

Pillow Example: BIBD treating blocks as random

We return to the Pillow Data (from ExpDesign3) an experiment run in a balanced incomplete block design (BIBD). This time we treat blocks as random. Comparing to our original analysis (treating blocks as fixed) we see that the results are different.

```
library(lme4)
library(lmerTest)
library(pbkrtest)
library(emmeans)
library(multcompView)
Pillow <- read.csv("C:/hess/STAT512/RNotes/ExpDesign3/ED3_PillowBIBD.csv")
str(Pillow)

## 'data.frame': 36 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ blk : int 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 ...
## $ pillow : Factor w/ 9 levels "A","B","C","D",...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 ...
## $ firmness: int 59 26 38 85 92 69 74 52 27 62 ...
```

#Important: Need to define blk as.factor!!!!

```
Pillow$blk<-as.factor(Pillow$blk)
Model <- lmer (firmness ~ pillow + (1|blk), data = Pillow)
summary(Model)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML t-tests use Satterthwaite approximations
## to degrees of freedom [lmerMod]
## Formula: firmness ~ pillow + (1 | blk)
## Data: Pillow
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 185.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -1.5281 -0.7596 -0.0081 0.5565 1.3103
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## blk (Intercept) 2.041 1.429
## Residual 33.381 5.778
## Number of obs: 36, groups: blk, 12
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 59.286 2.969 26.866 19.969 < 2e-16 ***
## pillowB -36.425 4.167 24.185 -8.741 5.95e-09 ***
## pillowC -20.435 4.167 24.185 -4.904 5.20e-05 ***
## pillowD 17.624 4.167 24.185 4.229 0.000291 ***
## pillowE 30.081 4.167 24.185 7.219 1.77e-07 ***
## pillowF 10.372 4.167 24.185 2.489 0.020072 *
## pillowG 15.359 4.167 24.185 3.686 0.001150 **
## pillowH -8.143 4.167 24.185 -1.954 0.062335 .
## pillowI -25.753 4.167 24.185 -6.180 2.12e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr) pillowB pillowC pillowD pillowE pillowF pillowG pillowH
## pillowB -0.702
## pillowC -0.702  0.500
## pillowD -0.702  0.500  0.500
## pillowE -0.702  0.500  0.500  0.500
## pillowF -0.702  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500
## pillowG -0.702  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500
## pillowH -0.702  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500
## pillowI -0.702  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500  0.500
```

```
anova(Model, ddf="Kenward-Roger")
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table of type III with Kenward-Roger
## approximation for degrees of freedom
##      Sum Sq Mean Sq NumDF DenDF F.value Pr(>F)
## pillow 13422 1677.8      8 24.859 50.261 1.889e-13 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
emout <- emmeans(Model, pairwise ~ pillow)
emout
```

```
## $emmeans
## pillow emmean      SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## A      59.28555 3.152629 26.9 52.81577 65.75533
## B      22.86030 3.152629 26.9 16.39052 29.33008
## C      38.85078 3.152629 26.9 32.38100 45.32056
## D      76.90929 3.152629 26.9 70.43951 83.37908
## E      89.36702 3.152629 26.9 82.89724 95.83680
## F      69.65789 3.152629 26.9 63.18811 76.12768
## G      74.64446 3.152629 26.9 68.17468 81.11424
## H      51.14250 3.152629 26.9 44.67272 57.61228
## I      33.53219 3.152629 26.9 27.06241 40.00197
##
## Degrees-of-freedom method: kenward-roger
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## contrast estimate      SE df t.ratio p.value
## A - B      36.425249 4.460253 24.86 8.167 <.0001
## A - C      20.434770 4.460253 24.86 4.582 0.0030
## A - D     -17.623742 4.460253 24.86 -3.951 0.0139
## A - E     -30.081469 4.460253 24.86 -6.744 <.0001
## A - F     -10.372341 4.460253 24.86 -2.326 0.3651
## A - G     -15.358903 4.460253 24.86 -3.444 0.0443
## A - H       8.143056 4.460253 24.86 1.826 0.6660
## A - I      25.753359 4.460253 24.86 5.774 0.0002
## B - C     -15.990480 4.460253 24.86 -3.585 0.0323
## B - D     -54.048991 4.460253 24.86 -12.118 <.0001
## B - E     -66.506719 4.460253 24.86 -14.911 <.0001
## B - F     -46.797590 4.460253 24.86 -10.492 <.0001
## B - G     -51.784153 4.460253 24.86 -11.610 <.0001
## B - H     -28.282194 4.460253 24.86 -6.341 <.0001
## B - I     -10.671890 4.460253 24.86 -2.393 0.3302
```

```

## C - D    -38.058511  4.460253  24.86   -8.533   <.0001
## C - E    -50.516239  4.460253  24.86  -11.326   <.0001
## C - F    -30.807111  4.460253  24.86   -6.907   <.0001
## C - G    -35.793673  4.460253  24.86   -8.025   <.0001
## C - H    -12.291714  4.460253  24.86   -2.756   0.1792
## C - I      5.318590  4.460253  24.86    1.192   0.9508
## D - E    -12.457728  4.460253  24.86   -2.793   0.1674
## D - F      7.251401  4.460253  24.86    1.626   0.7823
## D - G      2.264838  4.460253  24.86    0.508   0.9998
## D - H     25.766797  4.460253  24.86    5.777   0.0002
## D - I     43.377101  4.460253  24.86    9.725   <.0001
## E - F     19.709129  4.460253  24.86    4.419   0.0045
## E - G     14.722566  4.460253  24.86    3.301   0.0604
## E - H     38.224525  4.460253  24.86    8.570   <.0001
## E - I     55.834829  4.460253  24.86   12.518   <.0001
## F - G     -4.986562  4.460253  24.86   -1.118   0.9657
## F - H     18.515397  4.460253  24.86    4.151   0.0086
## F - I     36.125700  4.460253  24.86    8.099   <.0001
## G - H     23.501959  4.460253  24.86    5.269   0.0005
## G - I     41.112263  4.460253  24.86    9.217   <.0001
## H - I     17.610304  4.460253  24.86    3.948   0.0140
##
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 9 estimates
cld(emout$emmeans)

## pillow    emmean      SE    df lower.CL upper.CL .group
## B         22.86030  3.152629  26.9  16.39052  29.33008    1
## I         33.53219  3.152629  26.9  27.06241  40.00197   12
## C         38.85078  3.152629  26.9  32.38100  45.32056   23
## H         51.14250  3.152629  26.9  44.67272  57.61228   34
## A         59.28555  3.152629  26.9  52.81577  65.75533   45
## F         69.65789  3.152629  26.9  63.18811  76.12768   56
## G         74.64446  3.152629  26.9  68.17468  81.11424   67
## D         76.90929  3.152629  26.9  70.43951  83.37908   67
## E         89.36702  3.152629  26.9  82.89724  95.83680    7
##
## Degrees-of-freedom method: kenward-roger
## Confidence level used: 0.95
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 9 estimates
## significance level used: alpha = 0.05

```