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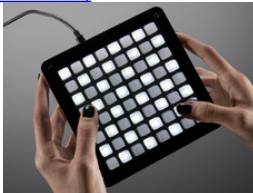
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- [WEARABLES \(83\)](#)
- [YOUNG ENGINEERS \(70\)](#)
- [PROTOTYPING \(101\)](#)
- [KITS & PROJECTS \(121\)](#)
- [BOARDS \(131\)](#)
- [LCDs & DISPLAYS \(77\)](#)
- [LEDs \(161\)](#)
- [POWER \(122\)](#)
- [CABLES \(98\)](#)
- [TOOLS \(92\)](#)
- [ROBOTICS & CNC \(115\)](#)
- [ACCESSORIES \(108\)](#)
- [COMPONENTS & PARTS \(218\)](#)
- [SENSORS \(138\)](#)
- [EL WIRE/TAPE/PANEL \(82\)](#)
- [3D PRINTING \(11\)](#)
- [BOOKS \(63\)](#)
- [SOFTWARE \(1\)](#)
- [WIRELESS \(57\)](#)
- [GIFT CERTIFICATES \(4\)](#)

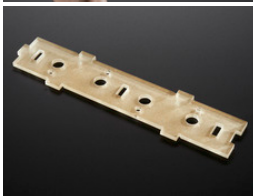
NEW PRODUCTS

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[Adafruit OONTZ Open-Source Grid Controller Kit - 8x8 White LEDs](#)\$99.95



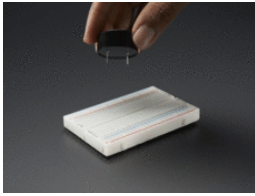
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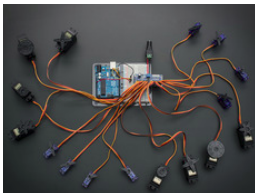


- [Programming the Beagle Bone Black by Simon Monk\\$14.95](#)

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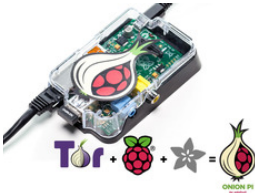
- [BeagleBone Black Rev C - 4GB Flash - Pre-installed Debian\\$55.00](#)



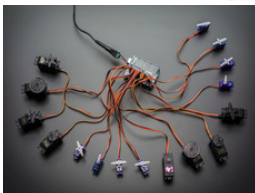
- [Adafruit 16-Channel 12-bit PWM/Servo Driver - I2C interface\\$14.95](#)



- [Adafruit Assembled Data Logging shield for Arduino\\$19.95](#)



- [Onion Pi Pack with mini Wi-Fi - Make a Raspberry Pi Tor Proxy\\$89.95](#)



- [Adafruit 16-Channel 12-bit PWM/Servo Shield - I2C interface\\$17.50](#)

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NEW POSTS

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- June 21, 2014 at 9:48 am [Sharpe Products NISSIN 3D Tube Bender \(video\)](#)



- June 21, 2014 at 9:41 am [Amelia Earhart Reenactment Flight - The...](#)



- June 21, 2014 at 1:00 am [Did A Chatbot Really Pass The Turing Test?...](#)

FEATURED POSTS

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- June 6, 2014 at 6:03 pm [Collin's Lab: RFID \(video\)](#)



- June 6, 2014 at 3:40 pm [Tutorial: 0.54" Alphanumeric Adafruit LED...](#)



- June 5, 2014 at 9:00 am [3D Printed Camera Tripod Adatper for Telescope](#)

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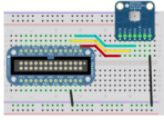
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- [ADAFRUIT PRODUCTS \(127\)](#)
- [MAKER BUSINESS \(16\)](#)
- [PROJECTS \(43\)](#)
- [LEDS \(48\)](#)
- [RASPBERRY PI \(74\)](#)
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- [COLLIN'S LAB \(5\)](#)

NEW GUIDES

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- [USING THE BMP085/180 WITH RASPBERRY PI OR BEAGLEBONE BLACK](#)



- [ADAFRUIT POWERBOOST 500 + CHARGER](#)



- [OONTZ: A TRELLIS MIDI INSTRUMENT](#)

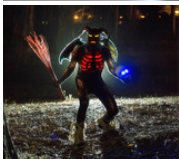


- [FLORA MIDI DRUM GLOVE](#)

FEATURED GUIDES

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- [LED BICYCLE HANDLEBARS](#)



- [ELECTRONIC DEMON COSTUME](#)



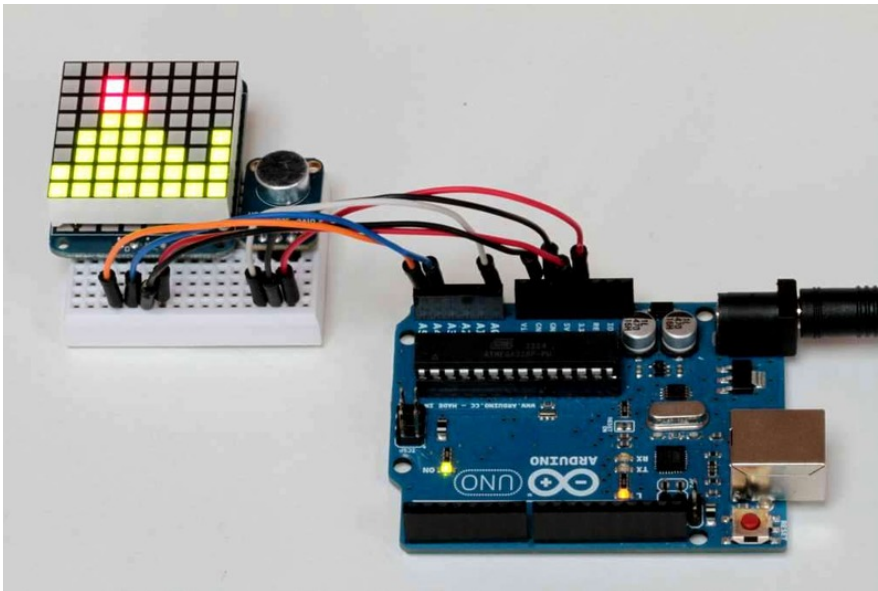
- [ONION PI](#)



- [TRINKET POWERED ANALOG METER CLOCK](#)

- [FORUMS](#)

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[Adafruit Microphone Amplifier Breakout](#)

[Measure Sound Levels with the Adafruit Microphone Amplifier](#)

- [Overview](#)
- [Assembly and Wiring](#)
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Measuring Sound Levels



[BILL EARL](#)

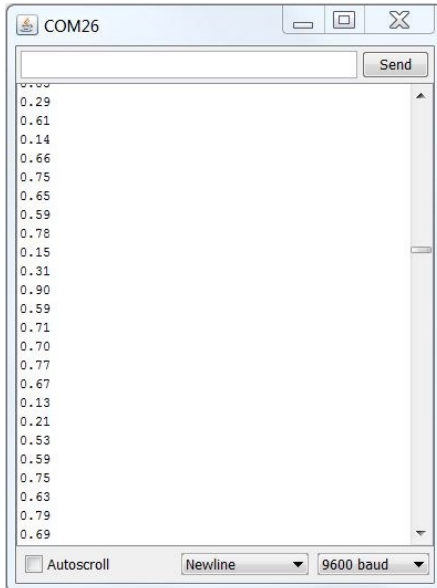
The Audio signal from the output of the amplifier is a varying voltage. To measure the sound level, we need to take multiple measurements to find the minimum and maximum extents or "peak to peak amplitude" of the signal.

In the example below, we choose a sample window of 50 milliseconds. That is sufficient to measure sound levels of frequencies as low as 20 Hz - the lower limit of human hearing.

After finding the minimum and maximum samples, we compute the difference and convert it to volts and the output is printed to the serial monitor.

```
1. /*****
2. Example Sound Level Sketch for the
3. Adafruit Microphone Amplifier
4. *****/
5.
6. const int sampleWindow = 50; // Sample window width in mS (50 mS = 20Hz)
7. unsigned int sample;
8.
9. void setup()
10. {
11.   Serial.begin(9600);
12. }
13.
14.
15. void loop()
16. {
17.   unsigned long startMillis= millis(); // Start of sample window
18.   unsigned int peakToPeak = 0; // peak-to-peak level
19.
20.   unsigned int signalMax = 0;
21.   unsigned int signalMin = 1024;
22.
23.   // collect data for 50 mS
24.   while (millis() - startMillis < sampleWindow)
25.   {
26.     sample = analogRead(0);
27.     if (sample < 1024) // toss out spurious readings
28.     {
```

```
29.     if (sample > signalMax)
30.     {
31.         signalMax = sample; // save just the max levels
32.     }
33.     else if (sample < signalMin)
34.     {
35.         signalMin = sample; // save just the min levels
36.     }
37. }
38. }
39. peakToPeak = signalMax - signalMin; // max - min = peak-peak amplitude
40. double volts = (peakToPeak * 3.3) / 1024; // convert to volts
41.
42. Serial.println(volts);
43. }
```

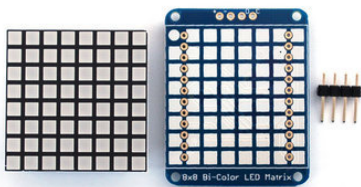


OK, so that's not very exciting. What else can you do with it?

Scrolling Sound Level Meter

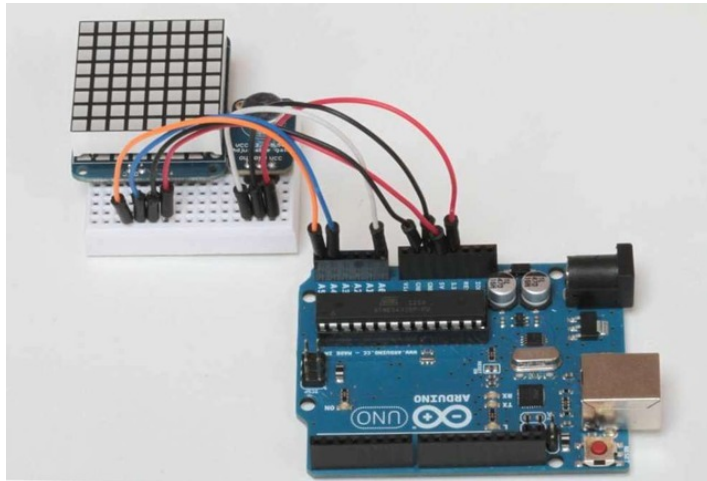
So now we will take the peak-to-peak measurement and use it to drive a [Bicolor LED Matrix](#) to display the sound level. To make it more interesting, we will scroll the display so that the last 8 measurements are graphed in real-time.

To do this you will need to download the [Adafruit GFX Library](#) and [LED Backpack Library](#). The Wire Library is included in the Arduino IDE installation.



Assemble the Matrix

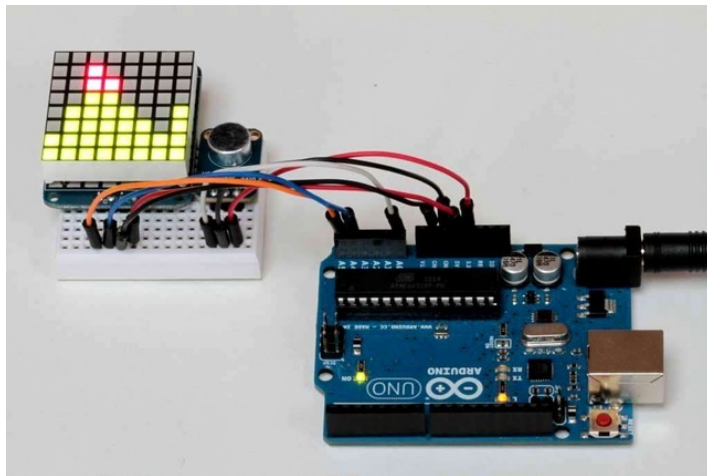
Follow the tutorial [here](#):



Connect the Matrix

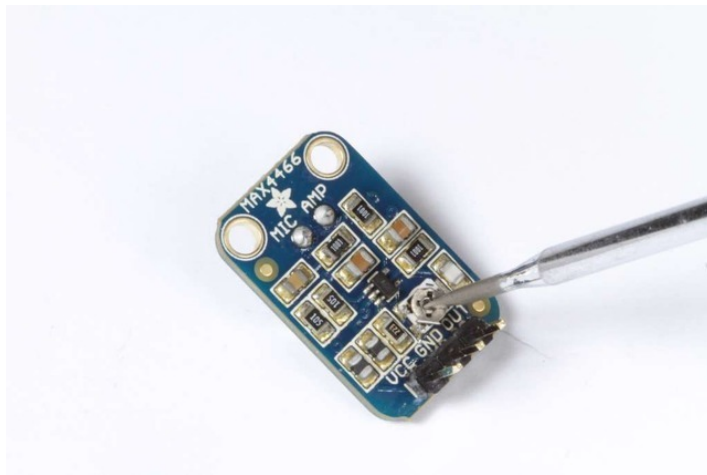
The Matrix backpack has 4 pins, connected as follows:

1. '+' -> 5v
2. '-' -> GND
3. D -> SDA (Analog Pin 4)
4. C -> SCL (Analog Pin 5)



Upload the Code

Paste the code below into the Arduino IDE and upload it. Speak in a normal voice about 6-8 inches from the microphone and the sound level meter matrix display should start scrolling.



Adjust the Gain

Although the amplifier is capable of a rail-to-rail signal (3.3v in this case), the code maps a 1v peak-to-peak signal to the full scale of the display.

This can be changed in the code. Or you can adjust the gain trimmer-pot of the amplifier with a small straight-bladed screwdriver. The amplifier gain is adjustable from 25x to 125x.

Make all gain adjustments gently. If you feel resistance, stop. The tiny trim pot is delicate and it is easy to damage by turning past the stop.

```
1. /*****
2. Scrolling Sound Meter Sketch for the
3. Adafruit Microphone Amplifier
4. *****/
5.
6. #include <Wire.h>
7. #include "Adafruit_LEDBackpack.h"
8. #include "Adafruit_GFX.h"
9.
10. // Include the Matrix code for display
```



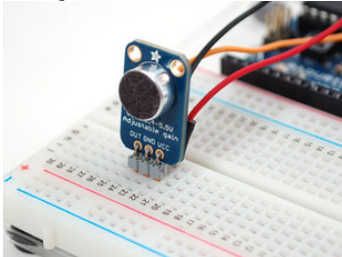
```

11. Adafruit_BicolorMatrix matrix = Adafruit_BicolorMatrix();
12.
13. const int maxScale = 8;
14. const int redZone = 5;
15.
16. const int sampleWindow = 50; // Sample window width in mS (50 mS = 20Hz)
17. unsigned int sample;
18.
19. void setup()
20. {
21.   Serial.begin(9600);
22.
23.   matrix.begin(0x70); // pass in the address
24. }
25.
26.
27. void loop()
28. {
29.   unsigned long startMillis= millis(); // Start of sample window
30.   unsigned int peakToPeak = 0; // peak-to-peak level
31.
32.   unsigned int signalMax = 0;
33.   unsigned int signalMin = 1024;
34.
35.   while (millis() - startMillis < sampleWindow)
36.   {
37.     sample = analogRead(0);
38.     if (sample < 1024) // toss out spurious readings
39.     {
40.       if (sample > signalMax)
41.       {
42.         signalMax = sample; // save just the max levels
43.       }
44.       else if (sample < signalMin)
45.       {
46.         signalMin = sample; // save just the min levels
47.       }
48.     }
49.   }
50.   peakToPeak = signalMax - signalMin;
51.
52.   // map lv p-p level to the max scale of the display
53.   int displayPeak = map(peakToPeak, 0, 1023, 0, maxScale);
54.
55.   // Update the display:
56.   for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++) // shift the display left
57.   {
58.     matrix.displaybuffer[i] = matrix.displaybuffer[i+1];
59.   }
60.
61.   // draw the new sample
62.   for (int i = 0; i <= maxScale; i++)
63.   {
64.     if (i >= displayPeak) // blank these pixels
65.     {
66.       matrix.drawPixel(i, 7, 0);
67.     }
68.     else if (i < redZone) // draw in green
69.     {
70.       matrix.drawPixel(i, 7, LED_GREEN);
71.     }
72.     else // Red Alert! Red Alert!
73.     {
74.       matrix.drawPixel(i, 7, LED_RED);
75.     }
76.   }
77.   matrix.writeDisplay(); // write the changes we just made to the display
78. }

```

[ASSEMBLY AND WIRING MORE COOL PROJECTS!](#)

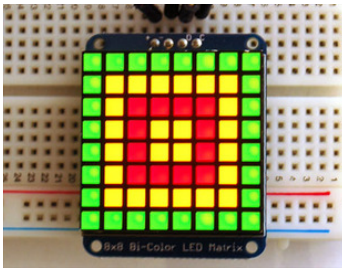
Last updated on 2014-06-20 at 05.02.06 PM Published on 2013-01-13 at 09.43.18 PM



\$6.95

Electret Microphone Amplifier - MAX4466 with Adjustable Gain

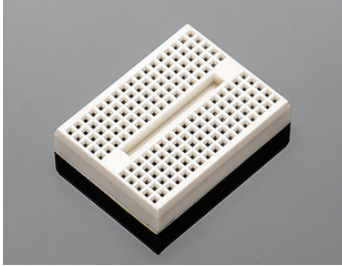
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Adafruit Bicolor LED Square Pixel Matrix with I2C Backpack

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Tiny breadboard

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[Build a sound reactive LED microphone flag](#)

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[Electronic Demon Costume](#)

[RAAAAAWR!](#)

[Spark the demon](#) is a costume featuring an Arduino-based voice changer, an animated LED matrix face and glowing EL wire wings. This short guide answers some common questions and collects links to the relevant tutorials and videos that may be helpful in your own Halloween creations.



[PHILLIP BURGESS](#)

- [ADAFRUIT PRODUCTS](#) / [FLORA](#)



[LED Ampli-Tie](#)

[Wearable VU meter necktie with Flora](#)

[Make your necktie light up like a VU meter!](#) This Flora project uses the Electret Microphone Amplifier to trigger 16 Flora NeoPixels sewn with conductive thread along the length of the tie.



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"In order to change an existing paradigm you do not struggle to try and change the problematic model. You create a new model and make the old one obsolete" - [R. Buckminster Fuller](#)

