CodePDF

Creates PDF/HTML files from code/markdown files.

Dependencies:

These are system package dependencies.

- Python 3+ (python3): This program uses python 3 features, and is not compatible with Python 2.
- WKHtmIToPDF (wkhtmltopdf): Converts HTML to PDF, and is required by pdfkit.

Python package dependencies:

These packages can be installed with pip.

- Docopt (docopt): Used for command-line argument parsing.
- Markdown (markdown): Used for converting markdown files.
- PdfKit (pdfkit): Used for converting html to pdf.
- Pygments (pygments): Used for converting code files.

Installation:

I recommend symlinking this script somewhere in your \$PATH:

```
git clone https://github.com/welbornprod/codepdf.git
cd codepdf
ln -s "$PWD/codepdf.py" ~/.local/bin/codepdf
```

Command line help:

```
Usage:
    codepdf -h | -S | -v
    codepdf [FILE...] [-f] [-H] [-l] [-o file] [-s style] [-t title] [-D]
Options:
    FILE
                            : File names to convert, or - for stdin.
                             If no names are given, stdin is used.
    -D, --debug
                            : Print some debug info while running.
    -f,--forcemd
                           : Highlight markdown syntax, instead of
                              converting to HTML.
    -h,--help
                           : Show this help message.
    -H, --html
                           : Output in HTML instead of PDF.
                             Using .htm or .html as the output file
                             extension will automatically set this flag.
                         : Use line numbers.
    -l,--linenumbers
                           : Output file name.
    -o file,--out file
                              Default: <input_basename>.pdf
    -s name,--style name
                          : Pygments style name to use for code files.
                             Default: default
                            : Print all known pygments styles.
    -S,--styles
    -t title, --title title : Title for the PDF
                              Default: <input filename>
    -v,--version
                           : Show version.
```

Examples:

<u>example.pdf</u> is a PDF file that was created by running:

```
codepdf README.md requirements.txt codepdf.py -o example.pdf
```

example.html is an HTML file that was created by running:

```
codepdf README.md requirements.txt codepdf.py -o example.html
```

№ requirements.txt

```
Colr>=0.2.5
docopt>=0.6.2
Markdown>=2.6.6
pdfkit>=0.5.0
Pygments>=2.1.3
```

ം codepdf.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
""" codepdf.py
    Convert code/text files to pdf.
    -Christopher Welborn 06-13-2016
# print_function just to say "don't use python 2."
from __future__ import print_function
import inspect
import os
import sys
try:
    from contextlib import suppress
except ImportError as ex:
    print('Error importing contextlib.suppress: {}'.format(ex))
    if sys.version_info.major < 3:
    # Better message than 'cannot import name suppress'</pre>
         print(
               \n'.join((
                    \nCodePDF only works with Python 3+.',
                   '\nCurrent python version:\n {}'.format(
    sys.version.replace('\n', '\n')
              file=sys.stderr
    sys.exit(1)
# Third-party libs.
    from colr import (
         auto_disable as colr_auto_disable,
         Colr as C
    from docopt import docopt
    from markdown import markdown
    \textbf{from markdown.extensions.codehilite import} \ \ \textbf{CodeHiliteExtension}
    \textbf{from markdown.extensions.fenced\_code import} \ \ \textbf{FencedCodeExtension}
    from markdown.extensions.sane_lists import SaneListExtension
    from pdfkit import from string as pdf_from_string
from pygments import highlight, lexers, formatters, styles
    from pygments.util import ClassNotFound
except ImportError as eximpcolr:
    print(
          '\n'
              .join((
              'Failed to import {pname}, you may need to install it:',
                   pip install {exc.name}',
              'Original error:',
                    {exc.msg}'
         )).format(
              pname=exc.name.title(),
              exc=exc
         file=sys.stderr
    sys.exit(1)
# Disable colors when piping output.
colr auto disable()
NAME = 'CodePDF'
VERSION = '0.0.4'
VERSIONSTR = '{} v. {}'.format(NAME, VERSION)
SCRIPT = os.path.split(os.path.abspath(sys.argv[0]))[1]
SCRIPTDIR = os.path.abspath(sys.path[0])
# Global debug flag, set with --debug.
DEBUG = False
# File name to trigger reading from stdin.
STDIN NAME = '-
# Default pygments style.
DEFAULT_STYLE = 'default'
# Default pygments lexer, when it can't be detected.
DEFAULT LEXER = 'text'
# Class name for each file's div.
DIV_CLASS = 'hilight'
USAGESTR = """{versionstr}
    Usage:
         {script} -h | -S | -v
         {script} [FILE...] [-f] [-H] [-l] [-o file] [-s style] [-t title] [-D]
    Options:
```

```
FILE
                                     : File names to convert, or {stdin} for stdin.
                                       If no names are given, stdin is used.
         -D,--debug
                                     : Print some debug info while running.
         -f, --forcemd
                                     : Highlight markdown syntax, instead of
                                     converting to HTML. : Show this help message.
         -h.--help
                                     : Output in HTML instead of PDF.
         -H,--html
                                       Using .htm or .html as the output file
                                       extension will automatically set this flag.
         -l,--linenumbers
                                     : Use line numbers.
         -o file,--out file
                                     : Output file name.
                                       Default: <input_basename>.pdf
         -s name,--style name
                                     : Pygments style name to use for code files.
         Default: {default_style}
-S,--styles : Print all known pygments styles.
-t title,--title title : Title for the PDF.
                                       Default: <input_filename>
         -v,--version
                                     : Show version.
""".format(
    default style=DEFAULT STYLE,
    script=SCRIPT
    \verb|stdin=STDIN NAME| \\
    versionstr=VERSIONSTR
def main(argd):
      "" Main entry point, expects doctopt arg dict as argd. """
    global DEBUG
    DEBUG = argd['--debug']
    if argd['--styles']:
         return print_styles()
    filenames = argd['FILE'] or [STDIN_NAME]
    html_mode = argd['--html']
    outname = get_output_name(
         filenames,
         output name=argd['--out'],
         html mode=html mode,
    # Check for user-provided .html output file.
    if not html_mode:
         html mode = outname.lower().endswith(('.htm', '.html'))
    success = convert_files(
  argd['FILE'] or [STDIN_NAME],
  argd['--out'] or get_output_name(filenames),
  stylename=argd['--style'],
         linenos=argd['--linenumbers'],
title=argd['--title'],
force_highlight=argd['--forcemd'],
         html_mode=html_mode,
    if success:
         print(outname)
         return 0
    {\it return}\ 1
def build_html(body, styles=None, title=None):
        Try to build a somewhat-sane html page from a body and style-defs. """
    if not styles:
         styles = ['body {font-family: sans-serif;}']
    else:
         styles = list(styles)
         styles.insert(0, 'body {font-family: sans-serif;}')
    styles.append('\n'.join((
          'hr {
         'border-style: hidden;',
          'height: 2px;
         'background: #f1f1f1;'.
          'margin-top: 25px;',
         '}',
    )))
    return '\n'.join((
    '<html>',
         '<head>'
          '<title>{}</title>'.format(title or ''),
         '<style type="text/css">',
         '\n'.join(styles),
         '</style>'
         '</head>',
         '<body>',
         body,
         '</body>'
'</html>'
    ))
```

```
filenames, outputname,
         stylename=None, linenos=False,
     title=None, force_highlight=False, html_mode=False):
""" Convert all files into a single PDF. """
     stylename = stylename or DEFAULT STYLE
     debug(
          \n'.join((
    'Converting files:\n
                                          {}'.format(
                            '.join(os.path.split(s)[-1] for s in filenames)
               'Output file: {outfile}',
                     Forced: {forced}'
                    LineNos: {linenos}',
                      Style: {style}'
                      Title: {title}'
         )).format(
              outfile=outputname,
              forced=force highlight,
              linenos=linenos,
              style=stylename,
              title=title,
         )
     htmlcontent = []
     styledefs = []
     for i, filename in enumerate(filenames):
         titletext = title or os.path.split(filename)[-1]
         if titletext in (STDIN_NAME,):
              titletext = 'stdin
         formatter = get_formatter(
              stylename=stylename,
              linenos=linenos,
              title=titletext,
         if not styledefs:
              styledefs.append(formatter.get_style_defs())
         htmlcontent.append(
              convert to html div(
                   filename,
                   formatter,
                   stylename=stylename,
                   linenos=linenos,
                   force highlight=force highlight
     allcontent = build_html(
          '<hr class="nv">'.join(htmlcontent),
         styles=styledefs,
         title=titletext
     if html_mode:
         debug('Writing HTML to file...')
         with open(outputname, 'w') as f:
              f.write(allcontent)
         return True
     debug('Converting to PDF...')
     return pdf from string(
         allcontent.
         outputname,
         options={'--title': titletext, '--quiet': ''}
     )
def convert_highlighted(filename, formatter):
    """ Highlight a file with pygments, and return the resulting HTML div. """
     displayname, content = get_file_content(filename)
    lexer = get file_lexer(filename, content)
debug('Highlighting: {}'.format(displayname))
     linkid = get_elem_id(displayname)
return '\n'.join((
    '<div class="file">',
         get_permalink_html(linkid),
          < h\overline{2} id = "{}"
                        style="display: inline-block">{}</h2>'.format(
              linkid,
              displayname
         ),
'<div class="{}">'.format(DIV_CLASS),
highlight(content, lexer, formatter),
         '</div>',
'</div>'
     ))
def convert_markdown(filename, stylename=None, linenos=False):
      """ Convert a markdown file to an HTML div, and return the result. """
     displayname, content = get_file_content(filename)
    stylename = stylename.lower() if stylename else DEFAULT_STYLE
debug('Converting MD: {}'.format(displayname))
     hilighter = CodeHiliteExtension(
         pygments_style=stylename,
```

```
linenums=linenos.
        noclasses=True,
    return '\n'.join((
        '<div class="markdown">',
        markdown(
            content,
            output format='html5',
            extensions=[
                hilighter
                FencedCodeExtension(),
                SaneListExtension(),
        ),
'</div>'
    ))
def convert to html div(
        filename, formatter,
        stylename=None, linenos=False, force highlight=False):
    """ Convert a file to an html div.
        The conversion method depends on the file extension.
        build html() should be used with the content returned here.
    if (not force_highlight) and filename.endswith(('.md', '.markdown')):
        return convert markdown(
            filename,
            stylename=stylename,
            linenos=linenos
    return convert_highlighted(filename, formatter)
def debug(*args, **kwargs):
    """ Print a message only if DEBUG is truthy. """
    if not (DEBUG and args):
        return None
    # Include parent class name when given.
    parent = kwargs.get('parent', None)
    with suppress(KeyError):
        kwargs.pop('parent')
    # Go back more than once when given.
    backlevel = kwargs.get('back', 1)
    with suppress(KeyError):
        kwargs.pop('back')
    frame = inspect.currentframe()
    # Go back a number of frames (usually 1).
    while backlevel > 0:
        frame = frame.f_back
        backlevel -= 1
    fname = os.path.split(frame.f_code.co_filename)[-1]
    lineno = frame.f_lineno
    if parent:
        func = '{}.{}'.format(parent.__class__.__name__, frame.f_code.co_name)
    else:
        func = frame.f_code.co_name
    lineinfo = '{}:{} {}: '.format(
    C(fname, 'yellow'),
        C(str(lineno).ljust(4), 'blue'),
        C().join(C(func, 'magenta'), '()').ljust(20)
    # Patch args to stay compatible with print().
    pargs = list(C(a, 'green').str() for a in args)
    pargs[0] = ''.join((lineinfo, pargs[0]))
    print(*pargs, **kwargs)
def get_elem_id(s):
        Transform a file name or text into a slug, usable for an element id.
        Removes non alpha-numeric characters, replaces spaces with -.
    return '-'.join(
          .join(c for c in word if c.isalnum())
        for word in s.split()
    ).lower()
def get_file_content(filename):
        Returns a tuple of (display name, content), handling stdin if
        STDIN_NAME is used.
    if filename in (STDIN NAME,):
        return 'stdin', read stdin()
    with open(filename, 'r') as f:
      content = f.read()
```

```
return os.path.split(filename)[-1], content
def get file lexer(filename, content):
         Try to get a lexer by file extension, guess by content if that fails.
    ....
         # Pygments sometimes returns a weird lexer for .txt files.
         if filename.lower().endswith('.txt'):
             lexer = lexers.get lexer by name('text')
             lexer = lexers.get_lexer_for_filename(filename)
    except ClassNotFound:
         try:
             # Guess by content.
             lexer = lexers.guess_lexer(content)
         except ClassNotFound:
             # Fall back to default lexer.
             lexer = lexers.get lexer by name(DEFAULT LEXER)
    return lexer
def get_formatter(stylename=None, linenos=False, title=None, full=False):
      "" Get an HTMLFormatter from pygments. ""
    stylename = stylename.lower() if stylename else DEFAULT STYLE
    try:
         formatter = formatters.HtmlFormatter(
             cssclass=DIV_CLASS,
             linenos='inline' if linenos is True else linenos,
             style=stylename,
             full=full.
             title=title
         )
    except ClassNotFound:
         raise InvalidArg(
              \n'.join((
   'Unknown style name: {style}',
                  'Expecting:
                       {styles}'
             )).format(
                  style=stylename,
                  styles='\n
                                 '.join(sorted(styles.STYLE_MAP))
    return formatter
def get_permalink_html(linkid):
    """ Return HTML needed to build a permalink link/icon for a header. """
    <svg style="vertical-align: middle; display: inline;"
height="16" version="1.1" viewBox="0 0 16 16" width="16">
    <path d="M4 9h1v1H4c-1.5 0-3-1.69-3-3.5S2.55 3 4 3h4c1.45 0 3 1.69 3 3.5 0</pre>
    1.41-.91 2.72-2 3.25V8.59c.58-.45 1-1.27 1-2.09C10 5.22 8.98 4 8 4H4c-.98
    0-2 1.22-2 2.5S3 9 4 9zm9-3h-1v1h1c1 0 2 1.22 2 2.5S13.98 12 13 12H9c-.98
    0-2-1.22-2-2.5 0-.83.42-1.64 1-2.09V6.25c-1.09.53-2 1.84-2 3.25C6 11.31
    7.55 13 9 13h4c1.45 0 3-1.69 3-3.5S14.5 6 13 6z">
    </path></svg>
    return '\n'.join((
    '<a href="#{}" style="text-decoration: none;">'.format(linkid),
         svg,
         '</a>
    ))
def get_output_name(filenames, output_name=None, html_mode=False):
        Determine output file name to use when the user hasn't given one. """
    if output_name:
         \# Short-circuit auto-name-detection.
         return output_name
    inputname = filenames[0]
    if inputname == '-':
         inputname = 'stdin'
    parentdir, basename = os.path.split(inputname)
    if not parentdir:
    parentdir = os.getcwd()
return '{name}{ext}'.format(
         name = os.path.join(parentdir, os.path.splitext(basename)[0]),\\
         ext='.html' if html mode else '.pdf'
    )
def print_err(*args, **kwargs):
    """ A wrapper for print() that uses stderr by default. """

if kwargs.get('file', None) is None:
         kwargs['file'] = sys.stderr
    print(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
def print_styles():
    """ Print all known pygments styles and return a success status code.
    print('\n'.join((
         '\nStyle names:',
' {}'.format(
   '\n '.join
                    '.join(sorted(styles.STYLE MAP))
    )))
     return 0
def read_stdin():
    """ Read from stdin, print a message if it's a terminal. """
    if sys.stdin.isatty() and sys.stdout.isatty():
    print('\nReading from stdin until end of file (Ctrl + D)...\n')
     return sys.stdin.read()
class InvalidArg(ValueError):
     """ Raised when the user has used an invalid argument. """
    def __init__(self, msg=None):
         self.msg = msg or '
         str_(self):
if self.msg:
    return 'Invalid argument, {}'.format(self.msg)
         return 'Invalid argument!'
if __name__ == '__main__':
    try:
         mainret = main(docopt(USAGESTR, version=VERSIONSTR))
     except InvalidArg as ex:
         print_err(ex)
         mainret = 1
     except (EOFError, KeyboardInterrupt):
         print_err('\nUser cancelled.\n', file=sys.stderr)
         mainret = 2
     except BrokenPipeError:
         print_err(
               \nBroken pipe, input/output was interrupted.\n',
              file=sys.stderr)
         mainret = 3
    except EnvironmentError as ex:
         if ex.strerror and ex.filename:
              print_err(
                   '\n{x.strerror}: {x.filename}'.format(x=ex)
         else:
              print_err('\n{}'.format(ex))
         mainret = 1
     sys.exit(mainret)
```