## attention\_compare

#### January 28, 2024

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[2]: def get_sub_matrices(A, Q, indices):
        sub_matrices = []
        M = A.shape[0] # Assuming A is a numpy array and square
        for idx in indices:
            i, j = idx
             if i*Q < M and j*Q < M: # Check if indices are valid
                 sub_matrix = A[i*Q:(i+1)*Q, j*Q:(j+1)*Q]
                 sub_matrices.append(sub_matrix)
             else:
                 sub_matrices.append(None) # Or handle invalid index differently
        return sub_matrices
     def insert_dividers(matrix, context_points, divider_width=1):
        total_rows, total_cols = matrix.shape
         # Insert row dividers
         insert_positions = np.arange(context_points, total_rows, context_points)
        insert_positions = np.repeat(insert_positions,
                                         divider_width) # repeat the insert_
      ⇒positions for each row divider
        matrix = np.insert(matrix, insert_positions, np.nan, axis=0)
        # Update total_rows and total_cols after row dividers insertion
        total_rows, total_cols = matrix.shape
         # Insert column dividers
        insert_positions = np.arange(context_points, total_cols, context_points)
        insert_positions = np.repeat(insert_positions,
                                         divider_width) # repeat the insert_
      ⇒positions for each column divider
        matrix = np.insert(matrix, insert_positions, np.nan, axis=1)
```

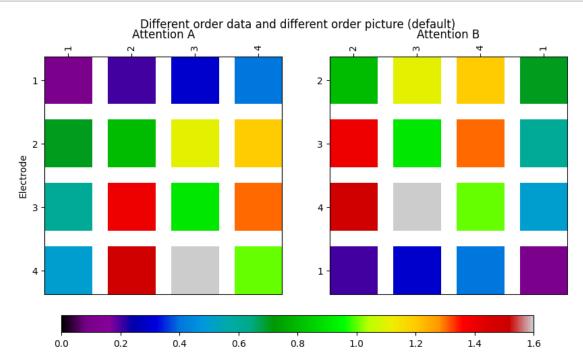
```
return matrix
def calculate_tick_positions(matrix_size, context_points, divider_width):
    positions = np.arange(0, matrix_size, context_points + divider_width)
    adjusted_positions = positions + (context_points + divider_width) // 2 -u
 \hookrightarrow divider_width
    return adjusted_positions # Exclude the last position which is beyond the
 \rightarrow matrix
def reorder_attention_matrix(attention, current_order, target_order,__
 ⇔context points):
    """Reorder the attention matrix based on the target electrode order,\Box
 ⇔considering sub-squares."""
    num_electrodes = len(current_order)
    reordered_attention = np.zeros_like(attention)
    # Create a mapping from electrode names to their indices
    current_indices = {electrode: i for i, electrode in_
 →enumerate(current order)}
    target_indices = [current_indices[electrode] for electrode in target_order]
    # Reorder sub-squares in the attention matrix
    for i, target_idx in enumerate(target_indices):
        for j, target_jdx in enumerate(target_indices):
            source_i, source_j = int(target_idx * context_points),__
 int(target_jdx * context_points)
            dest_i, dest_j = int(i * context_points), int(j * context_points)
            reordered_attention[dest_i:dest_i + context_points, dest_j:dest_j + __
 context_points] = attention[source_i:source_i + context_points, source_j:
 ⇒source_j + context_points]
    return reordered_attention
def combined plot(attention matrices, electrode names, plot titles,
 →context_points, maxval=0.05, same_order=False, put_text=False,
 →plot_size=(20, 10)):
    if same_order and len(attention_matrices) > 1 and len(electrode_names) > 1:
        attention_matrices[1] = reorder_attention_matrix(attention_matrices[1],__
 →electrode_names[1], electrode_names[0], context_points)
        electrode_names[1] = electrode_names[0]
    nrows = 1
    ncols = len(attention_matrices)
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=plot_size, dpi=100, nrows=nrows, ncols=ncols)
```

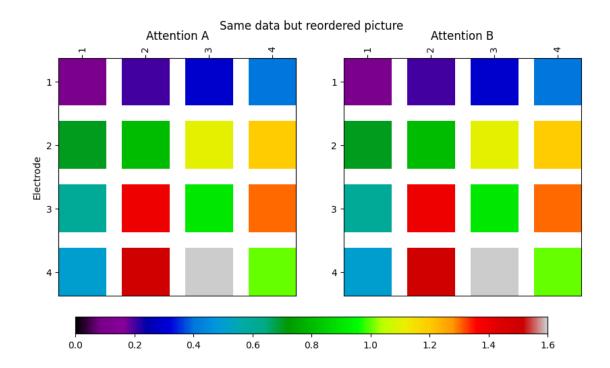
```
for i, attention in enumerate(attention_matrices):
       attention_with_dividers = insert_dividers(attention, context_points)
       tick_positions = calculate_tick_positions(attention_with_dividers.
 ⇒shape[0], context_points, 1)
       ax[i].set_xticks(tick_positions)
       ax[i].set_yticks(tick_positions)
       ax[i].set_xticklabels(electrode_names[i], rotation=90)
       ax[i].set_yticklabels(electrode_names[i])
       ax[i].xaxis.tick_top()
       ax[i].imshow(attention_with_dividers, cmap='nipy_spectral',_
 ax[i].set_title(plot_titles[i])
       if put_text:
           # put text of values into each cell
           for x in range(attention_with_dividers.shape[0]):
               for y in range(attention_with_dividers.shape[1]):
                   if not np.isnan(attention_with_dividers[x, y]):
                       ax[i].text(y, x, '{:.2f}'.

¬format(attention_with_dividers[x, y]),
                               horizontalalignment='center',
                               verticalalignment='center',
                               color='white', fontsize=6)
   # Adjust layout for colorbar
   plt.subplots_adjust(bottom=0.15)
   cbar ax = fig.add_axes([0.15, 0.05, 0.7, 0.05]) # Adjust as needed
   fig.colorbar(ax[0].images[0], cax=cbar_ax, orientation='horizontal')
   ax[0].set_ylabel('Electrode')
   return fig, ax
   # return attention_matrices[0], attention_matrices[1]
def blow_up(matrix, N):
   # Repeat each element in each row N times
   repeated_rows = np.repeat(matrix, N, axis=1)
   # Repeat each row N times
   blown_up_matrix = np.repeat(repeated_rows, N, axis=0)
   return blown up matrix
```

# 1 test made by hand to make sure reordering matrix is working correct

```
[3]: repsize = 3
     attention1 = blow_up(np.array([[0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4],
                            [0.7, 0.8, 1.1, 1.2,],
                            [0.6, 1.4, 0.9, 1.3,],
                            [0.5, 1.5, 1.6, 1.0,],]),repsize)
     attention2 = blow_up(np.array([[0.8, 1.1, 1.2, 0.7],
                                     [1.4, 0.9, 1.3, 0.6,],
                                     [1.5, 1.6, 1.0, 0.5,],
                                     [0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.1,],]),repsize)
     titles = ["Attention A",
               "Attention B"]
     names = ["1,2,3,4".split(','),
              "2,3,4,1".split(',')]
     fig,ax = combined_plot([attention1, attention2], names, titles, repsize,__
      ⇔same_order=False, maxval=1.6,plot_size=(10,5));
     plt.suptitle('Different order data and different order picture (default)')
     fig,ax = combined plot([attention1, attention2], names, titles, repsize, ___
      ⇔same_order=True, maxval=1.6,plot_size=(10,5));
     plt.suptitle('Same data but reordered picture');
```





#### # All plots from here after will be same order and specified if different data

## Test EDF TEST 1 vs EDF TEST 1 1

Info for both runs.

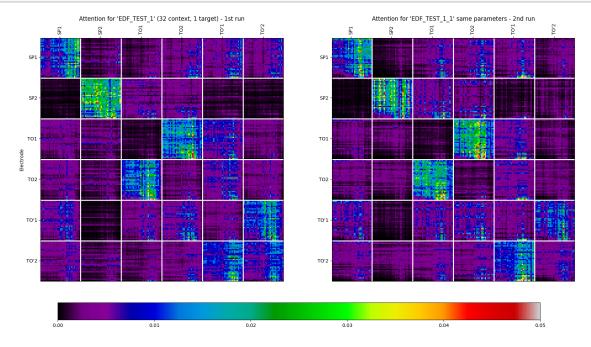
- Same params and data on two runs; 1 run after the other - making sure it converges to a similar idea after 10 epochs
- ONLY difference is second run was –run name EDF TEST 1 1

python train.py spacetimeformer EDF --data\_path /home/wendeldr/git/spacetimeformer/spacetimefor Notes

#### Predictions were not done on exact same data, the part of the code that pulls these is apperently using random indexs. Working on updating it

- similar but not exact same apperence (not same data).
  - over all the electrode to electrode relationships seem to be holding

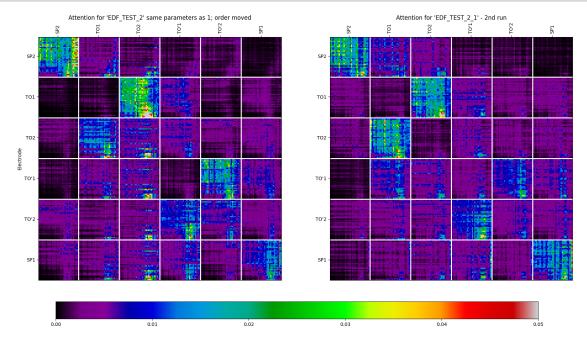
```
[4]: path1 = "/home/dan/Documents/images/singleTokenPreds/
      Goffline-run-20240126_103434-79tgbfm9/files/self_attn_1000_layer_0.npy"
     attention1 = np.load(path1)
     attention1 = attention1[0, 0, :, :]
     path2 = "/home/dan/Documents/images/singleTokenPreds/
      offline-run-20240126_105844-sn1v3ot4/files/self_attn_1000_layer_0.npy"
```



#### 3 Test EDF\_TEST\_2 vs EDF\_TEST\_2\_1

- same input and idea as previous EDF\_TEST\_1 vs EDF\_TEST\_1\_1
- first electrode rotated to end of list --channels "SP2,T01,T02,T0'1,T0'2,SP1"
- comparison of two runs with rotated run one after other

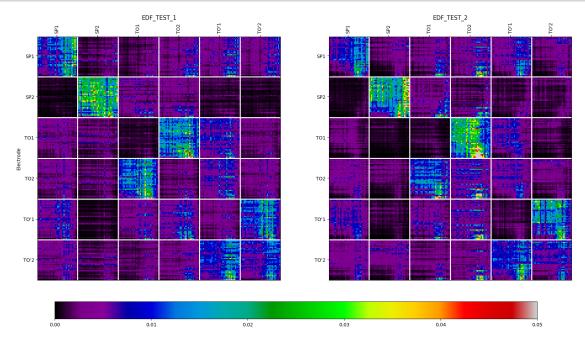
Notes: - Similar to previous test. In general trends are similar. Differences most likely due to differences in data being predicted



#### 4 Compare EDF TEST 1 vs EDF TEST 2

(SP1,SP2,TO1,TO2,TO'1,TO'2 vs SP2,TO1,TO2,TO'1,TO'2,SP1) - Does perturbation electrodes make a difference? - Order **IS** different in underlying attention matrix's, data is reordered for easier comparison in images

Notes - similar patterning in general. Minor changes likely due to different data; will repeat once code is repeatable



### 5 Rotation in middle (EDF\_TEST\_1 vs EDF\_TEST\_3)

• same idea as moving first electrode to end of list, just moving two different electrodes in middle of array

SP1,**SP2**,**TO1**,TO2,TO'1,TO'2 vs SP1,**TO1**,**SP2**,TO2,TO'1,TO'2

Notes - same ideas as other tests

