Table results for 100 simulations and 100 observations. In a cell, the first number is the average correcation coefficient. The second number is the number of times the suspect achieved the highest correlation.

	unif.	exp.	gumbel	normal	logistic	power	pareto	frechet	weibull	log-norm	fisk
uniform	1 89	0.88 0	0.95 0	0.98 0	0.96 0	0.99 9	0.67 0	0.8 0	0.97 2	0.9 0	0.9 0
exponential	0.88 0	1 46	0.97 4	0.9 0	0.9 0	0.97 1	0.8 0	0.9 0	1 47	0.96 2	0.96 0
gumbel	0.94 0	0.97 0	1 43	0.97 0	0.97 0	0.88 0	0.94 0	0.98 14	0.95 0	1 32	0.99 11
normal	0.98 0	0.9 0	0.97 0	1 52	1 21	0.97 2	0.81 0	0.9 0	0.99 17	0.97 7	0.97 1
logistic	0.96 0	0.9 0	0.97 1	0.99 21	1 59	0.95 0	0.83 0	0.91 0	0.98 6	0.97 6	0.97 7
power	0.98 20	0.81 0	0.9 0	0.97 2	0.96 0	0.99 78	0.67 0	0.8 0	0.97 0	0.9 0	0.9 0
pareto	0.65 0	0.9 5	0.84 0	0.72 0	0.74 0	0.68 0	1 92	0.97 3	0.8 0	0.9 0	0.9 0
frechet	0.69 0	0.91 3	0.86 0	0.76 0	0.77 0	0.8 0	0.97 4	1 91	0.9 0	0.97 2	0.97 0
weibull	0.98 1	0.92 0	0.98 2	1 43	0.99 1	0.97 1	0.8 0	0.9 0	1 45	0.97 7	0.97 0
log-normal	0.77 0	0.96 9	0.91 0	0.82 0	0.83 0	0.91 0	0.9 0	0.97 3	0.97 1	1 67	1 20
fisk	0.7 0	0.9 5	0.86 1	0.77 0	0.79 0	0.9 0	0.9 0	0.96 14	0.95 5	0.97 0	0.98 75