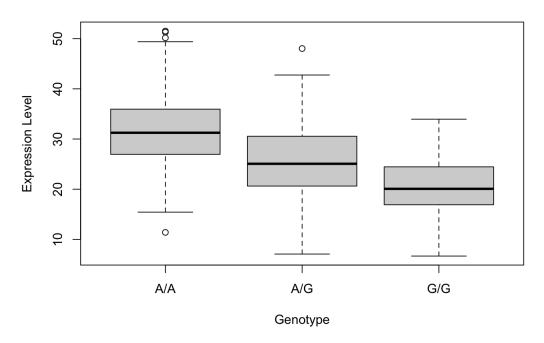
## Class 12

file\_path = '/mnt/data/rs8067378\_ENSG00000172057.6.csv'

AUTHOR Erin Li

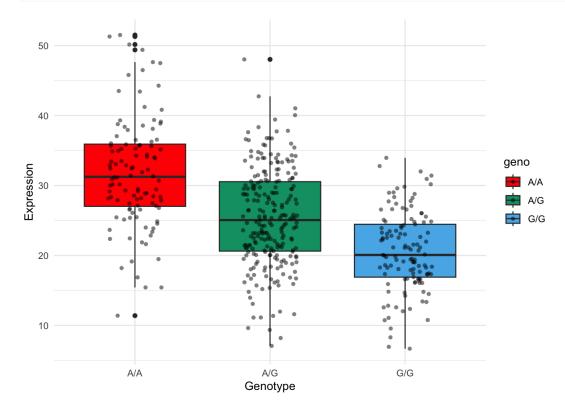
```
# read the file
 data <- read.table("rs8067378_ENSG00000172057.6.csv", header = TRUE, sep = "")</pre>
 # Display the first few rows of the dataframe to understand its structure
 head(data)
   sample geno
                    exp
1 HG00367 A/G 28.96038
2 NA20768 A/G 20.24449
3 HG00361 A/A 31.32628
4 HG00135 A/A 34.11169
5 NA18870 G/G 18.25141
6 NA11993 A/A 32.89721
library(dplyr)
Attaching package: 'dplyr'
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
    filter, lag
The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
    intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
 summary_data <- data %>%
   group_by(geno) %>%
   summarise(SampleSize = n(),
             MedianExpression = median(exp, na.rm = TRUE))
Q13
 # Print the summary data
 print(summary_data)
# A tibble: 3 \times 3
  geno SampleSize MedianExpression
  <chr>
           <int>
                        <dbl>
1 A/A
              108
                              31.2
2 A/G
               233
                               25.1
3 G/G
               121
                               20.1
Q14
 boxplot(exp ~ geno, data = data, main = "Expression Levels by Genotype",
         xlab = "Genotype", ylab = "Expression Level")
```

## **Expression Levels by Genotype**



```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(data, aes(x=geno, y=exp, fill=geno)) +
   geom_boxplot() +
   geom_jitter(shape=16, position=position_jitter(0.2), alpha=0.5) + # Adds the points on the plot
   scale_fill_manual(values=c("#FF0000","#009E73", "#56B4E9")) + # Change colors as needed
   labs(x="Genotype", y="Expression") +
   theme_minimal()
```



The median expression level for the genotype A/A is higher than for G/G. The interquartile range (IQR), which represents the middle 50% of the data, is narrower for G/G than for A/A, suggesting that expression levels for G/G are more consistent compared to A/A. There are some outliers in both groups, but especially in the A/A group. These patterns suggest the A/A genotype may be linked to increased ORMDL3 expression compared to G/G.