

CS100 #06

Programming With Boolean Expressions

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Boolean Types

- C
 - None, use int instead
- C++ / C#
 - bool
- Java
 - boolean

Boolean Values

- C
 - 0 as false, and all the rest as true
- C++ / C# / Java
 - true / false

Logical Operators

- C / C++ / C# / Java / JavaScript
 - NOT → !
 - AND → &&
 - OR → ||

Example on C

```
int a = 5;
```

```
int b = 20;
```

```
if ( a && b )
```

```
    printf("Condition is true\n");
```

Example on C

```
int a = 5;
```

```
int b = 20;
```

```
if ( a || b )
```

```
    printf("Condition is true\n");
```

Example on C

```
int a = 5;  
int b = 20;
```

```
/* lets change the value of a and b */
```

```
a = 0;  
b = 10;
```

```
if ( a && b )  
    printf("Condition is true\n");  
else  
    printf("Condition is not true\n");
```

Example on C

```
int a = 5;
```

```
int b = 20;
```

```
/* lets change the value of a and b */
```

```
a = 0;
```

```
b = 10;
```

```
if ( !(a && b) )
```

```
    printf("Condition is true\n");
```


Comparison Operators

Operator	Relationship Tested
<	First operand less than second operand
>	First operand greater than second operand
<=	First operand less than or equal to second operand
>=	First operand greater than or equal to second operand
==	First operand equal to second operand
!=	First operand not equal to second operand

Equivalent Expressions

if (a<b && c<d) ...	if (a<b) if (c<d) ...
if (a!=0 && b/a > 5) ...	if (a && b/a > 5) ...
if (!a) ...	if (a==0) ...
if (! (a>b)) ...	if (a <= b) ...
if (! (a>b && c<d)) ...	if (a<=b c>=d) ...

What is wrong?

```
int a = 5;  
int b = 20;
```

```
if ( a = b )  
    printf("Condition is true\n");  
else  
    printf("Condition is not true\n");
```

- Why output is “Condition is true”?

What is wrong?

```
int t = -20;

/* Chack t in the range */
if ( 0 <= t <= 100 )
    printf("In the range\n");
else
    printf("Out of the range\n");
```

- Why output is “In the range”?

Conditional Operator

- Conditional operator `? :` can be used to replace if else statements

```
int main() {  
    int i = 1, j = 2;  
    cout << ( i > j ? i : j )  
           << " is greater." << endl;  
}
```

Note: this example demonstrates how to output in C++

Practice

- Let's calculate roots for a quadratic equation for given a, b, and c

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

- Solution:

$$x_1 = (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) / 2a$$

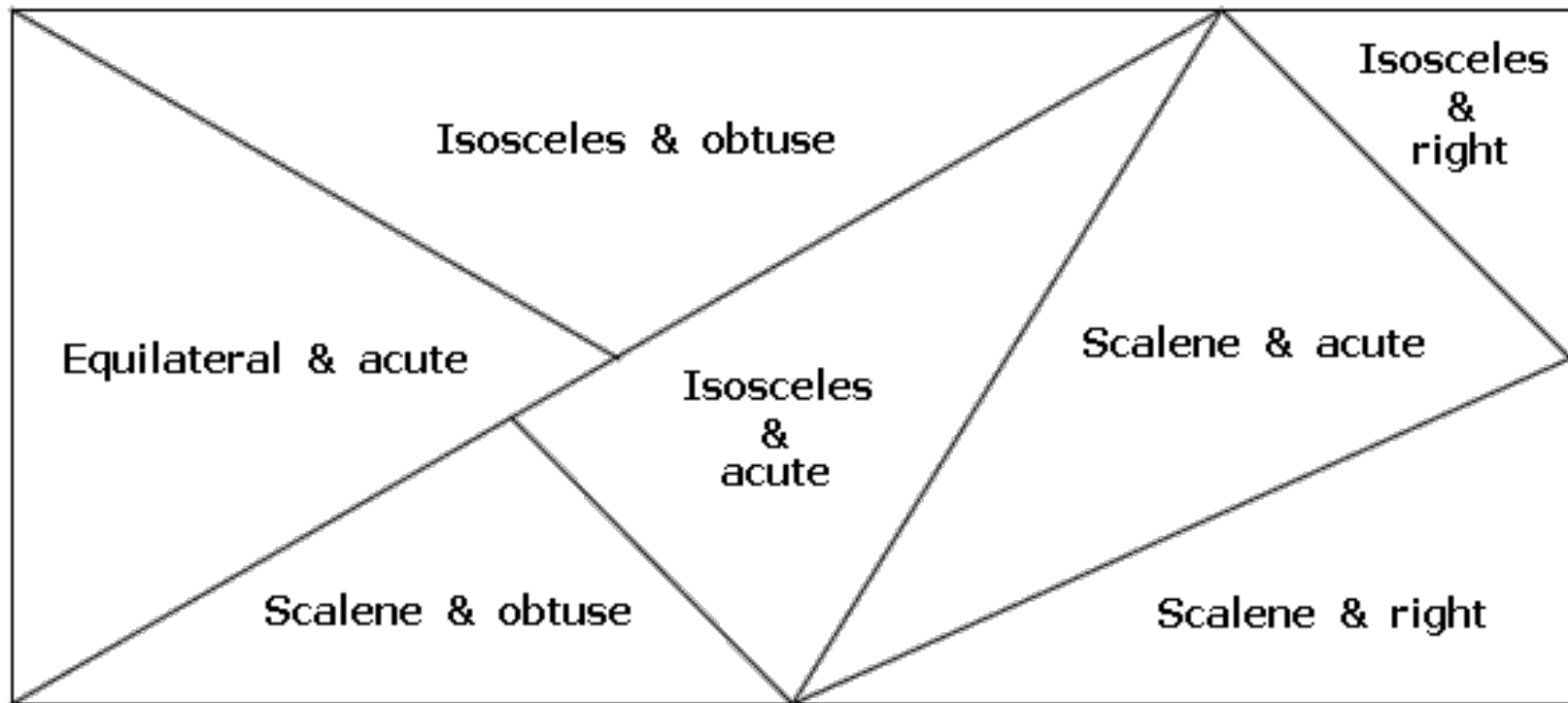
$$x_2 = (-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) / 2a$$

- Make sure:
 - discriminant is not a negative number
 - a is not 0

Practice

- Write a program that classifies triangles depending on relative sizes of their elements: sides and angles
 - As regard their sides, triangles may be
 - Scalene (all sides are different)
 - Isosceles (two sides are equal)
 - Equilateral (all three sides are equal)
 - And as regard their angles, triangles may be
 - Acute (all angles are acute)
 - Right (one angle is right)
 - Obtuse (one angle is obtuse)
 - Equiangular (all angles are equal)

Practice



References

- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/cprogramming/c_logical_operators.htm
- <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/6swh93dx.aspx>
- <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/e4213hs1.aspx>
- <https://www.cut-the-knot.org/triangle/Triangles.shtml>