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Time taken	3 mins 38 secs
Grade	12.00 out of 14.00 (86%)

Question **1**  
Correct  
1.00 points out of 1.00

Deadlocks are possible only when one of the transactions wants to \_\_\_\_\_ on a data item.

- Select one:
- ☐ a. Upgrade lock
  - ☐ b. Downgrade lock
  - ☐ c. Obtain a shared lock
  - ☒ d. Obtain an exclusive lock
- ✓

Your answer is correct.  
The correct answer is:  
Obtain an exclusive lock

Question **2**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00

The **Log** file mainly ensures\_\_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☐ a.  
Isolation
- ☐ b.  
Durability
- ☒ c.  
Atomicity  
✓
- ☐ d.  
Consistency

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:  
Atomicity

Question **3**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00

If the waiting time of a transaction is reduced, it \_\_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☐ a.  
Decreases the failure rate of database
- ☒ b.  
Reduces the average response time of a transaction  
✓
- ☐ c.  
Leads to delays in running a transaction
- ☐ d.  
Makes the transaction non-serializable

Your answer is correct.





The correct answer is:  
Reduces the average response time of a transaction

Question **4**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00**Select all the statements that are TRUE.**

Select one or more:

- ☒ a.  
A schedule  $S$  is conflict equivalent if it is conflict serializable to a serial schedule  

- ☒ b.  
Topological sorting is used on a schedule  $S$  to obtain the serializability order of the transactions  

- ☒ c.  
A Read committed isolation level is more relaxed than a Repeatable read isolation level  

- ☒ d.  
The two schedules  $S1$  and  $S2$  that are not conflict equivalent may produce the same outcome  


Your answer is correct.

The correct answers are:


A Read committed isolation level is more relaxed than a Repeatable read isolation level

Topological sorting is used on a schedule  $S$  to obtain the serializability order of the transactionsThe two schedules  $S1$  and  $S2$  that are not conflict equivalent may produce the same outcomeQuestion **5**

Incorrect

0.00 points out  
of 1.00**Stable storage is implemented by multiple disks with interdependent failure modes.**

Select one:

- ☒ True 
- ☐ False

The correct answer is 'False'.

Question **6**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00

**A transaction that executes its last operation whose changes are not yet saved permanently to the database is in \_\_\_\_\_ state.**

Select one:

- ☐ a.  
Committed
- ☐ b.  
Active
- ☐ c.  
Terminated
- ☒ d.  
Partially committed



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:  
Partially committedQuestion **7**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00

**Ensuring atomicity is the job of\_\_\_\_\_.**

Select one:

- ☐ a.  
Concurrency-control system
- ☐ b.  
Query processor
- ☐ c.  
Transaction manager
- ☒ d.  
Recovery system



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:  
Recovery system

Question **8**

Correct

1.00 points out of 1.00

The following schedule is an example of an \_\_\_\_\_ isolation level.

$T_1$	$T_2$
<b>read(A)</b> <b>write(A)</b>	
	<b>read(A)</b> <b>write(A)</b>
<b>read(A)</b>	

Select one or more:

- ☒ a.  
Read Uncommitted
- ✓
- ☐ b.  
Serializable
- ☐ c.  
Repeatable read
- ☐ d.  
Read committed

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:  
Read Uncommitted

Question **9**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00

**For the two Instructions A and B to conflict with each other, which of the following conditions should satisfy?  
Select all applicable.**

Select one or more:

- ☒ a.  
They are the operations by different transactions on the same data item  
✓
- ☒ b.  
At least one of these instructions is a write operation  
✓
- ☐ c.  
They do not form a cycle in the precedence graph
- ☐ d.  
The transactions do not follow each other in a serial schedule

Your answer is correct.

The correct answers are:

At least one of these instructions is a write operation

,

They are the operations by different transactions on the same data item

Question **10**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00

**In the following transactions T1 and T2, X and Y data items are initialized to zero:**

T1: read (X) ;  
    read (Y) ;  
    if X = 0 then Y := Y + 1 ;  
    write (Y) ;

T2: read (Y) ;  
    read (X) ;  
    if Y = 0 then X := X + 1 ;  
    write (X) ;

**Any non-serial interleaving of T1 and T2 for concurrent execution leads to :**

Select one:

- ☐ a.  
A conflict equivalent serializable schedule
- ☐ b.  
A schedule for which two serial schedules are possible
- ☐ c.  
A non-serializable schedule
- ☒ d.  
A schedule that is not conflict serializable



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

A schedule that is not conflict serializable

Question **11**

Incorrect

0.00 points out  
of 1.00

**Can we undo the effect of a committed transaction?**

Select one:

- ☐ a.  
Yes
- ☒ b.  
No



Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is:

Yes

Question **12**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00**Select all the statements that are TRUE.**

Select one or more:

- ☒ a.  
A strict two-phase locking protocol avoids cascading rollbacks  
✓
- ☐ b.  
A rigorous two-phase locking protocol improves concurrency compared to basic two-phase locking protocol
- ☐ c.  
A strict two-phase locking requires all locks to be held until the transaction commits
- ☒ d.  
Locking protocol may lead to a deadlock situation  
✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answers are:

Locking protocol may lead to a deadlock situation

,  
A strict two-phase locking protocol avoids cascading rollbacksQuestion **13**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00**Which of the following concurrency control mechanism maintains more than one version of data?**

Select one:

- ☐ a.  
Timestamping mechanism
- ☐ b.  
Rigorous two-phase locking protocol
- ☐ c.  
Strict two-phase locking protocol
- ☒ d.  
Snapshot isolation  
✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Snapshot isolation



Question **14**

Correct

1.00 points out  
of 1.00**Select the statement that defines the Isolation property of a transaction.**

Select one:

- ☒ a.  
The intermediate state of a transaction is invisible to other transactions
- ☐ b.  
The database is in its consistent state after the transaction commits
- ☐ c.  
The changes made to the data by the committed transaction should persist
- ☐ d.  
All the operations of a transaction are executed or none are executed

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

The intermediate state of a transaction is invisible to other transactions

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