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Grade

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Assessment report �� [-]

[±]Summary of tests

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functions.cpp

```
\file functions.cpp
  \author Vadim Surov, Goh Wei Zhe
 4 \par DP email: vsurov\@digipen.edu, weizhe.goh\@digipen.edu
   \par Course: CS380
   \par Section: B
   \par Programming Assignment 9
   \date 07-14-2021
8
   \brief
10 This file has declarations and definitions that are required for submission
12
13 #include "functions.h"
14
15  namespace AI
16 ₹ {
17
18
19 } // end namespace
```

functions.h

```
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 3 \author Vadim Surov, Goh Wei Zhe
 4
     \par DP email: vsurov\@digipen.edu, weizhe.goh\@digipen.edu
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 6
     \par Programming Assignment 9
 8
     \date 07-14-2021
 9
     \brief
     This file has declarations and definitions that are required for submission
 10
 11
 12
 13
     #ifndef FUNCTIONS_H
     #define FUNCTIONS_H
 14
 15
     #include <iostream>
 16
 17
     #include <vector>
     #include <cstring> // memcpy
 18
 19
     #include <limits.h>
 20
 21
     #include "data.h"
 22
 23
     #define UNUSED(x) (void)x;
 24
 25
     // Class that defines the game specific data and code
 26
    class Grid
 27 ₹ {
 28
         static const int width = 3;
 29
         static const int height = 3;
 30
 31
         char squares[width * height];
 32
 33
     public:
         // The game marks/pieces
 34
 35
         static const char x = 'x';
         static const char o = 'o';
 36
 37
         static const char _ = ' ';
 38
 39
         Grid(char* squares = nullptr)
 40
            : squares{ _, _, _, _, _, _, _, }
 41 -
         {
 42
            if (squares)
                for (int i = 0; i < height * width; ++i)</pre>
 43
 44
                   this->squares[i] = squares[i];
 45
 46
 47
         Grid(const Grid& rhs)
 48 -
 49
            this->operator=(rhs);
 50
 51
 52
         void operator=(const Grid& rhs)
 53 🔻
         .{
 54
             std::memcpy(squares, rhs.squares, height * width * sizeof(char));
 55
 56
 57
         void set(int i, char c)
 58 =
 59
             squares[i] = c;
 60
 61
         void clear(int i)
 62
 63 🔻
             squares[i] = _;
 64
 65
         }
 66
         char* getSquares()
 67
 68 🔻
         .{
 69
            return squares;
 70
 71
         72 🔻
 73
         \brief
         Function loops through a vector array to search through all empty squares
 74
 75
         in the grid and returns a vector of indices.
 76
         For example, grid [' ',' ','o',' ','x',' ',' ',' ',' '], the function will
 77
 78
         return [0,1,3,5,6,7,8]
 79
 80
         \return
 81
         Returns a vector of the empty squares indexs.
 82
         std::vector<int> emptyIndices() const
 84 🔻
            std::vector<int> array = {};
 85
 86
            for (int i = 0; i < width * height; ++i)</pre>
 87
 88 -
 89
                if (this->squares[i] == ' ')
                    array.push_back(i);
 90
 91
 92
 93
            return array;
 94
 95
         96 -
 97
         Function to determine player's Tic Tac Toe winning condition.
 98
 99
100
         \param player
101
         Player's game mark / pieces
102
103
         Returns true if the grid has a winning configuration for the player, else
104
105
         ***********************************
106
107
         bool winning(char player)
108 🕶
```

```
109
            return (this->squares[0] == player && this->squares[1] == player &&
110
                   this->squares[2] == player) ||
111
112
113
                    (this->squares[3] == player && this->squares[4] == player &&
114
                    this->squares[5] == player) ||
115
                   (this->squares[6] == player && this->squares[7] == player &&
116
                    this->squares[8] == player) ||
117
118
                   (this->squares[0] == player && this->squares[3] == player &&
119
120
                    this->squares[6] == player) ||
121
                   (this->squares[1] == player && this->squares[4] == player &&
122
123
                    this->squares[7] == player) ||
124
                   (this->squares[2] == player && this->squares[5] == player &&
125
126
                    this->squares[8] == player) ||
127
                   (this->squares[0] == player && this->squares[4] == player &&
128
                    this->squares[8] == player) ||
129
130
                   (this->squares[2] == player && this->squares[4] == player &&
131
132
                    this->squares[6] == player);
133
134
        135 🔻
136
        \brief
137
         An overloading insertion operator function that takes and return a stream
138
         object.
139
140
        \param os
141
        Output stream to perform output.
142
143
        \param rhs
144
        Right hand side object.
145
146
147
        Returns the output through ostream.
                                 148
149
        friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const Grid& rhs)</pre>
150 -
151
            for (int j = 0; j < height; ++j)
152 🔻
153
                if (j == 0)
154 -
                   os << "[";
155
                   os << " ";
156
157
               for (int i = 0; i < width; ++i)
158
159 -
                   os << rhs.squares[j * width + i];</pre>
160
161
                   if (i == width - 1 && j == height - 1)
162
163
                      os << "]";
164
                   else
165
                       os << ",";
166
167
168
               if (j != height - 1)
169
                   os << std::endl;</pre>
170
171
172
            return os;
173
174
    };
175
176
    namespace AI
177 ₹ {
178
         // A node of the game tree
        template<typename T>
179
180
        class Move
181 🔻
        .{
182
            T grid;
                          // Result of a move: new state of the game grid
                          // Score of the move
183
            int score:
184
            std::vector<Move*>* next; // All possible next moves
185
            // Index of the first move in member next that has the best score
186
187
            int bestMove;
            int spotIndex; // Index of the move's spot (used for a visualization)
188
189
190
        public:
191
            Move(T grid = {}, int score = 0,
192
                std::vector<Move*>* next = new std::vector<Move*>{},
193
               int bestMove = -1)
194
                : grid{ grid }, score{ score }, next{ next }, bestMove{ bestMove },
195
               spotIndex{ -1 }{}
196
            197 -
198
            \brief
199
            Destructor for class Move
                       200
201
            ~Move()
202 -
            {
203
                //Delete each move object in vector next
204
                for (size_t i = 0; i < next->size(); ++i)
205 -
206
                   delete (*next)[i];
207
208
               //Remove vector elements, make vector size to 0.
209
210
                next->clear();
211
212
                //Delete pointer to vector
213
               delete next;
214
215
            216 -
```

```
217
             \brief
218
             Function to move object to specific index location
219
220
221
             Index position to be moved to
222
223
             \return
224
             Returns a reference to Move object
                             *********************************
225
226
             Move& at(int i)
227
228
                 return *((*next)[i]);
229
230
             int getScore() const
231
232 -
233
                 return score;
234
235
236
             void setSpotIndex(int i)
237 ¬
238
                 spotIndex = i;
239
240
241
             friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const Move& rhs)</pre>
242 -
                 os << rhs.grid << std::endl;</pre>
243
244
                 os << rhs.score << std::endl;</pre>
                 os << rhs.next->size() << std::endl;</pre>
245
246
                 os << rhs.bestMove << std::endl;</pre>
247
                 return os;
248
249
         };
250
          251 🔻
252
253
          Function to find the best move for maximizer. For initial call, set player
254
          parameter as maximizer. However, found solution (sequence of moves) may not
255
          be necessary the shortest.
256
257
          \param grid
258
          Current state of the Tic Tac Toe board.
259
260
          \param player
          Player's game mark / pieces
261
262
263
          \param maximizer
264
          Maximizer's game mark / pieces
265
266
           \param minimizer
          Minimizer's game mark / pieces
267
268
269
          \return
270
          Returns a pointer to Move object
                                ************************************
271
272
         template<typename T>
273
         Move<T>* minimax(T grid, char player, char maximizer, char minimizer)
274 -
275
             if (grid.winning(minimizer))
276
                 return new Move<T>(grid, -10 );
277
             else if (grid.winning(maximizer))
278
                 return new Move<T>(grid, 10);
279
             std::vector<int> availSpots = grid.emptyIndices();
280
281
282
             if (availSpots.size()== 0)
283
                 return new Move<T>(grid, 0);
284
285
             std::vector<Move<T>*>* next_ = new std::vector<Move<T>*>;
286
             for (size_t i = 0; i < availSpots.size(); ++i)</pre>
287
288 🤻
289
                 grid.set(availSpots[i], player);
290
                 AI::Move<T>* move = minimax(grid,
291 🔻
                     (player == maximizer) ? minimizer : maximizer,
292
                     maximizer,
293
294
                     minimizer);
295
296
                 move->setSpotIndex(availSpots[i]);
297
                 next_->push_back(move);
298
                 grid.clear(availSpots[i]);
299
300
             int bestScore_ = 0;
301
             int bestMove_ = -1;
302
303
             if (player == maximizer)
304
305 -
306
                 bestScore_ = -INT_MAX;
307
308
                 for (size_t i = 0; i < next_->size(); ++i)
309 -
310
                     if ((*next_)[i]->getScore() > bestScore_)
311 -
                         bestScore_ = (*next_)[i]->getScore();
312
313
                         bestMove_ = i;
314
315
316
317
             else
318 -
             {
319
                 bestScore_ = INT_MAX;
320
                 for (size_t i = 0; i < next_->size(); ++i)
321
322 ¬
323
                     if ((*next_)[i]->getScore() < bestScore_)</pre>
324 -
```

```
bestScore_ = (*next_)[i]->getScore();
 325
 326
                          bestMove_ = i;
327
 328
 329
 330
331
              // Return the move
              return new Move<T>(grid, bestScore_, next_, bestMove_);
332
333
 334
335
      } // end namespace
336
     #endif
337
                                                                                                                                         VPL
                                                                                            Minimax. Example of a quiz question

■ Showcase: Tic-Tac-Toe Game

                                                                                  $
                                             Jump to...
```

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