

CS280 / Assignment1 / src / ObjectAllocator.h

```
ShumWengSang Seems to be done

At 1 contributor
```

```
Blame
 Raw
327 lines (282 sloc) 13.3 KB
     2
           ObjectAllocator.h
     \file
 4
     \author Roland Shum
 5
     \par
         email: roland.shum\@digipen.edu
          DigiPen login: roland.shum
 6
     \par
 7
     \par
           Course: CS280
 8
           Assignment #1
     \par
 9
     \date
           1/24/2020
     \brief
 10
      This is the interface file for all member functions
 11
      of class ObjectAllocator. OAConfig and OAStats are
 12
      classes that are paired with Object Allocator.
 14
      OAException is the class that the OAAllocator would
      throw if it fails.
 15
 16
 17
     18
     //-----
 19
     #ifndef OBJECTALLOCATORH
     #define OBJECTALLOCATORH
 21
 23
     #include <string> // string
 24
     #include <iostream>
 25
 26
     // If the client doesn't specify these:
     static const int DEFAULT_OBJECTS_PER_PAGE = 4;//! Default Objects Per Page
```

```
static const int DEFAULT_MAX_PAGES = 3;  //! Default Maximum Amount Of Pages
28
29
    30
31
32
     \class OAException
      \brief
           Exception class for the object allocator. Possible Exceptions are:
34
35
           - NO MEMORY
           - NO PAGES
           - BAD_BOUNDARY
           - MULTIPLE FREE
           - CORRUPTED BLOCK
    */
40
    41
42
    class OAException
    {
43
    public:
44
       //! Possible exception codes
       enum OA EXCEPTION
46
47
       {
           48
49
           E NO PAGES, //! out of logical memory (max pages has been reached)
           E_BAD_BOUNDARY, //! block address is on a page, but not on any block-boundary
           E_MULTIPLE_FREE, //! block has already been freed
51
           E CORRUPTED BLOCK //! block has been corrupted (pad bytes have been overwritten)
       };
54
       OAException(OA_EXCEPTION ErrCode, const std::string &Message) :
           error_code_(ErrCode), message_(Message) {};
       virtual ~OAException()
58
       {
60
       }
61
       OA EXCEPTION code(void) const
62
63
           return error_code_;
       }
       virtual const char *what(void) const
67
68
       {
69
           return message_.c_str();
70
       }
71
72
    private:
73
       OA_EXCEPTION error_code_; //! Exception error code
74
       std::string message_; //! Exception message
75
    };
```

```
76
 77
     // ObjectAllocator configuration parameters
     struct OAConfig
 79
     {
         static const size_t BASIC_HEADER_SIZE = sizeof(unsigned) + 1; //! allocation number + flags
80
         82
83
         //! The type of header it is.
         enum HBLOCK TYPE
85
         {
 86
            hbNone,
                       //! No Header
            hbBasic,
                       //! Basic Header
            hbExtended, //! Extended Header
            hbExternal //! External Header
 89
         };
91
         /***********************
92
           \class HeaderBlockInfo
           \brief
            Class used in OAConfig to determine what type of header to use.
97
            User can choose from None, Basic, Extended, and External.
            None means no header. Basic enables checking allocation number and
            checking if block is active. Extended extends basic to include
100
            a user defined byte field, and a use counter. External use an external
101
            memory block to moniter the data.
         */
102
         103
         struct HeaderBlockInfo
         {
            HBLOCK TYPE type; //! Describes the type of header.
                              //! Size of the header block
            size t size ;
108
            size_t additional_; //! Additional sizing from user
            HeaderBlockInfo(HBLOCK TYPE type = hbNone, unsigned additional = 0)
110
                : type_(type), size_(0), additional_(additional)
111
112
            {
                if (type == hbBasic)
113
114
                    size_ = BASIC_HEADER_SIZE;
                else if (type_ == hbExtended) // alloc # + use counter + flag byte + user-defined
115
                    size = sizeof(unsigned int) + sizeof(unsigned short) + sizeof(char) + additional
116
                else if (type == hbExternal)
117
                    size_ = EXTERNAL_HEADER_SIZE;
118
119
            };
120
         };
121
122
         OAConfig(bool UseCPPMemManager = false,
                 unsigned ObjectsPerPage = DEFAULT_OBJECTS_PER_PAGE,
123
```

```
124
                unsigned MaxPages = DEFAULT MAX PAGES,
125
                bool DebugOn = false,
126
                unsigned PadBytes = 0,
127
                const HeaderBlockInfo &HBInfo = HeaderBlockInfo(),
128
                unsigned Alignment = 0);
129
130
        bool UseCPPMemManager ;
                                //! by-pass the functionality of the OA and use new/delete
131
        unsigned ObjectsPerPage ; //! number of objects on each page
        unsigned MaxPages ;
                              //! maximum number of pages the OA can allocate (0=unlimited)
132
        bool DebugOn_;
                                //! enable/disable debugging code (signatures, checks, etc.)
133
        unsigned PadBytes_;
134
                                //! size of the left/right padding for each block
        HeaderBlockInfo HBlockInfo; //! size of the header for each block (0=no headers)
135
        unsigned Alignment;
                              //! address alignment of each block
137
138
        unsigned LeftAlignSize ;
                                //! number of alignment required to align first block
        unsigned InterAlignSize ; //! number of alignment bytes required between data blocks
139
     };
141
     142
     /*!
143
144
      \class OAStats
145
       \brief
        ObjectAllocator statistical info
147
     148
149
     // ObjectAllocator statistical info
     struct OAStats
150
151
     {
        OAStats(): ObjectSize_(0), PageSize_(0), FreeObjects_(0), ObjectsInUse_(0), PagesInUse_(0),
152
                      MostObjects_(0), Allocations_(0), Deallocations_(0) {};
153
154
155
        size_t ObjectSize_;
                             //! size of each object
156
        size_t PageSize_;
                             //! size of a page including all headers, padding, etc.
        unsigned FreeObjects; //! number of objects on the free list
157
        unsigned ObjectsInUse; //! number of objects in use by client
158
159
        unsigned PagesInUse_;
                             //! number of pages allocated
160
        unsigned MostObjects_; //! most objects in use by client at one time
        unsigned Allocations ; //! total requests to allocate memory
161
        unsigned Deallocations_; //! total requests to free memory
163
     };
164
     166
167
      \class GenericObject
168
       \brief
169
        This class allows us to treat generic objects as raw pointers.
170
     171
```

```
172
     struct GenericObject
173
     {
174
        GenericObject *Next; //! Pointer to next object in linked list.
175
     };
176
     177
178
179
      \class MemBlockInfo
180
       \brief
        This class defines what the external header is. When an external header is
181
182
         configured for the OA, the header would be a pointer to a MemBlockInfo
        object.
183
     */
184
     185
186
     struct MemBlockInfo
187
     {
                        //! Is the block free or in use?
        bool in_use;
         char *label;
                         //! A dynamically allocated NUL-terminated string
189
         unsigned alloc num; //! The allocation number (count) of this block
190
191
        MemBlockInfo(unsigned alloc_num, const char* label);
192
193
        ~MemBlockInfo();
194
        // Deleted default functions
195
196
        MemBlockInfo(const MemBlockInfo& ) = delete;
197
        MemBlockInfo& operator=(const MemBlockInfo&) = delete;
198
     };
199
     200
     /*!
       \class ObjectAllocator
203
       \brief
204
         The class that is the object allocator. User contructs an allocator with
         a OAConfig instance, and can use Allocate and Free to use memory.
205
        Internally, allocates a pool based on the given configuration and allocates
207
208
        using that pool. If debug is turned on, it would be possible to detect
209
        more errors.
210
        Operations include:
211
212
        - Allocate
213
        - Free
214
215
        Debug Operations:
216
        - DumpMemoryInUse
217
         - ValidePages
218
         - FreeEmptyPages
219
         - SetDebugState
```

```
220
          - GetFreeList
221
          - GetPageList
222
          - GetConfig
223
          - GetStats
224
      225
226
      // This memory manager class
227
      class ObjectAllocator
228
      {
      public:
229
230
          // Defined by the client (pointer to a block, size of block)
          typedef void (*DUMPCALLBACK)(const void *, size t);
231
232
233
          typedef void (*VALIDATECALLBACK)(const void *, size_t);
234
          // Predefined values for memory signatures
235
236
          static const unsigned char UNALLOCATED_PATTERN = 0xAA;
          static const unsigned char ALLOCATED PATTERN = 0xBB;
237
238
          static const unsigned char FREED PATTERN = 0xCC;
239
          static const unsigned char PAD PATTERN = 0xDD;
          static const unsigned char ALIGN_PATTERN = 0xEE;
240
241
          // Creates the ObjectManager per the specified values
242
          // Throws an exception if the construction fails. (Memory allocation problem)
243
          ObjectAllocator(size t ObjectSize, const OAConfig &config);
244
245
          // Destroys the ObjectManager (never throws)
246
          ~ObjectAllocator();
247
          // Deleted default functions
249
          ObjectAllocator(const ObjectAllocator& oa) = delete;
          ObjectAllocator& operator=(const ObjectAllocator& oa) = delete;
250
251
252
          // Take an object from the free list and give it to the client (simulates new)
          // Throws an exception if the object can't be allocated. (Memory allocation problem)
253
          void *Allocate(const char *label = nullptr);
254
255
256
          // Returns an object to the free list for the client (simulates delete)
          // Throws an exception if the the object can't be freed. (Invalid object)
257
          void Free(void *Object);
258
259
          // Calls the callback fn for each block still in use
260
          unsigned DumpMemoryInUse(DUMPCALLBACK fn) const;
261
263
          // Calls the callback fn for each block that is potentially corrupted
264
          unsigned ValidatePages(VALIDATECALLBACK fn) const;
          // Frees all empty pages (extra credit)
          unsigned FreeEmptyPages(void);
267
```

```
268
          // Returns true if FreeEmptyPages and alignments are implemented
269
270
          static bool ImplementedExtraCredit(void);
271
272
          // Testing/Debugging/Statistic methods
273
          void SetDebugState(bool State);
                                              // true=enable, false=disable
          const void *GetFreeList(void) const; // returns a pointer to the internal free list
274
275
          const void *GetPageList(void) const; // returns a pointer to the internal page list
276
          OAConfig GetConfig(void) const;
                                             // returns the configuration parameters
          OAStats GetStats(void) const;
                                              // returns the statistics for the allocator
277
278
      private:
279
280
                                                //! Stats of the object allocator
          OAStats stats;
                                                //! User defined configuration of the allocator
281
          OAConfig configuration;
282
          size t headerSize;
                                                //! The size of the header part of the page, post alig
                                                //! The size of each data part of the page (but not th
283
          size t dataSize;
                                                //! The size of the sum of data part of the page, post
284
          size_t totalDataSize;
          GenericObject *PageList_ = nullptr;
                                                //! The beginning of the list of pages
285
          GenericObject *FreeList = nullptr;
                                                //! The beginning of the list of free objects
287
288
          289
          GenericObject* allocate new page(size t pageSize);
                                                                            // Calls the actual new fo
          void put on freelist(GenericObject*Object); // puts Object onto the free list
291
292
          // Given a page address, removes all the objects in it from the freelist
293
          void removePageObjs from freelist(GenericObject* pageAddr);
294
          void freePage(GenericObject* temp);
295
          // For allocate
297
          void incrementStats();
          void freeHeader(GenericObject* Object, OAConfig::HBLOCK_TYPE headerType, bool ignoreThrow = fa
299
          // Given an addr, creates a handle at that point according to header type and config
          void updateHeader(GenericObject* Object, OAConfig::HBLOCK TYPE headerType, const char* label =
          // Builds a header when initialized from page. No checks
          void buildBasicHeader(GenericObject* addr);
          // Called when we allocate. Builds the external header for user. No checks
          void buildExternalHeader(GenericObject* Object, const char* label);
          // Called when allocate. Builds the extended header
          void buildExtendedHeader(GenericObject* Object);
          // Check boundaries full check. Slower
          void check boundary full(unsigned char* addr) const;
310
          // Check padding
          bool isPaddingCorrect(unsigned char* paddingAddr, size t size) const;
          bool checkData(GenericObject* objectdata, const unsigned char pattern) const;
314
          bool isInPage(GenericObject* pageAddr, unsigned char* addr) const;
          bool isPageEmpty(GenericObject* page) const;
```

```
316
          bool isObjectAllocated(GenericObject* object) const;
317
318
          // Given an address to an object, returns the address of the object's header file.
          unsigned char* toHeader(GenericObject* obj) const;
319
          unsigned char* toLeftPad(GenericObject* obj)const;
320
          unsigned char* toRightPad(GenericObject* obj)const;
321
323
          // Generice function to insert at the head of linked list
          void InsertHead(GenericObject* &head, GenericObject* node);
324
325
      };
326
327
      #endif
```