

# Bay-Area Radiation Transport (BART), a Research-purpose Parallel Transport Code Framework

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Introductions

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# **Equations and Discretizations**

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Finite Elements and Linear Algebra

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Meshing Capability

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### Homogenized and pin-resolved meshing capability in parallel

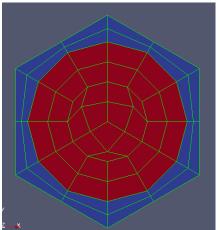
#### BART was initially implemented for homogenized mesh

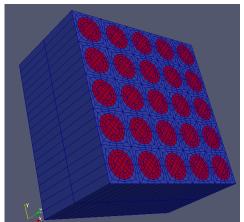
- Hyper-rectangle meshing based on deal.II:
  - Lines in 1D, rectangles in 2D and regular cuboid in 3D
  - Material ID assigned to coarsest mesh and stored in cell objects tractable when refining

#### Pin-resolved meshing

- Recent development enables the use of pin-resolved mesh
  - Rectangular (prism) pin is supported; hexagonal (prism) pin is under development
  - Goodness: meshing does NOT depend on Cubit or gmsh. BART realizes wrapper functions based on deal.II to draw complex geometries.
- We compose different pin models and replicate based on pin types in 2D.
- 3D meshes is realized by extruding 2D mesh.

#### Pin-resolved mesh demos



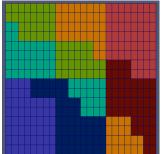


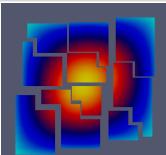
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#### Meshing in Parallel

#### Distributed triangulation

- Triangulation (meshing) needs to support parallelism for parallel computations.
- deal. II supports two ways of triangulation in parallel
  - Shared (ParMETIS based): every processor has a copy of the global triangulation.
  - Distributed (p4est based): every processor only knows cells living on itself and a layer of neighboring cells from other processors on the local triangulation boundary
- BART supports distributed meshing from deal.II.
- 1D meshing is serial as deal. II has no parallel support





Unit Testing, Continuous Integration and Code Coverage

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## Conclusions

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