Assignment Name: Program for array perform insert, delete & display operation.

Class: MCA I Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#includeprocess.h>
class demo
      int a[10], i, j, n, item, k;
public:
      void get();
      void insert();
      void del();
      void dis();
};
void demo::get()
      cout<<"\nEnter n";</pre>
      cin>>n;
      cout<<"\nEnter Array Element:";</pre>
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      cin>>a[i];
}
void demo::insert()
      cout<<"\nEnter Position:";</pre>
      cout<<"\nEnter Item:";</pre>
      cin>>item;
      j=n;
      while (j \ge k)
            a[j+1]=a[j];
            j--;
      a[k]=item;
      n++;
}
void demo::del()
{
      cout<<"\nEnter Position:";</pre>
      cin>>k;
      j=k;
      while (j \le n-1)
            a[j]=a[j+1];
            j++;
      }
      n--;
}
void demo::dis()
      cout<<"\n Elements are\n";</pre>
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      cout << a[i] << "\t";
}
void main()
      clrscr();
```

1

```
demo d;
     int ch;
     d.get();
     cout<<"\n1. Insert 2.Del 3.Dis 4. Exit\n";</pre>
     while(ch!=4)
           cout<<"\n Enter choice";</pre>
           cin>>ch;
           switch (ch)
                case 1: d.insert(); break;
                case 2: d.del(); break;
                case 3: d.dis(); break;
                 case 4: exit(0);
     getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter n 3
Enter Array Element:1 2 4
1. Insert 2.Del 3.Dis 4. Exit
Enter choice 3
Elements are
   2
Enter choice 1
Enter Position: 2
Enter Item: 6
Enter choice 3
Elements are
  6
Enter choice 2
Enter Position: 3
Enter choice 3
Elements are
       6
Enter choice 4
```

```
Assignment Name: Program for matrix addition, substraction, multiplication and
transpose of matrix
Class: MCA I
                                                  Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
______
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class matrix
     int a[5][5],b[5][5],c[5][5],d[5][5],e[5][5],f[5][5];
     int p,q,i,j,k,n,m;
     public:
          void get();
          void add();
          void sub();
          void trans();
          void mul();
};
void matrix::get()
     cout<<"\nEnter Number of Row & Column :\t";</pre>
     cin>>n>>m;
     cout<<"\nEnter the first Matrix:\n";</pre>
     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
          for(j=0;j<m;j++)
          cin>>a[i][j];
     cout<<"\nEnter Number of Row & Column :\t";</pre>
     cin>>p>>q;
     cout<<"\nEnter the Second Matrix:\n";</pre>
     for(i=0;i<p;i++)
          for(j=0;j<q;j++)
          cin>>b[i][j];
     }
}
void matrix::add()
     cout<<"\nThe addition of two matrix is :\n";</pre>
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     {
          for(j=0;j<m;j++)
                c[i][j]=a[i][j]+b[i][j];
               cout << c[i][j] << "\t";
        cout<<"\n";
     }
```

```
}
void matrix::sub()
    cout<<"\nThe Subtraction of two matrix is :\n";</pre>
     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     {
           for(j=0;j<m;j++)
                 d[i][j]=a[i][j]-b[i][j];
                 cout<<d[i][j]<<"\t";
         cout<<"\n";
     }
}
void matrix::trans()
     cout<<"\nThe Transpose of first matrix is :\n";</pre>
     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
           for(j=0;j<m;j++)
                 e[i][j]=a[j][i];
                 cout<<e[i][j]<<"\t";
           cout<<"\n";
      }
}
void matrix::mul()
     cout<<"\nThe Matrix Multiplication is : \n";</pre>
     if(m==p)
      for(i=0;i<n;i++)
           for(j=0;j<q;j++)
           c[i][j]=0;
            for (k=0; k<p; k++)
                 c[i][j]=c[i][j]+a[i][k]*b[k][j];
                  cout<<c[i][j]<<"\t";
            cout<<"\n";
      }
     }
     else
     cout<<"\n Matrix Multiplication not possible";</pre>
}
void main()
     clrscr();
     matrix m;
     m.get();
```

```
m.add();
     m.sub();
     m.trans();
     m.mul();
     getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter Number of Row & Column : 3 3
Enter the first Matrix:
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
Enter Number of Row & Column : 3 3
Enter the first Matrix:
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
The addition of two matrix is :
2
       4
               6
       10
               12
8
14
      16
              18
The Substraction of two matrix is :
0
    0
           0
0
       0
0
      0
             0
The Transpose of first matrix is :
            7
   4
1
2
       5
               8
3
       6
               9
The Matrix Multiplication is :
30 36
               96
66
      81
      126
               150
102
```

Assignment Name: Implement Stack for Integer/character perform different operation on stack (push, pop, peep, change).

Class: MCA I

Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#includeprocess.h>
int n;
class stack
  private:
      int s[10], top, ele, i; // char s[10] for character
  public:
      stack()
      {
            top=-1;
      }
      void push();
      void dis();
      void pop();
      void peep();
      void change();
};
void stack::push()
{
      if(top>=n-1)
       cout<<"\nStack is overflow:";</pre>
      else
       cout<<"\nEnter element:";</pre>
       cin>>ele;
       top++;
       s[top]=ele;
}
void stack::dis()
      if(top==-1)
       cout<<"\n Stack is Empty";</pre>
      }
      else
      cout<<"\nElements in stack are:\n";</pre>
      for(i=top;i>=0;i--)
       cout<<s[i]<<"\t";
}
void stack::pop()
      if(top==-1)
            cout<<"\nUnderflow";</pre>
      }
      else
            cout<<"\nPop ele is "<<s[top];</pre>
                   top--;
```

```
}
}
void stack::peep()
      cout<<"\nEnter position:";</pre>
      cin>>i;
      if((top-i+1)<0)
            cout<<"\nUnderflow";</pre>
      }
      else
      {
      cout<<"\nPeep ele is "<<s[top-i+1];</pre>
}
void stack::change()
      cout<<"\nEnter position ";</pre>
      cin>>i;
      if((top-i+1)<0)
            cout<<"\nUnderflow";</pre>
      }
      else
      {
                                     //char n; for character
            cout<<"\nEnter element:";</pre>
            cin>>n;
            s[top-i+1]=n;
      }
}
void main()
      clrscr();
      stack s;
      cout<<"Enter size of stack";</pre>
      cin>>n;
      int ch;
      cout<<"\n1. Push 2.Display 3.Pop 4.Peep 5.Change 6.Exit\n";</pre>
      while(ch!=6)
      {
            cout<<"\nEnter ch :";</pre>
            cin>>ch;
            switch (ch)
                  case 1: s.push(); break;
                  case 2: s.dis(); break;
                  case 3: s.pop();break;
                  case 4: s.peep(); break;
                  case 5: s.change(); break;
                  case 6: exit(0);
      getch();
}
```

```
*/ Output */
Enter size of stack 3
1. Push 2.Display 3.Pop 4.Peep 5.Change 6.Exit
Enter ch :1
Enter element:10
Enter ch :1
Enter element:20
Enter ch :1
Enter element:30
Enter ch :1
Stack is overflow:
Enter ch :2
Elements in stack are:
   20
               10
Enter ch :3
Pop ele is 30
Enter ch :2
Elements in stack are:
20 10
Enter ch :4
Enter position:1
Peep ele is 20
Enter ch :
2
Elements in stack are:
20
    10
Enter ch :5
Enter position 1
Enter element:80
Enter ch :2
```

80

Enter ch : 6

Elements in stack are:

```
Assignment Name: Program to Implement Stack using LL
Class: MCA I
                                                      Lab: CA Lab III (DS)
#include<conio.h>
#include<iostream.h>
#includeprocess.h>
class stack
      int info, ele;
      stack *node, *link, *top;
public:
      stack()
           top=NULL;
      }
     void insert();
     void del();
     void dis();
};
void stack::insert()
{
     node=new stack;
     cout<<"\nEnter Info:";</pre>
     cin>>ele;
     node->info=ele;
     node->link=NULL;
     if(top==NULL)
      {
           top=node;
      }
     else
           node->link=top;
           top=node;
      }
}
void stack::del()
      if(top==NULL)
           cout<<"\n Underflow";</pre>
      }
      else
           cout<<"\nDeleted Element is :"<<top->info;
           top=top->link;
      }
}
void stack::dis()
      stack *move;
     move=top;
     while (move!=NULL)
           cout<<"\t"<<move->info;
           move=move->link;
      }
```

```
}
void main()
     clrscr();
     int ch;
     stack s;
     cout<<"\n1.Insert 2.Show 3.Delete 4.Exit";</pre>
     while (ch!=4)
           cout<<"\nEnter Choice";</pre>
           cin>>ch;
           switch(ch)
                 case 1: s.insert(); break;
                 case 2: s.dis(); break;
                 case 3: s.del(); break;
                 case 4:exit(0);
getch();
*/ Output */
1.Insert 2.Show 3.Delete 4.Exit
Enter Choice1
Enter Info:23
Enter Choice1
Enter Info:55
Enter Choice1
Enter Info:66
Enter Choice1
Enter Info:77
Enter Choice2
                         55
                                  23
        77
                 66
Enter Choice3
Deleted Element is :77
Enter Choice2
                 55
        66
                         23
Enter Choice
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement Infix to Postfix operation using stack.
Class: MCA I
                                                     Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
class convert
     char infix[20],postfix[20],s[20];
     int i,p,top;
public:
     convert()
      {
           top=-1;
           i=p=0;
           cout<<"\nEnter infix Expression:";</pre>
           cin>>infix;
           strcat(infix,")");
           s[++top]='(';
     }
     int precedance(char);
     void post();
     void display();
};
int convert::precedance(char ch)
     switch (ch)
      {
           case '^':return 3;
           case '*':return 2;
           case '/':return 2;
           case '+':return 1;
           case '-':return 1;
           default: return 0;
     }
}
void convert::post()
{
     char ch;
     while (top! = -1)
           ch=infix[i++];
           if((ch>='A'&&ch<='Z')||(ch>='a'&&ch<='z')||(ch>='1'&&ch<='9'))
            postfix[p++]=ch;
           else if(ch=='(')
            s[++top]=ch;
           else if(ch=='+'||ch=='-'||ch=='*'||ch=='/'||ch=='^')
                 while (precedance (ch) <=precedance (s[top]))</pre>
                 postfix[p++]=s[top--];
                 s[++top]=ch;
           else if(ch==')')
           {
                 while(s[top]!='(')
                 postfix[p++]=s[top--];
                 top--;
```

}

```
else
           cout<<"\nWrong string";</pre>
     postfix[p]='\0';
}
void convert::display()
     cout<<"\nPostfix Expression is :"<<postfix;</pre>
}
void main()
     clrscr();
     convert c;
     c.post();
     c.display();
     getch();
*/ Output */
Enter infix Expression: (a*b-(c+d/e^f)*h)
Postfix Expression is :ab*cdef^/+h*-
Enter infix Expression:a+2*5
Postfix Expression is :a25*+
```

Assignment Name: Implement linear queue for integer / character perform different operation on queue (insert, delete, display) Class: MCA I Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS) #include<iostream.h> #include<conio.h> #includeprocess.h> int m; class queue int f, r, q[10], n, i; //char q[10], n for character public: queue() { f=r=0;} void insert(); void del(); void dis(); }; void queue::insert() if(r==m)cout<<"\nOverflow";</pre> else cout<<"\nEnter Element in Queue=";</pre> cin>>n; if(f==0)f=1;r++; q[r]=n;} } void queue::del() if(f==0){ cout<<"\nUnderflow";</pre> } else int n; n=q[f];if(f==r) f=r=0;else f++; cout<<"\nDeleted element is "<<n;</pre> } } void queue::dis() if(f==0)

else

cout<<"\nUnderflow";</pre>

```
cout<<"\nElements in queue are:";</pre>
       for(i=f;i<=r;i++)
        cout<<q[i]<<"\t";
}
void main()
     clrscr();
     queue q;
     int ch;
     cout<<"Enter size of queue";</pre>
     cin>>m;
     cout<<"\n 1.insert 2.display 3.delete 4. exit \n";</pre>
     while(ch!=4)
           cout<<"\nEnter ch:";</pre>
           cin>>ch;
           switch(ch)
                 case 1: q.insert(); break;
                 case 2: q.dis(); break;
                 case 3: q.del(); break;
                 case 4:exit(0);
     getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter size of queue 3
 1.insert 2.display 3.delete 4. exit
Enter ch:3
Underflow
Enter ch:1
Enter Element in Queue=10
Enter ch:1
Enter Element in Queue=20
Enter ch:1
Enter Element in Queue=30
Enter ch:1
Overflow
Enter ch:2
Elements in queue are:10
                                  20
                                           30
Enter ch:3
Deleted element is 10
Enter ch:2
Elements in queue are:20
                                  30
Enter ch:4
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement Queue using Link List
Class: MCA I
                                                     Lab: CA Lab III (DS)
#include<conio.h>
#include<iostream.h>
#includeprocess.h>
class queue
      int info, ele,c;
      queue *node, *link, *start, *move;
public:
     queue()
      start=NULL;
     c = 0;
     void insert();
     void del();
     void dis();
};
void queue::insert()
     node=new queue;
     if(c<3)
           cout<<"\nEnter Info:";</pre>
           cin>>ele;
           node->info=ele;
           node->link=NULL;
           if(start==NULL)
                 start=node;
                 C++;
                 return;
            }
           else
            {
                 move=start;
                 while (move->link!=NULL)
                 move=move->link;
                 move->link=node;
                 C++;
      }
      else
           cout<<"\n Overflow";</pre>
void queue::del()
     move=start;
      if (move!=NULL)
           move=move->link;
           cout<<"\nDeleted Element is :"<<start->info;
           start=move;
      }
      else
           cout<<"\nUnderflow";</pre>
void queue::dis()
```

```
move=start;
     if (move==NULL)
           cout<<"\n Queue is empty ";</pre>
           return;
      }
      else
      {
           while (move!=NULL)
                 cout<<move->info<<"\t";</pre>
                 move=move->link;
      }
}
void main()
{
     clrscr();
     int ch;
     queue s;
      cout<<"\n1.Insert 2.Show 3.Delete 4.Exit";</pre>
     while(ch!=4)
           cout<<"\nEnter Choice";</pre>
           cin>>ch;
           switch (ch)
                 case 1: s.insert();break;
                 case 2: s.dis();break;
                 case 3: s.del();break;
                 case 4:exit(0);
getch();
*/ Output */
1. Insert 2. Show 3. Delete 4. Exit
Enter Choice2
Queue is empty
Enter Choice1
Enter Info:10
Enter Choice1
Enter Info:20
Enter Choice1
Enter Info:30
Enter Choice1
Overflow
Enter Choice2
                 30
       20
Enter Choice3
Deleted Element is :10
Enter Choice2
20
       30
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement Circular Queue, perform different operation of
circular queue (push ,pop, show)
Class: MCA I
                                                 Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
______
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class queue
     int a[5],r,f;
public:
     queue()
          f=r=-1;
     void push();
     void pop();
     void show();
};
void queue::push()
     int item;
     if(f==0 \&\&r==4 | | f==r+1)
          cout<<"\n Overflow";</pre>
     else
          if(r==4)
          r=-1;
          r++;
          cout<<"\nEnter item :";</pre>
          cin>>item;
          a[r]=item;
          if(f==-1)
               f=0;
     }
void queue::pop()
     if(f==-1)
          cout<<"\n Underflow";</pre>
     }
     else
          cout<<"\nDeleted element is :"<<a[f];</pre>
          if(f==r)
                f=-1;
               r=-1;
          else
          {
```

```
if(f==4)
                    f=0;
                   else
                    f++;
      }
}
void queue::show()
      if(f==-1)
            cout<<"\nEmpty :";</pre>
      }
      else if(f<=r)</pre>
      {
            for(int i=f;i<=r;i++)</pre>
                   cout<<"\n"<<a[i];
      }
      else
            for(int i=f;i<=4;i++)</pre>
                   cout<<"\n"<<a[i];
            for(int j=0;j<=r;j++)</pre>
                   cout<<"\n"<<a[j];
}
void main()
      queue s;
      int ch;
      clrscr();
      do
               cout<<"\n 1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit ";</pre>
      {
            cout<<"\nEnter choice";</pre>
            cin>>ch;
            switch(ch)
                   case 1: s.push(); break;
                   case 2: s.pop(); break;
                   case 3: s.show(); break;
                   default: cout<<"\n Wrong Choice";</pre>
      \} while (ch<=3);
}
```

```
*/ Output */
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice1
Overflow
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice3
10
20
30
40
50
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice2
Deleted element is :10
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice2
Deleted element is :20
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice3
30
40
50
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice1
Enter item :44
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice1
Enter item :55
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice1
Overflow
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice3
30
40
50
44
1: Push 2: Pop 3:show 4:exit
Enter choice 4
```

Assignment Name: Perform Insert, Display, delete, search, sum operation on Linked list.

Class: MCA I Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#includeprocess.h>
class node
     int info, item, s;
     node *link;
public:
     void insert();
     void dis();
     void del();
     void search();
     void sum();
};
node *move, *start=NULL, *temp;
void node::insert()
     cout<<"\nEnter the item:";</pre>
     cin>>item;
     node *node1=new node;
     node1->link=NULL;
     node1->info=item;
      if(start==NULL)
           start=node1;
     else
      {
           move=start;
           while (move->link!=NULL)
           move=move->link;
           move->link=node1;
      }
}
void node::dis()
     node *x;
     x=start;
      cout<<"\n Elements in LL are:";</pre>
           while(x!=NULL)
                 cout << "\t" << x->info;
                 x=x->link;
            }
}
void node::sum()
     node *x;
     x=start;
      s=0;
     while(x!=NULL)
           s=s+x->info;
           x=x->link;
      }
```

```
cout<<"\nSum of node is"<<s;</pre>
}
void node::del()
      temp=start;
      if(temp!=NULL)
            temp=temp->link;
            cout<<"\nDeleted node is"<<start->info;
            start=temp;
      }
      else
            cout<<"\n List is empty:";</pre>
}
void node::search()
      int c=0, f=0, d;
      cout<<"\nEnter item";</pre>
      cin>>item;
      temp=start;
      while(temp!=NULL)
      {
            C++;
            if(temp->info==item)
                  f=1;
                  d=c;
                  break;
            temp=temp->link;
      if(f==1)
            cout<<"\nElement is found at position "<<d;</pre>
      else
            cout<<"\nElement is not found";</pre>
}
void main()
      clrscr();
      node n;
      int ch;
      cout<<"\n1.Insert 2.Display 3. Delete 4.Search 5.Sum 6.Exit\n";</pre>
      do
            cout<<"\nEnter choice";</pre>
            cin>>ch;
            switch (ch)
                  case 1: n.insert(); break;
                  case 2: n.dis(); break;
                  case 3: n.del(); break;
                  case 4: n.search(); break;
                  case 5: n.sum(); break;
                  case 6: exit(0);
      }while(ch!=6);
      getch();
}
```

*/ Output */

1.Insert 2.Display 3. Delete 4.Search 5.Sum 6.Exit

Enter choice1

Enter the item:10

Enter choice1

Enter the item:20

Enter choice1

Enter the item:30

Enter choice2

Elements in LL are: 10 20 30

Enter choice3

Deleted node is10 Enter choice2

Elements in LL are: 20 30

Enter choice5

Sum of node is50 Enter choice4

Enter item30

Element is found at position 2

Enter choice4

Enter item19

Element is not found

Enter choice 6

Assignment Name: Implement Doubly Link List Class: MCA I Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS) #include<iostream.h> #include<conio.h> #includeprocess.h> class node int info,c,j; node *left,*right; public: void insert(); void display(); void del(); }; node *start=NULL, *temp=NULL, *move=NULL, *temp1=NULL; void node::insert() { int item; node *p=new node; cout<<"\nEnter element:";</pre> cin>>item; p->info=item; p->left=NULL; p->right=NULL; if(start==NULL) start=p; return; } else temp=start; while(temp->right!=NULL) temp=temp->right; temp->right=p; p->left=start; } } void node::display() move=start; if (move==NULL)

cout<<"\n LL Empty:";</pre>

while (move!=NULL)

cout<<"\n node in DLL are :";</pre>

move=move->right;

cout<<move->info<<"\t";</pre>

return;

}
else
{

}

}

```
void node::del()
     if(start==NULL)
           cout<<"\n LL Empty:";</pre>
           return;
     }
     temp=start;
     start=temp->right;
     start->left=NULL;
     temp->right=NULL;
     cout<<"\n deleted element is"<<temp->info;
}
void main()
     clrscr();
     node n;
     int ch;
     cout<<"\n1. Insert 2. Display 3.Delete 4. Exit";</pre>
     while(ch!=4)
           cout<<"\nEnter choice";</pre>
           cin>>ch;
           switch(ch)
                 case 1: n.insert(); break;
                 case 2: n.display(); break;
                 case 3: n.del(); break;
                 case 4: exit(0);
     }
     getch();
}
*/ Output */
1. Insert 2. Display 3.Delete 4. Exit
Enter choice2
LL Empty:
Enter choice1
Enter element:10
Enter choice1
Enter element:20
Enter choice1
Enter element:30
Enter choice2
                                  30
node in DLL are :10
                        20
Enter choice3
deleted element is10
Enter choice2
```

node in DLL are :20 30
Enter choice3

deleted element is20 Enter choice3

deleted element is30 Enter choice2

LL Empty:
Enter choice3

LL Empty: Enter choice

```
Assignment Name: Implement Circular Link List
Class: MCA I
                                                      Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#includeprocess.h>
class node
     int info,c,i;
     node *link;
public:
     node()
           c = 0;
     }
     void insert();
     void display();
     void del();
};
node *start=NULL, *temp=NULL, *move=NULL, *temp1=NULL;
void node::insert()
     int item;
     node*p=new node;
     cout<<"\nEnter Element:";</pre>
     cin>>item;
     p->info=item;
     p->link=NULL;
     if(start==NULL)
           start=p;
           p->link=start;
           C++;
     }
     else
      {
           temp=start;
           while(temp->link!=start)
           temp=temp->link;
           temp->link=p;
           p->link=start;
           C++;
     }
void node::display()
{
     if(start==NULL)
     {
           cout<<"\n LL empty";</pre>
           return;
     }
           node *temp;
           temp=start;
           move=start->link;
           cout<<temp->info;
           while(move!=start)
           {
```

```
cout<<"->"<<move->info;
                  move=move->link;
      cout<<"\n Number of nodes in CLL are :"<<c;</pre>
}
void node::del()
      int pos;
      cout<<"\nEnter Position:";</pre>
      cin>>pos;
      if(c==1)
            start=NULL;
      if(start==NULL)
            cout<<"\n LL Empty:";</pre>
            return;
      }
      if(pos>c||pos<1)</pre>
            cout<<"\nInvalid Position";</pre>
            return;
      }
      if(pos==1)
            temp=start;
            while(temp->link!=start)
            temp=temp->link;
            temp1=start;
            start=start->link;
            temp->link=start;
            cout<<"\nDeleted Element is "<<temp1->info;
            delete(temp1);
            c--;
      }
      else
            temp=start;
            i=1;
            while(i<pos-1)
                  temp=temp->link;
                  i++;
            temp1=temp->link;
            temp->link=temp1->link;
            cout<<"\nDeleted element is"<<temp1->info;
            delete(temp1);
            c--;
      }
}
void main()
      clrscr();
      node n;
      int ch;
```

```
cout<<"\n 1.Insert 2.Display 3.Delete 4.Exit";</pre>
     while(ch!=4)
      {
           cout<<"\n Enter Choice";</pre>
           cin>>ch;
           switch (ch)
                 case 1: n.insert(); break;
                 case 2: n.display(); break;
                 case 3: n.del(); break;
                 case 4: exit(0);
     }getch();
}
*/ Output */
 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Delete 4. Exit
 Enter Choice1
Enter Element:10
Enter Choice1
Enter Element:20
Enter Choice2
10->20
Number of nodes in CLL are :2
Enter Choice3
Enter Position:2
Deleted element is20
Enter Choice2
10
Number of nodes in CLL are :1
Enter Choice3
Enter Position:1
LL Empty:
Enter Choice2
 LL empty
 Enter Choice 4
```

```
Assignment Name: Implementation of Polynomial Addition / Subtraction (using
Array)
Class: MCA I
                                                      Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
class polyexpr
           int pe1[10], pe2[10], pe3[10];
           int order;
     public:
           polyexpr(int);
           void read polyexpr1();
           void read polyexpr2();
           void add polyexpr();
           void sub polyexpr();
           void view_polyexpr();
};
polyexpr::polyexpr(int para)
     order = para;
}
void polyexpr::read polyexpr1()
     cout<<endl<<"Enter poly exp 1 : ";</pre>
     for (int i=order;i>=0;i--)
           cout<<endl<<"Enter coeff of x^"<<i<" : ";
           cin>>pe1[i];
      }
void polyexpr::read polyexpr2()
{
     cout<<endl<<"Enter poly exp 2 : ";</pre>
     for (int i=order;i>=0;i--)
           cout<<endl<<"Enter coeff of x^"<<i<" : ";</pre>
           cin>>pe2[i];
     }
}
void polyexpr::add polyexpr()
     for (int i=order;i>=0;i--)
           pe3[i]=pe1[i]+pe2[i];
     view_polyexpr();
void polyexpr::sub polyexpr()
     for (int i=order; i>=0; i--)
           pe3[i]=pe1[i]-pe2[i];
     view polyexpr();
}
```

```
void polyexpr::view polyexpr()
     cout<<endl<<"poly exp : ";</pre>
     for (int i=order;i>=0;i--)
     {
            if(i>=2 && pe3[i] !=0)
                 if(pe3[i]==1)
                       cout<<"x^"<<i<" + ";
                 else
                       cout<<pe3[i]<<"x^"<<i<" + ";
            }
           else
            {
                 if(i==1 &&pe3[i] !=0)
                  {
                       if(pe3[i]==1)
                             cout<<"x + ";
                       else
                             cout<<pe3[i]<<"x + ";
                  }
                 else
                  {
                       if(pe3[i] !=0)
                           cout<<pe3[i];
                  }
            }
     }
}
void main()
{
     int ord, ch;
     clrscr();
     cout<<endl<<"Enter max order of poly expression : ";</pre>
     cin>>ord;
     polyexpr obj(ord);
     obj.read polyexpr1();
     obj.read polyexpr2();
     cout<<"1: poly add 2: poly sub 3: exit";</pre>
     while(ch!=3)
     cout<<"\nEnter your choice";</pre>
     cin>>ch;
     switch (ch)
      case 1:obj.add polyexpr();
           break;
      case 2:obj.sub polyexpr();
           break;
       case 3: exit(0);
     }
     getch();
}
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement Linear and Binary Search
Class: MCA I
                                                        Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#includeprocess.h>
class demo
      int a[10],i,j,n,f,temp,ele,demo,mid,low,high;
public:
     void get();
     void sort();
     void linear();
      void binary();
     void dis();
};
void demo::get()
      cout<<"\n Enter n:";</pre>
      cin>>n;
      cout<<"\nEnter array Elements:";</pre>
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        cin>>a[i];
}
void demo::linear()
      int ele;
      cout<<"\nEnter the element to be search";</pre>
      cin>>ele;
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
            if(a[i] == ele)
                  cout<<"\nSuccessful search";</pre>
                  cout<<"\nElement is found at position "<<i;</pre>
                  return;
      if(i>n)
            cout<<"\nUnsuccessful search:";</pre>
            cout<<"\nElement is not found ";</pre>
      }
}
void demo::sort()
{
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        for(j=1;j<=n-1;j++)
           if(a[j] < a[j+1])
            temp=a[j];
            a[j]=a[j+1];
            a[j+1] = temp;
            }
```

```
}
         }
}
void demo::binary()
      cout<<"\nEnter element to be search ";</pre>
      cin>>ele;
      f=0;
      low=1;
      high=n;
      while(low<=high)</pre>
            mid=(low+high)/2;
            if (a [mid] == ele)
            {
                  f=1;
                  cout<<"\nElement is found at :"<<mid;</pre>
                  return;
            else if(a[mid] < ele)</pre>
                  low=mid+1;
            else if(a[mid]>ele)
                  high=mid-1;
      if(f==0)
      cout<<"\n Element is not found:";</pre>
}
void demo::dis()
      cout<<"\n Element are \n";</pre>
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
       cout<<a[i]<<"\t";
}
void main()
{
      clrscr();
      demo d;
      int ch;
      d.get();
      d.dis();
      cout<<"\n 1:Linear 2:Binary 3:exit\n";</pre>
      while(ch!=3)
            cout<<"\nEnter Choice:";</pre>
            cin>>ch;
            switch (ch)
             case 1: d.linear(); break;
             case 2: d.sort();
                   d.dis();
                   d.binary(); break;
             case 3: exit(0); break;
      getch();
}
```

*/ Output */
Enter n:3

Enter array Elements:12 3 45

Element are
12 3 45
1:Linear 2:Binary 3:exit

Enter Choice:1

Enter the element to be search 3

Successful search
Element is found at position 2
Enter Choice:2

Element are
45 12 3
Enter element to be search 12

Element is found at :2
Enter Choice:2

Element are 45 12 3 Enter element to be search 56

Element is not found: Enter Choice:3

Assignment Name: Perform Bubble Sort Ascending/Descending order for int/String Class: MCA I Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class demo
                        //For string char a[10][10],temp[10];
      int a[10], temp;
      int,i,last,exch,j,n,temp;
public:
     void get();
     void asc sort();
     void dec sort();
     void disp();
};
void demo::get()
     cout<<"\n Enter the array size:";</pre>
     cin>>n;
     cout<<"\nEnter the array element:";</pre>
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
     cin>>a[i];
}
void demo::asc sort()
{
     last=n;
     for(i=1;i<=n-1;i++)
           exch=0;
           for(j=1;j<=last-1;j++)
                                       // for string
                                       // if(strcmp(a[j],a[j+1])>0)
                 if(a[j]>a[j+1])
                 {
                      temp=a[j]; // strcpy(temp,a[j]);
                      a[j]=a[j+1]; // strcpy(a[j],a[j+1]);
                      a[j+1]=temp;  // strcpy(a[j+1],temp);
                 exch=exch+1;
           }
     }
     if(exch==0)
     return;
     else
     last=last-1;
}
void demo::dec sort()
     last=n;
     for(i=1;i<=n-1;i++)
           exch=0;
           for(j=1;j<=last-1;j++) //for string</pre>
                 if(a[j] < a[j+1]) // if(strcmp(a[j],a[j+1]) < 0)
```

```
{
                       temp=a[j]; // strcpy(temp,a[j]);
                       a[j]=a[j+1]; // strcpy(a[j],a[j+1]);
                       a[j+1]=temp;  // strcpy(a[j+1],temp);
                 exch=exch+1;
           }
     }
     if(exch==0)
     return;
     else
     last=last-1;
}
void demo::disp()
     cout<<"\nThe array element are";</pre>
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
           cout<<a[i]<<"\t";
}
void main()
     clrscr();
     demo d;
     d.get();
     d.disp();
     d.asc_sort();
     cout<<"\nAfter Ascending Sort:";</pre>
     d.disp();
     d.dec sort();
     cout<<"\nAfter Descending Sort:";</pre>
     d.disp();
     getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter the array size: 3
Enter the array element: 12 3 45
The array element are12 3
                                  45
After Ascending Sort:
The array element are3
                                  45
After Descending Sort:
The array element are 45 12
                                  3
```

Assignment Name: Perform Selection Sort Ascending/Descending order for int/String Class: MCA I Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class demo
     int a[10], temp;  // int a[10][10], temp[10] for string
     int i, min index,j,n;
public:
     void get();
     void asc sort();
     void dsc sort();
     void disp();
};
void demo::get()
     cout<<"\nEnter the array size:";</pre>
     cin>>n;
     cout<<"\nEnter the array element:";</pre>
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
     cin>>a[i];
}
void demo::asc sort()
     for(i=1;i<=n-1;i++)
           min index=i;
                                       // for string
           for(j=i+1;j<=n;j++)
                 if(a[j] < a[min_index]) // if(strcmp(a[j],a[min_index]) < 0)</pre>
                min_index=j;
           }
           if(min_index!=i)
                                    // strcpy(temp,a[min_index]);
                 temp=a[min index];
                 a[min index]=a[i];
                                        // strcpy(a[min index],a[i]);
                 a[i]=temp;
                                         // strcpy(a[i],temp);
     }
}
void demo::dsc sort()
{
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
     {
           min index=i;
           for(j=i+1;j<=n;j++) // for string
                 if(a[j]>a[min index]) // if(strcmp(a[j],a[min index])>0)
                min index=j;
           if(min index!=i)
```

```
temp=a[min_index];
                                          // strcpy(temp,a[min_index]);
                 a[min index] = a[i];
                                          // strcpy(a[min index],a[i]);
                 a[i]=temp;
                                          // strcpy(a[i],temp);
           }
     }
}
void demo::disp()
{
     cout<<"\n The array element are";</pre>
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
     cout<<a[i]<<"\t";
}
void main()
{
     clrscr();
     demo d;
     d.get();
     d.disp();
     d.asc sort();
     cout<<"\nAfter ascending sort:";</pre>
     d.disp();
     d.dsc_sort();
     cout<<"\n After Descending sort:";</pre>
     d.disp();
     getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter the array size:4
Enter the array element:12 3 -45 -6
The array element are12
                                  3
                                           -45
                                                   -6
After ascending sort:
The array element are-45
                                  -6
                                           3
                                                   12
After Descending sort:
The array element are12
                                  3
                                           -6
                                                    -45
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement Insertion Sort
Class: MCA I
                                                            Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<math.h>
class insert
      int n,a[10], temp, ptr, q, i, j, k, key;
      public:
      void get();
      void sort();
      void display();
};
void insert::get()
      cout<<"\nEnter Range:";</pre>
      cin>>n;
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
       a[i]=random(1000);
      cout<<"\nElements are :";</pre>
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
       cout<<a[i]<<"\t";
}
void insert::sort()
      a[0] = -9999;
      for(i=2;i<=n;i++)
             temp=a[i];
             ptr=i-1;
             while(temp<a[ptr])</pre>
                   a[ptr+1]=a[ptr];
                   ptr--;
             a[ptr+1]=temp;
}
void insert::display()
{
      cout<<"\nSorted Element using Insertion Sort:";</pre>
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
       cout << a[i] << "\t";
}
void main()
{
      clrscr();
      insert h;
      h.get();
      h.sort();
      h.display();
      getch();
*/ Output */
Enter Range:5
Elements are :10 3 335 33 355
Sorted Element using Insertion Sort:3 10 33
                                                     33
                                                            335
                                                                      355
```

Assignment Name: Implement Radix Sort Class: MCA I Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS) #include<iostream.h> #include<conio.h> #include<stdlib.h> #include<math.h> class demo int b[20][20],i,j,k,l,z,c,n,a[20]; public: void get(); void sort(); void disp(); }; void demo::get() cout<<"\nEnter the array size ";</pre> cin>>n; for(i=0;i<=9;i++) for $(j=0; j \le 9; j++)$ b[i][j]=-1;cout<<"\nEnter the array element:";</pre> for(i=0;i<n;i++) a[i] = random(1000);cout<<"\nThe array element are:";</pre> for(i=0;i<n;i++) cout<<a[i]<<"\t"; 1=0; for(i=0;i<n;i++) { k=0;c=a[i]; while (c>0){ k++; c=c/10;if(1 < k)l=k;} } void demo::sort() for(j=1;j<=1;j++) cout<<"\n"; for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

z=0;

cout<<k<<"\t";
while(b[k][z]!=-1)</pre>

k=int(a[i]/pow(10,j-1))%10;

```
z++;
                  b[k][z]=a[i];
            }
                  i=0;
            for (k=9; k>=0; k--)
                  z=0;
                  while (b[k][z]!=-1)
                        a[i]=b[k][z];
                        b[k][z]=-1;
                        i++;
                        z++;
                  }
            }
      }
}
void demo::disp()
      cout<<"\n The array element are ";</pre>
      for(i=0;i<n;i++)
            cout<<a[i]<<"\t";
}
void main()
{
      clrscr();
     demo d;
     d.get();
      cout<<"\nAfter ascending sort";</pre>
     d.sort();
     d.disp();
      getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter the array size 5
Enter the array element:
                                   3
                                            335
                                                     33
The array element are:10
                                                              355
After ascending sort
                          3
                 5
                                   5
0
        3
3
                          3
        5
                 0
                                   1
3
        3
                 0
                          0
                                   0
                                   335
                                            33
                                                     10
                                                              3
 The array element are 355
```

Assignment Name: Implement Quick sort for integer in Ascending / Descending order Class: MCA I Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)

```
------
```

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
class demo
      int x[20], temp;
      int a,n,i,j,left,right;
public:
      void get();
      void asort(int,int);
      int partition(int,int);
      void disp();
};
void demo::get()
      cout<<"\nEnter the array size:";</pre>
      cin>>n;
      cout<<"\nEnter the array element:";</pre>
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      cin>>x[i];
      asort(1,n);
}
void demo::asort(int p,int q)
{
      if(p < q)
            j=partition(p,q);
            asort (p, j-1);
            asort(j+1,q);
      }
}
int demo::partition(int lb, int ub)
      a=x[lb];
      left=lb+1;
      right=ub;
      do
                                                 //for Descending
      {
            while(x[left] < a)</pre>
                                                 // while(x[left]>a)
            left++;
            while(x[right]>a)
                                                 // while(x[right] < a)</pre>
            right--;
            if(left<right)</pre>
            {
                  temp=x[left];
                  x[left]=x[right];
                  x[right]=temp;
      }while(left<=right);</pre>
      x[lb]=x[right];
```

```
x[right]=a;
     return(right);
}
void demo::disp()
{
     cout<<"\nThe array element are:";</pre>
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
     cout<<x[i]<<"\t";
}
void main()
     clrscr();
     demo d;
     d.get();
     cout<<"\nAfter Ascending sort";</pre>
                                      // Descending
     d.disp();
     getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter the array size: 5
Enter the array element:12 3 -45 -67 8
After Ascending sort
                                          8
                          -45 3
                                                       12
The array element are:-67
```

Assignment Name: Implement Merge sort in ascending / descending order Class: MCA I Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS) #include<iostream.h> #include<conio.h> #include<stdio.h> int n; //remember that n should be declare global class merge int a[10], b[10], i, j;public: void read(); void merge_sort(int l,int h); void merge1(int l,int m, int h); void disp(); }; void merge::read() for(i=0;i<n;i++) cin>>a[i]; } void merge::merge sort(int l,int h) int mid; if(l<h) { mid=int((1+h)/2);merge sort(l,mid); merge_sort(mid+1,h); mergel(l,mid,h); } } void merge::mergel(int low,int m,int high) { int h=low; int i=low; j=m+1;while $((h \le m) \& \& (j \le high))$ { b[i]=a[h]; i++; h++; } else { b[i]=a[j];

i++;

}

```
}
      if(h \le m)
            while(h<=m)
            {
                  b[i]=a[h];
                  i++;
                  h++;
      }
      else
      {
            while(j<=h)
                  b[i]=a[j];
                  i++;
                  j++;
      }
      for(int k=low; k<=high; k++)</pre>
            a[k]=b[k];
}
void merge::disp()
{
      for(i=0;i<n;i++)
      cout<<a[i]<<"\t";
}
void main()
      clrscr();
      int 1,h;
      merge m;
      cout<<"\nEnter Elements";</pre>
      cin>>n;
     h=n-1;
      1=0;
            cout<<"\n\nDisplay the array elements\n";</pre>
            m.disp();
            m.merge sort(l,h);
            cout<<"\nAfter Sorting\n";</pre>
            m.disp();
            getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter Elements5
12 -34 5 67 -8
Display the array elements
       -34
                                    -8
                  5
                          67
After Sorting
-34
       -8
                  5
                          12
                                    67
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement Max/Min Heap Tree
Class: MCA I
                                                     Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class heap
     int n,a[10],q,i,j,k,key;
public:
     void get();
     void create();
     void display();
};
void heap::get()
{
     cout<<"\nEnter Range:";</pre>
     cin>>n;
     cout<<"\nEnter the element:";</pre>
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      cin>>a[i];
}
void heap::create()
     for (q=2; q \le n; q++)
      i=q;
      key=a[q];
      j=i/2;
      while(i>1 && key>a[j]) //change Min heap while(i>1 && key<a[j])</pre>
           a[i]=a[j];
           i=j;
           j=i/2;
           if(j<1)
            j=1;
     a[i]=key;
     }
void heap::display()
{
     cout<<"\nHeap Tree:";</pre>
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      cout<<a[i]<<"\t";
}
void main()
     clrscr();
     heap h;
     h.get();
     h.create();
     h.display();
     getch();
*/ Output */
Enter Range:7
Enter the element: 80 45 70 40 35 50 90
                                            35
                                                    50
                                                            70
Heap Tree:90
              45
                         80
                                  40
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement Heap Sort in ascending / descending order
Class: MCA I
                                                     Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class heap
      int n,a[10],q,i,j,k,key,temp;
public:
     void get();
     void create();
     void sort();
      void display();
};
void heap::get()
      cout<<"\nEnter range:";</pre>
      cin>>n;
      cout<<"\nEnter the elements\n";</pre>
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      cin>>a[i];
}
void heap::create()
      for (q=2; q<=n; q++)
            i=q;
            key=a[q];
            j=i/2;
            while(i>1 && key >a[j]) //Change descending order key<a[j]</pre>
                  a[i]=a[j];
                  i=j;
                  j=i/2;
                  if(j<1)
                   j=1;
            a[i]=key;
      }
}
void heap::sort()
      create();
      cout<<"\nMax Heap Tree";</pre>
      display();
      for (q=n; q>=2; q--)
            temp=a[1];
            a[1]=a[q];
            a[q] = temp;
            i=1;
            key=a[1];
            j=2;
            if(j+1 < q)
                  if(a[j+1]>a[j])
```

j++;

```
while(j<=q-1 && a[j]>key)
                 a[i]=a[j];
                 i=j;
                 j=i*2;
                 if(j+1 < q)
                 if(a[j+1]>a[j])
                       j++;
                 else
                       if(j>n)
                       j=n;
                 a[i]=key;
           }
     }
}
void heap::display()
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
           cout<<a[i]<<"\t";
}
void main()
     clrscr();
     heap h;
     h.get();
     h.sort();
     cout<<"\nSorted element are:";</pre>
     h.display();
     getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter range: 5
Enter the elements
12 3 45 6 18
Max Heap Tree45 18
                         12
                                  3
                                           6
                                                   45
Sorted element are:3
                                  12
                                          18
                         6
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement Tree Traversal
Class: MCA I
                                                     Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#includeocess.h>
#include<conio.h>
struct ver
     int data;
     ver *left,*right;
};
class tree
{
     public:
     ver* create(int, ver*);
     void in(ver*);
     void post(ver*);
     void pre(ver*);
};
ver *tree::create(int c, ver *node)
{
     if (node==NULL)
      node=new ver;
      node->data=c;
      node->left=NULL;
      node->right=NULL;
      return node;
     }
     else
       if(c<node->data)
       node->left=create(c, node->left);
      else
       node->right=create(c,node->right);
       return node;
}
void tree::in(ver * node)
{
     if(node)
        in(node->left);
        cout<<node->data<<"\t";</pre>
        in(node->right);
     }
}
void tree::pre(ver * node)
{
     if(node)
      cout<<node->data<<"\t";</pre>
      pre (node->left);
      pre (node->right);
}
```

```
void tree::post(ver * node)
{
      if(node)
        post(node->left);
        post(node->right);
        cout<<node->data<<"\t";</pre>
}
void main()
      clrscr();
      tree t;
      ver *r=new ver;
      r=NULL;
      int n, ch;
      cout<<"\n 1:insert 2:inorder 3:preorder 4:postorder 5:exit :";</pre>
      while(ch!=5)
        cout<<"\nEnter Choice:";</pre>
        cin>>ch;
        switch (ch)
            case 1: cout<<"\nEnter Node:";</pre>
                  cin>>n;
                  r=t.create(n,r);
                  break;
            case 2: cout<<"\nInorder Traversal:";</pre>
                  t.in(r);
                  break;
            case 3: cout<<"\nPreorder Traversal:";</pre>
                  t.pre(r);
                  break;
            case 4: cout<<"\nPostorder Traversal:";</pre>
                  t.post(r);
                  break;
            case 5: exit(0);
        }
      }
      getch();
*/ Output */
 1:insert 2:inorder 3:preorder 4:postorder 5:exit :
Enter Choice:1
Enter Node:18
Enter Choice:1
Enter Node:5
Enter Choice:1
Enter Node:20
Enter Choice:1
```

Enter Node:16				
Enter Choice:1				
Enter Node:30				
Enter Choice:2				
<pre>Inorder Traversal:5 Enter Choice:3</pre>	16	18	20	30
Preorder Traversal:18 Enter Choice:4	5	16	20	30

Postorder Traversal:16 5 30 20 18

Enter Choice:5

```
Assignment Name: Implement Binary Search Tree
Class: MCA I
                                            Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>f
class NODE
    public:
         int data;
         NODE *left, *right;
};
class TREE
         // data
    public:
         NODE *root;
         // operations
         TREE();
         void ADD(int); // 1
         void DEL(int); // 2
         void PRE ORD(NODE *); // 3
         void IN ORD(NODE *); // 4
         void POST ORD(NODE *);// 5
         NODE * FIND IIO SUCCESSOR(NODE *);
         void MENU();
};
TREE::TREE()
{
    // def of function
    root = NULL;
void TREE::ADD(int ele)
    // def of function
    //---- (A) create new node -----
    NODE *NN;
    NN= new NODE(); // allocate new node
    //---- (B) fill up new node -----
    NN->data = ele;
    NN->left = NULL;
    NN->right = NULL;
    //--- (C) set the links -----
    if(root==NULL) //case - II Not Full - Empty
         root=NN;
    else //case - III Not Full - Not Empty
         NODE *par = NULL;
         NODE *ptr = root;
         while(ptr != NULL)
         {
              par = ptr;
              if(ele < ptr->data)
                  ptr = ptr->left;
              else
                   ptr = ptr->right;
         }
```

```
if(ele < par->data)
              par->left = NN;
          else
              par->right = NN;
    }
NODE * TREE:: FIND IIO SUCCESSOR (NODE *ptr)
    NODE *par ssr = ptr;
    NODE *ssr = ptr->right;
    while(ssr->left != NULL)
         par ssr = ssr;
         ssr = ssr->left;
    // delete ssr
    if(par ssr == ptr)
         par ssr->right = ssr->right;
    else
         par ssr->left = ssr->right;
    return ssr;
void TREE::DEL(int ele)
    if(root == NULL)
         cout<<endl<<"Tre is empty";</pre>
    else // Tree not empty
         NODE *ptr=root;
         NODE *par=NULL;
         // find the node to be deleted with his parent
         while(ptr!=NULL)
              if(ptr->data==ele)
                   break; // node found
              else
                   par = ptr;
                   if(ele<ptr->data)
                        ptr=ptr->left;
                   else
                        ptr=ptr->right;
         if(ptr == NULL) // node not found
              cout<<"Element Not Found";</pre>
         else // node found
              NODE *TEMP=ptr;
              if(ptr->left==NULL && ptr->right==NULL) // zero child
                    if(par == NULL) // ptr is root of tree
                        root = NULL;
                   else
                        if(ele<par->data)
                             par->left=NULL;
                        else
                             par->right=NULL;
              else
```

```
{
                  if(ptr->left == NULL || ptr->right == NULL) // 1 child
                      // find out child
                      NODE *ch;
                      if(ptr->left==NULL)
                           ch = ptr->right;
                      else
                           ch=ptr->left;
                      // set links
                      if(par == NULL) // ptr is root of tree
                           root = ch;
                      else
                      {
                           if(ele<par->data)
                               par->left=ch;
                           else
                               par->right=ch;
                  }
                  else // 2 children
                      NODE *IIOS = FIND IIO SUCCESSOR(ptr);
                      IIOS->left = ptr->left;
                      IIOS->right = ptr->right;
                      if( ele < par->data )
                           par->left = IIOS;
                      else
                           par->right = IIOS;
                  }
             delete TEMP;
         }
    }
}
void TREE::PRE ORD( NODE *ptr)
{
    // def of function
    if(ptr != NULL)
    {
         cout<<ptr->data<<" ";
         PRE ORD(ptr->left);
         PRE ORD(ptr->right);
    }
void TREE::IN ORD( NODE *ptr)
{
    // def of function
    if(ptr != NULL)
    {
         IN ORD(ptr->left);
         cout<<ptr->data<<" ";
         IN ORD(ptr->right);
    }
}
void TREE::POST_ORD( NODE *ptr)
{
```

```
// def of function
     if(ptr != NULL)
     {
           POST ORD(ptr->left);
           POST ORD(ptr->right);
           cout<<ptr->data<<" ";
     }
void TREE::MENU()
     int ele, opt;
     do
      {
           cout << end 1 << "====== \n";
           cout<<endl<<"1 Add Node";</pre>
           cout<<endl<<"2 Delete Node";</pre>
           cout<<endl<<"3 Pre-Order Traversal";</pre>
           cout<<endl<<"4 In-Order Traversal";</pre>
           cout<<endl<<"5 Post-Order Traversal";</pre>
           cout<<endl<<"6 Exit";</pre>
           cout << end 1 << "====== \n";
           cout<<endl<<"Enter your choice : ";</pre>
           cin>>opt;
           switch (opt)
                      cout<<endl<<"Enter element : ";</pre>
                      cin>>ele;
                      ADD (ele);
                      IN ORD(root);
                      break;
                 case 2:
                      cout<<endl<<"Enter element : ";</pre>
                      cin>>ele;
                       DEL(ele);
                       if(root != NULL)
                            IN ORD (root);
                       else
                            cout<<endl<<"Tree empty";</pre>
                      break;
                 case 3:
                       if(root != NULL)
                            PRE ORD(root);
                       else
                            cout<<endl<<"Tree empty";</pre>
                      break;
                 case 4:
                       if(root != NULL)
                            IN ORD (root);
                       else
                            cout<<endl<<"Tree empty";</pre>
                      break;
                 case 5:
                       if(root != NULL)
                            POST_ORD(root);
                       else
                            cout<<endl<<"Tree empty";</pre>
                      break;
                 case 6:
                      exit(0);
                 default:
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement DFS
Class: MCA I
                                                     Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class dfstree
     int a[20][20], visited[20],n,i,j;
public:
     void dfs(int);
     void get();
};
void dfstree::get()
     cout << "\nEnter the number of node";
     cin>>n;
     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
      visited[i]=0;
     cout<<"\nEnter the adjancy matrix:";</pre>
     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
      for (j=0;j<n;j++)
         cin>>a[i][j];
     dfs(0);
}
void dfstree::dfs(int v)
{
     int k;
     visited[v]=1;
     cout<<"\t"<<v+1;
     for (k=1; k< n; k++)
     if(a[v][k]==1)
     if(visited[k]==0)
      dfs(k);
}
void main()
{
     clrscr();
     dfstree d;
     d.get();
     getch();
}
*/ Output */
Enter the number of node5
Enter the adjancy matrix:
0 1 1 0 0
1 0 0 1 1
1 0 0 1 0
0 1 1 0 1
0 1 0 1 0
1
    2
               4
                        3
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement BFS
Class: MCA I
                                                      Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class bfstree
      int reach[20],a[20][20],q[20],n,i,j,f,r,index;
public:
     bfstree()
      f=r=0;
      index=1;
     void get();
     void bfs();
};
void bfstree::get()
      cout<<"\nEnter number of vertices:";</pre>
      cin>>n;
      cout<<"\nEnter Adjacency matrix:";</pre>
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
      reach[i]=0;
      cin>>a[i][j];
}
void bfstree::bfs()
     reach[1]=1;
     f++;
     r++;
      q[r]=index;
      cout<<"\nBFS is ";
     while(f<=r)
      index=q[f];
      f++;
       cout<<index<<"\t";
        for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
          if(a[index][j]==1 && reach[j]!=1)
           reach[j]=1;
           r++;
           q[r]=j;
        }
       }
}
void main()
{
      clrscr();
     bfstree b;
```

```
b.get();
b.dbfs();
getch();
}

*/ Output */
Enter number of vertices:6

Enter Adjacency matrix:
0 1 1 0 0 0
1 0 0 1 0 0
1 0 0 0 0 1
0 1 0 0 0 1
0 1 0 0 1 0
0 0 1 1 0 0

BFS is 1 2 3 4 6 5
```

```
Assignment Name: Implement All Pair Shortest Path (Floyd-Warshall)
Class: MCA I
                                                   Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
_____
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class path
     int a[5][5],i,j,k,n,s,d;
public:
     void insert();
     void display();
};
void path::insert()
     cout<<"\nEnter the no. of vertices";</pre>
     cin>>n;
     cout<<"\nEnter the matrix:";</pre>
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
         cin>>a[i][j];
         if(a[i][j] == -1)
           a[i][j]=9999;
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      for (j=1; j<=n; j++)
       for(k=1; k<=n; k++)
        if(a[i][j] < (a[i][k] + a[k][j]))
          a[i][j]=a[i][j];
        else
         a[i][j]=(a[i][k]+a[k][j]);
}
void path::display()
{
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
       cout<<"\t"<<a[i][j];
       cout<<"\n";
cout<<"\nEnter the source vertex:";</pre>
cout<<"\nEnter the destination vertex:";</pre>
cout<<"\nPath from Source "<<s<" to destination "<<d<" is ";
cout<<a[s][d];
}
void main()
{
     clrscr();
     path p;
     p.insert();
     cout<<"\n Shortest path is \n";</pre>
     p.display();
     getch();
```

```
}
*/ Output */
Enter the no. of vertices 3
```

Enter the matrix:0 4 11 6 0 2 3 -1 0

Shortest path is

4 0 7 6 2 0 5

Enter the source vertex:3

Enter the destination vertex:2

Path from Source 3 to destination 2 is 7

```
Assignment Name: Minimum Cost Spanning tree using Prims Algorithm
                                                   Lab: CA LAB-IV (DS)
______
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
int n;
class single
     int
v, cost[10][10],i,j,s[10],e[10],near1[10],t[10][3],m,minedge,k,l,mincost;
     int jindex;
     float dist[10];
public:
     void get();
     void prim();
     void display();
};
void single::get()
     m=1;
     minedge=9999;
     cout<<"\nEnter the no. of vertices\n";</pre>
     cout<<"\nEnter the Adjacenecy matrix\n";</pre>
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
      for (j=1; j<=n; j++)
        cin>>cost[i][j];
        if(cost[i][j] == -1)
         cost[i][j]=9999;
        else
         {
           e[m] = cost[i][j];
           if(e[m] < minedge)</pre>
                minedge=e[i];
                k=i;
                l=j;
           }
          }
       }
}
void single::prim()
     t[1][1]=k;
     t[1][2]=1;
     mincost=cost[k][l];
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
       if(cost[i][l]<cost[i][k])</pre>
           near1[i]=1;
       else
           near1[i]=k;
     }
     near1[k]=near1[l]=0;
     int minj=9999;
     for(i=2;i<=n-1;i++)
```

```
{
           minj=9999;
           for(j=1; j<=n; j++)
              if (near1[j]!=0)
                 if(cost[j][near1[j]]<minj)</pre>
                  minj=cost[j][near1[j]];
                  jindex=j;
              }
                  }
     t[i][1]=jindex;
     t[i][2]=near1[jindex];
     mincost=mincost+cost[jindex][near1[jindex]];
     near1[jindex]=0;
     for(int k1=1; k1<=n; k1++)
        if(near1[k1]!=0 && cost[k1][near1[k1]]>cost[k1][jindex])
           near1[k1]=jindex;
     }
cout<<"\n Mincost ="<<mincost;</pre>
}
void single::display()
     cout << endl;
     cout<<"\nMinimum Spanning Tree Path as follow\n";</pre>
     cout<<t[1][1]<<"->"<<t[1][2];
     for(i=2;i<n;i++)
           cout<<"->";
           cout<<t[i][1];
     }
}
void main()
{
     single d;
     clrscr();
     d.get();
     d.prim();
     d.display();
     getch();
*/ Output */
Enter the no. of vertices
Enter the Adjacenecy matrix
-1 28 -1 -1 -1 10 -1
28 -1 16 -1 -1 14
-1 16 -1 12 -1 -1 -1
-1 -1 12 -1 22 -1 18
-1 -1 -1 22 -1 25 24
10 -1 -1 -1 25 -1 -1
-1 14 -1 18 24 -1 -1
Mincost =99
Minimum Spanning Tree Path as follow
1->6->5->4->3->2->7
```