

The Programming Environment

[CS 170] High-level Programming II: The C++ Programming Language

IMPORTANT NOTE: This is the document that you consult for the compiler flags for ALL assignments.

1. Overview

In this course we are focusing on the C++ language in the standard version C++17, with some features originating from the C programming language. For all the assignments we will be using two compilers to build and link our C++ files:

- Microsoft Visual C++ compiler (Visual Studio 2019 or newer)
- GNU Compiler Collection with a g++ compiler (7.4.0 or newer)

Use of a *clang* compiler is not enforced, but still highly encouraged if you have a machine where it works properly. Most of the configuration flags for *clang* match g++, as it has been designed as an inplace replacement for g++. Because of this, their flags are presented together.



2. Compilers

2.1. GNU gcc and clang

2.1.1. Compilation with linking

To compile and link the C programming language code with gcc (7.4.0), use the following commands:

```
gcc -ansi -pedantic -Wall -Wextra -Wconverison -Werror -o output.exe source.c
```

```
clang -ansi -pedantic -Wall -Wextra -Wconversion -Werror
-o output.exe source.c
```

Explanation of the options used:

- -ansi Ensure C90 ANSI standards mode; equivalent of -std=c90.
- -pedantic Issue all the warnings demanded by strict ISO C; reject all programs that use forbidden extensions, and some other programs that do not follow ISO C.
- -Wall Display all warnings for many common errors; this flag combines a large number of other, more specific warning options, which can be selected individually. Always use this flag.
- -Wextra Display some extra warnings not enabled by -Wall. Always use this flag.
- -Wconversion Display some extra warnings related to data type conversions that are not enabled by neither -Wall nor -Wextra. Always use this flag.
- —Werror Treat all warnings as errors; compilation with warnings will fail. Always use this flag.
- -o filename Produce an output executable file with a given filename.

2.1.2. Compilation without linking

To compile the code without linking, use the following commands:

```
gcc -ansi -pedantic -Wall -Wextra -Wconverison -Werror -o source.o -c source.c
```

```
clang -ansi -pedantic -Wall -Wextra -Wconverison -Werror -o source.o -c source.c
```

Explanation of the additional options used:

• −c − Compile only; do not link.

2.1.3. Linking

To link compiled object code, use the following commands:

```
gcc -o output.exe source.o
```

```
clang -o output.exe source.o
```

2.1.4. Getting help

To see the available flags and help options for gcc and clang compilers, type the following commands into the command prompt of an environment supporting the man manual pages:

cc		

man clang



2.2. GNU g++ and clang++

2.2.1. Compilation with linking

To compile and link the C++ programming language code with g++ (7.4.0) or clang++ (8.0.0), use the following commands:

```
g++ -std=c++17 -pedantic -Wall -Wextra -Wconversion -Werror -o output.exe source.cpp
```

```
clang++ -std=c++17 -pedantic -Wall -Wextra -Wconversion -Werror -o output.exe source.cpp
```

Explanation of the options used:

- -std=c++17 Ensure C++17 standards.
- -pedantic Issue all the warnings demanded by strict ISO C and ISO C++; reject all programs that use forbidden extensions, and some other programs that do not follow ISO C and ISO C++.
- -Wall Display all warnings for many common errors; this flag combines a large number of other, more specific warning options, which can be selected individually. Always use this flag.
- -Wextra Display some extra warnings not enabled by -Wall. Always use this flag.
- -Wconversion Display some extra warnings related to data type conversions that are not enabled by neither -Wall nor -Wextra. Always use this flag.
- Werror Treat all warnings as errors; compilation with warnings will fail. Always use this flag.
- -o filename Produce an output executable file with a given filename.

2.2.2. Compilation without linking

To compile the code without linking, use the following commands:

```
g++ -std=c++17 -pedantic -Wall -Wextra -Wconversion -Werror -o source.o -c source.cpp
```

```
clang++ -std=c++17 -pedantic -Wall -Wextra -Wconversion -Werror
-o source.o -c src.cpp
```

Explanation of the additional options used:

• −c − Compile only; do not link.

2.2.3. Linking

To link compiled object code, use the following commands:

```
g++ -o output.exe source.o
```

```
clang++ -o output.exe source.o
```

2.2.4. Getting help

To see the available flags and help options for g++ and clang++ compilers, type the following commands into the command prompt of an environment supporting the man manual pages:

man g++

man clang++



2.3. Microsoft Visual C++

2.3.1. Compilation with linking

To compile and link the code with Visual C++ (Visual Studio 2019), use the following commands:

cl /W4 /WX /nologo /EHa /std:c++17 /Za /Feoutput.exe source.cpp

Explanation of the options used:

- /W4 Set the warning level 4, showing all level 3 warnings plus additional warnings.
- /WX Treat all warnings as errors; compilation with warnings will fail. Always use this flag.
- /nologo Do not display Microsoft-specific banner when the compiler starts up.
- /EHa Use the asynchronous (structured) exception handling model.
- /std:c++17 Ensure C++17 standards; replace to /Tc when compiling C code.
- /Za Disable optional language extensions; this flag may conflict with Windows API headers.
- /Fefilename Produce an output executable file with a given filename.

2.3.2. Compilation without linking

To compile the code without linking, use the following commands:

cl /W4 /WX /nologo /EHa /std:c++17 /Za /Fosource.obj /c source.cpp

Explanation of the additional options used:

- /c Compile only; do not link.
- /Fofilename Produce an object file with a given filename.

2.3.3. Linking

To link compiled object code, use the following commands:

link source.obj /OUT:filename.exe

2.3.4. Getting help

To see the available flags and help options for Microsoft Visual C++ compiler and linker, type the following commands into the command prompt:

cl /?

link /?

You can also visit Microsoft <a>C/C++ Building Reference webpage.