

# Contents

<b>1. Lab introduction:</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>2. Q&amp;&amp;A</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>3. GNSS positioning and analysis using u-blox receiver</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>3.1 U-blox receiver</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>3.2 Data Collection with u-blox Receiver</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3.2.1 Installation and Hardware Setup</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3.2.2 Using u-center for GNSS Data Collection</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3.3 Data analysis with RTKLIB</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>3.3.1 Raw Data Format Conversion</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>3.3.3 Ephemeris</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>3.3.4 Configure Processing Options</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>3.3.5 View and Analyze Results</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>3.3.6 Display results in Google Earth</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>4. GNSS positioning and analysis using a smartphone receiver</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>4.1 Smartphone receiver</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>4.2 Data collection with smartphone receiver</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>4.2.1 Collect data</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>4.2.2 Get the data from the smartphone</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>4.3 Data analysis with Sing positioning</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>4.3.1 Download the navigation file in the Geodetic Survey of Hong Kong</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>4.3.2 Obtain the ionospheric, tropospheric, pseudoranges, satellite clock bias and satellite positions</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>4.3.3 Use the python program of least square method to deal with the data, and get the position</b>	<b>18</b>

# GNSS Navigation Lab (AAE4203-Guidance and Navigation)

## 1. Lab introduction:

Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) is a cornerstone of modern positioning, navigation, and timing (PNT) technologies. They provide accurate location and time information to users anywhere on Earth, under any weather conditions, and at any time. GNSS positioning has revolutionized many aspects of modern life, providing critical data for navigation, timing, and location-based services. As technology continues to advance, GNSS will become even more integral to our daily activities and various industries.

The GNSS navigation lab focuses on the data collection of the GNSS receiver and its data processing using Python programming. The student is expected to learn to use the GNSS receiver to collect the data and process the GNSS data, such as the GNSS single-point positioning. The expected learning outcome of this lab is as follows:

- Objective 1: Learn to use the usage of the GNSS data collection software, such as the u-center for the u-blox receiver data collection, and the GNSS Logger for GNSS data collection from the Android smartphone.
- Objective 2: GNSS data processing using the RTKLIB, including the position and velocity estimation.
- Objective 3: GNSS data processing using Python programming, including position and velocity estimation.
- Objective 4: Learn the analysis of the data, such as the positioning error evaluation using a static dataset. All these should be done using the Python code.
- Objective 5: Students are required to submit a 2-page report on the lab. The lab should include the following components: (1) GNSS positioning results and visualization (e.g. with RTKLIB), (2) evaluation of the static dataset collected in urban areas. (3) learning experiences in this lab.



Fig 1: (Left) Smartphone-based GNSS positioning in urban canyons. (Right) GNSS receiver-based positioning in urban canyons.

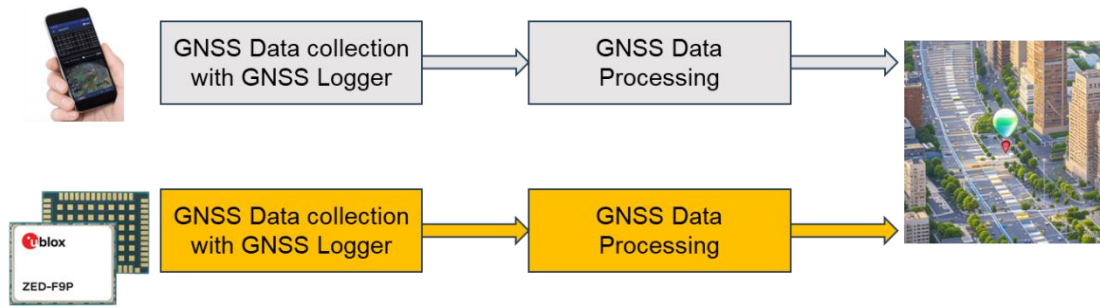


Fig 2: Overview of the lab. Two sets of GNSS receivers could be used for the data collection.

## 2. Q&&A

- **Lecturer:** Dr. Weisong Wen, Department of Aeronautical and Aviation Engineering (AAE)
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- **Teaching Assistant:** Ruijie Xu, Xikun Liu, Yuan Li, Yihan Zhong.
- **Lecture Venue and Time:** BC303, Thu 15:30-18:20
- **Github issue:** <https://github.com/weisongwen/AAE4203-2425S1/issues>

## 3. GNSS positioning and analysis using u-blox receiver

### 3.1 U-blox receiver

u-blox provides commercial-grade GNSS receivers that support multi-constellation and multi-band signals for precise positioning.



Fig 3: Illustration of the u-blox GNSS receiver kit.

- **Multi-band GNSS Receiver:** Supports concurrent reception of multiple GNSS constellations (GPS, GLONASS, Galileo, BeiDou).
- **Concurrent Multi-Constellation Reception:** Receives signals from various constellations simultaneously, improving accuracy and reliability.
- **Small and Power-Efficient:** The ZED-F9P module is compact and energy-efficient, making it suitable for integration into a variety of devices.

## 3.2 Data Collection with u-blox Receiver

### 3.2.1 Installation and Hardware Setup

Connect the antenna, receiver and computer as shown in Figure 4 (F9P) and Figure 5 (F10T).

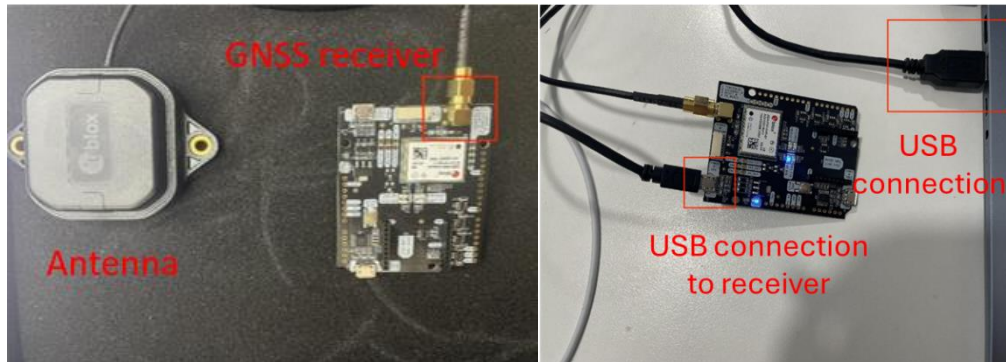


Fig 4: Illustration of the u-blox GNSS receiver F9P kit connection with the antenna.

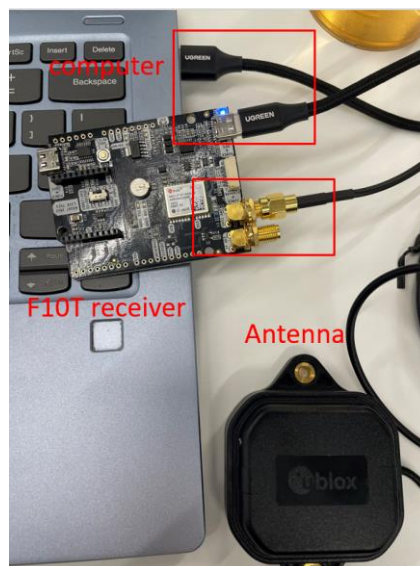


Fig 5: Illustration of the u-blox GNSS receiver F10T kit connection with the antenna.

### 3.2.2 Using u-center for GNSS Data Collection

u-blox provides u-center, a powerful evaluation software tool designed to configure, monitor, and analyze GNSS data. Follow these steps to collect data with u-center:

**Step 1:** Download and Install u-center:

[https://www.u-blox.com/en/product/u-center.](https://www.u-blox.com/en/product/u-center)

**Step 2:** Open u-center, select connection and choose the correct COM port and set the baud rate (typically 9600 or 115200) to establish proper communication.

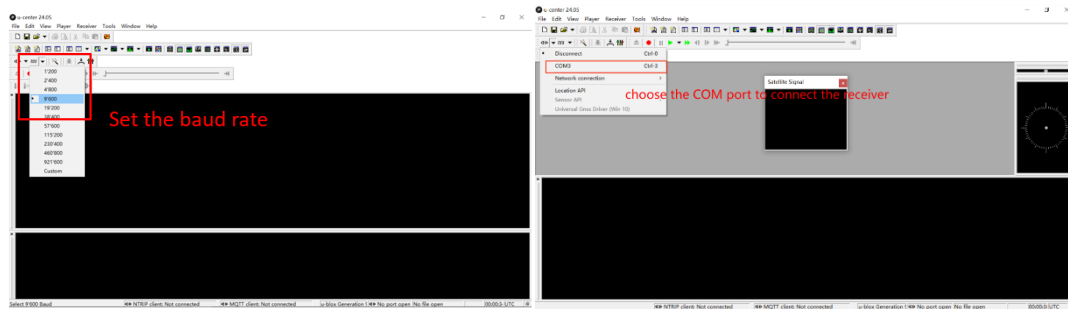


Fig 6: Illustration of the u-center software in the computer: **connect receiver**.

**Step 3:** Once the receiver is connected, the u-center will begin displaying real-time data from multiple GNSS constellations, including satellite count, signal strength, and positional coordinates. The Satellite View screen allows you to visualize the status of each satellite being received.

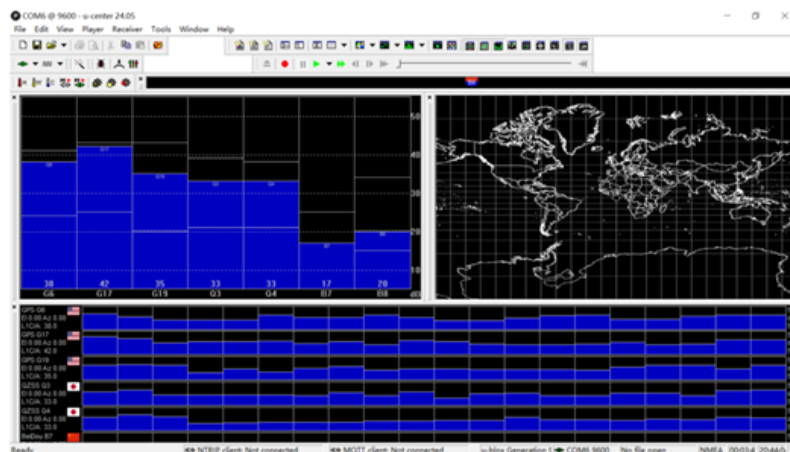


Fig 7: Illustration of the u-center software in the computer with satellite visualization.

**Step 4:** Click "record" in the menu bar to start recording, and then select a path to save the data file.

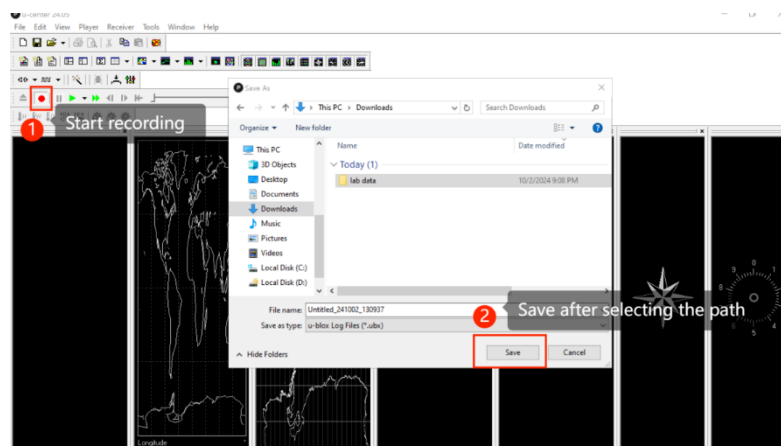


Fig 8: Illustration of the u-center software in the compute: **start recording**.

**Step 5:** The hardware and software are ready, let's start collecting data!

**Step 6:** After the collection is completed, click "Eject File" in the menu bar.

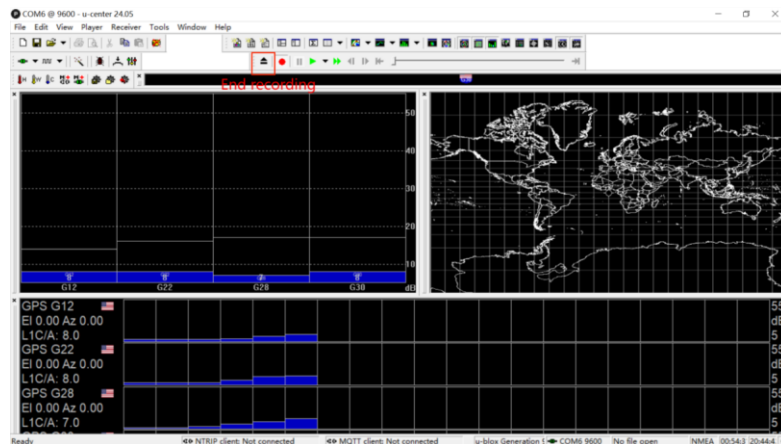


Fig 9: Illustration of the u-center software in the compute: **stop recording**.

### 3.3 Data analysis with RTKLIB

RTKLIB is an open-source software library for GNSS data processing, supporting Real-Time Kinematic (RTK) and post-processing modes.

**Step 1:** Download and install RTKLIB

[rtklib download](#)

**Step 2:** Open “rtklauch.exe”.

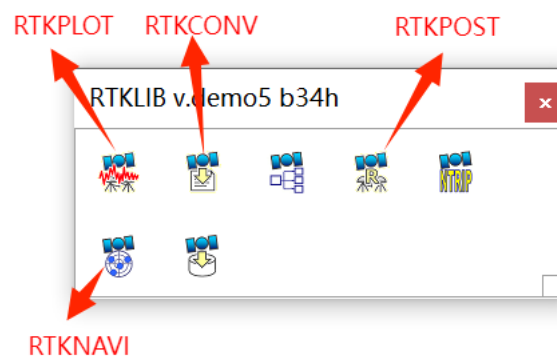


Fig 10: Illustration of the rtklauch in the compute.

#### 3.3.1 Raw Data Format Conversion

**Step 3:** Open “RTKCONV” and then convert raw data (ubx file saved by u-center) to RINEX format.

- Do not check “Time Start(GPST)”, “Time End(GPST)” and “Interval”.
- “RTCM, RCV or RINEX OBS”: the raw data file saved by U-center
- Format: choose UBX
- Make sure the “.obs” file and “.nav” file are checked. These are output files.



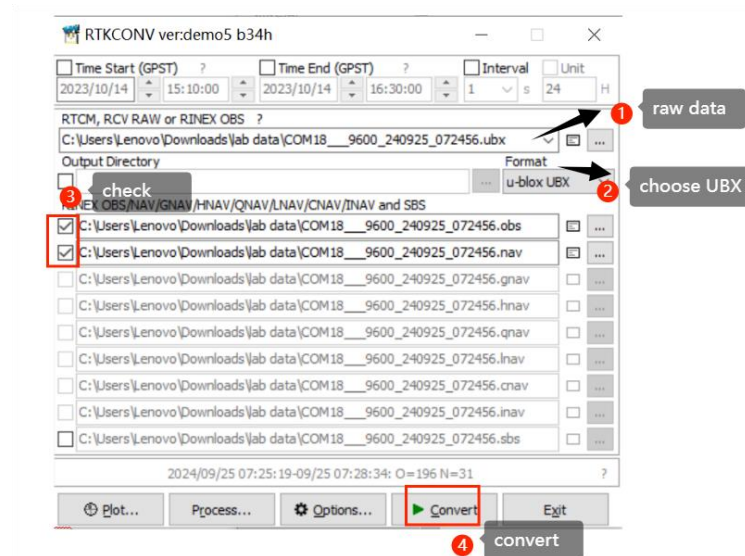


Fig 11: Illustration of the rtkconv software in the compute: **convert .ubx to RINEX**.

### 3.3.3 Ephemeris

**Step 4:** Go to the ephemeris website

<https://www.geodetic.gov.hk/tc/rinex/downv.aspx>

**Step 5:** Please select step 1 and step 2 according to the following example.

**Step 1. Select the required stations**

Hong Kong SatRef Station			
<input type="checkbox"/> HKKS Kau Sai Chau	<input type="checkbox"/> HKKT Kam Tin	<input type="checkbox"/> HKLM Lamma Island	<input type="checkbox"/> HKLT Lam Tei
<input type="checkbox"/> HKMW Mui Wo	<input type="checkbox"/> HKNP Ngong Ping	<input type="checkbox"/> HKOH Obelisk Hill	<input type="checkbox"/> HKPC Peng Chau
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HKSC Stonecutters Island	<input type="checkbox"/> HKSL Siu Lang Shui	<input type="checkbox"/> HKSS Shap Sze Heung	<input type="checkbox"/> HKST Sha Tin
<input type="checkbox"/> HKTK Sha Tau Kok	<input type="checkbox"/> HKWS Wong Shek	<input type="checkbox"/> HKCL Chek Lap Kok	<input type="checkbox"/> HKQT Quarry Bay
<input type="checkbox"/> T430 Trig 430	<input type="checkbox"/> HKFN Fanling	<input type="checkbox"/> KYC1 Kau Yi Chau	<input type="checkbox"/> TCHK* Tate's Cairn
Macao MoSRef Station			
<input type="checkbox"/> COAL Coloane Alto	<input type="checkbox"/> DSMG Taipa Grande	<input type="checkbox"/> FOMO Monte Fortress	

\*Note: 1. Satellite Reference Station summary has been replaced by Satellite Reference Station Coordinates List since 1 Apr, 2016.  
2. Data of TCHK is not available

**Step 2. Select Data Format**

File Length	Interval	Data Format	
		RINEX 2.11	RINEX 3.02
1 Hour	1 Second	Not Select	Selected
	5 Seconds	Not Select	Not Select
24 Hours	5 Seconds	Not Select	Not Available
	30 Seconds	Not Select	Not Select

Fig 12: Illustration of step1 and step 2 of downloading ephemeris.

**Step 6:** Open the “.obs” output file in step 3 and note the start and end time.

- The time period in the figures is 25/09/2024 7 hour 25 minute – 25/09/2024 7 hour 28 minute.

COM18\_9600\_240925\_072456.obs

```

1 3.04 OBSERVATION DATA M: Mlead RINEX VERSION / TYPE
2 RTTCOMT dems b34b 20240925 073529 UTC POS / RUN BY / DATE
3 format: u-blok UBX COMMENT
4 log: E:\UBX\COM18_9600_240925_072456.ubx
5
6
7
8
9
10
11 -2418305.4218 5385652.1972 2405942.7113
12 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
13 G 8 C1C L1C L1C S1C C1C L2C L2C S2C SYS / # / OBS TYPES
14 R 8 C1C L1C L1C S1C C1C L2C L2C S2C SYS / # / OBS TYPES
15 E 8 C1C L1C L1C S1C C1C L2C L2C S2C SYS / # / OBS TYPES
16 J 8 C1C L1C L1C S1C C1C L2C L2C S2C SYS / # / OBS TYPES
17 C 8 C1C L1C L1C S1C C1C L2C L2C S2C SYS / # / OBS TYPES
18 2024 09 25 07 25 19.00000000 GPS TIME OF FIRST OBS
19 2024 09 25 07 28 36.00000000 GPS TIME OF LAST OBS
20 G L1C SYS / PHASE SHIFT
21 G L2C 0.000000 SYS / PHASE SHIFT
22 R L1C SYS / PHASE SHIFT
23 R L2C 0.000000 SYS / PHASE SHIFT
24 E L1C 0.000000 SYS / PHASE SHIFT
25 J L1C 0.000000 SYS / PHASE SHIFT
26 J L2C 0.000000 SYS / PHASE SHIFT
27 C L1C SYS / PHASE SHIFT
28 C L2C SYS / PHASE SHIFT
29 C LTI SYS / PHASE SHIFT
30 G R11 1 R02 -4 R03 6 R11 0 R12 -1 R13 -2 GLOMSS SLOT / PRG #
31 2024 09 25 07 25 19.000000 0 27 GLOMSS CORR/PHS/BIS
32 END OF HEADER
33
34 G32 21502696.555 11297429.3111 622.872 44.000 21502704.360 88045978.2001 485.609 38.000
35 G32 21502696.555 11297429.3111 622.872 44.000 21502696.562 82751138.3471 -1002.997 35.000
36 G32 21502696.555 11297429.3111 622.872 44.000 21502696.562 82751138.3471 -1002.997 35.000
37 C32 23432297.817 120218127.0421 1885.112 44.000
38 C32 21797834.049 11357039.8561 -753.033 46.000
39 C39 36783300.946 35133856.4621 -821.784 43.000
40 C37 23956102.164 124745709.7411 1781.641 41.000
41 C39 36783300.946 35133856.4621 -821.784 43.000
42 C39 37439966.493 19455625.1741 -909.441 41.000 37439969.801 150783210.7531 -703.167 39.000
43 R12 18249903.597 10282930.9061 -1635.797 47.000 18249910.424 79978557.7631 -1272.752 40.000
44 R02 20002174.394 111004939.8501 2171.733 45.000 20002193.627 86336765.9101 1609.140 39.000
45 R11 22996087.812 120218127.0421 1885.112 44.000
46 R01 18996146.710 10282930.9061 -1635.797 47.000 18996156.824 83137372.1491 -485.609 33.000
47 C25 20789550.109 10282930.9061 -1635.797 47.000 20789560.023 85140261.3561 -1355.441 36.000
48 E24 24676813.694 129677936.0001 -1201.067 40.000 24676824.988 99863948.8561 -921.063 37.000
49 G31 22495753.203 110218127.0421 1885.112 44.000
50 G34 22512186.128 120218127.0421 1885.112 44.000
51 G12 23872310.437 125449046.1311 -3324.677 39.000 23872320.517 87783153.9421 -2590.625 34.000
52 J02 37407941.321 124745709.7411 1781.641 41.000 37407972.499 13173703.4621 -462.389 36.000
53 C34 36448728.937 35084756.1731 -878.763 39.000 36448728.937 14773262.1171 -478.943 39.000
54 C14 37124930.395 19331929.5191 -943.330 41.000
55 R11 20179484.879 10775386.5591 1954.239 36.000
56 C31 22073300.946 35133856.4621 -821.784 43.000
57 R01 24039237.370 136837112.5711 1035.688 41.000 24039235.644 104949207.6601 793.478 41.000

```

Fig 13: Illustration of the start time.

COM18\_9600\_240925\_072456.obs

```

6277 G12 23897342.151 12410682.3609 -9470.404 32.000 23897350.743 96245139.5871 -2705.099 31.000
6278 J02 37439966.493 19455625.1741 -909.441 41.000 37439969.801 150783210.7531 -703.167 39.000
6279 C06 36683307.195 191019403.108 -946.223 37.000 36683306.949 147709478.485 -730.493 30.000
6280 C14 37140393.193 193504207.8331 -1055.479 32.000 37140397.096 149483289.754 -778.858 32.000
6281 R13 20113952.109 10740645.905 1697.330 34.000
6282 G23 22212324.376 116745464.299 -8791.378 39.000 22212345.618 90595932.712 -2945.391 35.000
6283 R03 34001401.376 136439336.711 801.311 36.000 34001427.533 104687739.243 751.342 38.000
6284 E25 24002051.832 124131632.000 1274.939 41.000 24002060.215 96464358.065 976.594 44.000
6285 E24 24446417.477 12444444.280 104687739.243 -1921.175 31.000
6286 J04 37244901.809 19583890.979 498.627 35.000 37244910.200 152601774.273 388.362 40.000
6287 J01 36423332.222 19171955.247 -524.583 37.000 36423343.762 149389099.643 -408.127 41.000
6288 E18 27478012.601 -972.462 36.000 27478032.284 -468.487 27.000
6289 C13 39319670.842 144230947.387 863.4883.087 -1182.158 39.000
6290 C28 2651401.623 87960644.249 418.388 32.000
6291 G32 21403092.512 87960644.249 418.388 32.000
6292 G32 21403092.512 87960644.249 418.388 32.000
6293 G32 21403092.512 87960644.249 418.388 32.000
6294 G32 21403092.512 87960644.249 418.388 32.000
6295 G32 21403092.512 87960644.249 418.388 32.000
6296 G32 21403092.512 87960644.249 418.388 32.000
6297 C32 23432297.817 120218127.0421 1885.112 44.000
6298 C32 21797834.049 11357039.8561 -753.033 46.000
6299 C39 36783300.946 35133856.4621 -821.784 43.000
6300 C37 23956102.164 124745709.7411 1781.641 41.000
6301 C39 36783300.946 35133856.4621 -821.784 43.000
6302 C39 37439966.493 19455625.1741 -909.441 41.000 37439969.801 150783210.7531 -703.167 39.000
6303 R12 18249903.597 10282930.9061 -1635.797 47.000 18249910.424 79978557.7631 -1272.752 40.000
6304 R02 20002174.394 111004939.8501 2171.733 45.000 20002193.627 86336765.9101 1609.140 39.000
6305 R11 22996087.812 120218127.0421 1885.112 44.000
6306 R01 18996146.710 10282930.9061 -1635.797 47.000 18996156.824 83137372.1491 -485.609 33.000
6307 C25 20789550.109 10282930.9061 -1635.797 47.000 20789560.023 85140261.3561 -1355.441 36.000
6308 E24 24676813.694 129677936.0001 -1201.067 40.000 24676824.988 99863948.8561 -921.063 37.000
6309 G31 22495753.203 110218127.0421 1885.112 44.000
6310 G34 22512186.128 120218127.0421 1885.112 44.000
6311 G12 23872310.437 125449046.1311 -3324.677 39.000 23872320.517 87783153.9421 -2590.625 34.000
6312 J02 37407941.321 124745709.7411 1781.641 41.000 37407972.499 13173703.4621 -462.389 36.000
6313 C34 36448728.937 35084756.1731 -878.763 39.000 36448728.937 14773262.1171 -478.943 39.000
6314 C14 37124930.395 19331929.5191 -943.330 41.000
6315 R11 20179484.879 10775386.5591 1954.239 36.000
6316 C31 22073300.946 35133856.4621 -821.784 43.000
6317 R01 24039237.370 136837112.5711 1035.688 41.000 24039235.644 104949207.6601 793.478 41.000
6318
6319
6320
6321
6322
6323
6324
6325

```

Fig 14: Illustration of the end time.

**Step 7:** Select the corresponding time period on the website and submit.

\*Noted that time in the file is not HKT (UTC= HKT – 8)



### Step 3. Select Time Period ( UTC = HKT - 8 )

Period	Day	Month	Year	Hour
Start :	25 ▾	Sep ▾	2024 ▾	07 ▾
End :	25 ▾	Sep ▾	2024 ▾	08 ▾

You can download maximum 50MB RINEX data zip file in each downloading. One full day file size is about 16MB per station (5 seconds data interval).

### Step 4. Confirm Download

#### Use of Macao RINEX Data

The Macao RINEX data files downloaded from this website are provided by the Macao Cartography and Cadastre Bureau (DSCC) of the Macao Special Administrative Region Government. The XYZ coordinates stated in the header section of the Macao RINEX observation files are in Macao Geodetic Datum (ITRF 2005 Reference Frame). Please be reminded to download station summary of the Macao stations: "[Coloane Alto GNSS Reference Station \(COAL\)](#)", "[Taipa Grande GNSS Reference Station \(DSMG\)](#)" and "[Monte Fortress GNSS Reference Station \(FOMO\)](#)" to obtain the geodetic coordinates in terms of Hong Kong Geodetic Datum (ITRF 96 Reference Frame) for precise data processing.

#### Copyright Notice

The RINEX Data obtained from this website may be freely downloaded and used for user's personal, non-commercial internal use only. The prior written consent of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government and/or the Macao Special Administrative Region Government are required if users want to use the data other than that permitted above, such as distribution to third party. Request for consent should be sent to Geodetic Survey Section, Survey and Mapping Office of Lands Department and/or Macao Cartography and Cadastre Bureau (DSCC).

Submit Selection

Fig 15: Illustration of step3 and step 4 of downloading ephemeris.

**Step 8:** Download the ephemeris file.

### Web Download of SatRef GNSS Raw Data (RINEX Format)

**Station Selected : HKSC**

**UTC Start Time : 25-Sep-2024 07:00**

**UTC End Time : 25-Sep-2024 08:00**

	Click to Remove	Station	Type of File	Time Period (UTC)	Data Available	File Name	File Size
1.	<a href="#">Remove</a>	HKSC	1 Hr ZIP	25-Sep-2024 07hr	YES	r3_1s_1h_hksc269h.2024.zip	6805KB

**Total number of file(s) = 1 ( 6,805KB )**

I have read the Disclaimer and Copyright Notice, Start Download

Back (Re-select)

Fig 16: Illustration of web download of SatRef GNSS Raw Data.

**Step 9:** Extract the ZIP file and then follow the steps in the figure below.

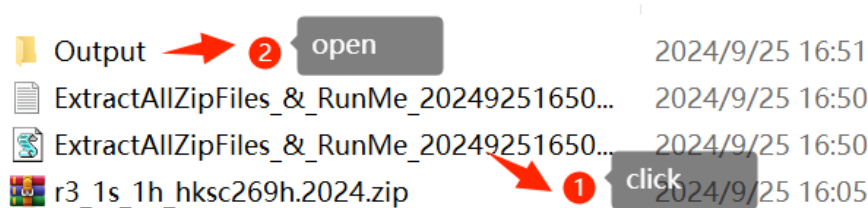


Fig 17: Illustration of how to get output folder.

hksc269h.24f	BeiDou (CN)	2024/9/25 16:04	24F 文件	102 KB
hksc269h.24g	GLONASS (Russia)	2024/9/25 16:04	24G 文件	13 KB
hksc269h.24l	Galileo (EU)	2024/9/25 16:04	24L 文件	79 KB
hksc269h.24m		2024/9/25 16:04	24M 文件	6 KB
hksc269h.24n	GPS (USA)	2024/9/25 16:04	24N 文件	22 KB
hksc269h.24o	Observation station	2024/9/25 16:04	24O 文件	28,643 KB
hksc269h.24q	QZSS (Japan)	2024/9/25 16:04	24Q 文件	6 KB

Fig 18: Illustration of ephemeris.

### 3.3.4 Configure Processing Options

**Step 10:** Open “RTKpost” through rtklauch and select the corresponding files.

- RINEX OBS Rover: the output .obs file in step 3 (rtkconv)
- RINEX OBS Base Station: “.24o” file in step 9.
- RINEXNAV/CLK: the output .nav file in step 3 (rtkconv)

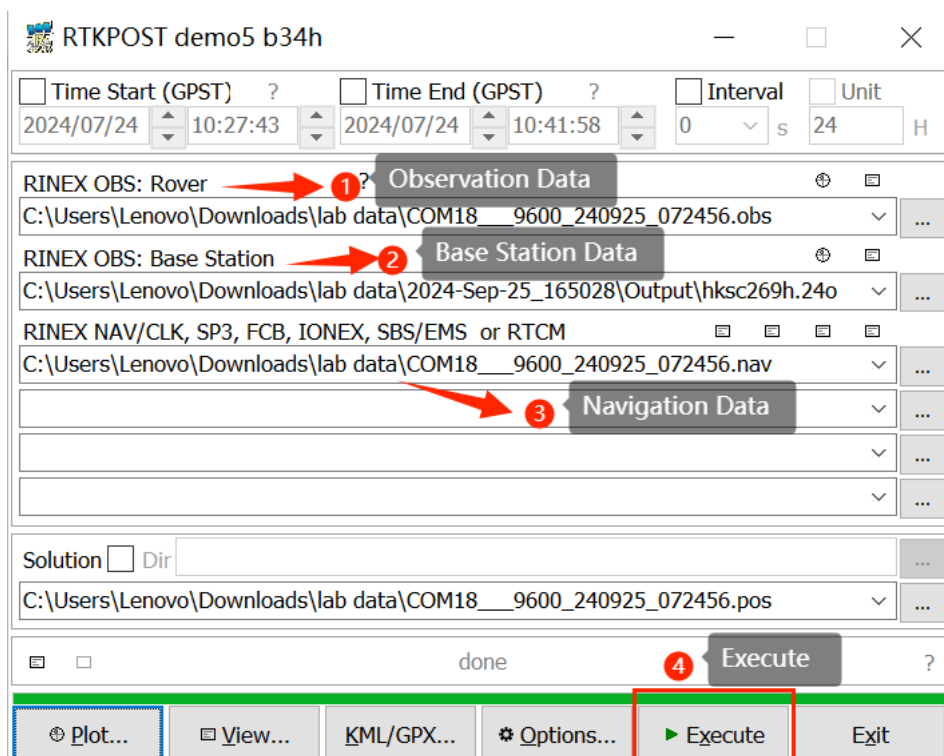


Fig 19: Illustration of the usage of rtkpost.

### 3.3.5 View and Analyze Results

**Step 11:** Click “plot”.

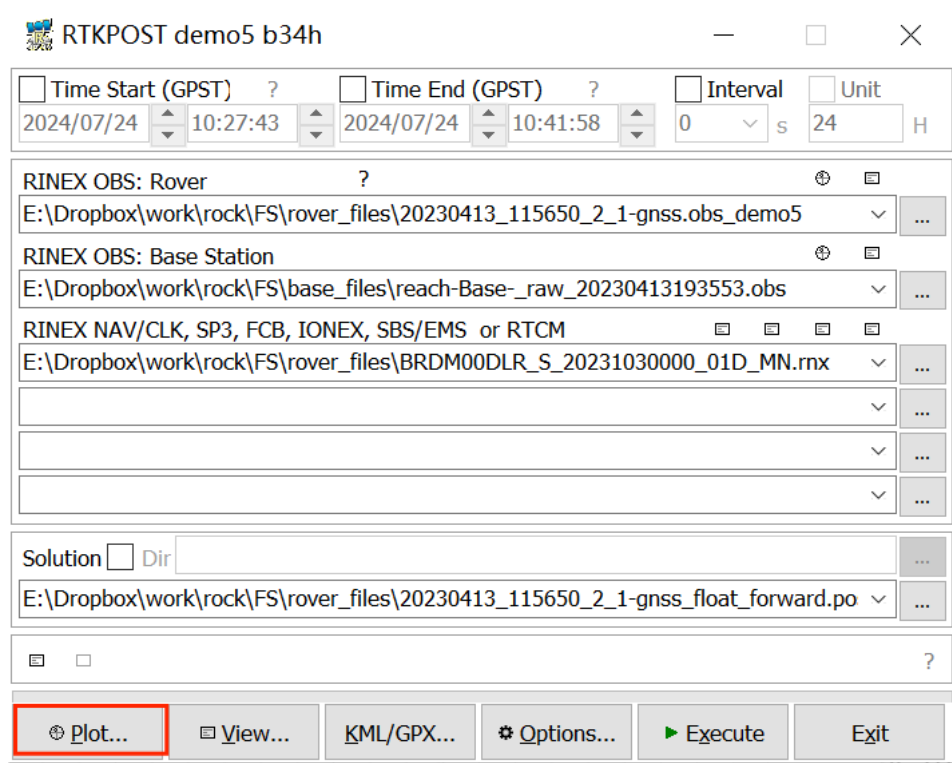


Fig 20: Illustration of plot button in rtkpost.

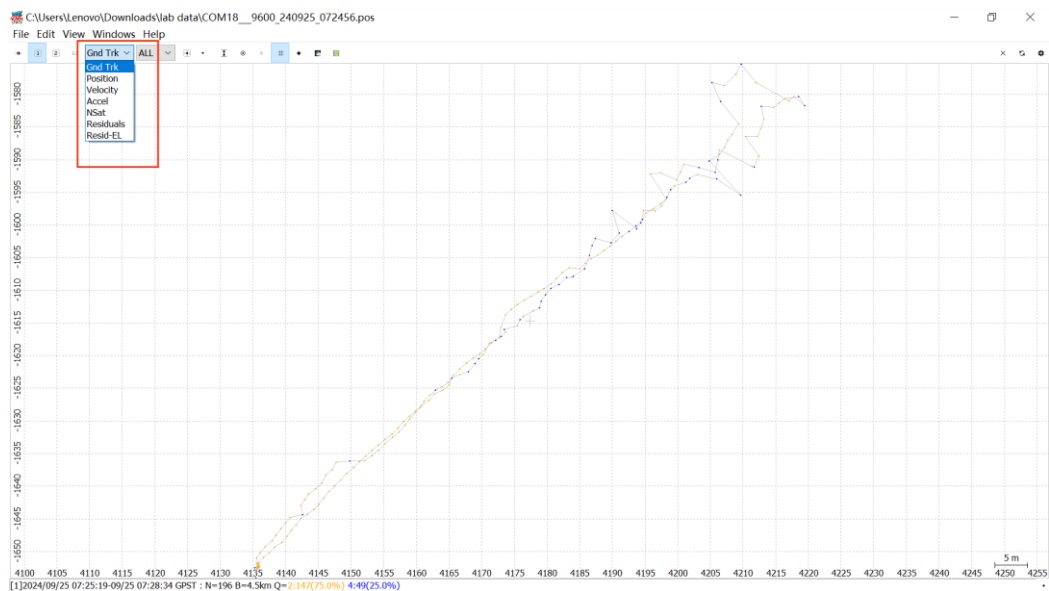


Fig 21: Illustration of the ground track.

### 3.3.6 Display results in Google Earth

**Step 1:** convert the output file from POS to KML

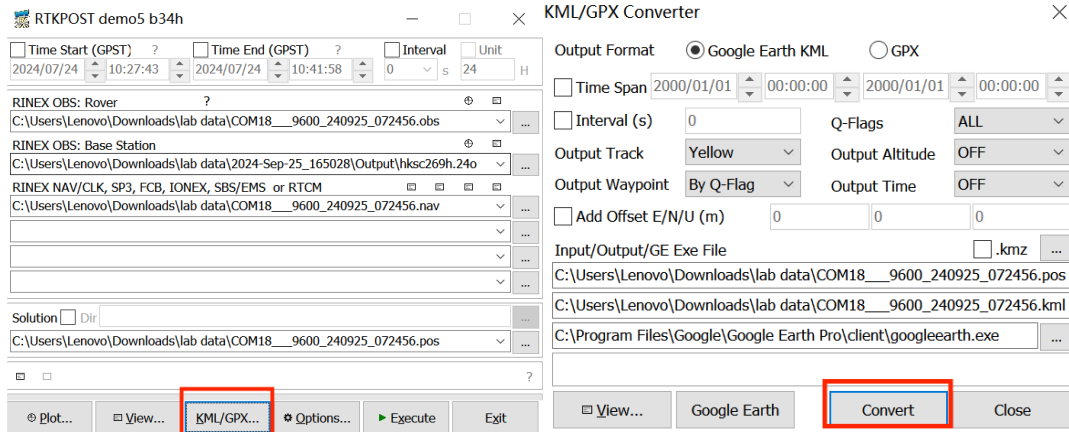


Fig 22: Illustration of rtkpost: convert .pos to KML.

## Step 2: Open Google Earth website

[google earth](https://www.google.com/earth/)

## Step 3: Upload the KML file.

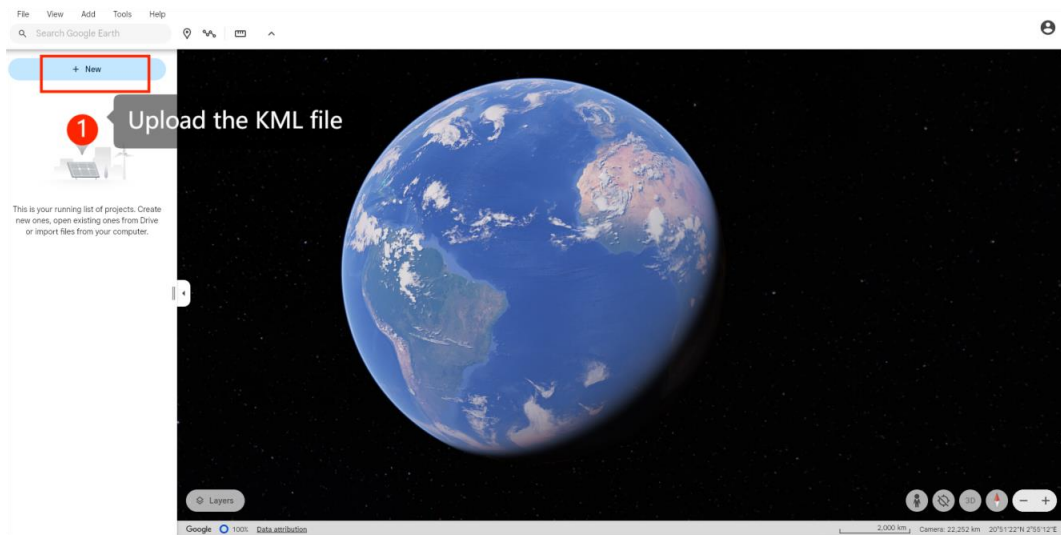


Fig 23: Illustration of google earth.

## 4. GNSS positioning and analysis using a smartphone receiver

### 4.1 Smartphone receiver

Using the smartphone Pixel 6 to collect data, GNSS hardware has been integrated into the smartphone. The software for data collection is the GnssLogger app.



Fig 24: Illustration of an Andoriod smartphone.

### 4.2 Data collection with smartphone receiver

See the video: <https://www.bilibili.com/video/BV1qDsYe5EQA/>

#### 4.2.1 Collect data

**Step 1:** Open the GnssLogger app in the smartphone, and click the start log, the GNSS data will be collected. When the data collection is complete, click stop.

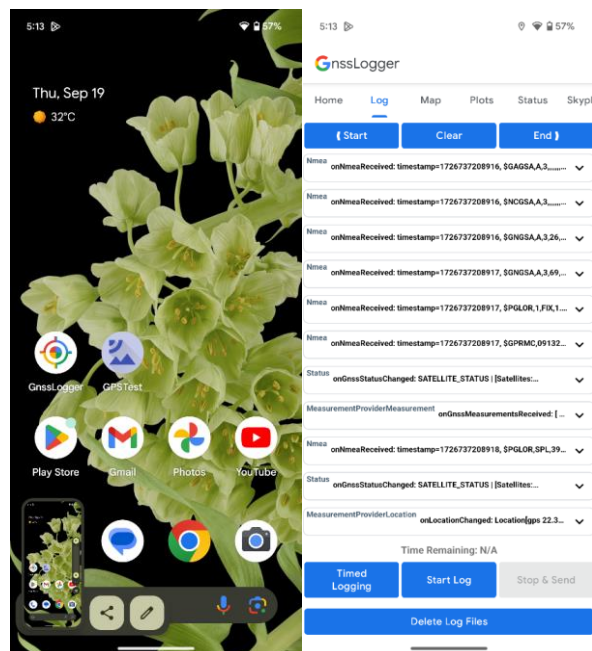


Fig 25: Illustration of GnssLogger app.



## 4.2.2 Get the data from the smartphone

**Step 2:** Use the USB to connect the smartphone to the computer.

**Step 3:** Enter the path \Pixel 6\Internal shared

storage\Android\data\com.google.android.apps.location.gps.gnsslogger\files\gnss\_log\



Fig 26: Illustration of path Pixel 6.

**Step 4:** Copy the corresponding data to the matlab folder according to the file time, which includes “.24o”, “.nmea”, “.txt” file

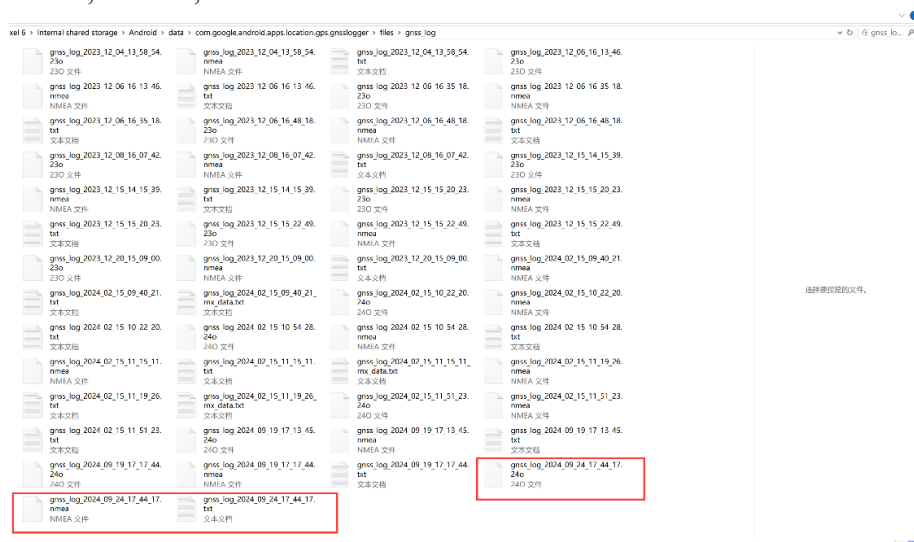


Fig 27: Illustration of “.24o”, “.nmea”, “.txt” file in computer.

## 4.3 Data analysis with Sing positioning

### 4.3.1 Download the navigation file in the Geodetic Survey of Hong Kong.

**Step 5:** Click the HKSC

**Step 1. Select the required stations**

Hong Kong SatRef Station			
<input type="checkbox"/> HKKS Kau Sai Chau	<input type="checkbox"/> HKKT Kam Tin	<input type="checkbox"/> HKLM Lamma Island	<input type="checkbox"/> HKLT Lam Tei
<input type="checkbox"/> HKMW Mui Wo	<input type="checkbox"/> HKNP Ngong Ping	<input type="checkbox"/> HKOH Obelisk Hill	<input type="checkbox"/> HKPC Peng Chau
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HKSC Stonecutters Island	<input type="checkbox"/> HKSL Siu Lang Shui	<input type="checkbox"/> HKSS Shap Sze Heung	<input type="checkbox"/> HKST Sha Tin
<input type="checkbox"/> HKTK Sha Tau Kok	<input type="checkbox"/> HKWS Wong Shek	<input type="checkbox"/> HKCL Chek Lap Kok	<input type="checkbox"/> HKQT Quarry Bay
<input type="checkbox"/> T430 Trig 430	<input type="checkbox"/> HKFN Fanling	<input type="checkbox"/> KYC1 Kau Yi Chau	<input type="checkbox"/> TCHK* Tate's Cairn
Macao MoSRef Station			
<input type="checkbox"/> COAL Coloane Alto	<input type="checkbox"/> DSMG Taipa Grande	<input type="checkbox"/> FOMO Monte Fortress	

\*Note: 1. Satellite Reference Station summary has been replaced by Satellite Reference Station Coordinates List since 1 Apr, 2016.  
2. Data of TCHK is not available

Fig 28: Illustration of web downloading navigation file: step 1.



**Step 6:** Select 1 hour and RINEX 3.02 format.

### Step 2. Select Data Format

File Length	Interval	Data Format	
		RINEX 2.11	RINEX 3.02
1 Hour	1 Second	Not Select	<b>Selected</b>
	5 Seconds	Not Select	Not Select
24 Hours	5 Seconds	Not Select	Not Available
	30 Seconds	Not Select	<b>Not Select</b>

Fig 28: Illustration of dweb ownloading navigation file: **step 2**.

**Step 7:** Choose the time form the .24o file (which is got by step 2, use the vscode sofeware)  
2024 09 19 09 14 (time:2024/09/19 09:14)

13	E	8	C1C	L1C	D1C	S1C	C5Q	L5Q	D5Q	S5Q		SYS / # / OBS TYPES
14		2024	09	19	09	14	04.0000000				GPS	TIME OF FIRST OBS
15	2	R04	6	R15	0							GLONASS SLOT / FRQ #
16	G	L1C										SYS / PHASE SHIFT
17	G	L5Q	0.00000									SYS / PHASE SHIFT
18	R	L1C										SYS / PHASE SHIFT
19	J	L1C										SYS / PHASE SHIFT
20	J	L5Q	0.00000									SYS / PHASE SHIFT
21	C	L2I										SYS / PHASE SHIFT
22	C	L7Q	0.00000									SYS / PHASE SHIFT
23	E	L1C	0.00000									SYS / PHASE SHIFT
24	E	L5Q	0.00000									SYS / PHASE SHIFT
25	C1C	0.000	C1P	0.000	C2C	0.000	C2P	0.000				GLONASS COD/PHS/BIS
26												END OF HEADER
27	>	2024	09	19	09	14	04.0001040	0	29			
28	G10	22439808.74406					63585.97306				-3363.06606	41.23806 22439645.65724 49423.40724 -2511.1
29	G16	22854872.60124					-41705.68624				3482.35024	23.97424
30	G26	20386060.42405					-27188.77205				1409.96005	34.28305 20385895.23805 -15623.79705 1053.7
31	G28	21620821.31706					13842.74706				-721.58306	35.90606 21620653.73305 13448.63005 -539.7
32	G31	21499947.99606					-8428.35106				439.78606	38.94906

Fig 28: Illustration of .24o file in computer.

### Step 3. Select Time Period ( UTC = HKT - 8 )

Period	Day	Month	Year	Hour
Start	19	Sep	2024	09
End	19	Sep	2024	10

You can download maximum 50MB RINEX data zip file in each downloading. One full day file size is about 16MB per station (5 seconds data interval).

Fig 29: Illustration of web downloading navigation file: **step 3**.

**Step 8:** Click the submit selection

**Step 4. Confirm Download**

**Use of Macao RINEX Data**

The Macao RINEX data files downloaded from this website are provided by the Macao Cartography and Cadastre Bureau (DSCC) of the Macao Special Administrative Region Government. The XYZ coordinates stated in the header section of the Macao RINEX observation files are in Macao Geodetic Datum (ITRF 2005 Reference Frame). Please be reminded to download station summary of the Macao stations: "[Coloane Alto GNSS Reference Station \(COAL\)](#)", "[Taipa Grande GNSS Reference Station \(DSMG\)](#)" and "[Monte Fortress GNSS Reference Station \(FOMO\)](#)" to obtain the geodetic coordinates in terms of Hong Kong Geodetic Datum (ITRF 96 Reference Frame) for precise data processing.

**Copyright Notice**

The RINEX Data obtained from this website may be freely downloaded and used for user's personal, non-commercial internal use only. The prior written consent of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government and/or the Macao Special Administrative Region Government are required if users want to use the data other than that permitted above, such as distribution to third party. Request for consent should be sent to [Geodetic Survey Section, Survey and Mapping Office of Lands Department](#) and/or [Macao Cartography and Cadastre Bureau \(DSCC\)](#).



Fig 30: Illustration of web downloading navigation file: **step 4.**

**Step 8:** Click the download button.

**Web Download of SatRef GNSS Raw Data (RINEX Format)**

**Station Selected : HKSC**  
**UTC Start Time : 19-Sep-2024 09:00**  
**UTC End Time : 19-Sep-2024 10:00**

	Click to Remove	Station	Type of File	Time Period (UTC)	Data Available	File Name	File Size
1.	<a href="#">Remove</a>	HKSC	1 Hr ZIP	19-Sep-2024 09hr	YES	r3_1s_1h_hksc263j.2024.zip	6611KB
<b>Total number of file(s) = 1 ( 6,611KB )</b>							
<input type="button" value="I have read the Disclaimer and Copyright Notice, Start Download"/>					<input type="button" value="Back (Re-select)"/>		

Fig 31: Illustration of web downloading navigation file: **download.**

**Step 9:** Extract the file and click the script.

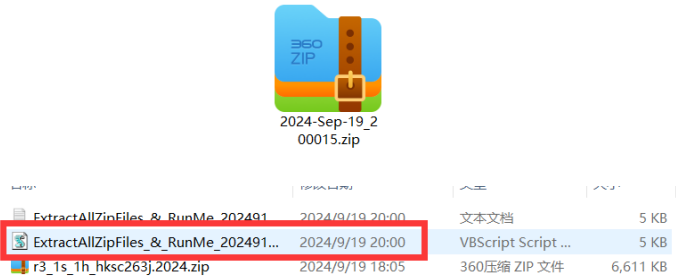


Fig 32: Illustration of the script.

hks263j.24f	2024/9/19 18:05	24F 文件	105 KB
hks263j.24g	2024/9/19 18:05	24G 文件	13 KB
hks263j.24l	2024/9/19 18:05	24L 文件	64 KB
hks263j.24m	2024/9/19 18:05	24M 文件	6 KB
hks263j.24n	2024/9/19 18:05	24N 文件	22 KB
hks263j.24o	2024/9/19 18:05	24O 文件	28,110 KB
hks263j.24q	2024/9/19 18:05	24Q 文件	6 KB

Fig 33: Files in output folder.

**Step 10:** Move all files of the output folder to the smartphone gnss .obs file (for example, E:\TA\rtklib\_matlab\data\2024\_0919)

gnss_log_2024_09_19_17_13_45.24o	2024/9/19 17:17	24O 文件	759 KB
gnss_log_2024_09_19_17_13_45.nmea	2024/9/19 17:17	NMEA 文件	1,429 KB
hks263j.24f	2024/9/19 18:05	24F 文件	105 KB
hks263j.24g	2024/9/19 18:05	24G 文件	13 KB
hks263j.24l	2024/9/19 18:05	24L 文件	64 KB
hks263j.24m	2024/9/19 18:05	24M 文件	6 KB
hks263j.24n	2024/9/19 18:05	24N 文件	22 KB
hks263j.24o	2024/9/19 18:05	24O 文件	28,110 KB
hks263j.24q	2024/9/19 18:05	24Q 文件	6 KB

Fig 34: The organized file example.

### 4.3.2 Obtain the ionospheric, tropospheric, pseudoranges, satellite clock bias and satellite positions.

**Step 11:** Open the Matlab, run the generate\_the\_data.m, and get the ionospheric\_delay.csv, pseudoranges\_meas.csv, satellite\_clock\_bias.csv, satellite\_positions.csv, tropospheric\_delay.csv files.

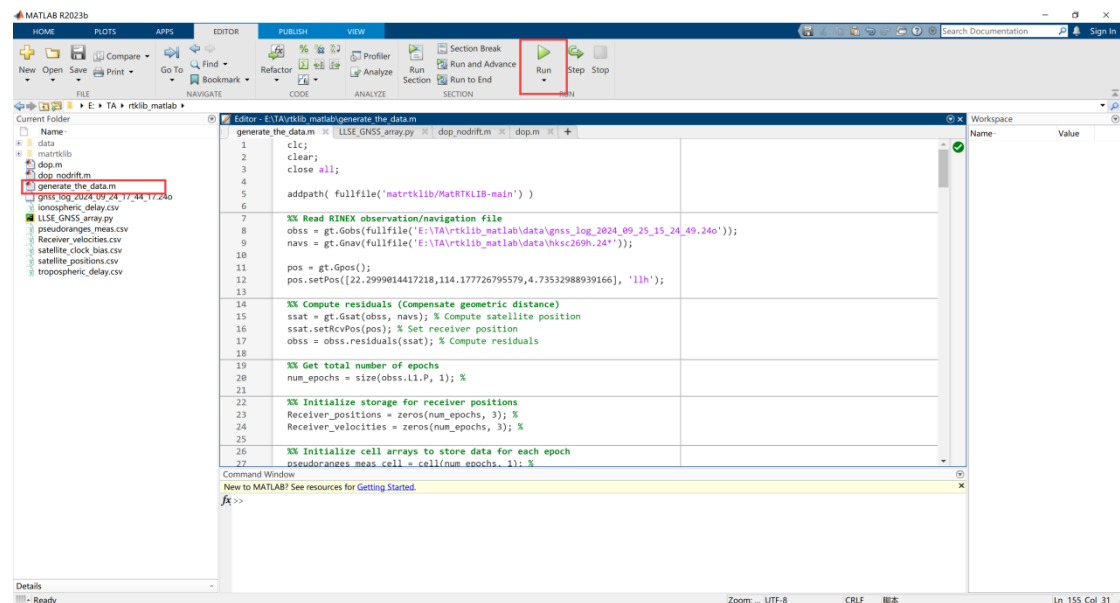


Fig 35: Illustration of MATLAB software in computer.

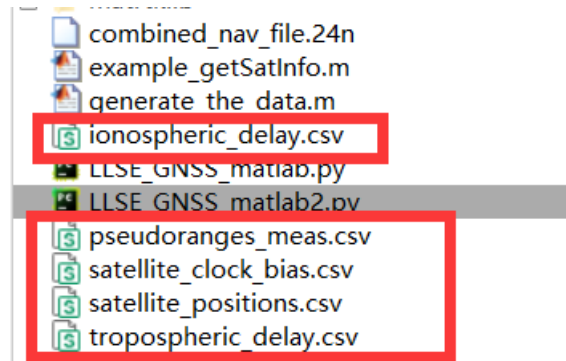


Fig 36: Illustration of the output files.

#### 4.3.3 Use the python program of least square method to deal with the data, and get the position.

**Step 12:** Open the python program, “LLSE\_GNSS\_array.py”, and change the file path, as shown below.

```
# Read the data from CSV files
satellite_positions = np.loadtxt('E:/TA/rtklib_matlab/satellite_positions.csv', delimiter=',') # (max_num_sats, num_epochs*3)
pseudoranges_meas = np.loadtxt('E:/TA/rtklib_matlab/pseudoranges_meas.csv', delimiter=',') # (max_num_sats, num_epochs)
satellite_clock_bias = np.loadtxt('E:/TA/rtklib_matlab/satellite_clock_bias.csv', delimiter=',') # (max_num_sats, num_epochs)
ionospheric_delay = np.loadtxt('E:/TA/rtklib_matlab/ionospheric_delay.csv', delimiter=',') # (max_num_sats, num_epochs)
tropospheric_delay = np.loadtxt('E:/TA/rtklib_matlab/tropospheric_delay.csv', delimiter=',') # (max_num_sats, num_epochs)
```

Fig 37: Illustration of the python program.

**Step 13:** Run the Python program and get two graphs, the first graph is the longitude and latitude coordinates, and the second is the ENU coordinates.

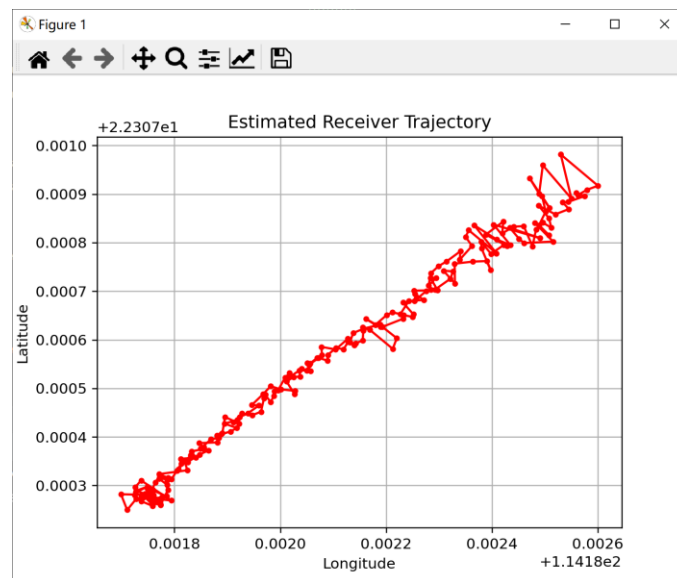


Fig 38: Estimated Receiver Trajectory in longitude and latitude coordinates.

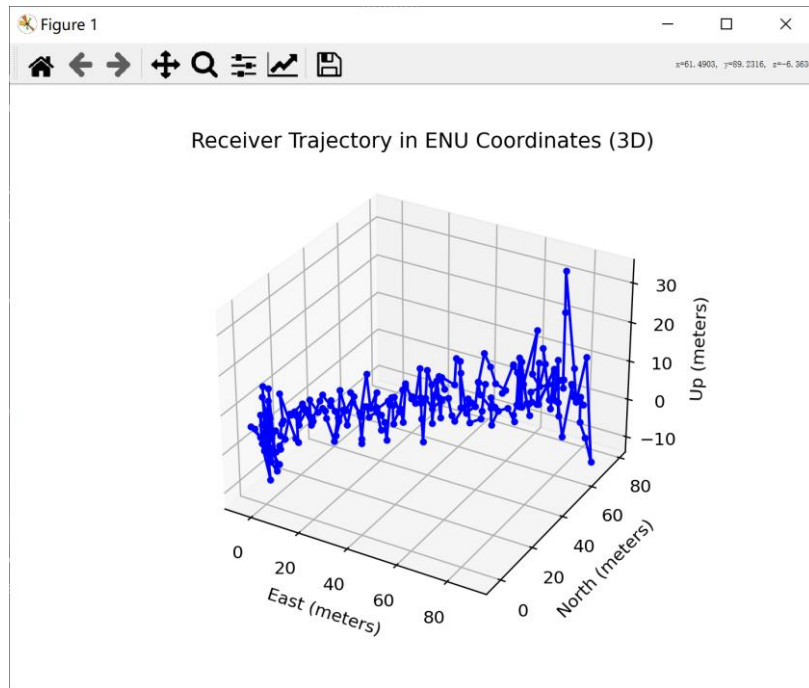


Fig 39: Estimated Receiver Trajectory in ENU coordinates.