习题:

$$1. n = 2^m + l 0 \le l < 2^m$$

$$m = \lfloor \log_2 n \rfloor \qquad \ell = N - 2^m$$

答案是 [gn]? → 本部 [gn/代表 log_n. logn K表 log, n. 行吧

$$\lfloor x + 0.5 \rfloor$$

$$[2.7+0.5] = 3$$

$$\int x - 0.5 \int$$

$$[2.5 to, 5] = 3$$

3. | Lmd」n | m.n E/Mt. d>n t建設

$$\lfloor \frac{\lfloor m d \rfloor n}{a} \rfloor$$

$$\lfloor md \rfloor = md - \{md\}$$

$$\frac{\lfloor m \lambda \rfloor n}{\lambda} = \frac{m \lambda n}{\lambda} - \frac{\lfloor m \lambda \rfloor n}{\lambda}$$

$$\left[\frac{m \ln n}{n} \right] = \left[\frac{mn}{n} - \frac{mn}{n} \right] = mn$$

6. By
$$f(x) = -x$$

$$L f(x) J = L - x J$$

$$L f(x) = [f(x)]$$

7.
$$\begin{cases} X_n = N & 0 \leq n < m \\ X_n = X_{n-m} + I & n \geq m \end{cases}$$

$$X_{0}=0$$
, $X_{1}=1$... $X_{m-1}=m-1$
 $X_{m}=X_{0}+1=0+1=1$
 $X_{2m}=X_{m+1}=2$
 $X_{m+1}=X_{1}+1=1+1=2$

8.

⇒ Dirichlet 抽屉原理

9.
$$0 < \frac{m}{n} < 1.$$

$$\frac{m}{n} = \frac{1}{4} + \left\{ \frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{4} \right\} = \frac{1}{n}$$

$$9 = \left[\frac{n}{m} \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{9} = \frac{1}{n / m}$$

$$\frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{n / m}$$

$$= \frac{m \left[\frac{n}{m} \right]}{n \left[\frac{n}{m} \right]}$$

$$\frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{\{n \text{ mumble } m\}}{9n}$$

The process must terminate, because o \(\) n mumble m \(\) m

The denominators of the representation are strictly increasing, hence distinct, because