

HW8

Dillon, Elliott, Simone

11/15/2021

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'sex'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
## # A tibble: 4 x 6
## # Groups:   sex [2]
##   sex    frl    math_mean math_sd rdg_mean rdg_sd
##   <chr> <chr>      <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 boy   no         493.    46.3    441.    32.3
## 2 boy   yes        470.    46.1    425.    26.6
## 3 girl  no         501.    46.0    449.    34.5
## 4 girl  yes        478.    46.3    431.    27.4
```

The table shows the mean math and reading scores separated by sex and frl (?), as well as the standard deviations for these scores.

Two of my favorite citation examples in different formats are Hammitt (2013) and of course (Barsky et al. 1997). Bangers.

REFERENCES

- Barsky, R. B., F. T. Juster, M. S. Kimball, and M. D. Shapiro. 1997. "Preference Parameters and Behavioral Heterogeneity: An Experimental Approach in the Health and Retirement Study." *The Quarterly Journal of Economics* 112 (2): 537–79. <https://doi.org/10.1162/003355397555280>.
- Dohmen, Thomas, Armin Falk, David Huffman, Uwe Sunde, Jürgen Schupp, and Gert G. Wagner. 2011. "INDIVIDUAL RISK ATTITUDES: MEASUREMENT, DETERMINANTS, AND BEHAVIORAL CONSEQUENCES." *Journal of the European Economic Association* 9 (3): 522–50. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1542-4774.2011.01015.x>.
- Hammitt, James K. 2013. "Admissible Utility Functions for Health, Longevity, and Wealth: Integrating Monetary and Life-Year Measures." *Journal of Risk and Uncertainty* 47 (3): 311–25. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11166-013-9178-4>.
- Jan L. Hitchcock. n.d. "Gender Differences in Risk Perception: Broadening the Contexts." In.