



**School of Engineering and Technology**

**Subject: BEEE**

**Subject Code: 24BEELY104**

**UNIT 5**

**Sample Questions:**

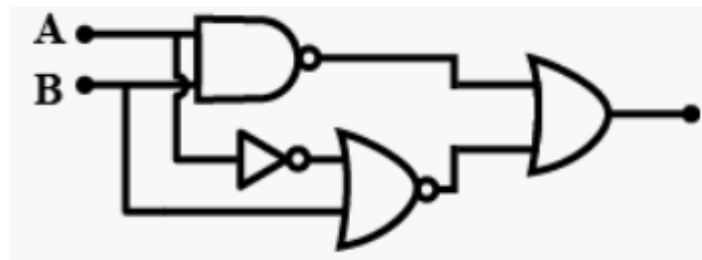
**2 Marks**

- ✓ Convert the hexadecimal numbers to decimal.
  - a. 10D
  - b. 345
  - c. BABE      d. ADC6
- ✓ Convert the binary numbers to hexadecimal.
  - a. 1010 0101
  - b. 0011 0000 1101 1111
  - c. 1001 0111 0110 1000      d. 111100001010
- ✓ Convert the decimal numbers to binary.
  - a. 86
  - b. 131
  - c. 5148      d. 66152
- ✓ Convert the following:
  - $(725.25)_{10} = (?)_2 = (?)_{16}$
  - $(111100111110001)_2 = (?)_{10} = (?)_{16}$
  - $(111110101101)_2 = (?)_{16}$
  - $(ABCD)_{16} = (?)_2 = (?)_{10}$
  - $(1010111011110101)_2 = (?)_{16}$
  - $(FA876)_{16} = (?)_2$
  - $(1170.4)_8 = (?)_{16} = (?)_{10}$
- ✓ Convert the octal number 56 to its decimal form.
- ✓ Determine the binary equivalent of the octal number 246 .
- ✓ What is the binary representation of the hexadecimal number 1A?

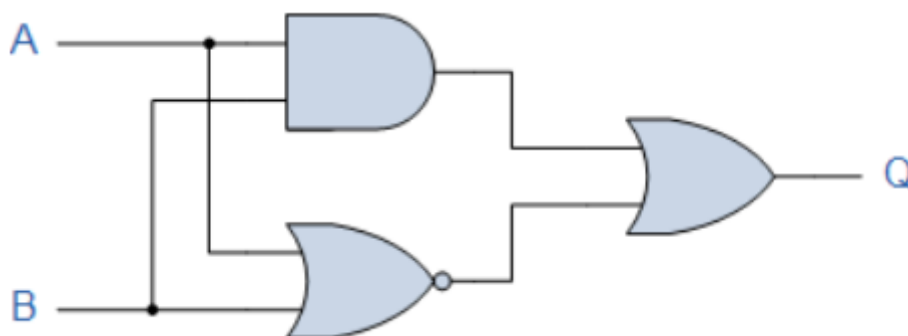


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- ✓ The logic circuits whose outputs at any instant of time depends only on the present input but also on the past outputs are called \_\_\_\_\_
- ✓ In S-R flip-flop, if  $Q = 0$  the output is said to be \_\_\_\_\_
- ✓ In S-R flip-flop, if  $Q = 1$  the output is said to be \_\_\_\_\_
- ✓ Total number of inputs and outputs in a half adder is \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- ✓ Total number of inputs and outputs in a full adder is \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- ✓ If A, B and C are the inputs of a full adder then the sum is given by \_\_\_\_\_
- ✓ If A, B and C are the inputs of a full adder then the carry is given by \_\_\_\_\_
- ✓ How many AND, OR and EXOR gates are required for the configuration of full adder?
- ✓ The Boolean expression for the given circuit is:



- ✓ Find the Boolean algebra expression for the following system:



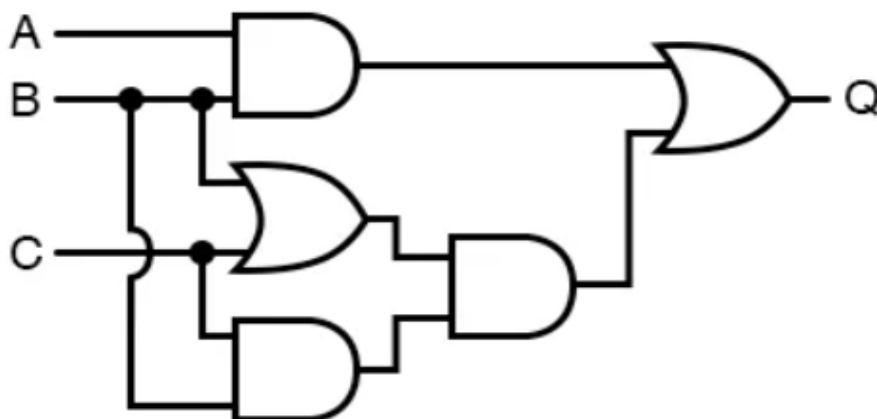
- ✓ Which of the following Boolean equation is/are incorrect? Write the correct forms of the incorrect ones:



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- $A + A' = 1$
- $A + 0 = A$
- $1 = A$
- $AA' = 1$
- $A + AB = A$
- $A(A+B)' = A$
- $(A+B)' = A' + B$
- $(AB)' = A'B'$
- $A + 1 = 1$
- $A + A = A$
- $A + A'B = A + B$
- $X + YZ = (X + Y)(X + Z)$
- ✓ Find the complement of the following functions applying De'Morgan's theorem
- $F(x,y,z) = x'yz' + x'y'z$
- $F(x,y,z) = x(y'z + yz)$
- ✓ What is a truth table? What is its significance?
- ✓ Find the Boolean algebra expression for the following system:

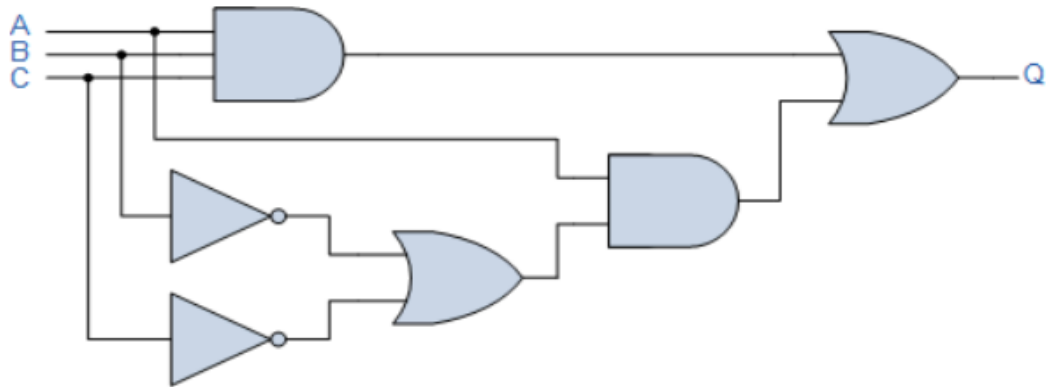
(i)



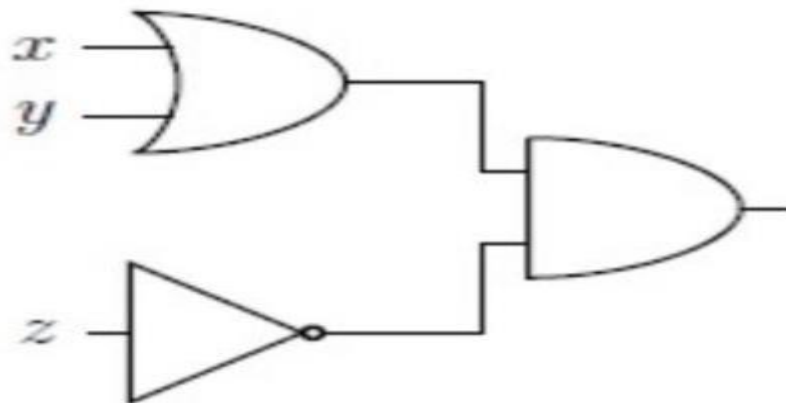


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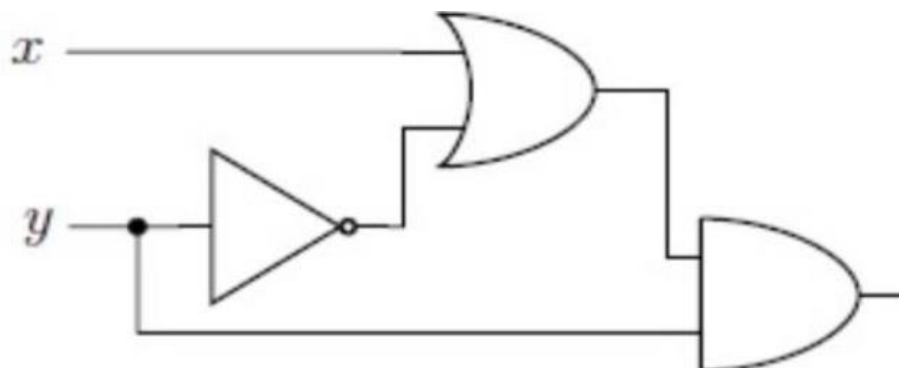
(ii)



(iii)



(iv)





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- ✓ What is a combinational circuit? Give two examples.
- ✓ What is a sequential circuit? Give two examples.
- ✓ Mention two applications of Multiplexer?
- ✓ Give algebraic proof of Absorption law.
- ✓ Mention two applications of De-Multiplexer?
- ✓ What is principal of duality? Give an example.
- ✓ What is a Flip-Flop? Mention two application of Flip-Flops.
- ✓ What is the other name of NOT gate?
- ✓ What is a logic gate? Name three basic logic gates.
- ✓ How many input combination can be there in the truth table of a logic system having (N) input binary variables?
- ✓ Which gates implement logical addition, logical multiplication and complementation?

### Sample Questions:

**5 Marks**

- ✓ Draw the truth table for the following equations:
  - (1)  $M = N (P + R)$
  - (2)  $WZ(X+Y)Z$
- ✓ Draw logic circuit diagrams for the following:
  - (i)  $xy + xy' + x'z$
  - (ii)  $(A + B) (B + C) (C' + A')$
  - (iii)  $A'B + BC$
  - (iv)  $xyz + x'yz'$
  - (v)  $xy + xy' + x'z$
  - (vi)  $(A + B) (B + C) (C' + A')$
  - (vii)  $A+AB+ABC+ABCD$



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- ✓ Define universal gates? Realize OR, AND, NOT and NOR gates using NAND gates only.
- ✓ Define universal gates? Realize OR, AND, NOT and NAND gates using NOR gates only.
- ✓ With examples differentiate between analog and digital circuits.
- ✓ State and prove de Morgan's theorem for 2 variables with truth table.
- ✓ State and prove de Morgan's theorem for 3 variables with truth table.
- ✓ State and prove de Morgan's theorem for 4 variables with truth table.
- ✓ Simplify the following:
  - i.  $AA'C$
  - ii.  $ABCD+ABD$
  - iii.  $ABCD+AB'CD$
  - iv.  $A(A+B)$
  - v.  $AB+ABC+AB(D+E)$
  - vi.  $X(X'YZ+X'YZ)$
- ✓ Prove that:
  - (I)  $A+A'B+AB'=A+B$
  - (II)  $AB+A'B+A'B'=A'+B$
  - (III)  $(X+Y)(X+Z)=X+YZ$
  - (IV)  $(X+Y)(X+Y')=X$
  - (V)  $X+XY=X$
  - (VI)  $(x+y+z)(\bar{x}+y+z)=y+z$
- ✓ Design Half Adder circuit and implement it using logic gates.
- ✓ Design Half Adder circuit and implement it using only NAND gates.
- ✓ Define multiplexer and realize 2:1 multiplexer using logic gates.
- ✓ Define multiplexer and realize 4:1 multiplexer using logic gates.



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- ✓ Define De-multiplexer and realize 1:2 multiplexer using logic gates.
- ✓ Define De-multiplexer and realize 1:4 multiplexer using logic gates.
- ✓ Draw logic circuit diagrams for the following :

- (i)  $xy + xy' + x'z$
- (ii)  $(A + B)(B + C)(C' + A')$
- (iii)  $A'B + BC$
- (iv)  $xyz + x'yz'$
- (v)  $xy + xy' + x'z$
- (vi)  $(A + B)(B + C)(C' + A')$

### Sample Questions:

**10Marks**

- ✓ Realize Full Adder circuit using two Half Adders with necessary expressions for sum and carry.
- ✓ Design 4X1 multiplex using 2X1 multiplex.
- ✓ Design Full Adder circuit and implement it using logic gates.
- ✓ Design Full Adder circuit and implement it using only NAND gates.
- ✓ Illustrate the working of SR flip flop with the help of truth table and logic diagram.
- ✓ Illustrate the working of JK flip flop with the help of truth table and logic diagram.
- ✓ Illustrate the following flip flop with the help of truth table and draw logic diagram.

(1) D flip flop

(2) T flip flop

- ✓ Draw the Block diagram of the communication system explain and names its main components.
- ✓ Explain the evolution of cell phone standard from 1G to 5G standards.
- ✓ Prove:
  - (i) Commutative law
  - (ii) Associative law
  - (iii) Distributive law using truth table and logic diagram.