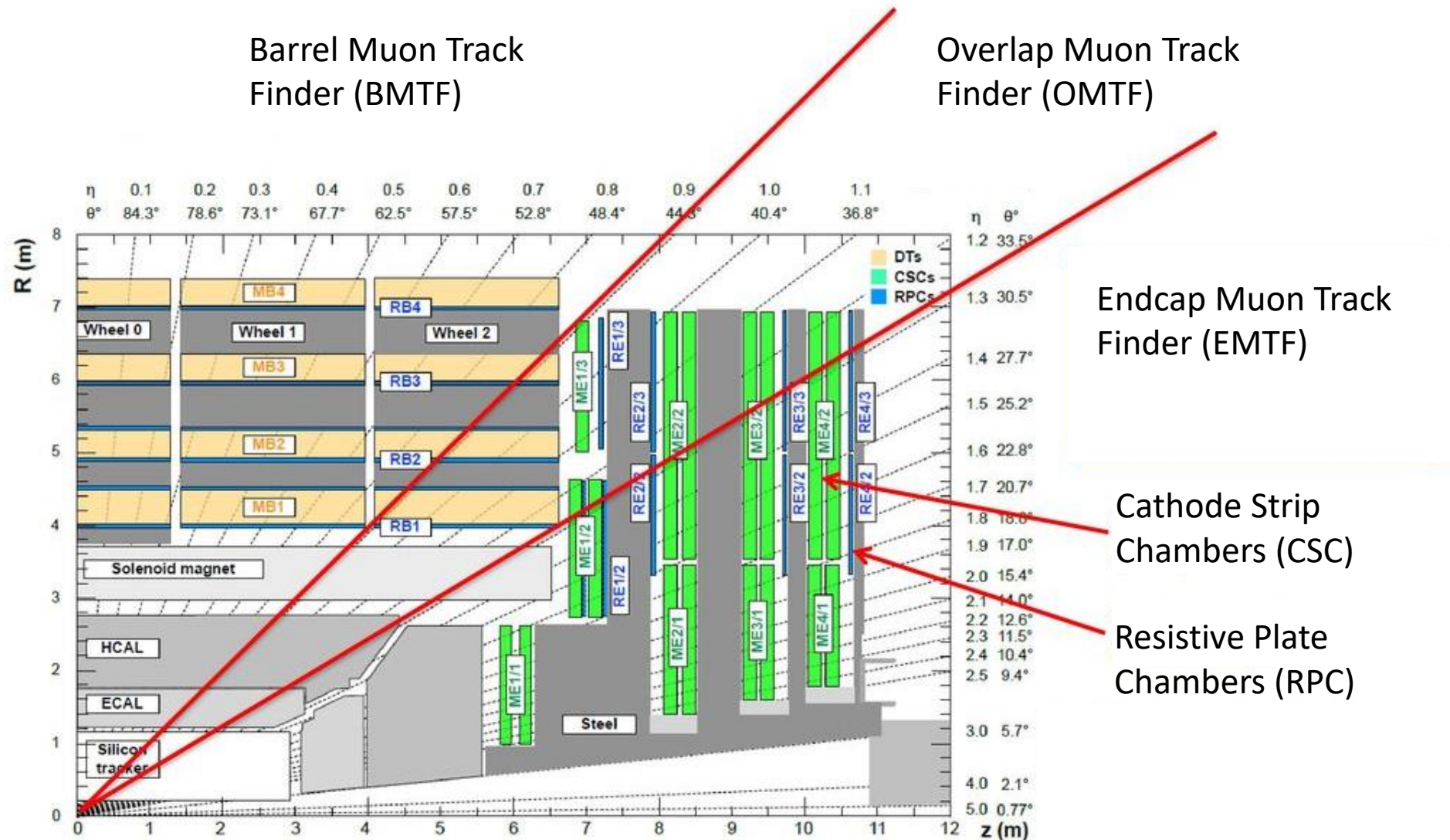
EMTF Studies on Reconstructed Muons

EMTF Working Meeting
March 2018

Wei Shi on behalf of the
EMTF working group



Geometry



EMTF Track-building

- At most 4 stations (CSC or RPC)
 - Local Charged Tracks (LCTs) or RPC hits correlated in theta ($\pm 2^\circ$) and phi ($\pm 8^\circ$ in station 1, $\pm 4^\circ$ in stations 2 - 4)
 - Tracks built from LCTs and RPC hits from 3 consecutive bunch crossing (BX)
 - Will be reduced to 2 BX in 2018
 - LCT mis-timing rate $< 1\%$ (conservative) per LCT (the actual collision BX where the LCT is from)
 - Track BX assigned using the 2nd-earliest LCT or RPC hit in the track
 - For a 3 or 4-station track, the track BX will always be fine
 - For a 2-station track, if one LCT has mistiming ($< 1\%$), then it's possible track BX is not right
 - pT assignment mostly based on dPhis between stations
- Magnetic field strongest between stations 1 and 2, very little bending after that - so station 1 is important

Motivations

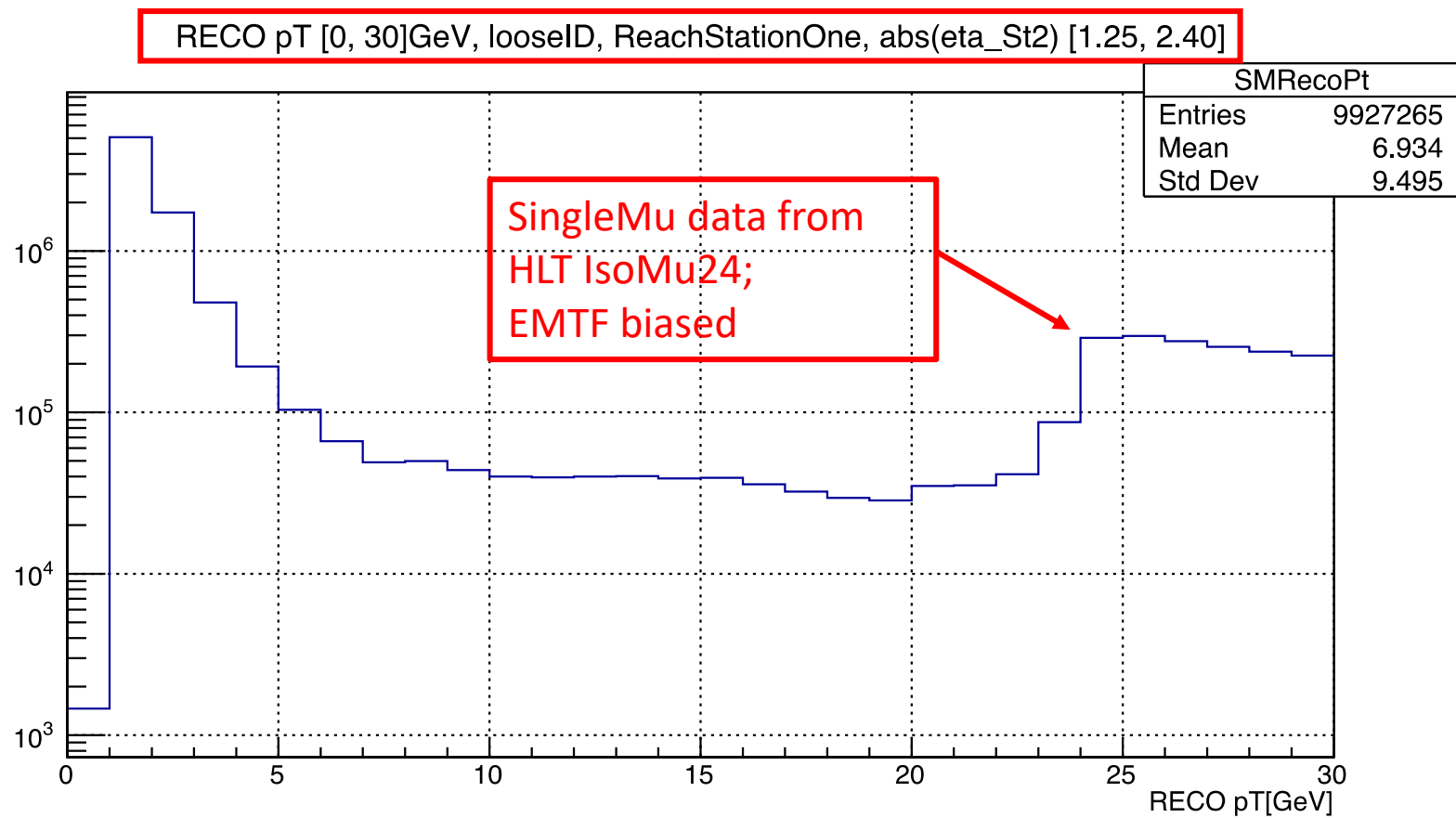
- Study on EMTF rate and efficiency by track modes/quality
 - Tracks/modes contribute to the most efficiency; pT range
 - Tracks/modes contribute to the most rate; pT range
- Implications
 - Modify the current muon quality assignment for EMTF?
 - How to improve the current EMTF track-building?
 - What tracks to use in EMTF pT training in 2018?
- Interested parameter ranges
 - $0 < pT < 30$ GeV (L1 muon trigger pT)
 - $1.25 < \text{Eta} < 2.4$ (Endcap)

Matching

- RECO muon
 - ID ^[1]: Normal (loose), Soft
 - coordinates extrapolated to station 1 or 2
- dR based: $dR < 0.5$
- Unique: match is reciprocal
- dBX: LCTs max BX – min BX
 - dBX = 0 means all LCTs from a track come from the same BX
- Plateau: require EMTF track $p_T > \text{RECO mu } p_T \cdot (7/8)$
- 2017 data
 - SingleMu: 14,750,159 events (efficiency)
 - ZeroBias: 6,247,725 events (rate)

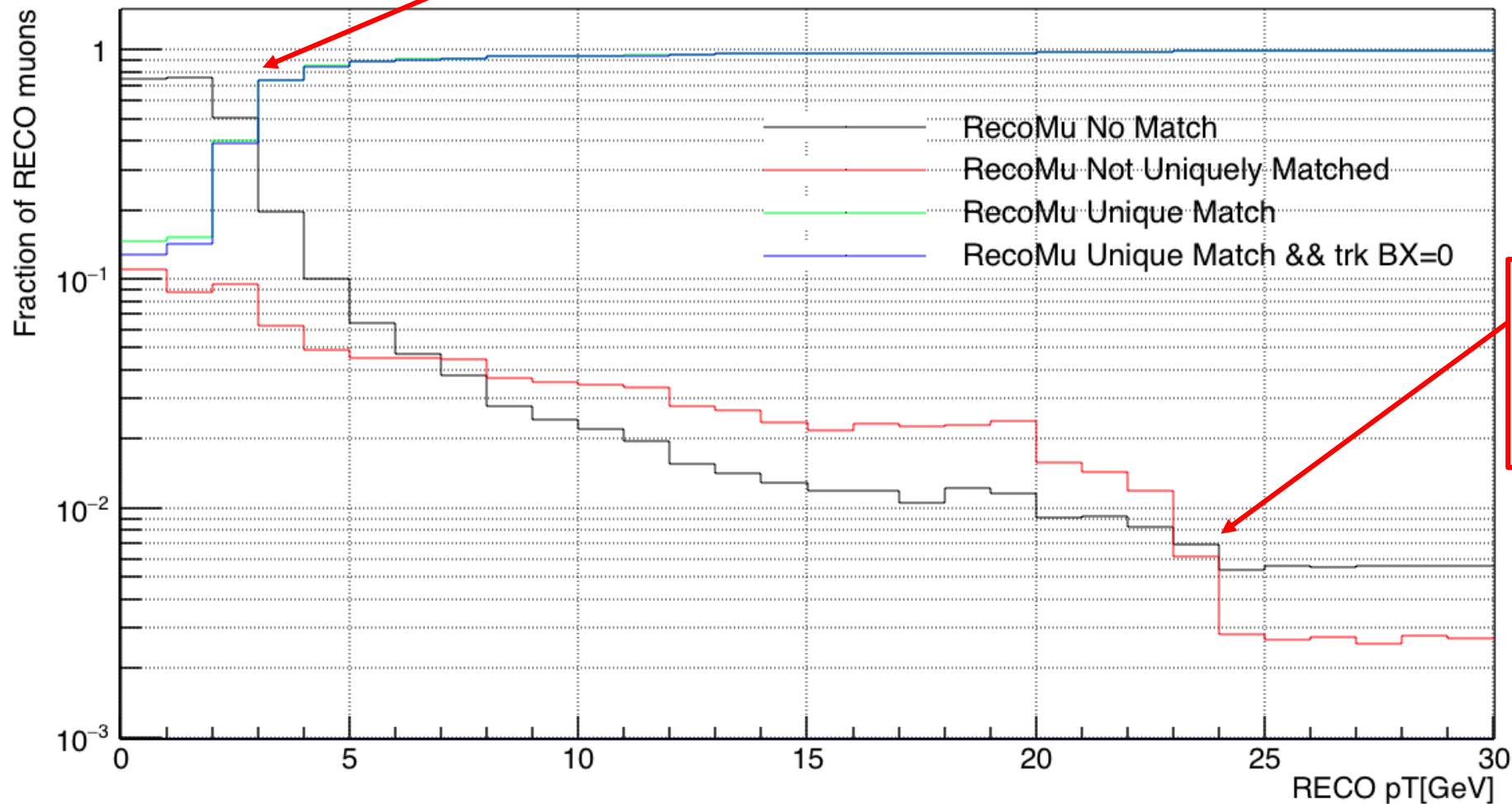
[1] https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/CMS/SWGuideMuonIdRun2#Muon_Identification

RECO Muon pT



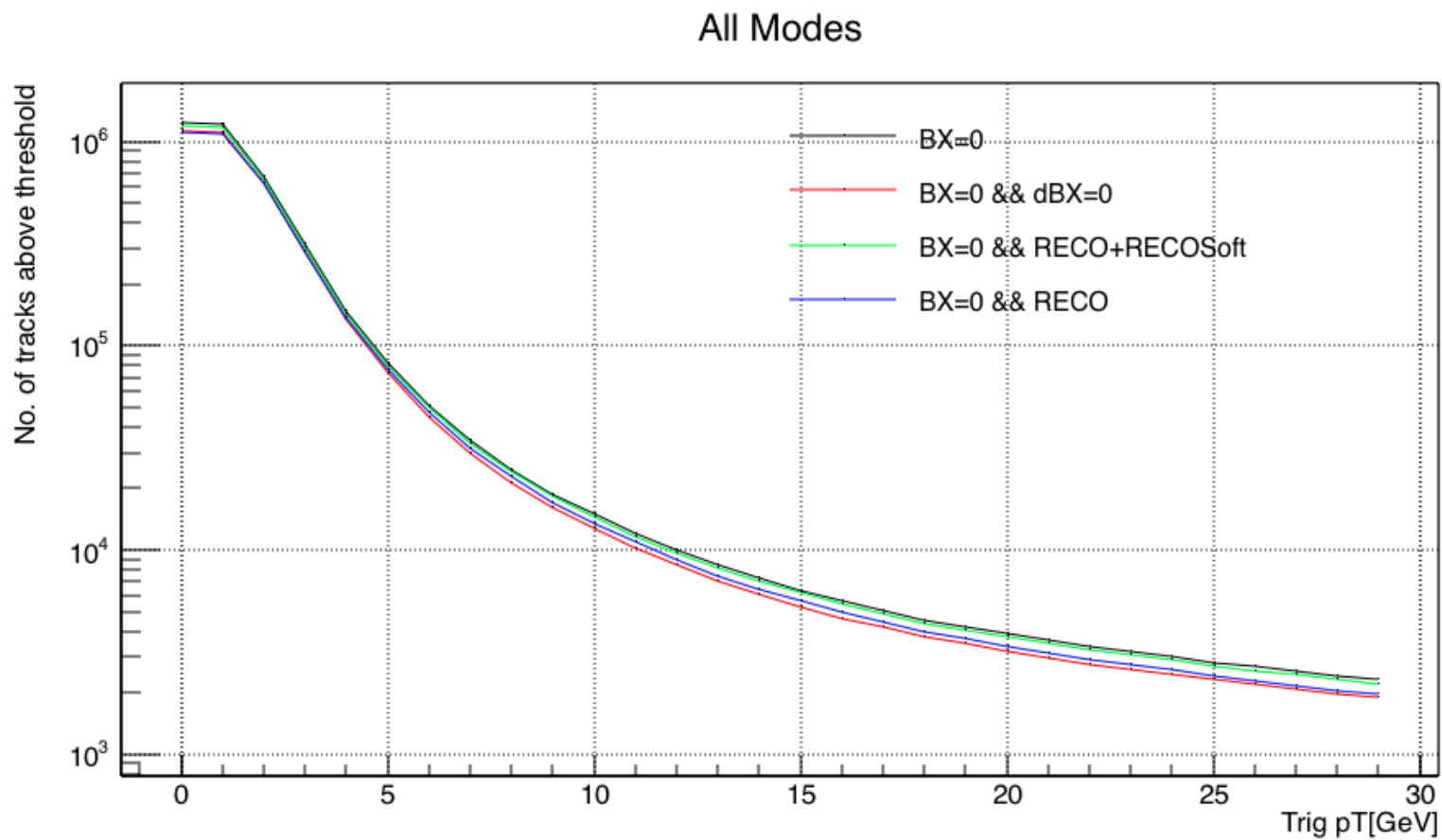
Match Scenarios

EMTF has good track-building efficiency & timing down to 3 GeV



IsoMu24 Biased:
Find match
because they are
fired by EMTF

EMTF Tracks



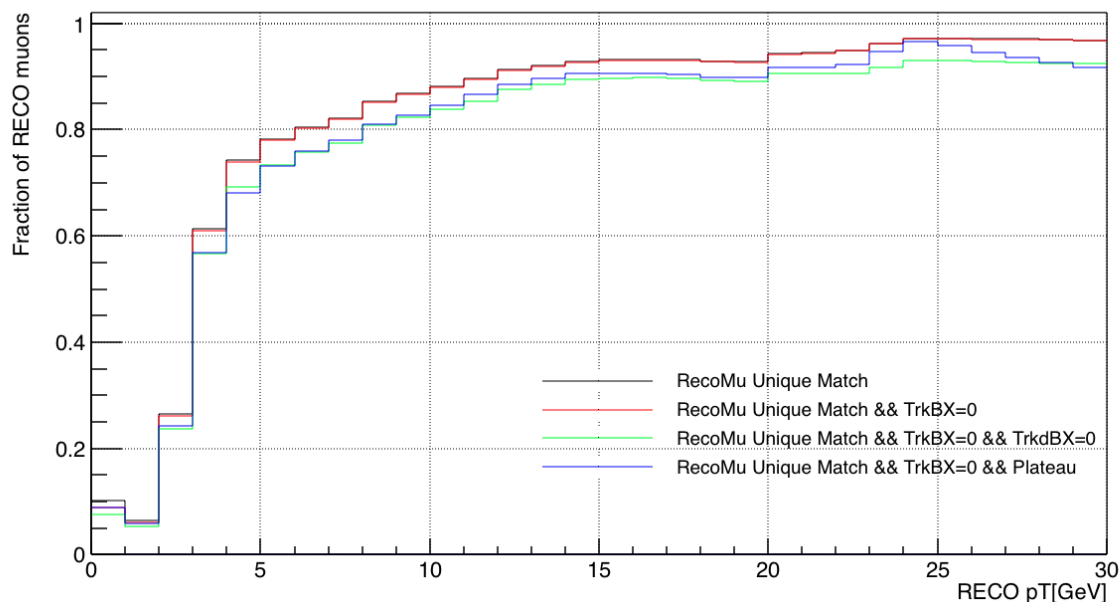
Muon Quality from uGMT

- SingleMu Quality ($Q \geq 12$)
 - EMTF mode 15, 14, 13, 11
- DoubleMu Quality ($Q \geq 8$)
 - EMTF mode 12, 10, 7
- MuOpen Quality ($Q \geq 4$)
 - EMTF mode 9, 6, 5, 3

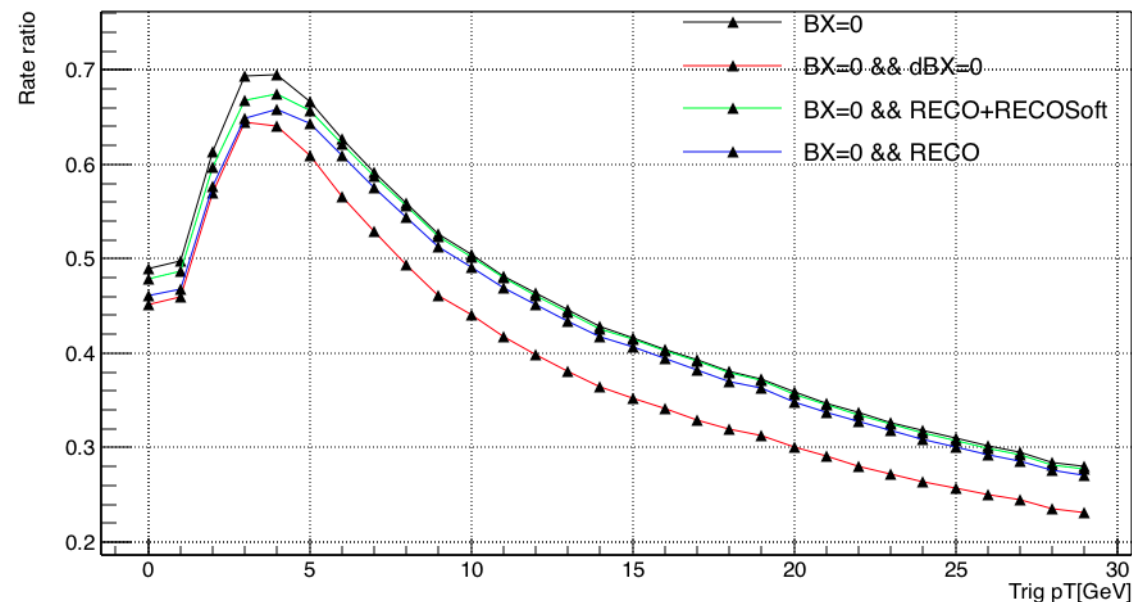
Mode #	Definition	Stations
15	1+2+4+8	1,2,3,4
14	2+4+8	1,2,3
13	1+4+8	1,2,4
12	4+8	1,2
11	1+2+8	1,3,4
10	2+8	1,3
9	1+8	1,4
7	1+2+4	2,3,4
6	2+4	2,3
5	1+4	2,4
3	1+2	3,4

SingleMu Modes

SingleMuModes

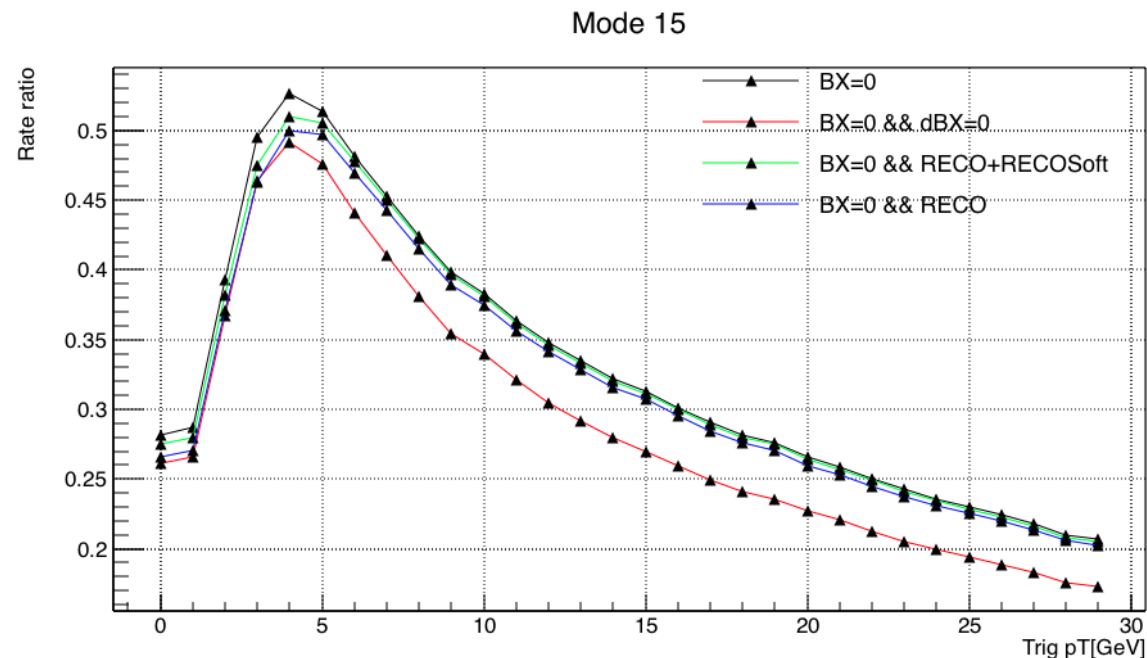
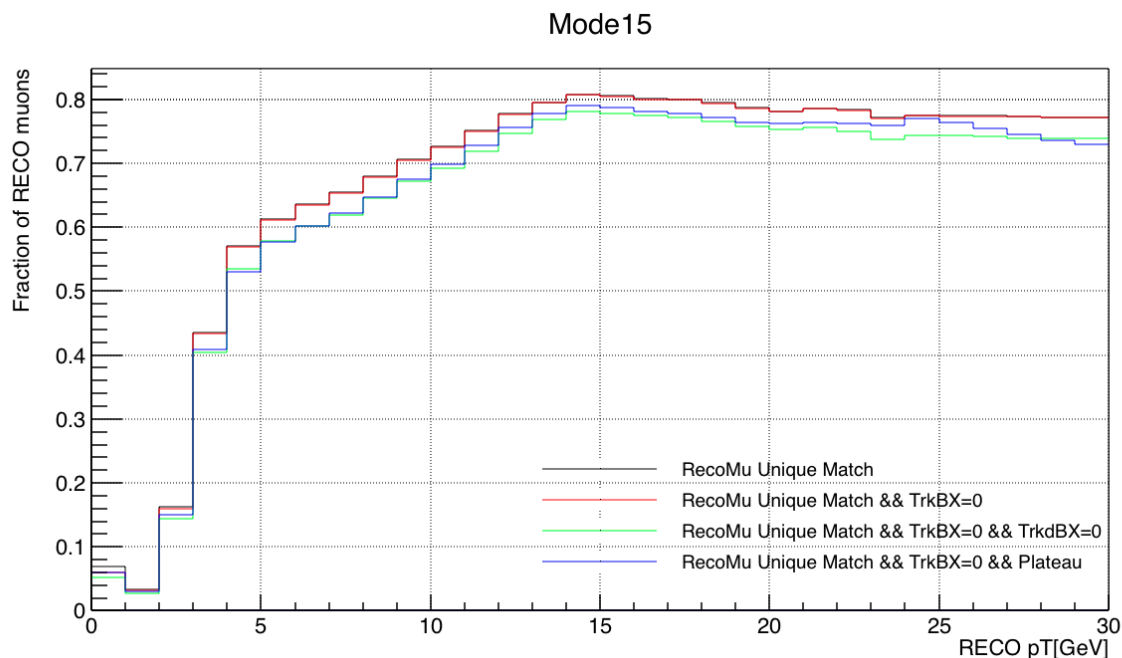


SingleMu Modes



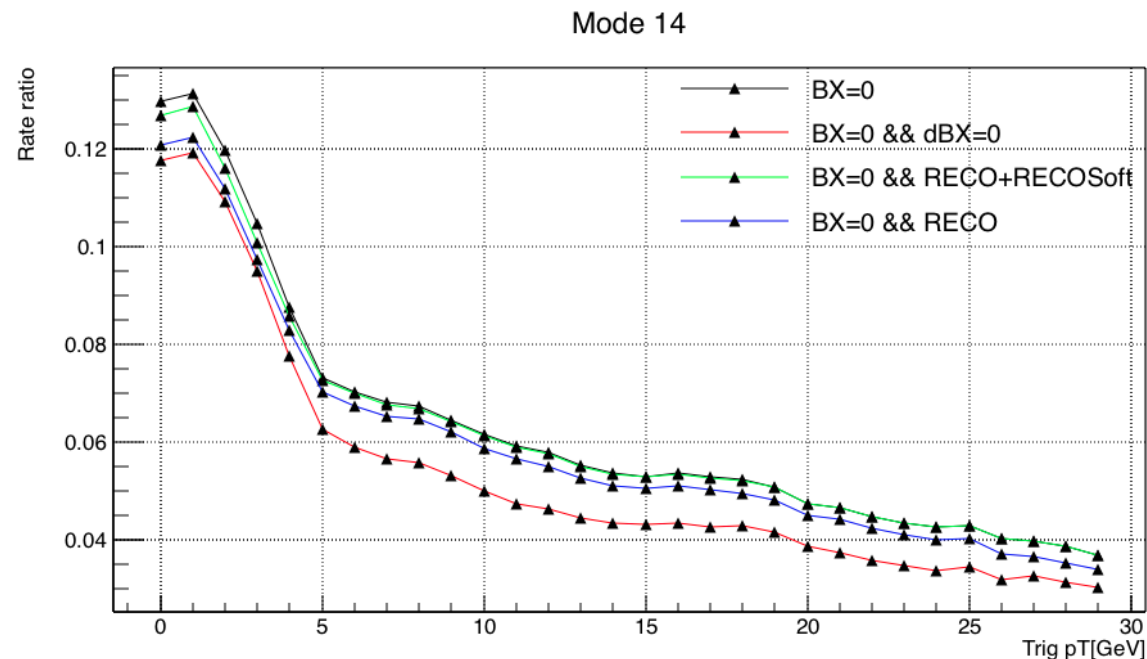
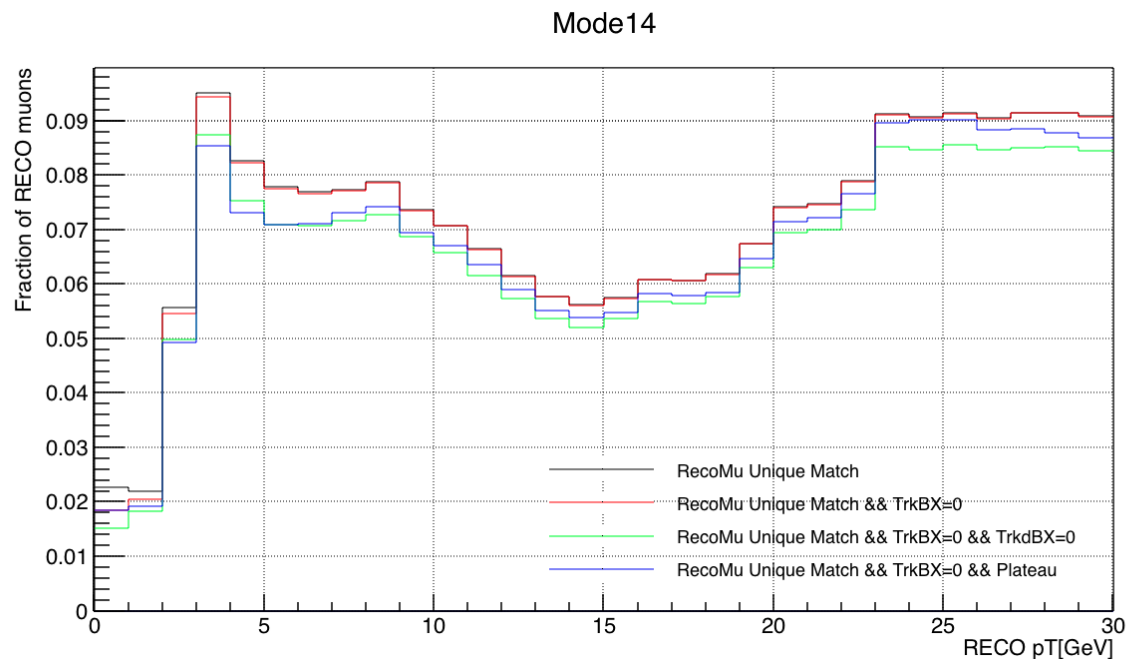
- Left: Fraction of RECO muons from SingleMu data; Right: ratio = count/total count (BX=0) from Zerobias data
- $pT > 5$ GeV: plateau efficiency is 80%-95%
- $pT > 5$ GeV: contribution to rate decreases from 66% to 22% as pT increases (exactly what we want: high eff, low rate)

Mode 15 (station 1-2-3-4)



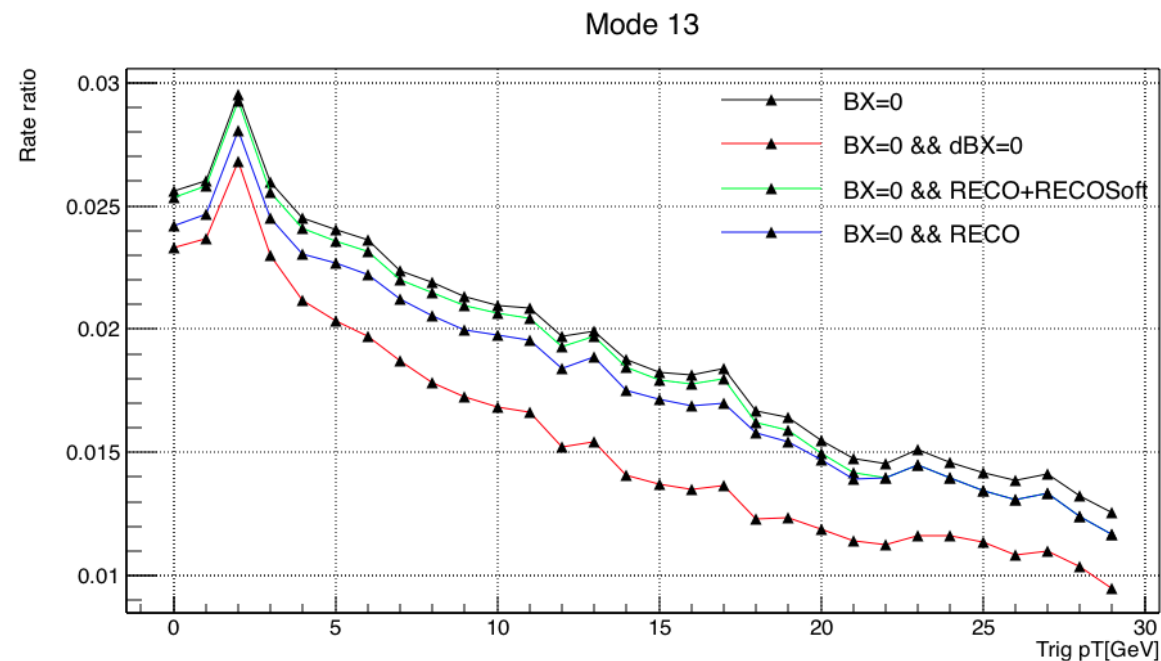
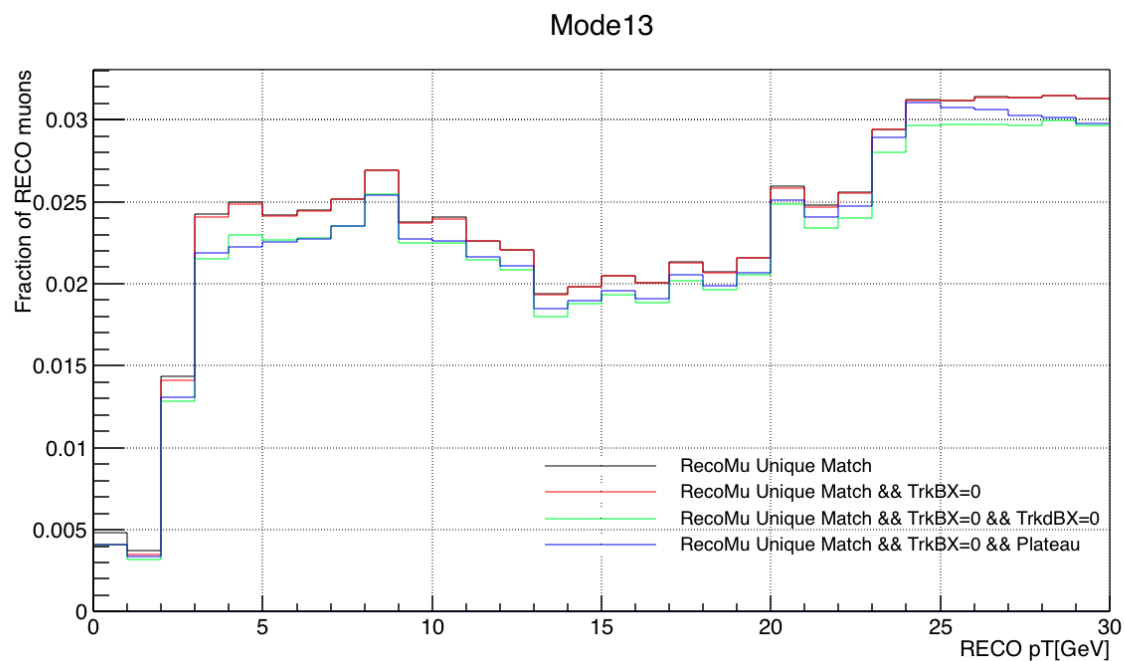
- Account for most efficiency in EMTF tracks
- $pT < 5$ GeV: contribution to rate is reasonable, linear to efficiency;
- $pT > 15$ GeV: plateau efficiency is high (75%~80%) but rate contribution drops below 30%

Mode 14 (station 1-2-3)



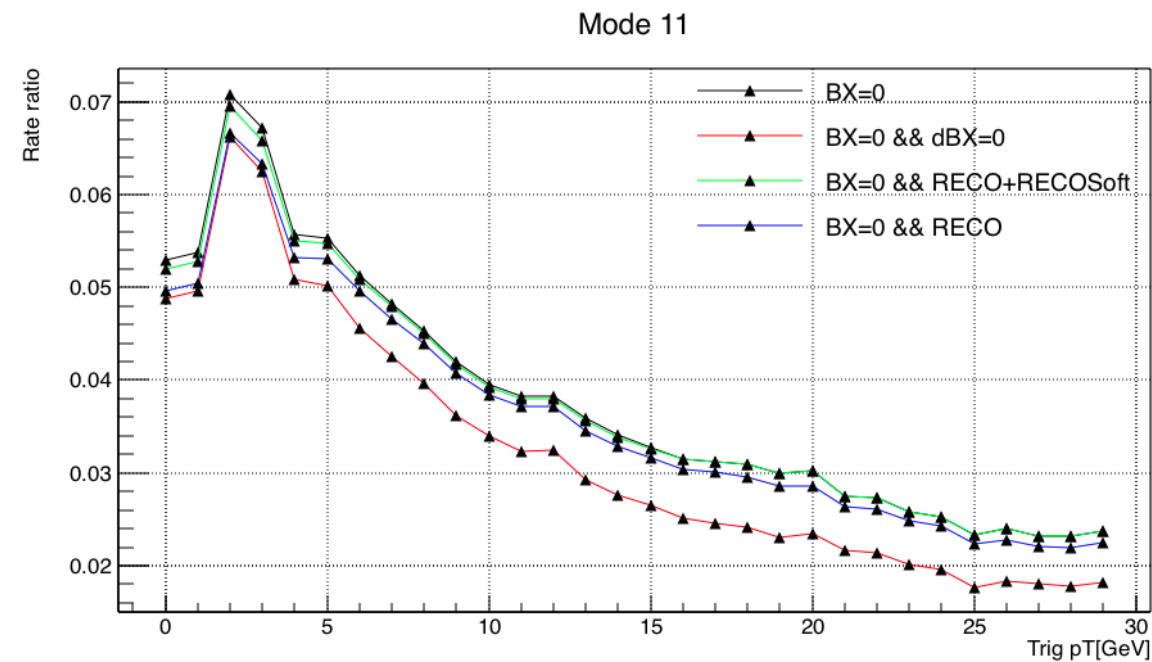
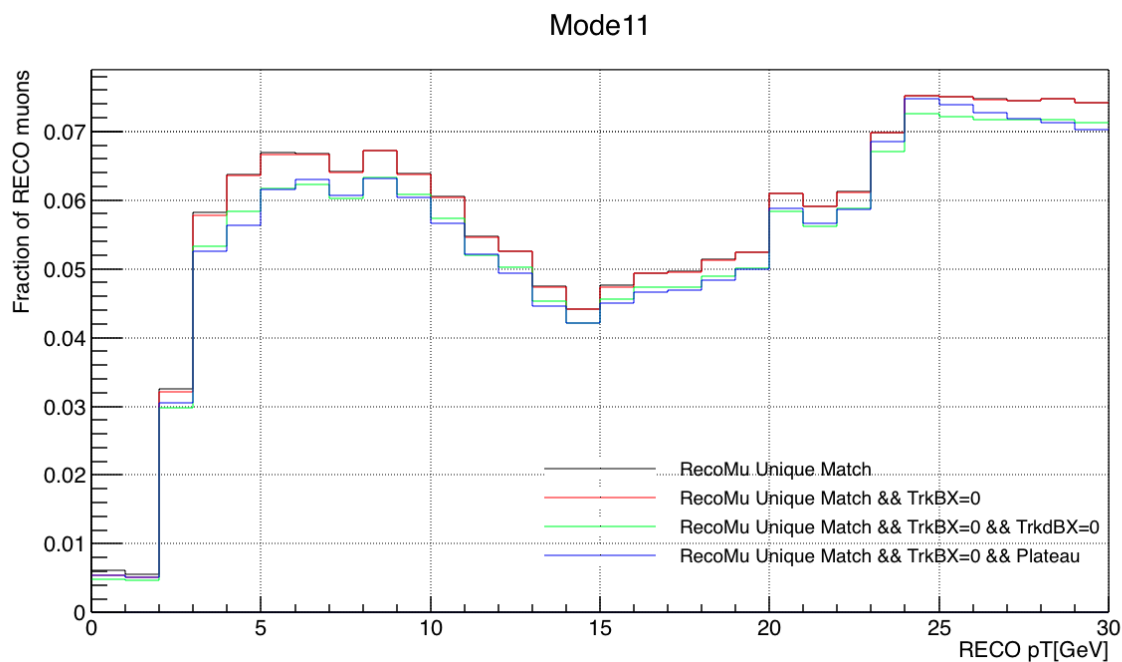
- $pT > 10$ GeV: efficiency is already 10 times smaller than mode 15
- Contribution to rate is reasonable, mostly below 12% with a plateau efficiency 5%-9%

Mode 13 (station 1-2-4)



- Efficiency is even lower than mode 14 (station 1-2-3)
- Contribution to rate is reasonable, mostly below 3% with a plateau efficiency 2%-3%

Mode 11 (station 1-3-4)



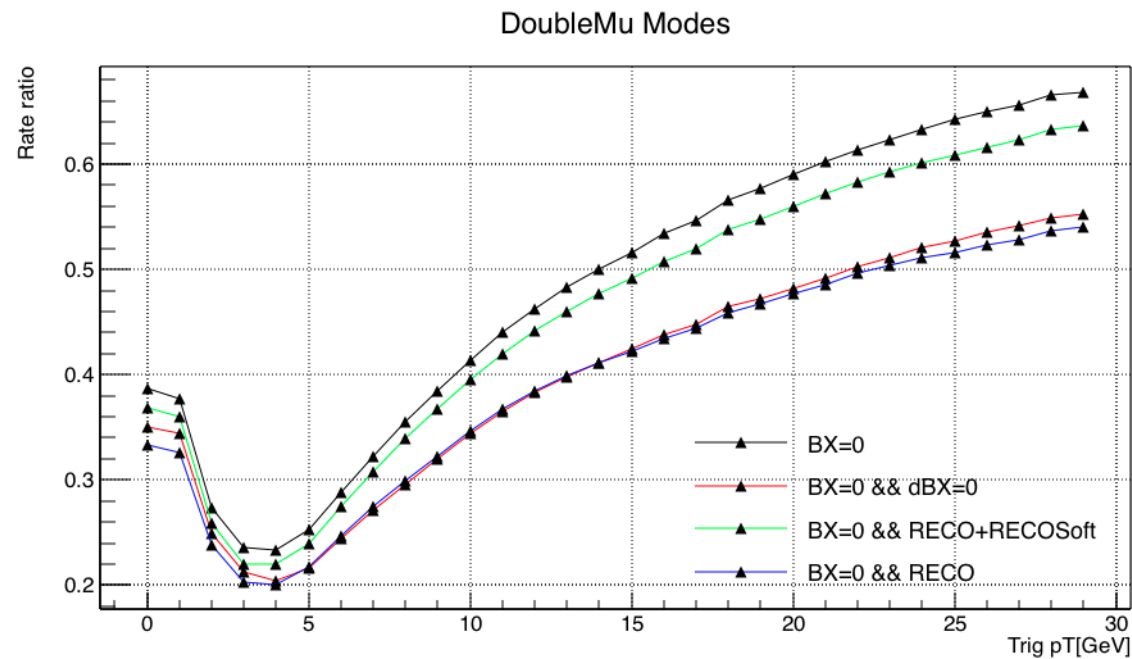
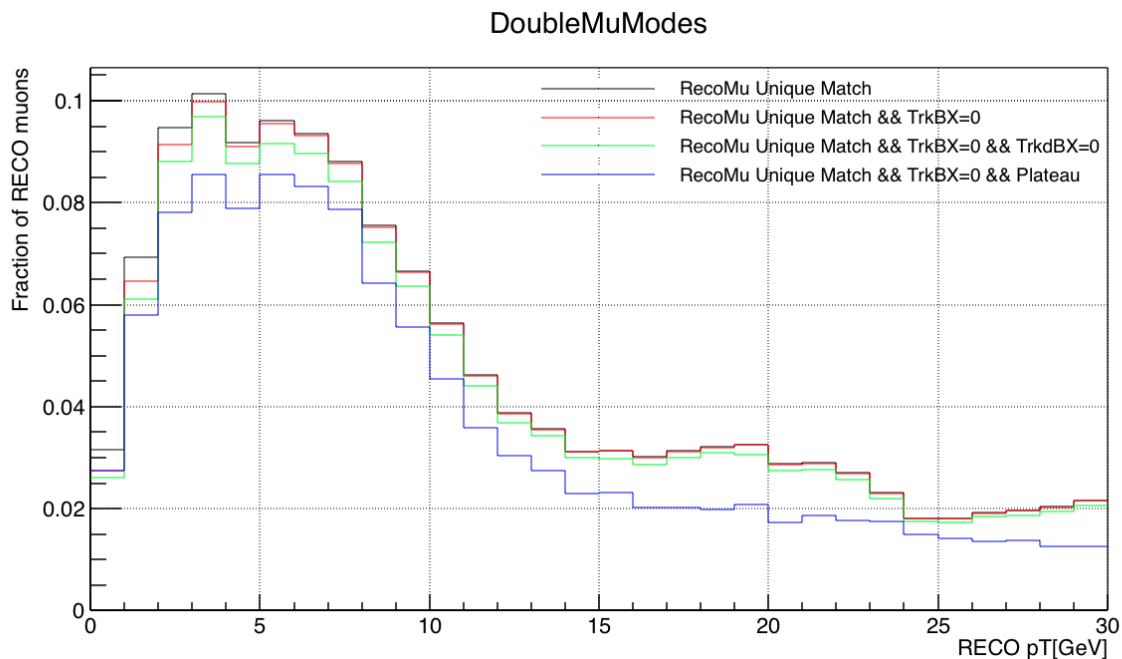
- Efficiency is between mode 13 (station 1-2-4) and mode 14 (station 1-2-3)
- Contribution to rate is reasonable, mostly below 7% with a plateau efficiency 5%-7%

Muon Quality from uGMT

- SingleMu Quality ($Q \geq 12$)
 - EMTF mode 15, 14, 13, 11
- DoubleMu Quality ($Q \geq 8$)
 - EMTF mode 12, 10, 7
- MuOpen Quality ($Q \geq 4$)
 - EMTF mode 9, 6, 5, 3

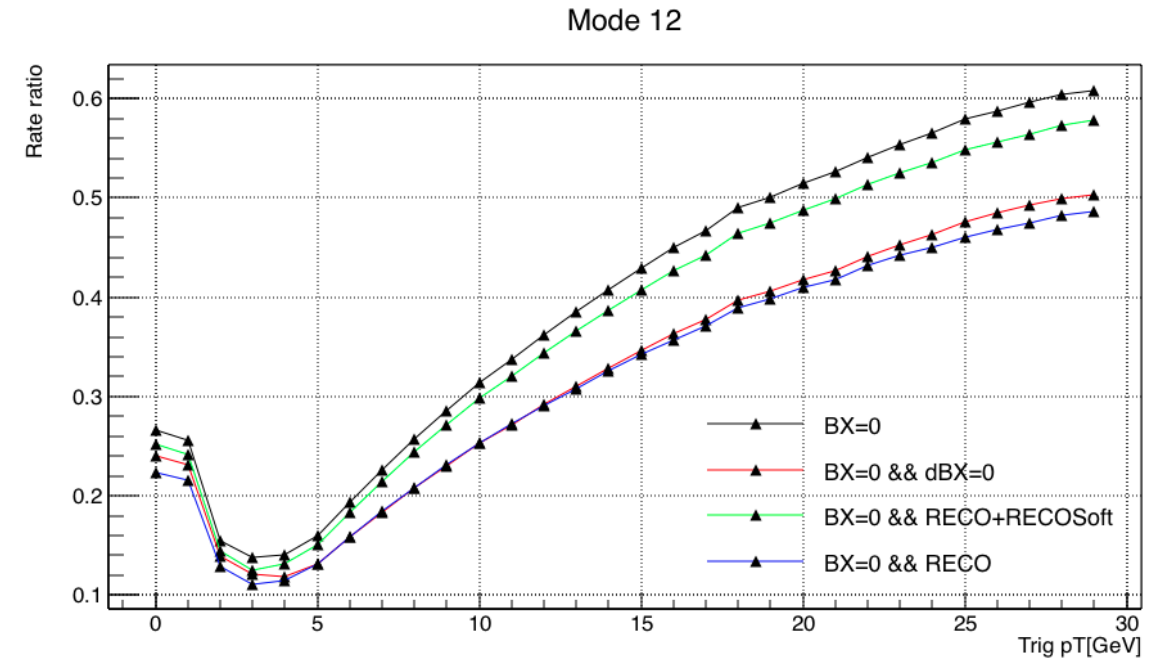
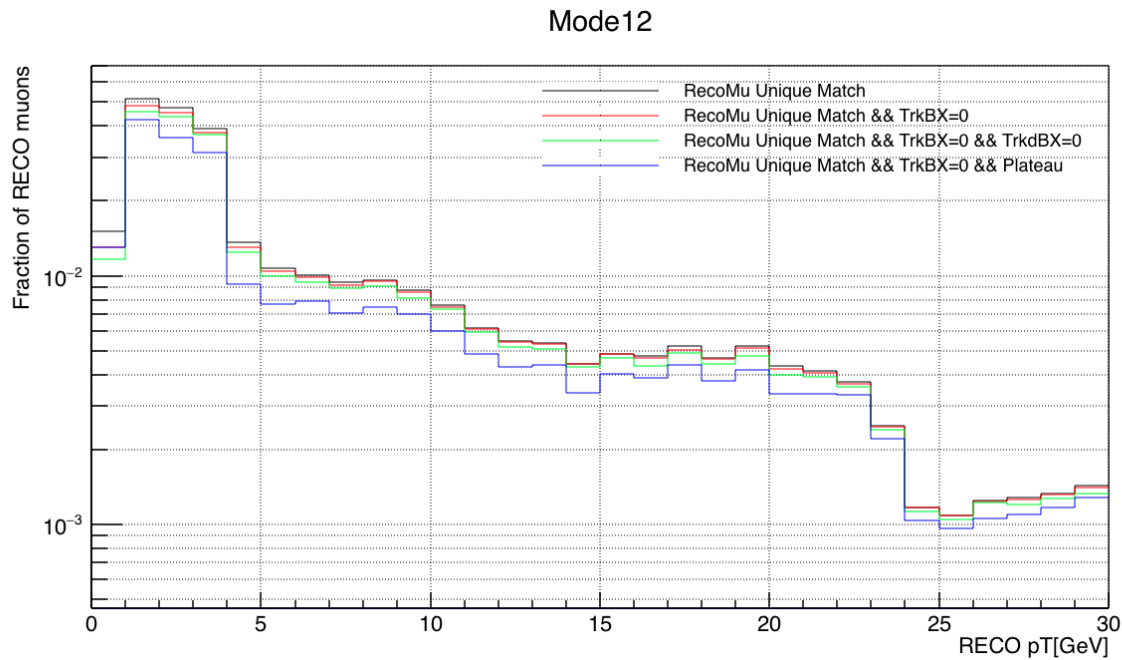
Mode #	Definition	Stations
15	1+2+4+8	1,2,3,4
14	2+4+8	1,2,3
13	1+4+8	1,2,4
12	4+8	1,2
11	1+2+8	1,3,4
10	2+8	1,3
9	1+8	1,4
7	1+2+4	2,3,4
6	2+4	2,3
5	1+4	2,4
3	1+2	3,4

DoubleMu Modes



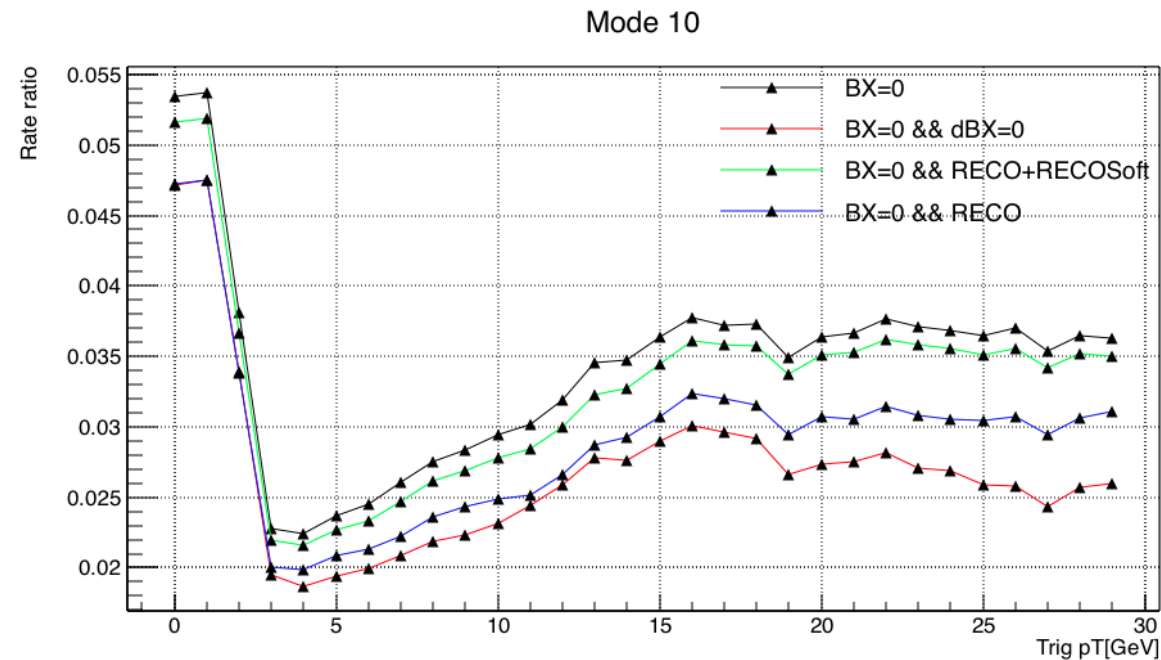
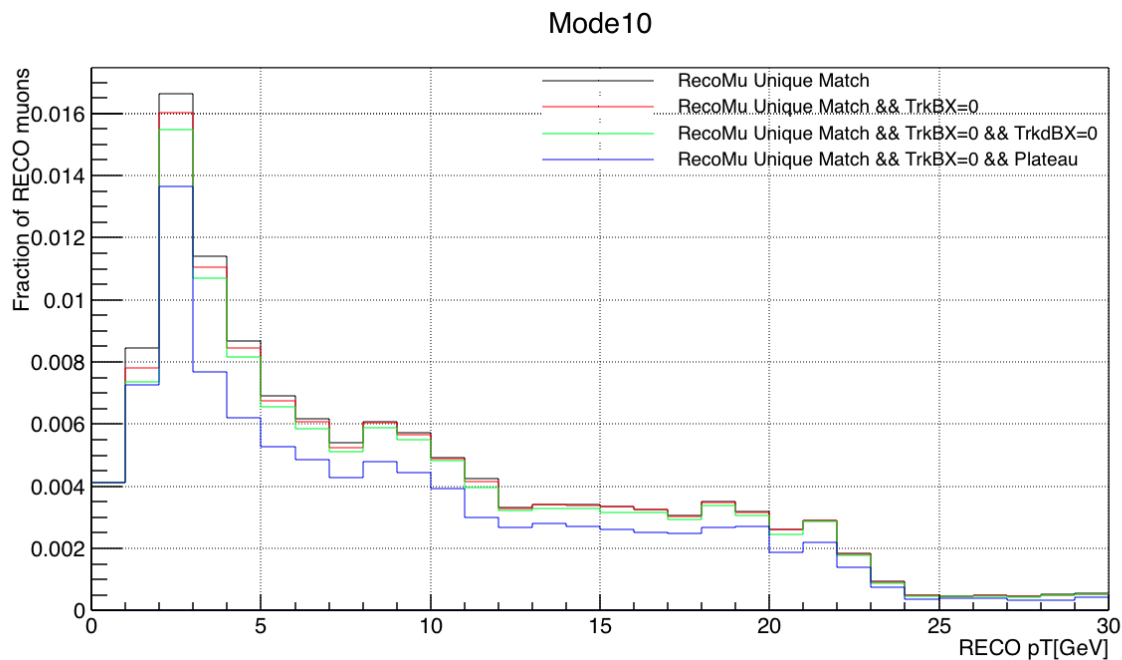
- Plateau efficiency is 10 times smaller than SingleMu modes (even lower in $p_T > 10\text{GeV}$)
- $p_T > 5\text{ GeV}$: contribution to rate is surprisingly high, increase from 25% to 68% as p_T increases
- Add “dBX=0” reduces $\sim 10\%$ rate ($p_T > 15\text{ GeV}$) without losing much efficiency

Mode 12 (station 1-2)



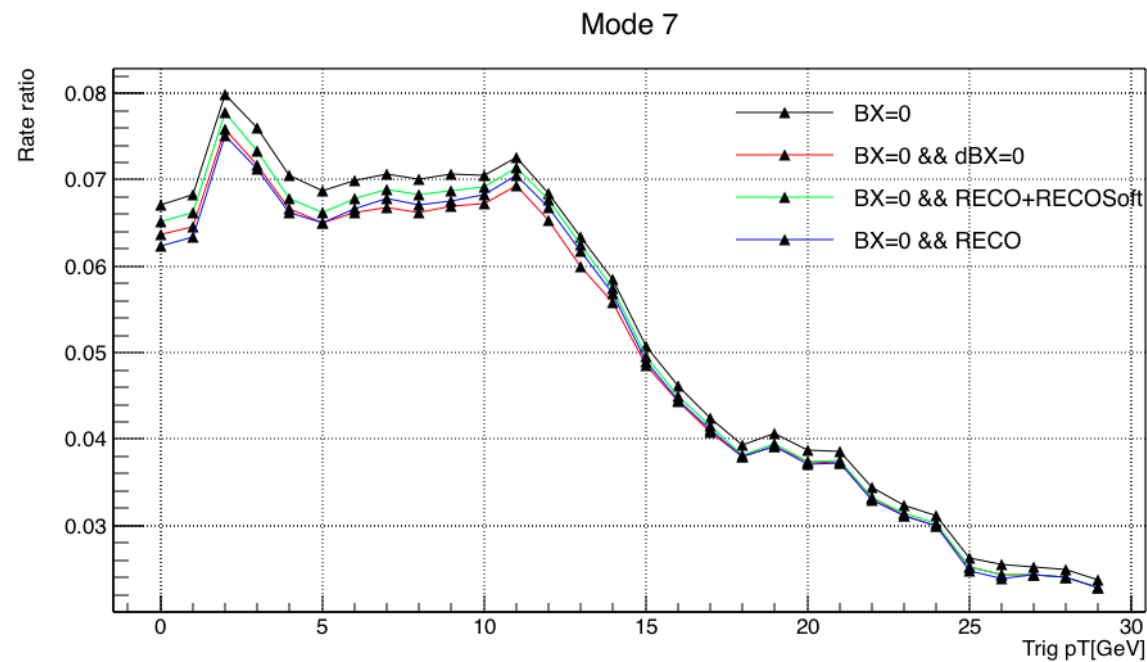
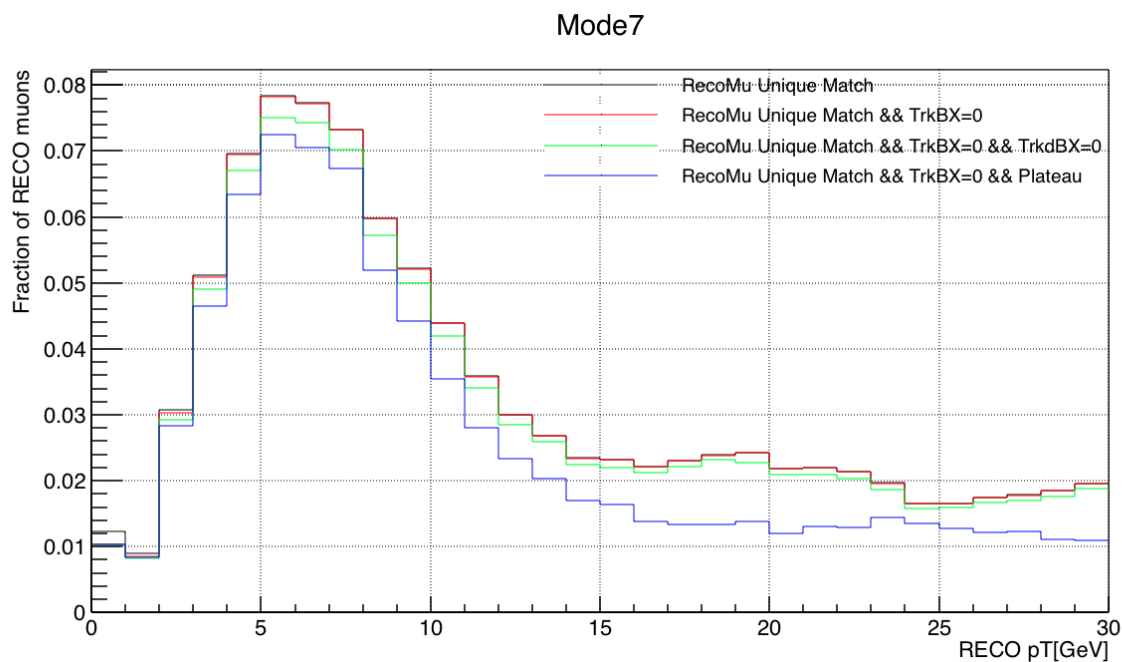
- $pT > 5$ GeV: plateau efficiency is 100 times smaller than mode 15 (station 1-2-3-4)
- $pT > 5$ GeV: contribution to rate is surprisingly high, increase from 15% to 60% as pT increases
- May need to put it in MuOpen quality

Mode 10 (station 1-3)



- $pT > 5$ GeV: plateau efficiency is 100 times smaller than mode 15 (station 1-2-3-4)
- $pT > 5$ GeV: overall contribution to rate is reasonable, but it increases from 2.4% to 3.7% as pT increases

Mode 7 (station 2-3-4)



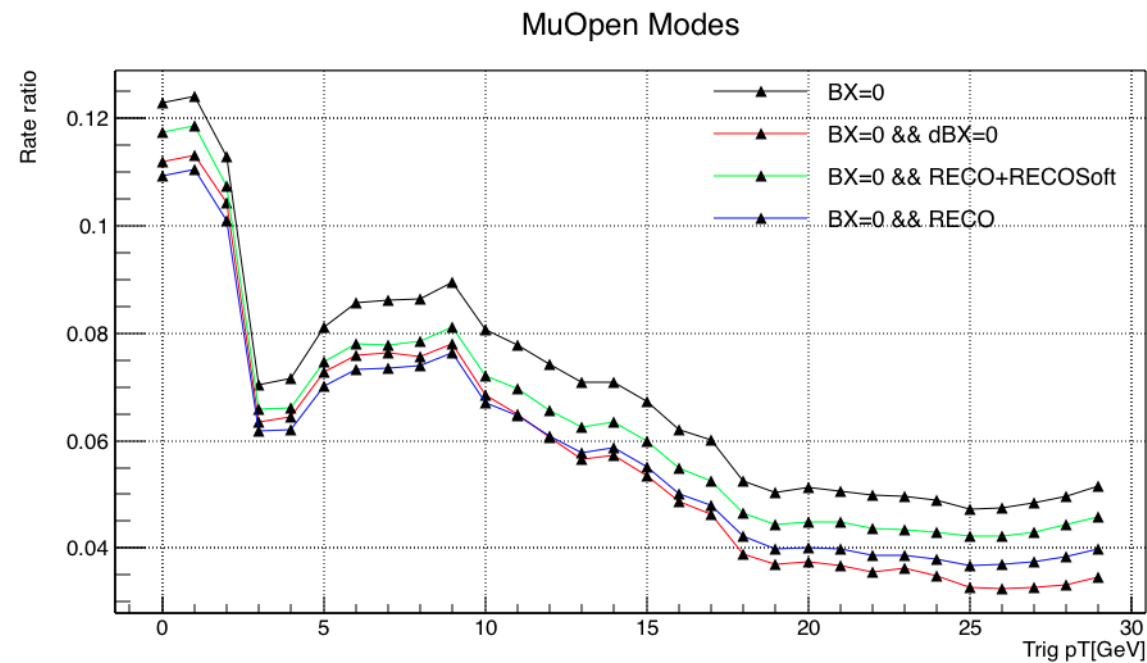
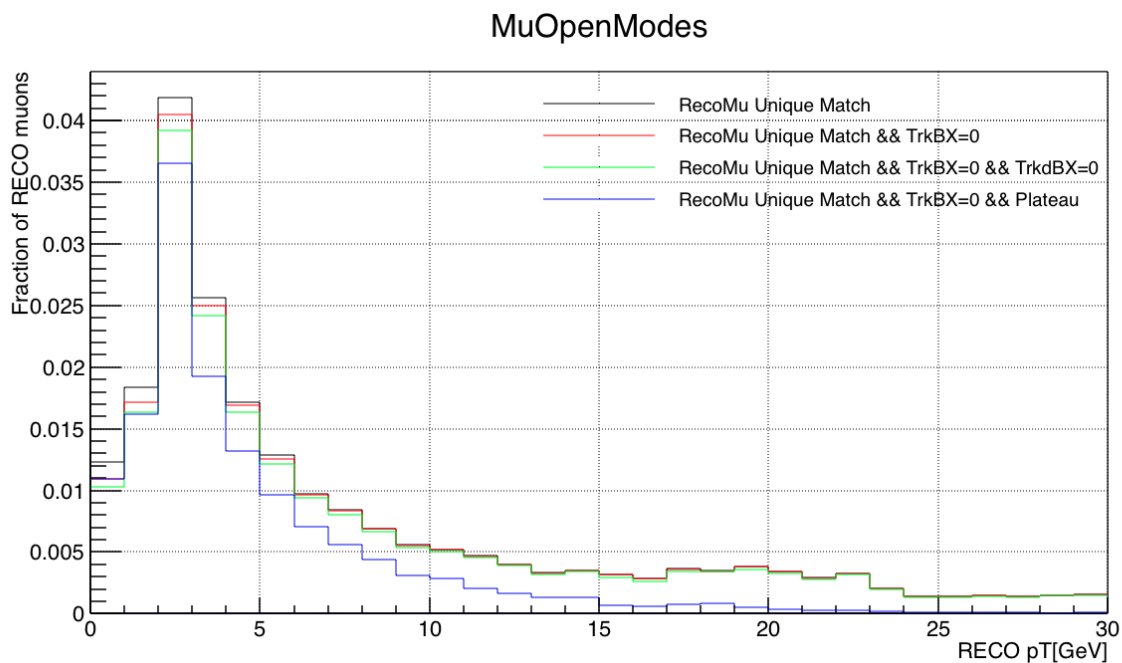
- $pT > 5$ GeV: plateau efficiency is 10 times smaller than mode 15 (station 1-2-3-4), even lower in $pT > 15$ GeV
- $pT > 5$ GeV: contribution to rate is reasonable, 7%-2% as pT increases

Muon Quality from uGMT

- SingleMu Quality ($Q \geq 12$)
 - EMTF mode 15, 14, 13, 11
- DoubleMu Quality ($Q \geq 8$)
 - EMTF mode 12, 10, 7
- MuOpen Quality ($Q \geq 4$)
 - EMTF mode 9, 6, 5, 3

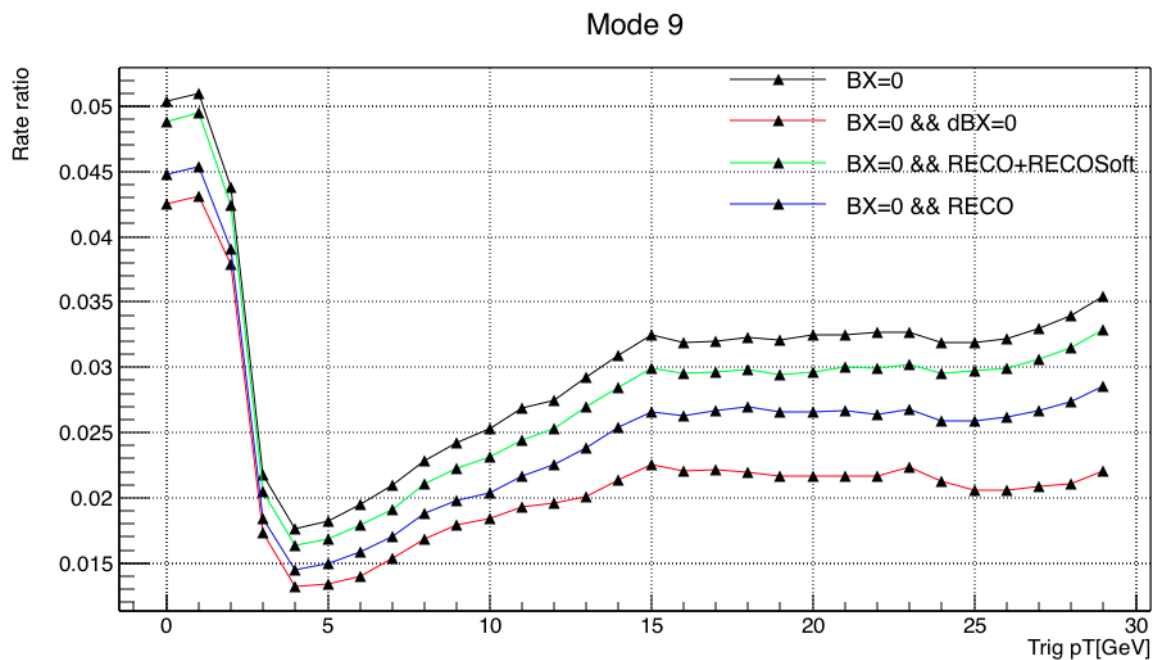
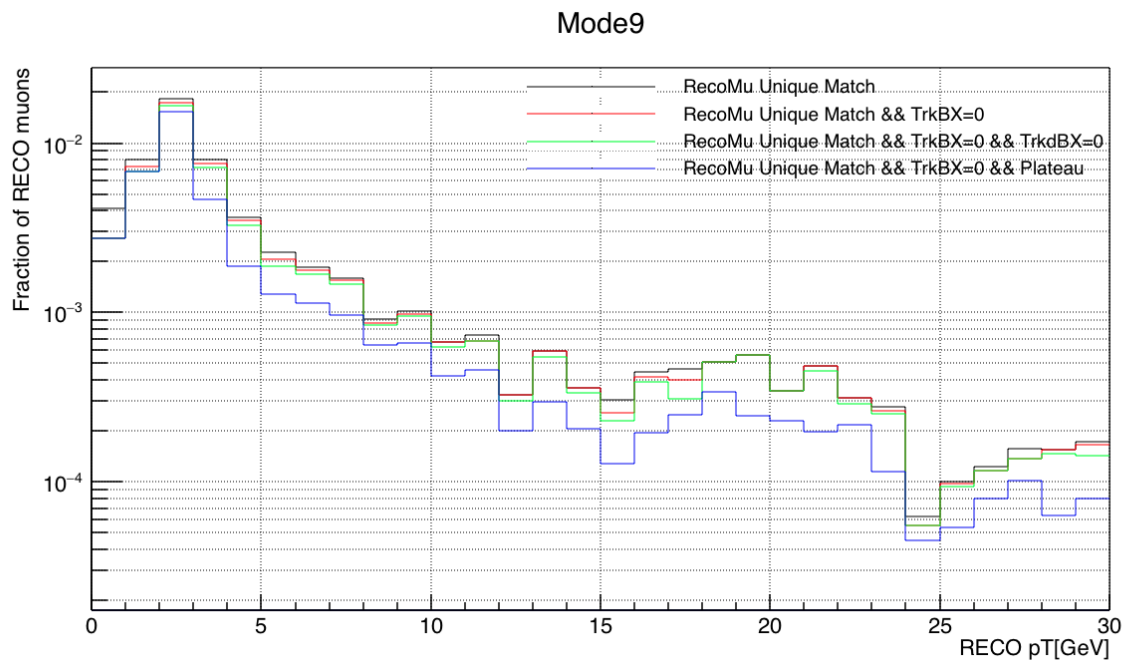
Mode #	Definition	Stations
15	1+2+4+8	1,2,3,4
14	2+4+8	1,2,3
13	1+4+8	1,2,4
12	4+8	1,2
11	1+2+8	1,3,4
10	2+8	1,3
9	1+8	1,4
7	1+2+4	2,3,4
6	2+4	2,3
5	1+4	2,4
3	1+2	3,4

MuOpen Modes



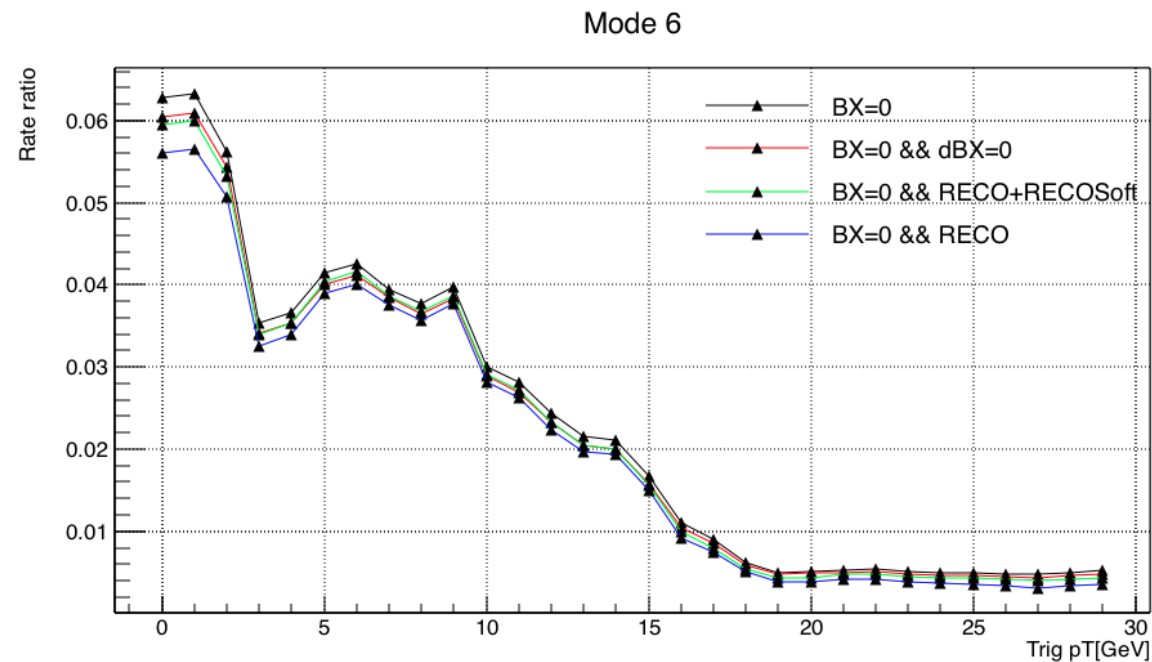
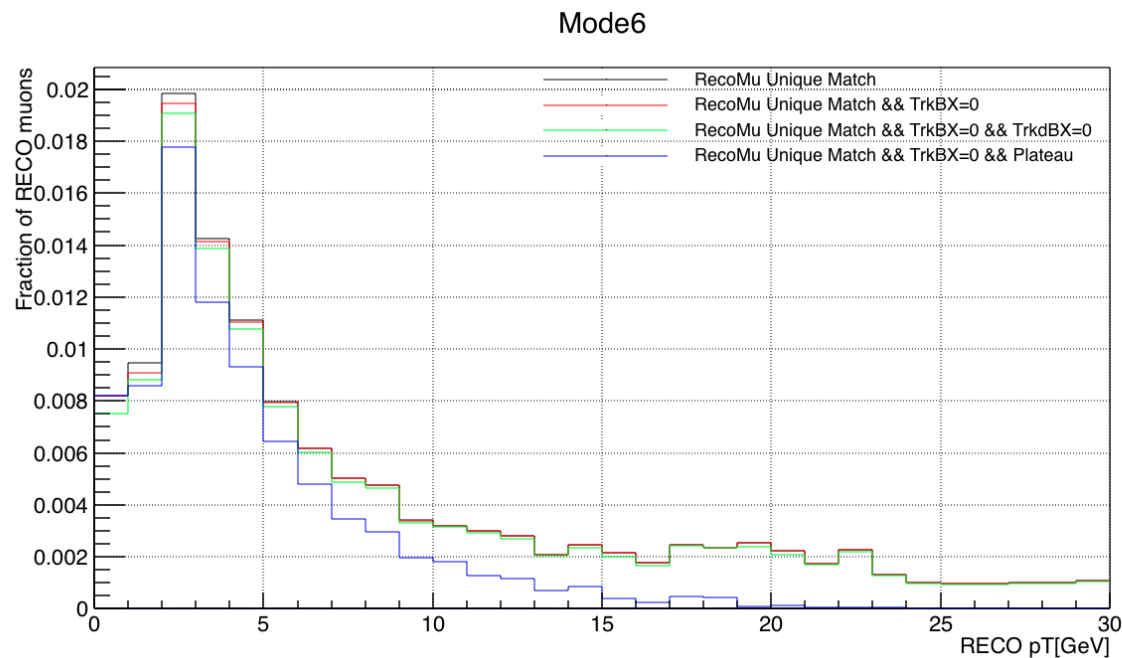
- $pT > 5$ GeV: plateau efficiency is 1000 times smaller than SingleMu modes
- $pT > 5$ GeV: contribution to rate looks reasonable, decreases from 9% to 5% as pT increases

Mode 9 (station 1-4)



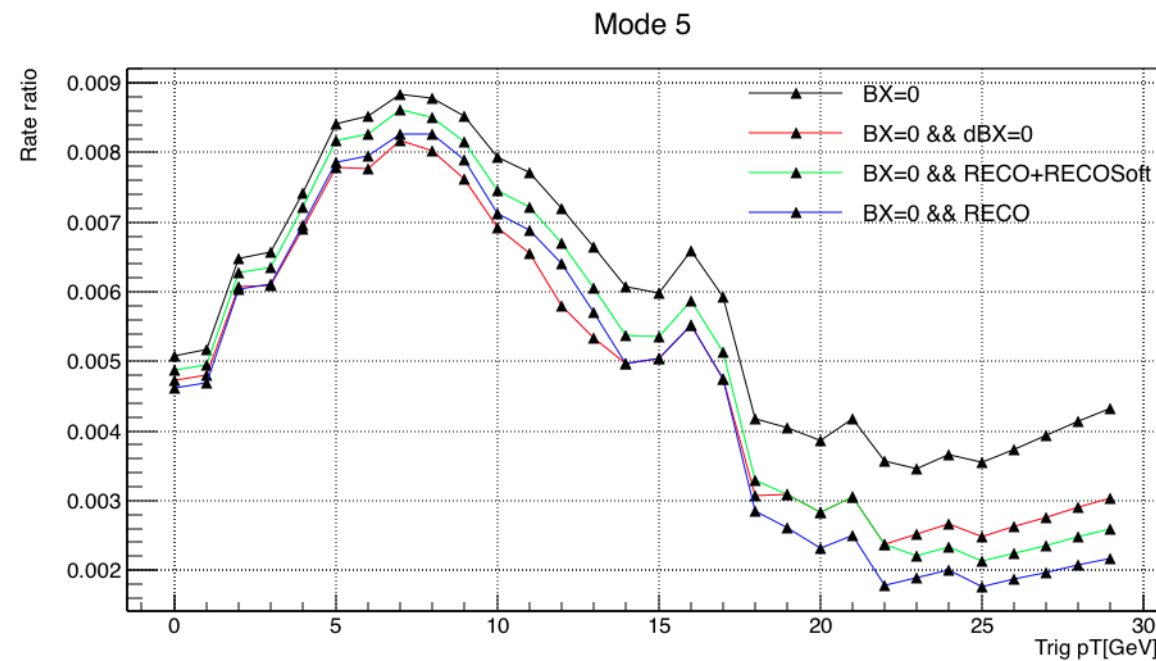
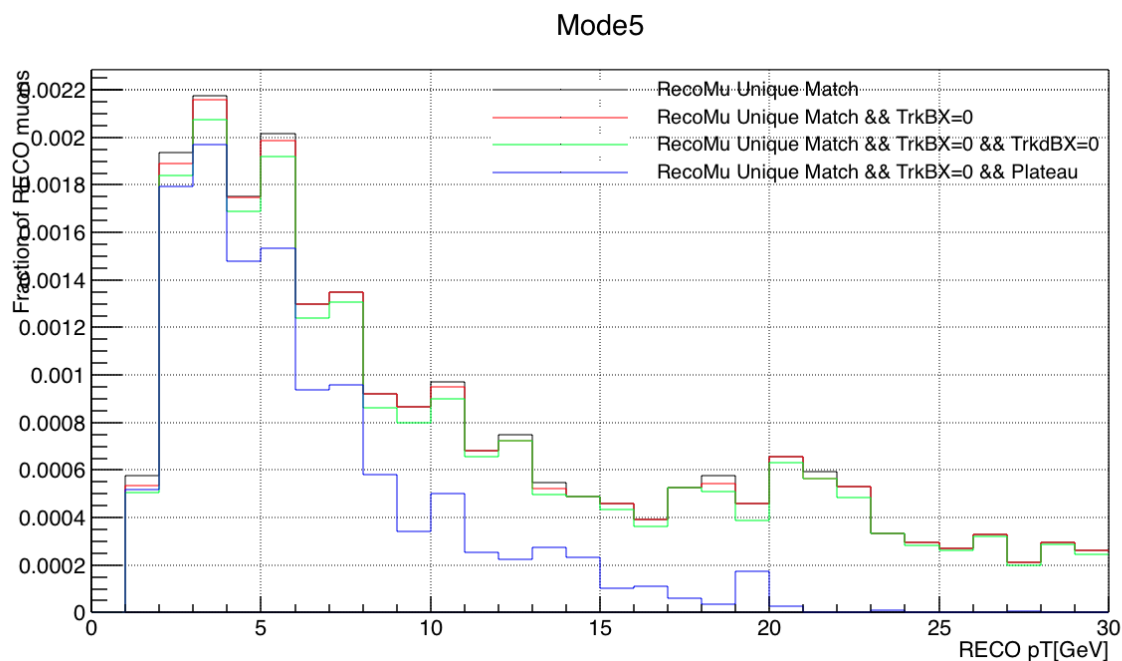
- $pT > 5$ GeV: plateau efficiency is 1000 times smaller than mode 15 (station 1-2-3-4)
- $pT > 5$ GeV: overall contribution to rate is reasonable, but increases from 1.8% - 3.5% as pT increases

Mode 6 (station 2-3)



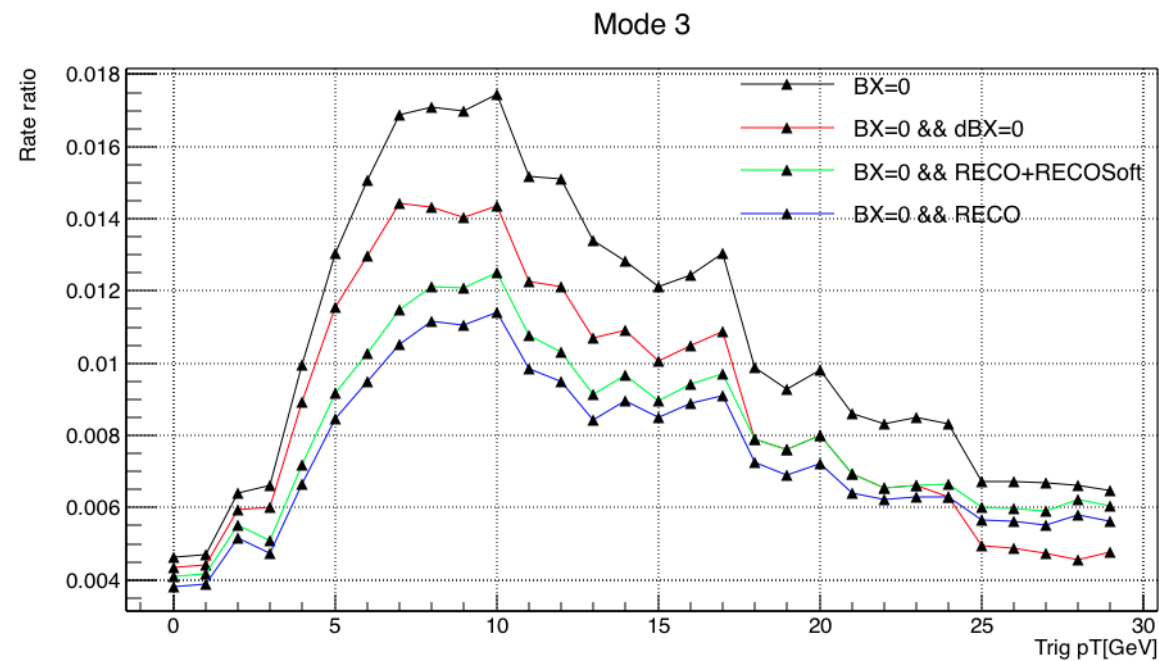
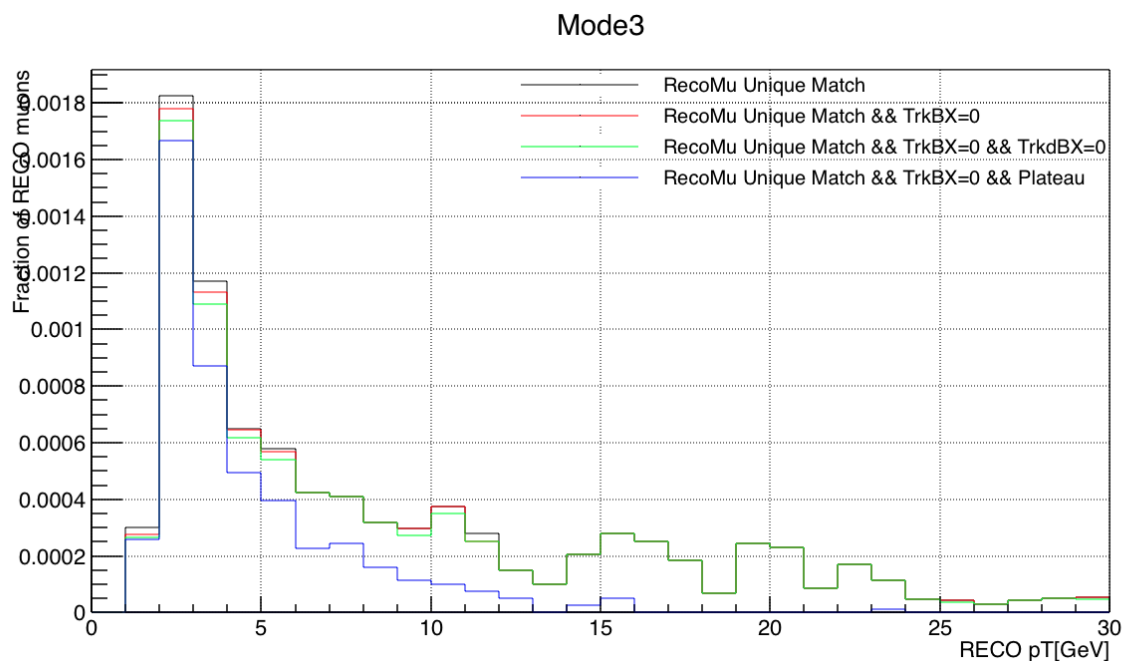
- $pT > 5$ GeV: plateau efficiency is 100 times smaller than mode 15 (station 1-2-3-4)
- $pT > 5$ GeV: overall contribution to rate is reasonable, 4% - 0.5% as pT increases

Mode 5 (station 2-4)



- $pT > 5$ GeV: efficiency is 1000 times smaller than mode 15 (station 1-2-3-4)
- $pT > 5$ GeV: overall contribution to rate is reasonable, 0.9% - 0.4% as pT increases

Mode 3 (station 3-4)



- $pT > 5$ GeV: efficiency is at least 1000 times smaller than mode 15 (station 1-2-3-4)
- $pT > 10$ GeV: overall contribution to rate is reasonable, 1.7% - 0.6% as pT increases

Conclusions

- EMTF builds tracks with very high efficiency and good timing down to p_T values of 3 - 5 GeV
- May re-map quality vs. mode - e.g. mode 12 \rightarrow MuOpen
 - Reduce rate while barely affecting efficiency
- Could add $dBX == 0$ requirement for 2-station tracks
 - Again, significant rate reduction for almost no efficiency loss
- Working to tighten $d\Theta$ windows between stations in track-building
 - Should help reject EMTF tracks built from multiple different muons in high-PU environment
 - Need to find a working point which will not reduce efficiency, even for fairly low- p_T muons (5 - 10 GeV)

Back Up

Data Files

root://eoscms.cern.ch//store/user/abrinke1/EMTF/Emulator/ntuples/HADD/

- SingleMu

- NTuple_SingleMuon_FlatNtuple_Run_306092_2018_03_02_SingleMu.root
- NTuple_SingleMuon_FlatNtuple_Run_306135_2018_03_02_SingleMu.root
- NTuple_SingleMuon_FlatNtuple_Run_306154_2018_03_02_SingleMu.root

- Zerobias

- NTuple_ZeroBias1_FlatNtuple_Run_306091_2018_03_02_ZB1.root
- NTuple_ZeroBias2_FlatNtuple_Run_306091_2018_03_02_ZB2.root
- NTuple_ZeroBias3_FlatNtuple_Run_306091_2018_03_02_ZB3.root
- NTuple_ZeroBias4_FlatNtuple_Run_306091_2018_03_02_ZB4.root

Codes

- EMTF tracks
 - <https://github.com/abrinke1/EMTFAnalyzer/blob/master/NTupleMaker/src/FlatNtupleBranches/EMTFTrackInfo.cc>
- RECO muons
 - <https://github.com/abrinke1/EMTFAnalyzer/blob/master/NTupleMaker/src/FlatNtupleBranches/RecoMuonInfo.cc>
- RECO muon-EMTF track dR match
 - <https://github.com/abrinke1/EMTFAnalyzer/blob/master/NTupleMaker/src/FlatNtupleMatchers/RecoTrkDR.cc>
- Macro
 - https://github.com/weishi10141993/EMTF_CSCTF_pTResolution_TrackBuild_dR_Matching/blob/master/ModesRateEff.C