

## Explanation of ER diagram

## **Entities**

- Complementary\_item is a weak entity that relies on Menu\_item, as each menu item can come with a unique menu\_item, such as ice with Apple juices. When one entity from Menu\_item is deleted, its corresponding Menu item should also be deleted.
- Payment\_method is a weak entity that relies on Restaurant Order. When an Order is deleted, its corresponding Payment record should be deleted to avoid payments that have no corresponding order.
- Nominated\_address is a weak entity that relies on Delivery\_Order. It's created every time a customer places a delivery order.
- Ordered\_coffee is a weak entity that relies on Restaurant Order. It stores the additional information for coffees that customers ordered.

## Relationships

- Relationship Menu\_item\_is\_included\_in\_Menu represents menu\_items are included in which menu. It's a many to many relationship as a menu\_item can be presented in different menus.
- Res\_Order\_in\_Complementary\_item represents which complementary item is added to restaurant order. It also stores the number of complementary items that are added to restaurant orders. Eg. 2 sugar bags are added to order #1.
- Res\_Order is superclass. Dine\_in\_Order, Delivery\_order and Take\_out\_order are its subclasses. This subclass IsA superclass relationship represents that Dine\_in\_Order, Delivery\_order and Take\_out\_order are all a form of ordering. Menu\_item must choose one subclass. Eg. order #1 is Dine\_in\_Order and order #5 is Dine\_in\_Order.
- Menu\_item\_in\_Res\_Order represents which menu\_item is added to restaurant order. It
  also stores the number of menu items that are added to restaurant orders. Eg. 1 French
  toast is added to order #2.

- Menu\_item is superclass. Food, Coffee, Fresh\_juice and Frappe are its subclasses. This
  subclass IsA superclass relationship represents that food, coffee, fresh\_juice and frappe
  are all a part of menu\_item. Menu\_item must choose one subclass. Eg. menu\_item latte
  is coffee.
- Reservation can be only associated with exactly 1 customer, which books exactly 1 table
  and result in exactly 1 Dine\_in\_order. Each Dine\_in\_Order should be associated with
  exactly 1 Resturant\_Table.

## **Attributes**

- Category attribute is a multi-valued attribute that includes category\_id and
  category\_name. Category\_id helps simplify the contents of SQL insert statements and
  guarantees that each menu\_item must have a 'Category' attribute and can have at least
  one 'Category'. Category\_name is a specific category name, such as 'lunch' and
  'breakfast'.
- Name is a composite attribute that can be flattened into 'first name' and 'last name'.
- Total\_charge is a derived attribute that is calculated from the sum of prices of the ordered menu item.
- We will choose integer type attributes with 'id' in its name as the primary key of the table, which allows us to better ensure the reliability of the table and the readability of the inserted contents.