# Docker入门教程(七)Docker API

【编者的话】DockerOne组织翻译了Flux7的Docker入门教程,本文是系列入门教程的第七篇,重点介绍了Docker Registry API和Docker Hub API。

纵观我们的Docker系列教程,我们已经讨论了很多重要的<u>Docker组件</u>与<u>命令</u>。在本文中,我们将继续深入学习Docker:剖析Docker APIs。

Docker提供了很多的API以便用户使用。这些API包含四个方面:

- Docker Registry API
- Docker Hub API
- Docker OAuth API
- Docker Remote API

具体到这篇文章,我们将讨论Docker Registry API以及Docker Hub API。

## **Docker Registry API**

Docker Registry API是<u>Docker Registry</u>的REST API,它简化了镜像和仓库的存储。该API不能访问用户帐户或者获得授权。你可以阅读<u>Docker系列教程的第四章</u>,以了解更多有关Registry的类型(译者注:Docker中有几种不同的Registry)。

## **Extract image layer:**

取出镜像层:

GET /v1/images/(image\_id)/layer

```
oot@server2 ~ # curl -o test-image-layer -v --raw http://localhost:5000/v1/images/c5881f11ded9
fd2252adf93268114329e985624c5d7bb86e439a36109d1124e/layer
 About to connect() to localhost port 5000 (#0)
    Trying 127.0.0.1...
                           % Total
                                       % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                                                                       Time
                                                                               Time
                                                                                                 Time
Current
                                   Dload Upload
                                                             Spent
                                                                       Left
                                                                                   0connected
 GET /v1/images/c5881f11ded97fd2252adf93268114329e985624c5d7bb86e439a36109d1124e/layer HTTP/1.1
 User-Agent: curl/7.22.0 (x86_64-pc-linux-gnu) libcurl/7.22.0 OpenSSL/1.0.1 zlib/1.2.3.4 libidn
1.23 librtmp/2.3
 Host: localhost:5000
 Accept: */*
 Server: gunicorn/18.0
C Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2014 11:54:49 GMT
 Connection: keep-alive
 Content-Length: 18121987
< Accept-Ranges: bytes
< Expires: Wed, 24 Jun 2015 11:54:49 GMT
Last-Modified: Thu, 01 Jan 1970 00:00:00 GMT
< Cache-Control: public, max-age=31536000</pre>
Content-Type: application/octet-stream
 X-Docker-Registry-Version: 0.7.3
X-Docker-Registry-Config: dev
{ [data not shown]
100 17.2M 100 17.2M
                                    527M
 Connection #0 to host localhost left intact
 Closing connection #0
coot@server2 ~ # 1s -ltrh test-image-layer
rw-r--r-- 1 root root 18M Jun 24 13:54 test-image-layer
coot@server2 ~ #
```

#### Insert image layer:

插入镜像层:

PUT /v1/images/(image\_id)/layer

#### Retrieve an image:

检索镜像:

GET /v1/images/(image\_id)/json

#### Retrieve roots of an image:

检索根镜像:

GET /v1/images/(image\_id)/ancestry

#### Obtain all tags or specific tag of a repository:

获取库里所有的标签或者指定标签:

GET /v1/repositories/(namespace)/(repository)/tags

或者

GET /v1/repositories/(namespace)/(repository)/tags/(tag\*)

```
coot@server2 ~ # curl -v --raw http://localhost:5000/v1/repositorie
s/ubuntu/tags
 About to connect() to localhost port 5000 (#0)
   Trying 127.0.0.1... connected
 GET /v1/repositories/ubuntu/tags HTTP/1.1
> User-Agent: curl/7.22.0 (x86 64-pc-linux-gnu) libcurl/7.22.0 Open
SSL/1.0.1 zlib/1.2.3.4 libidn/1.23 librtmp/2.3
 Host: localhost:5000
 Accept: */*
 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
 Server: qunicorn/18.0
< Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2014 17:37:31 GMT
 Connection: keep-alive
 Expires: -1
 Content-Type: application/json
 Pragma: no-cache
 Cache-Control: no-cache
 Content-Length: 157
< X-Docker-Registry-Version: 0.7.3</p>
 X-Docker-Registry-Config: dev
 Connection #0 to host localhost left intact
 Closing connection #0
"latest": "e54ca5efa2e962582a223ca9810f7f1b62ea9b5c3975d14a5da79d3
bf6020f37", "precise": "ebe4be4dd427fcc7e137b340f60e458baa5fb710a28
0332454d2c8a8209a14d7"}root@server2 ~ #
```

#### Delete a tag:

#### 删除标签:

DELETE /v1/repositories/(namespace)/(repository)/tags/(tag\*)

```
Prot@server2 ~ # curl -v --raw -X DELETE http://localhost:5000/v1/repositories/ubuntu/latest
* About to connect() to localhost port 5000 (#0)
* Trying 127.0.0.1... connected
> DELETE /v1/repositories/ubuntu/latest HTTP/1.1
> User-Agent: curl/7.22.0 (x86_64-pc-linux-gnu) libcurl/7.22.0 OpenSSL/1.0.1 zlib/1.2.3.4 libidn/1.23 librtmp/2.3
> Host: localhost:5000
> Accept: */*
> HTTP/1.1 301 MOVED PERMANENTLY
< Server: gunicorn/18.0
< Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2014 13:58:11 GMT
< Connection: keep-alive
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
< Content-Length: 311
< Location: http://localhost:5000/v1/repositories/ubuntu/latest/
< X-Docker-Registry-Version: 0.7.3

X-Docker-Registry-Config: dev
< (!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-/W3C//DTD HTML 3.2 Final//EN">
<title>Redirecting...</tibe>

*Connection #0 to host localhost left intact
* Closing connection #0

*Content-Type: text/hlocalhost:5000/v1/repositories/ubuntu/latest/
< In the content of the c
```

## Status check of registry:

## registry状态检查:

GET /v1/\_ping

```
coot@server2 ~ # curl -v --raw http://localhost:5000/v1/ ping
 About to connect() to localhost port 5000 (#0)
    Trying 127.0.0.1... connected
 GET /v1/ ping HTTP/1.1
 User-Agent: curl/7.22.0 (x86 64-pc-linux-qnu) libcurl/7.22.0 Open
SSL/1.0.1 zlib/1.2.3.4 libidn/1.23 librtmp/2.3
> Host: localhost:5000
 Accept: */*
 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: qunicorn/18.0
 Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2014 17:38:59 GMT
 Connection: keep-alive
< X-Docker-Registry-Standalone: True</p>
< Expires: -1</pre>
 Content-Type: application/json
< Pragma: no-cache</pre>
< Cache-Control: no-cache</pre>
 Content-Length: 4
X-Docker-Registry-Version: 0.7.3
 X-Docker-Registry-Config: dev
 Connection #0 to host localhost left intact
 Closing connection #0
rueroot@server2 ~ #
```

#### **Docker Hub API**

Docker Hub API是Docker Hub的一个简单的REST API。再提醒一下,请参考<u>Docker系列教程的第四篇文章</u>了解Docker Hub。Docker Hub 通过管理校验(checksums)以及公共命名空间(public namespaces)来控制着用户帐户和授权。该API还支持有关用户仓库和library仓库的操作。

首先,让我们来看看特殊的library仓库(需要管理员权限)的命令:

1. 创建一个新的仓库。使用以下命令可以创建新的library仓库:

PUT /v1/repositories/(repo\_name)/

其中, repo name 是新的仓库名称。

2. 删除已经存在的仓库。命令如下:

DELETE /v1/repositories/(repo\_name)/

其中, repo\_name 是要删除的仓库名称。

3. 更新仓库镜像。命令如下:

PUT /v1/repositories/(repo\_name)/images

4. 从仓库中获取镜像。命令如下:

GET /v1/repositories/(repo\_name)/images

5. 授权。使用Token获取仓库授权,如下:

PUT /v1/repositories/(repo\_name)/auth

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接下来,让我们来看看用户仓库的命令。library仓库与用户仓库命令之间的主要区别是命名空间的使用。

## 1. 创建用户仓库。命令如下:

PUT /v1/repositories/(namespace)/(repo\_name)/

```
Terminal - root@server2:~ - + X

File Edit View Terminal Go Help

root@server2 ~ # curl --raw -L -X POST --post301 -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Ty

pe: application/json" --data-ascii '{"email": "test@flux7.com","password": "toto42","username

": "testhubapi" }' https://index.docker.io/v1/users

e

"User created"

0

root@server2 ~ #
```

## 2.删除用户仓库,命令如下:

DELETE /v1/repositories/(namespace)/(repo\_name)/

```
Terminal - root@server2:~ - + ×

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root@server2 ~ # curl --raw -L -X DELETE --user sampritavh:test1234 -H "Accept: application/j
son" -H "Content-Type: application/json" --post301 https://index.docker.io/v1/repositories/s
ampritavh/dockerplayground3
2
""

0

root@server2 ~ #

comments
```

## 3. 更新用户仓库镜像,命令如下:

PUT /v1/repositories/(namespace)/(repo\_name)/images

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```
Terminal - root@server2: ~
  File
                                            Help
               View Terminal Go
      @server2 ~ # curl --raw -L -X PUT --user sampritavh:test1234 -H "Accept: application/json
   -H "Content-Type: application/json" --post301 --data-ascii '[{"id" : "079698a2ace7711326b27
d5d101682f22dd3f22e67e63ab097cd6adf119de976", "checksum": "b486531f9a779a0c17e3ed29dae8f12c4f
9e89cc6f0bc3c38722009fe6857087"}]' https://index.docker.io/v1/repositories/sampritavh/dockerp
layground/images
       @server2 ~ # curl --raw https://index.docker.io/v1/repositories/sampritavh/dockerplaygrou
nd/images
600
[{"checksum": "b486531f9a779a0c17e3ed29dae8f12c4f9e89cc6f0bc3c38722009fe6857087", "id": "0796
 98a2ace7711326b27d5d101682f22dd3f22e67e63ab097cd6adf119de976"}, {"checksum": "",
98a2ace7711326b27d5d101682f22dd3f22e67e63ab097cd6adT119ue97o }, { check5am ' ' ' ' ' ' id": "1f46da
9f1d856a928e1ad808e8f6194b6b1deee3e5384ddf63095c247f9e70090"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "1f46da
0de9f822984176dd261d458855262c6185faa58f75b62dffd1e202e57"}, {"checksum": "",
c5cc6b96670cc327b37a59cb09955766463be43c07aa45cd58ccd"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "6170bb7b0ad1
003a827e4dc5253ba49f6719599eac485db51eaafd507c13c311"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "6170bb7b0ad1 003a827e4dc5253ba49f6719599eac485db51eaafd507c13c311"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "6d71187017ae6 227307f6a557967e7f84e639df33cbee4bde6372d85a8dde515"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "8fc5239c5506e9 f3c75e46454ca0568036770b570962d32bc8064098687d6b9b"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "9cd978db300e273 86baa9dd791bf6dc818f13e52235b26e95703361ec3c94dc6"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "ae66dff5cd30fe7c aac82dd48465e3aecd95cb0f25ee908fc1ea942b7ff1d4cc"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "b05d9cfbd4a1152ba e28b8d24e8c99ad4f2c5e8432d67fffad6418c7344c1b2f"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "b853594c90668fc430 61d8969cac461422f0376fb0b3329c9438fdac2c447024"}, {"checksum": "", "id": "db66450964455320651 50deb624bcb8224b08ac891da6465614f0cc2fa8abb5f"}]
50deb624bcb8224b08ac891da6465614f0cc2fa8abb5f"}1
      @server2 ~ #
```

#### 4.从仓库中下载镜像。如下:

GET /v1/repositories/(namespace)/(repo\_name)/images

```
Terminal - root@server2: ~
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                                   Help
    @server2 ~ # curl --raw https://index.docker.io/v1/repositories/sampritavh/dockerplaygrou
nd/images
5c0
[{"checksum": "", "id": "079698a2ace7711326b27d5d101682f22dd3f22e67e63ab097cd6adf119de976"},
{"checksum": "", "id": "1d2e39f1d856a928e1ad808e8f6194bbb1deee3e3364dd16363522
"checksum": "", "id": "1f46da516f380d7a7fa3d38db36de30fdd0d8d6359a4ee3780a6ed58ee15d5bb"}, {
"checksum": "", "id": "1f46da516f380d7a7fa3d38db36de30fdd0d8d6359a4ee3780a6ed58ee15d5bb"}, {"
                 "id": "20479400de9f822984176dd261d458855262c6185faa58f75b62dffd1e202e57"}, {"c
hecksum": "", "id": "346579db052c8e4e2987ea7b62556f6a45d74120bb43c142c03c2272.
ecksum": "", "id": "4d4b27e7ee977535ca10fca14470b2d552050980aac4c2458f5ab1eecfdd79fb"}, {"che
            "id": "51ee3d7e81dc5cc6b96670cc327b37a59cb09955766463be43c07aa45cd58ccd"}, {"check
           "id": "6170bb7b0ad1003a827e4dc5253ba49f6719599eac485db51eaafd507c13c311"}, {"checks
um": "", "id": "6d71187017ae6227307f6a557967e7f84e639df33cbee4bde6372d85a8dde515"}, {"checksu
    "", "id": "8fc5239c5506e9f3c75e46454ca0568036770b570962d32bc8064098687d6b9b"}, {"checksum
       "id": "9cd978db300e27386baa9dd791bf6dc818f13e52235b26e95703361ec3c94dc6"}, {"checksum"
       "id": "ae66dff5cd30fe7caac82dd48465e3aecd95cb0f25ee908fc1ea942b7ff1d4cc"}, {"checksum":
     "id": "b05d9cfbd4a1152bae28b8d24e8c99ad4f2c5e8432d67fffad6418c7344c1b2f"}, {"checksum":
"", "id": "b853594c90668fc43061d8969cac461422f0376fb0b3329c9438fdac2c447024"}, {"checksum":
   "id": "db6645096445532065150deb624bcb8224b08ac891da6465614f0cc2fa8abb5f"}]
    @server2 ~ #
```

## 5. 验证用户登录,如下:

GET /v1/users

```
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root@server2 ~ # curl --raw -L --user sampritavh:test1234 https://index.docker.io/v1/users

4

"OK"

0

root@server2 ~ #
```

6.添加新用户,命令如下:

POST /v1/users

7. 更新用户信息,如下:

PUT /v1/users/(username)/

现在,我们已经走过了Docker API之旅的第一站,第二站是有关Docker OAuth以及Remote API的内容, 我们将在Docker系列教程的下一篇见。

原文链接:<u>Ultimate Guide for Docker APIs</u> (翻译:<u>田浩浩</u> 审校:李颖杰)

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#### 译者介绍

**田浩浩**,<u>悉尼大学USYD</u>硕士研究生,目前在珠海从事Android应用开发工作。业余时间专注Docker的学习与研究,希望通过DockerOne把最新最优秀的译文贡献给大家,与读者一起畅游Docker的海洋。

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Docker入门教程(二)命令

Docker入门教程(三)DockerFile

Docker入门教程(四) Docker Registry

Docker入门教程(五) Docker安全

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Docker入门教程(七)Docker API

<u>Docker入门教程(八)Docker Remote API</u>

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