$$J(\theta) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \mathbb{E}_{m,0 \times Y(T_n)} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{T_n} L_{ij} p(x_{m_i} | x_{j_i \cdots i} \times o_{r_i}; \theta) \right].$$

$$F(x) = P(L(x)) = \sum_{t=1}^{T} \log p(x+|X_1 - X_{t-1}, X_{t+1} - X_T)$$

$$p(x) = \frac{\exp \{F(x)\}}{\sum_{x' \in L} \exp \{F(x')\}}, \text{ when } L: \text{ all } possible \text{ that } supports.$$

Classifican: constrained optimization

min R(0)
(10)

 $\frac{d(y_n; f(x_n; \theta)) < \varepsilon}{per-example loss}.$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$ $\frac{d'(f'(x_m; \theta)) < s}{\varepsilon} h \text{ all } m = 1, \dots, M$

Inéaparte unlabilled examples for initializati

stage 1 (pretrag)

(approximate) I I d'(f'(xm; 0))

on a min man d'(f'(xm; 0))

on a m

p(y1x) = p(x1y)p(y) = p(y) Tip(xx1y)

p(x)

Bayes'

Classific

Generative

Generative

Chassificata RBM

$$-E(x,y) = b_x^T x + b_y^T y + \sum_{k=1}^{K} log(1 + exp) w_k^T x + u_k^T y + exp).$$
Score

$$\frac{\text{plx.y.}}{\sum_{y \in C} \int_{x} exp \left\{-E(x,y)\right\} dx}$$

$$= \exp \left\{-E(x,y)\right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{-E(x,y)\right\}$$

det

Software $\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} p(X_{m_i} (X_{m_i-n_{k_1}} - X_{m_{i-1}}, X_{m_{i-1}}, X_{m_{i-1}}, X_{m_{i-1}}, X_{m_{i-1}})$ $= e(X_m)^T \left(\sum_{j=m-n/i}^{m-1} p(X_{j-1} - X_{m_{i-1}}, X_{m_{i-1}}) - \sum_{j=m+1}^{m-1} p(X_{j-1} - X_{m_{i-1}}) \right)$

CB,W