具体数学阅读笔记-chap2

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更新: 2022-07-04

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 a_1 & a_1 a_2 & \cdots & a_1 a_n \\ a_2 a_1 & a_2 a_2 & \cdots & a_2 a_n \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_n a_1 & a_n a_2 & \cdots & a_n a_n \end{bmatrix}$$
(1)

求 $S_{\triangleleft} = \sum_{1 \leqslant j \leqslant k \leqslant n} a_j a_k$ 1

解 1 : $a_j a_k = a_k a_j$, : 矩阵 A 沿主对角线对称, $S_{\triangleleft} = S_{\triangleright}$.

$$[1\leqslant j\leqslant k\leqslant n]+[1\leqslant k\leqslant j\leqslant n]=[1\leqslant j,k\leqslant n]+[1\leqslant j=k\leqslant n]$$

$$\begin{split} 2S_{\triangleleft} &= S_{\triangleleft} + S_{\triangleright} = S_A + S_{diag(A)} \\ &= \sum_{1 \leqslant j,k \leqslant n} a_j a_k + \sum_{1 \leqslant j = k \leqslant n} a_j a_k \\ &= \left(\sum_{j=1}^n a_j\right) \left(\sum_{k=1}^n a_k\right) + \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^2 \\ &= \left(\sum_{k=1}^n a_k\right)^2 + \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^2 \end{split}$$

$$\therefore S_{\triangleleft} = \frac{1}{2} [(\sum_{k=1}^{n} a_k)^2 + \sum_{k=1}^{n} a_k^2]$$

¹下三角形矩阵的符号是一个右上部分的直角三角形,目前我还不会输入

$$S = \sum_{1 \le i \le k \le n} (a_k - a_j)(b_k - b_j) \tag{2}$$

 $= \sum_{1 \leqslant j,k \leqslant n} (a_k b_k - a_j b_k -$

 $\mathbf{m2}$ 交换 j,k 仍有对称性.

$$S = \sum_{1 \le j < k \le n} (a_k - a_j)(b_k - b_j) = \sum_{1 \le j < k \le n} (a_j - a_k)(b_j - b_k)$$
$$[1 \le j < k \le n] + [1 \le k < j \le n] = [1 \le j, k \le n] - [1 \le j = k \le n]$$

$$2S = 2 \sum_{1 \le j < k \le n} (a_k - a_j)(b_k - b_j)$$

$$= \sum_{1 \le j < k \le n} (a_k - a_j)(b_k - b_j) + \sum_{1 \le k < j \le n} (a_k - a_j)(b_k - b_j)$$

$$= \sum_{1 \le j, k \le n} (a_k - a_j)(b_k - b_j) - \sum_{1 \le j = k \le n} (a_k - a_j)(b_k - b_j)$$

$$(a_j - a_k = 0, b_j - b_k = 0, [j = k])$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n a_k b_k - \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n a_j b_k - \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n a_k b_j + \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n a_j b_j$$

$$= n \sum_{k=1}^n a_k b_k - \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n a_j b_k - \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n a_k b_j + n \sum_{j=1}^n a_j b_j$$

$$= 2n \sum_{k=1}^n a_k b_k - 2 \sum_{j=1}^n a_j \sum_{k=1}^n b_k$$

$$S = n \sum_{k=1}^n a_k b_k - \left(\sum_{k=1}^n a_k\right) \left(\sum_{k=1}^n b_k\right)$$