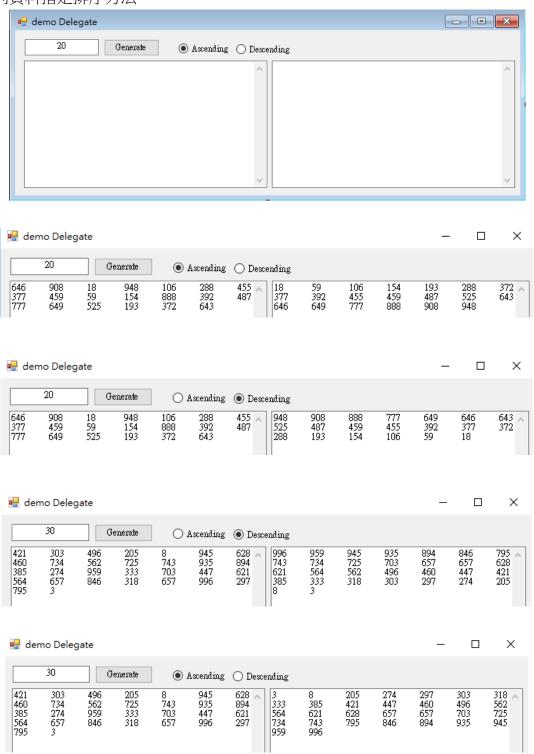
Topic 02: Introduction to Delegate

- ◆ 資料型別可以用來宣告變數或物件,例如 int 型別宣告出來的變數可以儲存數字、string 型別 宣告出來的變數可以儲存文字
- ◆ Delegate (委派)是用來儲存方法位址的資料型別。
 - 這種資料型別宣告出來變數所儲存的是方法的位址,一個儲存了方法位址的委派變數,可以用來呼叫該位址的方法
 - 由於變數的內容可以動態改變,因此只要將該變數內容改變為另一個方法的位址,該變數呼叫的就會是另一個方法。

Ex. 針對陣列資料指定排序方法



```
11
    □namespace Ex01_delegate
12
          3 references
13
          public partial class Form1 : Form
14
15
              public Form1()
16
17
                  InitializeComponent();
18
19
              Random rnd;
              uint N;
20
21
              int[] data;
22
              private void Form1_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
23
24
                  rnd = new Random((int)DateTime.Now.Ticks);
25
              }
26
              private void btnGenerate_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
27
28
                  if (uint.TryParse(txtBxN.Text, out N))
29
30
                      data = new int[N];
31
                       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
32
                           data[i] = rnd.Next(0, 1000);
33
                       txtBxRaw.Text = "";
34
                       foreach (int dd in data)
35
                           txtBxRaw.Text += string.Format("{0}\t",dd);
36
                  }
37
                  e1se
38
                  {
39
                      MessageBox.Show("Please input a positive number!!", "Error");
40
                       txtBxN.Focus();
41
                  }
42
43
               bool IsSmaller(int x, int y)//step.1
44
45
                   return x < y;
46
               }
47
               bool IsBigger(int x, int y)//step.1
48
49
                   return x > y;
50
51
               delegate bool CompareFunc(int x, int y);//step.2
52
               CompareFunc myCompare;//step.3
53
               void swap(ref int x, ref int y)
54
55
                   int tmp;
56
                   tmp = x;
57
                   x = y;
58
                   y = tmp;
59
               }
```

```
60
              void mySort(int[] data0, CompareFunc CompareMethod)
61
62
                  int i, j;
63
                  for (i=0; i \le data0.Length-2; i++)
64
65
                      for (j=i+1; j \le data0.Length-1; j++)
66
                          if (CompareMethod(data0[j], data0[i]))
67
                              swap(ref data0[j], ref data0[i]);
68
69
                      }
70
                  }
71
              }
72
              private void radioButton1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
73
74
                  if (myCompare != IsSmaller)
75
                      myCompare = new CompareFunc(IsSmaller);//step.4
76
                  mySort(data, myCompare);
77
                  txtBxSort.Text = "";
                  foreach (int dd in data)
78
79
                      txtBxSort.Text += string.Format("{0}\t", dd);
80
              }
81
              private void radioButton2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
82
83
                  if (myCompare != IsBigger)
                      myCompare = new CompareFunc(IsBigger);//step.4
84
85
                  mySort(data, myCompare);
                  txtBxSort.Text = "";
86
                  foreach (int dd in data)
87
88
                      txtBxSort.Text += string.Format("{0}\t", dd);
89
              }
90
          }
91
     }
```