

Homework 4

Illustrate the definitions of the following notations

(i) (X, d) ; (ii) $B(a; \delta), B'(a; \delta)$; (iii) \bar{E} ; (iv) E° .

Show partial theorem 2.3 mentioned in class

(iii) The union of any collection of open subsets of X is open.

(iv) The intersection of a finite number of open subsets of X is open.

Show that the intersection of any collection of closed subsets of X is closed.

Find the antiderivative $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+4x}}$

Find the antiderivative $\int \frac{xdx}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$

Find the antiderivative $\int 2^x e^x dx$

Find the antiderivative $\int x e^{-x^2} dx$

Find the antiderivative $\int \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx$

Find the antiderivative $\int x^2 e^x dx$

Find the derivative of the function $g(x) = \int_0^{x^2} \sqrt{1+t^2} dt$

Find the derivative of the function $g(x) = \int_{\sqrt{x}}^x (t^2 - t) dt$ at $x = 1$.

Evaluate the integral $\int_0^2 (x^3 - x^2) dx$

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Find the area bounded by $y = 2x - x^2$ and $x + y = 0$

Compute the integral $\int_{-2}^2 \frac{dx}{x^3}$.

Hint: consider improper integral.