

Yong Wei

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EDUCATION

- **Beihang University** Beijing, China
Master of Engineering in Electronic and Communications Sep. 2016 – Jan. 2019
- **Beihang University (Honors College)** Beijing, China
Bachelor of Engineering in Electrical and Electronics; GPA: 3.7 Sept. 2012 – Jun. 2016

EXPERIENCE

- **Pony.ai** Beijing, China
Software Engineer - Infrastructure Feb 2019 - Mar 2020
 - **Voice Logging Pipeline:** Built the pipeline of voice logging feature, allowing operators without computer-science background to record necessary info by voice. For onboard part, first chose relatively optimal devices with the hardware team and wrote relating drivers. Then added a demon process to manage the trigger and termination of recording events. For offline part, using Speech-To-Text service by Google Cloud to extract the content of recorded sounds, serializing original audio files into Google Protocol buffers and integrated meta info into the current issue reporting pipeline.
 - **Car Sound Workflow:** Updated Car Sound system to support I18N, improving the HMI for operators and passengers outside English speaking countries. First, built an internal tool to manage car sound files and suites with three main functions: Generate voice files by calling AWS Text-To-Speech service, download from and upload to Pony storage servers, and version control. Then integrate the car sound playing feature into current onboard pub-sub system.
- **Airbnb** Beijing, China
Software Engineer Intern Jun 2018 - Sep 2018
 - **Host Retrospect Page:** Retrospect page for Airbnb host users. Added related endpoints and mobile web pages on Ruby On Rails framework. Discussed with the designers on the contents and formats of web pages.
- **Megvii (Face++)** Beijing, China
Research Intern Jan 2018 - Jun 2018
 - **Model Search:** During the first half, after the dimension of the input graph increased by 14%, we aimed to reduce the FLOPs (float operations per second) of the CNN (convolutional neural network) of face recognition module on mobile devices to the same level as before, without damaging the performance of the whole model which is measured by $\frac{1}{10,000}$ passing rate (ROC value when $x = \frac{1}{10,000}$). The problem was solved by adding a bottleneck layer before the Inception-ResNet module to compress channels of the input feature graph by $\frac{1}{2}$. As for the second half, we aimed to improve the performance of our face recognition module referring to state-of-the-art CNN architectures. After experiments on Xception, DenseNet and several other architectures, I proposed a modified version of Google Inception V4 for our production: Instead of using the same atom modules everywhere, different Inception-ResNet modules were used for the shallow, medium and deep part of the CNN. On the other hand, the NbyN kernels of the medium and deep part were replaced by a sequence of $1 \times N$ and $N \times 1$ kernels to improve model capacity. As a result, the $\frac{1}{10,000}$ passing rate was improved by 1% on most benchmarks.
 - **Data Cleaning:** Made a bunch of original multiracial face data (including 120,000 pictures and 6,000 videos) into benchmarks on Linux server by writing Python scripts.
- **Beihang University** Beijing China
Research Jul 2015 - Mar 2016
 - **Research Assistant - The 5th Generation Mobile Network:** Proposed an channel estimation method based on uplink wireless data and channel sparsity with supervisor, improving upper bound of the wireless system's throughput by 28% according to simulation results.
Paper published in Journal of Signal Processing (First author). DOI: 10.16798/j.issn.1003-0530.2017.06.002

COMPETITIVE PROGRAMMING

- **Google Code Jam Kickstart 2017 Round F**
Top 5%, rank 108th globally. [scoreboard](#), [id: WeiYong1024](#)

PROGRAMMING SKILLS

- **Languages:** C++, Python | Shell, JavaScript, **Technologies:** AWS, Google Cloud | Kubernetes, React