

1)

$$i) \quad \langle \chi_j \chi_i | H | \chi_i \chi_i \rangle = \int dx \int dy \chi_j(x) \chi_i(y) [h(x) + h(y) + ax^4 y^4] \chi_i(x) \chi_i(y).$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \int dx \chi_j(x) \int dy \chi_i(y) [h(x) + h(y) + ax^4 y^4] \chi_i(x) \chi_i(y) \\ &= \int dx \chi_j(x) \int dy \chi_i(y) (h(x) \chi_i(x) \chi_i(y) + \chi_i(x) h(y) \chi_i(y) + ax^4 \chi_i(x) y^4 \chi_i(y)) \\ &= \int dx \chi_j(x) h(x) \chi_i(x) \langle \chi_i(y) | \chi_i(y) \rangle + \chi_i(x) \langle \chi_i(y) | h(y) | \chi_i(y) \rangle + a \langle \chi_i(y) | y^4 | \chi_i(y) \rangle x^4 \chi_i(x). \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int dx \chi_j(x) (h(x) + a \langle \chi_i | y^4 | \chi_i \rangle x^4) \chi_i(x) + \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_i \rangle \chi_i(x)$$

$$= \int dx \chi_j(x) E_i \chi_i(x) + \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_i \rangle \chi_i(x).$$

$$= E_i \langle \chi_j | \chi_i \rangle + \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_i \rangle \langle \chi_j | \chi_i \rangle$$

$$= E_i \delta_{ji} + \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_i \rangle \delta_{ji}.$$

ii) From eq 2), large $\langle \chi_i \chi_j | H | \chi_i \chi_i \rangle$ terms give greater contribution to E^{CI} .
 & lower energies E_i contribute more to E^{CI} .

iii) 0-index here for sake of notation:

$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \text{---} \chi_4 \\ \text{---} \chi_3 \\ \text{---} \chi_2 \\ \text{---} \chi_1 \\ \text{---} \chi_0 \end{array}$
 $\sum_{i,j} \langle \chi_i \chi_j | H | \chi_0 \chi_0 \rangle = \{(0,0), (2,2), (2,4), (4,2)\}.$

| would expect:
 Configs: \Rightarrow
 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{---} & \text{---} & \text{---} & \text{---} \\ \text{---} & \text{---} & \text{---} & \text{---} \\ \text{---} & \text{---} & \text{---} & \text{---} \\ \text{---} & \text{---} & \text{---} & \text{---} \end{array}$
 contribute the most.

3.

i) Define $|\Phi_{ij}\rangle :=$ the Slater determinant of $|\chi_i\rangle$ & $|\chi_j\rangle$, then $\langle \Phi_{ij} | H | \Phi_{kl} \rangle$.

$$= \frac{1}{2} \langle \chi_i(x) \chi_j(y) - \chi_j(x) \chi_i(y) | H | \chi_k(x) \chi_l(y) - \chi_l(x) \chi_k(y) \rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\int dx \int dy \chi_i \chi_j H \chi_k \chi_l - \int dx \int dy \chi_i \chi_j H \chi_l \chi_k - \int dx \int dy \chi_j \chi_i H \chi_k \chi_l + \int dx \int dy \chi_j \chi_i H \chi_l \chi_k \right). \quad (1)$$

Consider the term in red:

$$\int dx \int dy \chi_i(x) \chi_j(y) [h(x) + h(y) + a x^4 y^4] \chi_k(x) \chi_l(y)$$

we have:

$$\int dx \chi_i(x) \int dy \chi_j(y) [h(x) + h(y) + a x^4 y^4] \chi_k(x) \chi_l(y)$$

$$= \int dx \chi_i(x) \left(h(x) \delta_{j,l} + a \langle \chi_j | y^4 | \chi_l \rangle x^4 \right) \chi_k(x) + \langle \chi_j | h | \chi_l \rangle \chi_k(x)$$

$$= \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_k \rangle \delta_{j,l} + a \langle \chi_j | y^4 | \chi_l \rangle \langle \chi_i | x^4 | \chi_k \rangle + \langle \chi_j | h | \chi_l \rangle \delta_{i,k}.$$

\therefore , for all four terms in eq(1), we have:

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (2 \delta_{j,l} \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_k \rangle + 2 \delta_{i,k} \langle \chi_j | h | \chi_l \rangle - 2 \delta_{i,l} \langle \chi_j | h | \chi_k \rangle - 2 \delta_{j,k} \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_l \rangle$$

$$+ 2a \langle \chi_j | y^4 | \chi_l \rangle \langle \chi_i | x^4 | \chi_k \rangle - 2a \langle \chi_i | y^4 | \chi_l \rangle \langle \chi_j | x^4 | \chi_k \rangle).$$

$$\Rightarrow \langle \chi_i \chi_j | H | \chi_k \chi_l \rangle = \delta_{j,l} \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_k \rangle + \delta_{i,k} \langle \chi_j | h | \chi_l \rangle - \delta_{i,l} \langle \chi_j | h | \chi_k \rangle - \delta_{j,k} \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_l \rangle$$

$$+ a \langle \chi_j | y^4 | \chi_l \rangle \langle \chi_i | x^4 | \chi_k \rangle - a \langle \chi_i | y^4 | \chi_l \rangle \langle \chi_j | x^4 | \chi_k \rangle. \quad \blacksquare$$

(i),

From previous part, we know the individual terms when H is altered in a Slater determinant.

Consider one of the terms:

$$\langle \chi_i \chi_j | H | \chi_k \chi_l \rangle.$$

From previous part, we know it is equal to:

$$\Rightarrow \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_k \rangle \delta_{jl} + a \langle \chi_j | y^4 | \chi_l \rangle \langle \chi_i | x^4 | \chi_k \rangle + \langle \chi_j | h | \chi_l \rangle \delta_{ik}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \chi_i | h | \chi_k \rangle &= \langle \sum_A C_{Ai} \phi_A | h | \sum_B C_{Bk} \phi_B \rangle \delta_{jl} \\ &= \left(\sum_A C_{Ai} C_{Ak} \langle \phi_A | h | \phi_B \rangle \right) \delta_{jl} \\ &= \left(\sum_A \sum_B C_{Ai} C_{Bk} \langle \phi_A | h | \phi_B \rangle \right) \delta_{jl} \\ &= \left(\underline{C}_i^T \underline{h} \underline{C}_k \right) \delta_{jl}, \text{ where } h_{AB} = \langle \phi_A | h | \phi_B \rangle. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Similarly, } \langle \chi_j | y^4 | \chi_l \rangle &= \sum_A \sum_B C_{Aj} C_{Bl} \langle \phi_A | y^4 | \phi_B \rangle \\ &= \underline{C}_j^T \underline{G} \underline{C}_l, \text{ where } G_{AB} = \langle \phi_A | y^4 | \phi_B \rangle. \end{aligned}$$

Then, altogether we get

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \Phi_{ij} | H | \Phi_{kl} \rangle &= \delta_{jl} \underline{C}_i^T \underline{h} \underline{C}_k + \delta_{ik} \underline{C}_i^T \underline{h} \underline{C}_l - \delta_{il} \underline{C}_j^T \underline{h} \underline{C}_k - \delta_{jk} \underline{C}_i^T \underline{h} \underline{C}_l \\ &+ a \left((\underline{C}_j^T \underline{G} \underline{C}_l) (\underline{C}_i^T \underline{G} \underline{C}_k) \right) - a \left((\underline{C}_i^T \underline{G} \underline{C}_l) (\underline{C}_j^T \underline{G} \underline{C}_k) \right) \end{aligned}$$