

Analysis of Image Transforms for Sketch-based Retrieval

Diploma Thesis

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Outline

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Motivation

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Challenges of CBIR

The Semantic Gap

*“The semantic gap is the **lack of coincidence** between the information that one can extract from the **visual data** and the **interpretation** that the same data have for a user in a given situation.” – Smeulders et al.*

The Sensory Gap

*“The sensory gap is the gap between the **object in the world** and the information in a (computational) description derived from a **recording of that scene**.” – Smeulders et al.*

Prior Work on Human Recognition

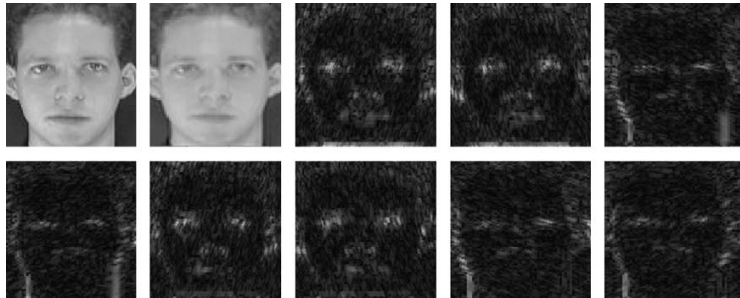


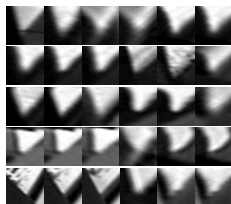
Figure: “Face recognition using curvelet based PCA.”, T. Mandal and Q. M.J Wu, ICPR 2008

Prior Work on Human Recognition



Figure: “Histograms of oriented gradients for human detection”, Dalal and Triggs, CVPR 2005

Prior Work on Visual Codebooks



Anatomy of a CBIR System

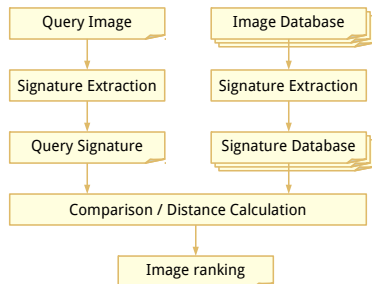


Figure: Global Descriptors

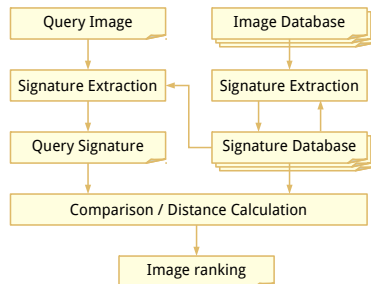


Figure: Local Descriptors

Acquisition

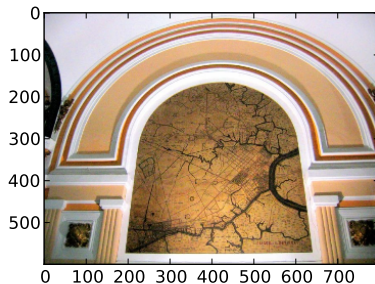


Figure: Original Image

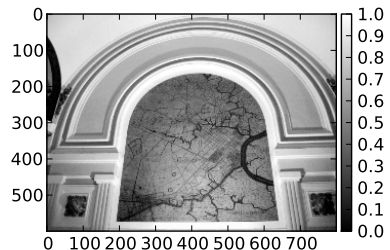


Figure: Luma Conversion

Acquisition

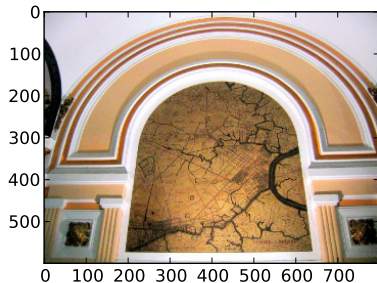


Figure: Original Image

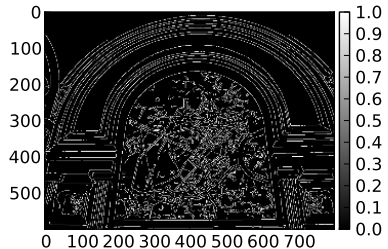


Figure: Canny Operator

Acquisition

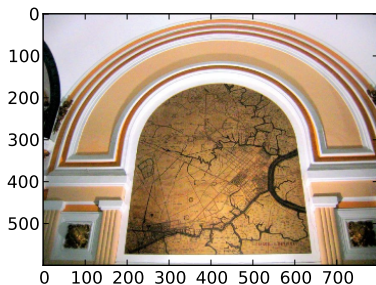


Figure: Original Image

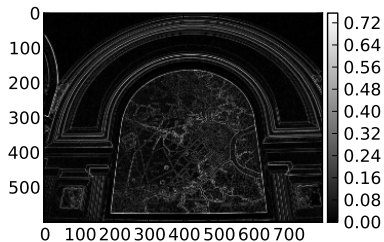


Figure: Sobel Operator

Acquisition

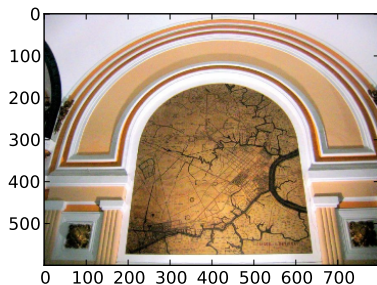


Figure: Original Image

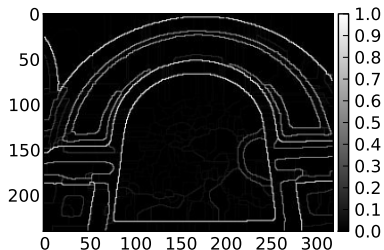


Figure: gPb-owt-ucm Transform

The Curvelet Transform

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The Fast Discrete Curvelet Transform

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Global Feature Extraction

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Local Feature Extraction

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Ranking

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Benchmarking Method

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Cross-Domain Results

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Intra-Domain Results

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Conclusions

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