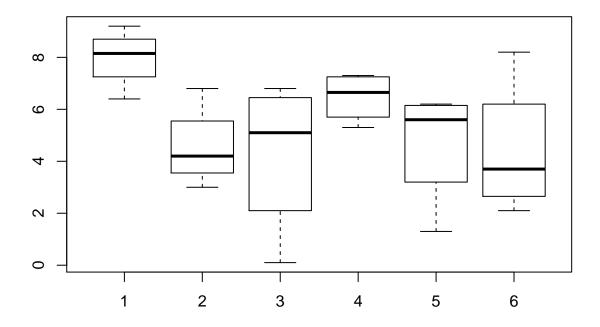
## Two-Way Example using Contrasts (Hard Way)

This example is for illustration! This data represents 2 Varieties and 3 Tillage methods for a total of 6 Treatment combinations. We start with a one-way model (with 6 trts) and test for main effects and interactions using contrasts (hard way). We will use this same data in another example and specify the two way structure directly (easy way).

## Legend:

```
1. Trt1 = Var1, Till1
  2. Trt2 = Var1, Till2
  3. Trt3 = Var1, Till3
  4. Trt4 = Var2, Till1
  5. \text{ Trt5} = \text{Var2}, \text{ Till2}
  6. Trt6 = Var2, Till3
library(car)
library(emmeans)
InData <- read.csv("C:/hess/STAT512/RNotes/ExpDesign2/ED2_2wayData.csv")</pre>
str(InData)
## 'data.frame':
                     24 obs. of 4 variables:
  $ trt : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 ...
    $ till: int 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 ...
    $ var : int 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 ...
##
## $ resp: num 9.2 4.1 4.1 7.3 5.1 8.2 8.1 6.8 6.1 6.1 ...
#Important: Need to define trt as.factor!
InData$trt <- as.factor(InData$trt)</pre>
aggregate(resp ~ trt, data = InData, FUN = mean)
##
     trt resp
## 1
       1 7.975
## 2
       2 4.550
## 3
       3 4.275
## 4
       4 6.475
## 5
       5 4.675
## 6
       6 4.425
boxplot(resp ~ trt, data = InData)
```



## One-way ANOVA (Standard Parameterization)

## 6

4.42 1.05 18

2.23

Here we use our standard approach for a one-way ANOVA. Use anova() and lsmeans() to address research questions. Note that when ignoring the factorial structure and running all pairwise comparisons (using emmeans), none of the comparisons are significant at the alpha = 0.05 level.

```
Model1 <- lm(resp ~ trt, data = InData)
anova(Model1)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: resp
##
             Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## trt
              5 45.002 9.0004 2.0557 0.1189
## Residuals 18 78.808 4.3782
emmeans(Model1, pairwise ~ trt)
##
   $emmeans
                  SE df lower.CL upper.CL
##
    trt emmean
          7.97 1.05 18
##
    1
                            5.78
                                    10.17
##
    2
          4.55 1.05 18
                            2.35
                                     6.75
    3
          4.28 1.05 18
                            2.08
                                     6.47
##
##
    4
          6.47 1.05 18
                            4.28
                                     8.67
    5
                                     6.87
##
          4.67 1.05 18
                            2.48
```

6.62

```
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
##
    contrast estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
    1 - 2
##
                3.425 1.48 18
                               2.315
                                      0.2385
                3.700 1.48 18 2.501
                                       0.1756
    1 - 4
##
                1.500 1.48 18
                               1.014
                                       0.9073
##
    1 - 5
                3.300 1.48 18
                                2.230
                                       0.2721
##
    1 - 6
                3.550 1.48 18
                                2.399
                                       0.2080
    2 - 3
                0.275 1.48 18 0.186
                                       1.0000
    2 - 4
##
               -1.925 1.48 18 -1.301
                                       0.7808
##
    2 - 5
               -0.125 1.48 18 -0.084
                                       1.0000
    2 - 6
                                       1.0000
##
                0.125 1.48 18 0.084
##
    3 - 4
               -2.200 1.48 18 -1.487
                                       0.6763
##
    3 - 5
               -0.400 1.48 18 -0.270
                                       0.9998
##
    3 - 6
               -0.150 1.48 18 -0.101
                                       1.0000
##
    4 - 5
                1.800 1.48 18
                                1.217
                                       0.8233
   4 - 6
##
                2.050 1.48 18
                                1.386
                                       0.7348
##
    5 - 6
                0.250 1.48 18
                                0.169
                                       1.0000
##
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 6 estimates
```

## Cell Means (No Intercept) Parameterization

Note that the estimated coefficients now represent the treatment means directly. We then use this parameterization to test orthogonal contrasts using lht() from the car package. These contrasts are discussed in more detail in the notes.

```
Model2 <- lm(resp ~ trt - 1, data = InData)
summary(Model2)</pre>
```

```
##
## lm(formula = resp ~ trt - 1, data = InData)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
              1Q Median
                             3Q
                                   Max
## -4.175 -1.188 -0.025
                        1.275
                                 3.775
##
  Coefficients:
##
        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## trt1
           7.975
                       1.046
                               7.623 4.84e-07 ***
## trt2
           4.550
                       1.046
                               4.349 0.000387 ***
## trt3
           4.275
                               4.086 0.000693 ***
                       1.046
                               6.189 7.67e-06 ***
## trt4
           6.475
                       1.046
           4.675
                       1.046
                               4.469 0.000297 ***
## trt5
## trt6
           4.425
                       1.046
                               4.230 0.000504 ***
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.092 on 18 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9042, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8723
```

```
## F-statistic: 28.31 on 6 and 18 DF, p-value: 3.123e-08
Cvar \leftarrow c(-1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1)
Ctill1 <- c(2, -1, -1, 2, -1, -1)
Ctill2 \leftarrow c(0, -1, 1, 0, -1, 1)
Cint1 \leftarrow c(-2, 1, 1, 2, -1, -1)
Cint2 <- c(0, 1, -1, 0, -1, 1)
lht(Model2, Cvar)
## Linear hypothesis test
## Hypothesis:
## - trt1 - trt2 - trt3 + trt4 + trt5 + trt6 = 0
## Model 1: restricted model
## Model 2: resp ~ trt - 1
##
## Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq
                                  F Pr(>F)
## 1
       19 79.808
        18 78.807 1
                       1.0004 0.2285 0.6384
lht(Model2, Ctill1)
## Linear hypothesis test
##
## Hypothesis:
## 2 trt1 - trt2 - trt3 + 2 trt4 - trt5 - trt6 = 0
## Model 1: restricted model
## Model 2: resp ~ trt - 1
##
## Res.Df
              RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1
       19 118.958
        18 78.807 1
## 2
                        40.15 9.1705 0.007227 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
lht(Model2, Ctill2)
## Linear hypothesis test
## Hypothesis:
## - trt2 + trt3 - trt5 + trt6 = 0
## Model 1: restricted model
## Model 2: resp ~ trt - 1
##
## Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq
                               F Pr(>F)
## 1 19 79.083
        18 78.807 1 0.27563 0.063 0.8047
lht(Model2, Cint1)
## Linear hypothesis test
## Hypothesis:
## - 2 trt1 + trt2 + trt3 + 2 trt4 - trt5 - trt6 = 0
```

```
##
## Model 1: restricted model
## Model 2: resp ~ trt - 1
##
   Res.Df
              RSS Df Sum of Sq
## 1
      19 82.383
        18 78.807 1 3.5752 0.8166 0.3781
lht(Model2, Cint2)
## Linear hypothesis test
## Hypothesis:
## trt2 - trt3 - trt5 + trt6 = 0
## Model 1: restricted model
## Model 2: resp ~ trt - 1
##
   Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1
     19 78.808
## 2
        18 78.807 1 0.000625 1e-04 0.9906
#Simultaneous Test #1
lht(Model2, rbind(Ctill1, Ctill2))
## Linear hypothesis test
## Hypothesis:
## 2 trt1 - trt2 - trt3 + 2 trt4 - trt5 - trt6 = 0
## - trt2 + trt3 - trt5 + trt6 = 0
## Model 1: restricted model
## Model 2: resp ~ trt - 1
## Res.Df
             RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1 20 119.233
## 2
       18 78.807 2 40.426 4.6167 0.02407 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#Simultaneous Test #2
lht(Model2, rbind(Cint1, Cint2))
## Linear hypothesis test
##
## Hypothesis:
## - 2 trt1 + trt2 + trt3 + 2 trt4 - trt5 - trt6 = 0
## trt2 - trt3 - trt5 + trt6 = 0
## Model 1: restricted model
## Model 2: resp ~ trt - 1
## Res.Df
              RSS Df Sum of Sq
      20 82.383
## 1
       18 78.807 2 3.5758 0.4084 0.6707
## 2
```