# 软件工程大作业文档

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# 1 系统/子系统设计(结构设计)说明(后台部分)

### 1.1 引言

### 1.1.1 系统概述

后台分为两个部分,上层是 Controller,是用来处理业务逻辑的,下层是数据库,给上层的 Controller 提供相应的服务。下面会分两块来具体介绍这两部分。详见2和3。

### 1.1.2 文档概述

本文档将围绕 Spring Boot 架构来介绍后台部分。

### 1.2 系统级设计决策

本系统后台主要使用 Spring Boot 架构,它支持在开启服务的时候,接受 HttpRequest 或 websocket 并进行后台处理,然后返回相应的结果。系统接受的输入是 HttpRequest 或 websocket,详见2,对于每一个输入的响应,被 Controller 定义,不同的 request 会有不同的 Controller 对其进行处理并返回相应的结果。系统处理的过程中,依赖于两部分的内容:用户的 request 中的具体内容和底层数据库已有的信息。详见??。该系统的数据库存在服务器上,服务器的管理人员可以通过 database asdan 来访问数据库并查看当前数据库中的所有信息。该系统对服务器的要求是要求服务器能通过 maven 运行项目,并配有 mysql 数据库。

### 1.3 系统体系结构设计

### 1.3.1 系统总体设计

**概述** 本系统要实现的功能详见《prj9ASDAN 模拟商业竞拍交易大赛系统》。本系统要实现的性能:响应较快、支持并发、有一定的安全性、可在各个平台上运行、可移植等。本系统支持在 Windows、Unix、Linux 环境下运行。

设计思想 本系统顶层核心要处理的两个问题是对于 HttpRequest 的处理和对于 websocket 的处理,而底层核心要处理的问题是数据库的维护等问题。如果直接从头开始开发一套框架,则要实现的内容可能比我们当前写的多得多。所以我们后台根据这个需求找到了 Spring Boot 框架。Spring Boot 很好地通过了 Annotations 来实现我们需要的对于前端 web 端的响应,也实现了我们需要的和数据库的连接、并发的响应等等。本系统并不需要很高深的算法,但是对逻辑上的要求十分的多和细致。

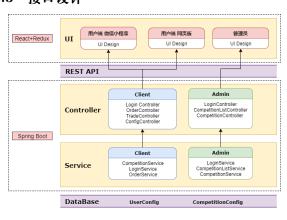
基本处理流程 这里分两块来介绍基本流程:HttpRequest 和 websocket。

### 系统体系结构

### 功能需求与系统配置项的关系

### 1.3.2 执行概念

### 1.3.3 接口设计



### 1.4 系统出错处理设计

系统出错后,后台数据库的内容不会被清空,并且我们是在处理 request 流程中对数据库 是实时更新的,宕机之后数据库的内容还是会保留,当下次启动服务器的时候它还能从原数据 库中获得原来的数据,并根据这些数据进行处理。

当系统出错后,建议重启服务器。

### 1.5 尚待解决的问题

微信后端的 websocket 的测试问题。

### 1.6 需求的可追踪性

- 1.7 注解
- 2 接口设计说明
- 2.1 引言

#### 2.1.1 系统概述

接口主要分为两大类的接口,一类是 Admin 的接口,另一类是 Client 的接口。Client 有两种接口,一种是 web 端的接口,另一类是微信端的接口。Admin 本身是一个 package,两种 Client 公用一个 package,名为 client。Web 端的接口包括了正常 HttpRequest 和 Web 端的 Websocket。Web 端的 Websocket 使用 StompClient 协议,在后端使用 Spring Boot 自带的 Controller,即 @MessageMapping 和 @SendTo 来完成对 socket 内容的转发。而微信端在 HttpRequest 上和 Web 端共用一个 API,并使用裸的 socket 来回复 websocket。

### 2.1.2 文档概述

文档首先介绍了使用的文献,然后对于每个特定的接口进行了具体的说明。

### 2.2 引用文件

本文档引用了我们在开发过程中撰写的《RestAPI》文档,详情可查看RestAPI.tex。

# 2.3 Admin 接口

### 2.3.1 Login Admin

管理员登录。

### Request

```
POST /api/admin/login

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json

{
    "username": "admin",
    "password": "admin",
}
```

### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK
{
    "username": "admin",
    "token": "1283091828021803120",
}
```

#### Error

```
HTTP 401 NOTAUTHORIZED

{
    "error": "Admin with username admin doesn\'t exist or password is wrong."
}
```

### 2.3.2 Change Admin Password

更改管理员密码。

### Request

```
POST /api/admin/update

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json
```

```
Accept: application/json
{
    "username": "admin",
    "prePassword": "admin",
    "newPassword": "newpwd",
}
```

### Returns

HTTP 200 OK

### Error

```
HTTP 401 NOTAUTHORIZED
{
    "error": "Wrong password of admin."
}
```

# 2.3.3 Get All Competitions

列出全部比赛。

Status 是"not\_start", "auction\_not\_record", "auction\_recorded", "trade", "rest", "end" 之一。

### Request

```
GET /api/admin/competition/getall

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

### Returns

```
"id": "competiton2_id",
    "username": "competition2",
    "status": "end"
}
```

### Error

HTTP 204 NO CONTENT

### 2.3.4 Create Competition

新建一场比赛。注意,底层也要生成机器的 id。注意每场比赛的基本配置(比赛名称,参赛人数)只能创建一次,不能修改。

### Request

```
POST /api/admin/competition/new
Host: localhost:8080
Auth:
Content-type: application/json
Accept: application/json
   "username": "competition_username",
   "round": 2,
   "startWealth": 1000,
   "teamNum": 2,
   "participantNum": 3,
   "team":
   Е
      {
          "username": "team1",
          "participant": ["mem11", "mem12", "mem13"],
          "password": "111111",
      },
          "username": "team2",
         "participant": ["mem21", "mem22", "mem23"],
          "password": "222222",
      }
   ]
   "roundParameter":
```

### Returns

HTTP 201 CREATED

### Error

```
HTTP 404 NOT FOUND
{
    "error":"Unable to delete. Competition with id xxx not found."
}
```

### 2.3.5 Delete Competition By ID

通过 ID 删除比赛。

### Request

```
DELETE /api/admin/competition/id={competition_id}

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK
[
{
    "id": "competiton2_id",
```

```
"username": "competition2",
    "status": "end"
}
```

#### Error

```
{
   "error":"Unable to delete. Competition with id xxx not found."
}
```

# 2.3.6 Update Competition Status

需要进入下一环节时,管理员端会向服务器发送更新比赛状态的请求,服务器返回当前比 赛信息以便管理员端更新到最新的比赛状态。

#### Web Socket

```
MessageMapping: /api/admin/status/update/id=3
SendTo: /api/admin/status/id=3
EndPoint: http://127.0.0.1:8090/competitionStatus

Send JSON Pattern:
{
    "status": "auction" ("not_start", "auction_not_record", "auction_recorded", "trade", "rest", "end")
    "round": 0/1/2/3
    "timeLeft":227(s)
}

Get JSON Pattern:
{
    "status": "auction" ("not_start", "auction_not_record", "auction_recorded", "trade", "rest", "end")
    "round": 0/1/2/3
}
```

#### Error

```
HTTP 404 NOT FOUND
{
    "error":"Unable to update. Competition with id xxx not found"
}
```

### 2.3.7 Get Auction Machine

获得某场比赛某一轮拍卖机器的初始信息。

### Request

```
GET /api/admin/competition/auction/id={id}/round={round}

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK
   {
      "machineId": "machine1",
      "type": "Wood",
      "startPrice": 200,
   },
   {
      "machineId": "machine2",
      "type": "Brick",
      "startPrice": 300,
   },
   {
      "machineId": "machine3",
      "type": "Cement",
      "startPrice": 400,
   }
```

#### Error

```
HTTP 404 NOT FOUND

{
    "error": "Competition with id xxx not found." (or Competition with id xxx does not have round xxx)
}
```

### 2.3.8 Record Auction Result

登记某场比赛某一轮的拍卖结果。

### Request

```
POST /api/admin/competition/record/id={id}/round={round}

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

#### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK
[
   {
      "machineId": "machine1",
      "teamId": "team1",
      "price": 2000,
   },
      "machineId": "machine2",
      "teamId": "brick",
      "price": 3000,
   },
   {
      "machineId": "machine3",
      "teamId": "cement",
      "price": 4000,
   }
```

#### Error

```
HTTP 404 NOT FOUND
{
    "error": "Competition with id xxx not found." (or Competition with id xxx does not have round xxx)
}
```

### 2.3.9 Get Competition Property

从服务器按 id 获取某一比赛的各种属性。如果该比赛的属性尚未被设置,则该项为空。属性包括名称、比赛轮数(如果比赛已开始,则不能删除已开始或结束的轮),比赛各项参数(不能修改已开始或结束的轮的参数),机器的 id 等等。

### Request

GET /api/admin/competition/property/id={id}

```
Host: localhost:8080
Auth:
Content-type: application/json
Accept: application/json
```

### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK
   "id": "competition_id",
   "username": "competition_username",
   "status": "not started",
   "teamNum": 1,
   "participantNum": 2,
   "team":
   [
      {
          "username": "team1",
         "participant": ["member1", "member2", "member2"],
         "password": "password",
      }
   ]
   "round": 1,
   "startWealth": 1000,
   "roundParameter":
   [
      {
         "machineStartPrice": [300, 350, 400],
         "machineNum": [1, 1, 1],
         "materialProduceCost": [10, 20, 30],
         "time": 900,
      }
   ]
```

#### Error

```
HTTP 404 NOT FOUND
{
    "error": "Competition with id xxx not found."
}
```

### 2.3.10 Update Competition Property

更新比赛的各种属性。属性包括名称、比赛轮数(如果比赛已开始,则不能更改),比赛各项参数(不能修改已开始或结束的轮的参数)。

#### Request

```
PUT /api/admin/competition/property/id={id}
Host: localhost:8080
Auth:
Content-type: application/json
Accept: application/json
   "round": 2,
   "startWealth": 1000,
   "round_parameter":
   [
      {
         "machineStartPrice": [300, 350, 400],
         "machineNum": [1, 1, 1],
         "materialProduceCost": [10, 20, 30],
          "time": 900,
      },
      {
         "machineStartPrice": [300, 350, 400],
         "machineNum": [1, 1, 1],
         "materialProduceCost": [10, 20, 30],
         "time": 900,
      }
   ]
```

#### Returns

HTTP 201 CREATED

#### Error

```
HTTP 404 NOT FOUND

{
    "error": "Competition with id xxx not found."
}

HTTP 400 INVALID REQUEST
{
```

```
"error": "Cannot update competition id xxx with given changes."
}
```

### 2.3.11 Get Competition Information

获取当前比赛信息,包括队伍的数量、资产、交易记录、机器的使用情况等。

### Request

```
GET /api/admin/competition/info/id={id}

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

#### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK
   "id": "competition_id",
   "username": "competition_username",
   "status": "not_start",
   "round": 2,
   "presentRound": 0,
   "teamInfo":
   [
      {
         "id": "id1",
         "wealth": 100,
         "material": [30, 40, 50],
         "machine":
          [
                "id": "machine1_id",
               "type": "type1",
                "left": 3
             },
                "id": "machine2_id",
                "type": "type2",
                "left": 2
              }
         ]
      },
```

```
"id": "id2",
       "wealth": 100,
       "material": [30, 40, 50],
       "machine":
          {
             "id": "machine1_id",
             "type": "type1",
             "left": 3
           },
           {
             "id": "machine2_id",
             "type": "type2",
             "left": 2
      ]
   }
],
"trade_history":
[
   {
      "time": "yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'",
      "sell": "team_id1",
      "buy": "team_id2",
      "content": {"wood": 1},
       "price": 10
   },
      "time": "yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'",
      "sell": "team_id1",
      "buy": "team_id2",
      "content": {"machine_wood": 1},
      "price": 20
   }
]
```

content 中是 wood, brick, cement, machine\_wood, machine\_brick, machine\_cement 中的一个。

### Error

```
HTTP 404 NOT FOUND
{
    "error": "Competition with id 1 not found."
}
```

### 2.3.12 Record machine owner

向服务器发送对比赛的更新信息。增加机器、分配财产之类的。

### Request

```
PUT /api/admin/competition/info/id={id}
Host: localhost:8080
Auth:
Content-type: application/json
Accept: application/json
   "round": 2,
   "present_round": 0,
   "team_info":
      {
         "id": "id1",
         "wealth": "100",
         "machine":
         [
               "id": "machine1_id",
               "left": 3
             },
               "id": "machine2_id",
               "left": 2
         ]
      },
         "id": "id2",
         "wealth": "100",
         "machine":
             {
                "id": "machine1_id",
                "left": 3
             },
                "id": "machine2_id",
                "left": 2
         ]
```

```
]
}
```

### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK
}
  "id": "competition_id",
  "username": "competition_username",
  "status": "not started",
  "round": "2",
  "present_round": "0",
  "team_info":
   [
     {
        "id": "id1",
        "wealth": 100,
        "material": [30, 40, 50],
         "machine":
            {
               "id": "machine1_id",
              "type": "type1",
              "left": 3
             },
               "id": "machine2_id",
              "type": "type2",
              "left": 2
            }
        ]
      },
         "id": "id2",
         "wealth": 100,
         "material": [30, 40, 50],
         "machine":
            {
              "id": "machine1_id",
              "type": "type1",
               "left": 3
             },
               "id": "machine2_id",
              "type": "type2",
              "left": 2
```

```
]
   }
],
"trade_history":
   {
      "time": "hh:MM:ss",
      "sell": "team_id1",
      "buy": "team_id2",
      "content": {"wood": 1},
      "price": 10
  },
      "time": "hh:MM:ss",
      "sell": "team_id1",
      "buy": "team_id2",
      "content": {"machine_wood": 1},
      "price": 20
]
```

content 中是 wood, brick, cement, machine\_wood, machine\_brick, machine\_cement 中的一个。

### Error

```
HTTP 404 NOT FOUND
{
    "error": "Competition with id xxx not found."
}

HTTP 400 INVALID REQUEST
{
    "error": "Cannot update competition id xxx with given information."
}
```

# 2.4 Client 端接口

首先是 HttpRequest 的接口。

# 2.4.1 Login Client

用户登录。

### Request

```
POST /api/client/login

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json

{
    "username": "client",
    "password": "client",
}
```

#### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK

{
    "username": "client",
    "id": "3",
    "token": "1283091828021803120",
}
```

#### Error

```
HTTP 401 NOTAUTHORIZED
{
    "error": "Client with userusername admin doesn\'t exist or password is wrong."
}
```

### 2.4.2 Get Information

这个接口在用户登录的过程中被使用,当用户登录之后,用户将其 id 发送给服务器,服务器返回用户当前的状态信息,包括队伍中有哪些人,当前比赛状态,队伍排名等信息。

注:若比赛未开始,则 rank 为 0。

### Request

```
GET /api/client/info/id={id}

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

### Returns

#### Error

HTTP 404 NOT FOUND

### 2.4.3 Get Property

输入 ID, 获得与这一 ID 相关的用户的财产信息。包括机器的使用情况和材料的价格。

### Request

```
GET /api/client/property/id={id}

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

### Returns

```
"left": 3
      "lock":false
   },
   {
      "id": 0793,
      "type": "Brick",
      "left": 0
      "lock":true(正处于出售中的机器和材料 lock == true)
   },
      "id": 8765,
      "type": "Wood",
      "left": 2
      "lock":false
  }
],
"material":
[
  {
      "type": "Wood",
      "price": 10,
      "number": 20,
      "lock":true
  },
     "type": "Brick",
     "price": 20,
     "number": 0,
     "lock":false
  },
    "type": "Cement",
     "price": 80,
     "number": 150,
      "lock":false
]
```

### Error

HTTP 404 NOT FOUND

### 2.4.4 Get All User

get 所有队伍, (除了发送消息的队伍), 用来发 sell Request 时进行选择

### Request

```
GET /api/client/getAllUser/id={id}

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

### Returns

### Error

HTTP 404 NOT FOUND

## 2.4.5 Get Trade History

交易历史信息。在发订单的时候客户端手动更新 History。

### Request

```
GET /api/client/tradehHistory/id={id}

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:
Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK
      Ε
         "time": "yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'",
         "target": "team1",
         "action": "sell",
         "content": "wood",
         "price": 10,
         "number": 2
         "status": 1, (完成)
         "tradeId":44,
         "buyerId":9
         },
         "time": "yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'",
         "target": "team1",
         "action": "buy",
         "content": "1234" (machine.id ==1234)
         "price": 10,
         "number": 1 (只能是1)
         "status": 0, (正在进行)
         "tradeId":44,
         "buyerId":9
         },
         "time": "yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'",
         "target": "team1",
         "action": "buy",
         "content": "6666" (machine.id ==1234)
         "price": 10,
         "number": 1 (只能是1)
         "status": -1, (失败)
         "tradeId":44,
         "buyerId":9,
         }
```

### Error

HTTP 404 NOT FOUND

### 2.4.6 Get Produce History

生产历史信息。

### Request

```
GET /api/client/produceHistory/id={id}

Host: localhost:8080

Auth:

Content-type: application/json

Accept: application/json
```

### Returns

```
HTTP 200 OK
         "time": "yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'",
         "machineId":9987
         "content": "Brick",
         "price": 10,
         "number": 2
         "time": "yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'",
         "machineId":3457
         "content": "Wood",
         "price": 10,
         "number": 2
         "time": "yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'",
         "machineId":5777
         "content": "Cement",
         "price": 10,
         "number": 2
         },
```

#### Error

HTTP 404 NOT FOUND

然后是 websocket 的接口。

### 2.4.7 交易:发出出售请求, buyer 监听

```
MessageMapping: /api/client/property/sellerId={sellerId}/buyerId={buyerId}
SendTo: /api/client/property/buyerId={buyerId}
EndPoint: http://127.0.0.1:8090/trade
Get JSon Pattern: (卖方发送)
   "tradeId": '',
   "sellerId":sellerId,
   "buyerId":buyerId,
   "buyer": "TOMATO"
   "typeOrMachineID": "9987" ("Wood" "Cement" "Brick" OR machineID)
   "price":300,
    "number":7
   "seller":"Rua"
Send JSon Pattern: (发给买方)
   "tradeId": tradeId,
  "sellerId": sellerId,
   "buyerId": buyerId,
   "buyer": "TOMATO"
    "typeOrMachineID": "9987" ("Wood" "Cement" "Brick" OR machineID)
   "price": 300,
   "number": 7
    "seller": "Rua"
```

### 2.4.8 交易结束给卖家转发账单和现有资产

```
MessageMapping: /api/client/tradeFinish/sellerId={sellerId}

SendTo: /api/client/tradeFinish/id={sellerId}

EndPoint: http://127.0.0.1:8090/tradeFinish

Get JSon Pattern: {
    "tradeId":tradeId,
    "sellerId":sellerId,
    "buyerId":buyerId,
    "buyerId":buyerId,
    "buyer":"TOMATO"
    "typeOrMachineID":"9987" ("Wood" "Cement" "Brick" OR machineID)
```

```
"price":300,
   "number":7
   "seller":"Rua"
   "isAccept":true
Send JSon Pattern:
   "reply":
   {
   "tradeId":tradeId,
   "sellerId":sellerId,
   "buyerId":buyerId,
   "buyer":"TOMATO"
   "typeOrMachineID":"9987" ("Wood" "Cement" "Brick" OR machineID)
   "price":300,
   "number":7
   "seller":"Rua"
   "isAccept":true
  "propertyList":
   "wealth":1000,
   "machineList":
         "id": 0073,
         "type": "Wood",
         "left": 3
         "lock":false
      },
      ],
      "materialList":
          "type": "Brick",
         "price": 20,
         "number": 0,
         "lock":false
      },
      ]
   }
```

# 2.4.9 交易结束给队友转发账单和现有资产

```
MessageMapping: /api/client/tradeFinish/buyerId={buyerId}
SendTo: /api/client/tradeFinish/id={buyerId}
EndPoint: http://127.0.0.1:8090/tradeFinish
Get JSon Pattern:
   "tradeId":tradeId,
   "sellerId":sellerId,
  "buyerId":buyerId,
  "buyer": "TOMATO"
   "typeOrMachineID": "9987" ("Wood" "Cement" "Brick" OR machineID)
   "price":300,
   "number":7
  "seller":"Rua"
   "isAccept":true
Send JSon Pattern:
   "reply":
   "tradeId":tradeId,
  "sellerId":sellerId,
   "buyerId":buyerId,
   "buyer":"TOMATO"
   "typeOrMachineID": "9987" ("Wood" "Cement" "Brick" OR machineID)
   "price":300,
   "number":7
   "seller": "Rua"
   "isAccept":true
   }
  "propertyList":
   "wealth":1000,
   "machineList":
      {
         "id": 0073,
         "type": "Wood",
```

```
"left": 3
    "lock":false
},
],
"materialList":
[
{
    "type": "Brick",
    "price": 20,
    "number": 0,
    "lock":false
},
]
}
```

### 2.4.10 监听比赛状态改变

### 2.4.11 监听 produce 后资产的改变

```
MessageMapping: /api/client/ListenProperty/id=3
SendTo: /api/client/ListenProperty/receive/id=3
```

```
EndPoint: http://127.0.0.1:8090/listenProperty
Send JSon Pattern:
  "wealth":1000,
  "machine":
   [
     {
         "id": 0073,
         "type": "Wood",
         "left": 3
         "lock":false
      },
         "id": 0793,
         "type": "Brick",
         "left": 0
         "lock":true
      },
         "id": 8765,
         "type": "Cement",
         "left": 2
         "lock":false
      }
   ],
   "material":
   Е
      {
        "type": "Wood",
         "price": 10,
         "number": 20,
         "lock":false
      },
        "type": "Brick",
         "price": 20,
         "number": 0,
         "lock":false
      },
        "type": "Cement",
         "price": 80,
         "number": 150,
         "lock":false
      }
  ]
```

```
Get JSON Pattern:
{
    "id":2,
    "times":1,
}
}
```

### 2.4.12 撤销, 卖方监听

```
{\tt MessageMapping: /api/client/undo/sendToSeller/sellerId=\{sellerId\}/buyerId=\{buyerId\}}
SendTo: /api/client/receiveUndo/id={sellerId}
EndPoint: http://127.0.0.1:8090/undo
Get JSon Pattern: (卖方发送)
  "tradeId": 77,
Send JSon Pattern: (发给卖方)
{
   "request":
  {
  "tradeId":77,
  "sellerId":sellerId,
   "buyerId":buyerId,
   "buyer":"TOMATO"
   "typeOrMachineID": "9987" ("Wood" "Cement" "Brick" OR machineID)
   "price":300,
   "number":7
   "seller":"Rua"
   }
  "propertyList":
   "wealth":1000,
   "machineList":
      [
         "id": 0073,
         "type": "Wood",
         "left": 3
         "lock":false
```

```
],
    "materialList":
[
    {
        "type": "Brick",
        "price": 20,
        "number": 0,
        "lock":false
    },
    ]
}
```

### 2.4.13 撤销, 买方监听

```
MessageMapping: /api/client/undo/sendToBuyer/sellerId={sellerId}/buyerId={buyerId}
SendTo: /api/client/receiveUndo/id={buyerId}
EndPoint: http://127.0.0.1:8090/undo
Get JSon Pattern: (卖方发送)
  "tradeId": 77,
}
Send JSon Pattern: (发给买方)
  "request":
  {
  "tradeId":77,
  "sellerId":sellerId,
  "buyerId":buyerId,
  "buyer":"TOMATO"
  "typeOrMachineID": "9987" ("Wood" "Cement" "Brick" OR machineID)
   "price":300,
   "number":7
   "seller":"Rua"
   }
  "propertyList":
   "wealth":1000,
   "machineList":
      [
      {
         "id": 0073,
```

```
"type": "Wood",
    "left": 3
    "lock":false
},
],
    "materialList":
[
{
        "type": "Brick",
        "price": 20,
        "number": 0,
        "lock":false
},
]
}
```

- 2.5 需求的可追踪性
- 2.6 注解
- 3 数据库(顶层)设计说明
- 4 软件测试计划

### 4.1 引言

对于后端我们做了详尽的测试,包括 Controller 正确性的测试,Service 的测试和底层数据库的测试。

### 4.1.1 系统概述

整个 test 文件包含三种 test, 分别是 Controller 的 test, Model 的 test 和 Service 的 test。 Controller 中的 test 又分为 Admin 的 test 和 Client 的 test。由于没有找到微信 websocket 的 test 方法, 所以微信的 websocket 没有写 test。

### 4.1.2 文档概述

本文档将介绍测试环境, 测试计划以及测试进度。

### 4.1.3 与其他计划的关系

测试是在接口实现中逐步完善的。与接口的计划相辅相成,可以说是写一个接口就写了一个 test。

### 4.2 软件测试环境

### 4.2.1 后端测试

**软件项** 我们所用的语言是 Java, 使用的框架是 Spring Boot, 所有的测试都是搭建在这个框架之上的, 写测试的方法也是使用了这个框架集成的 test annotations。

参与组织 Tomato 后端开发组。

人员 张慧盟、宋世虹。

要执行的测试 如上所述,需要测试 Controller, Model 和 Service。

### 4.3 计划

### 4.4 总体设计

### 4.4.1 测试过程

### 4.4.2 Controller

#### Admin

- AdminLoginControllerTest: 测试了两种情况, Admin 登陆成功和登录失败。
- AuctionControllerTest: 测试了 Auction 的接口,包括当 get auction 的时候应该返回什么,如果发起了错误的 get auction 操作时会返回什么, post auction 的时候 Service 的更新, post auction 错误的时候返回什么等等。
- ChangePasswordControllerTest: 测试了如果 password 输入正确的更新准则和输入错误时的报错。
- CompetitionCreatorControllerTest: 测试了创建比赛, 更新比赛和获得比赛具体信息时的返回值, 以及上述情况 request 出错时的返回值。

- CompetitionInfomationControllerTest: 测试了请求比赛信息时返回信息的正确性,和请求失败的返回信。
- CompetitionStatusAdminControllerTest: 测试了不同比赛状态时的返回值。
- DeleteCompetitionControllerTest: 测试了删除比赛时:正常删除、没有比赛和获得全部 比赛出错的情况。
- GetAllCompetitionControllerTest: 测试了返回全部比赛时:正常返回、没有比赛、获得全部比赛出错的情况。
- UpdateCompetitionStatusControllerTest: 测试了更新比赛状态时的返回值:正常返回、没有比赛、后端没法 update 比赛状态、非法状态等情况。

#### Client

- BuyMaterialControllerTest: 测试了买东西时: 买材料和买机器的正在交易、已经交易完成和交易取消的情况。
- ClientInfoControllerTest: 测试了获取和更新 team 信息时成功和失败时的情况。
- ClientLoginControllerTest: 测试了登陆成功和失败的情况。
- ClientPropertyControllerTest: 测试了 team 获取 property 时成功、失败的情况,测试了 team 生产的时候成功和失败的情况,
- CompetitionStatusControllerTest: 测试了更新比赛状态时 Client 的返回情况。
- GetAllUsersControllerTest: 测试了获取所有 team 的成功和失败的情况。
- GetProduceHistoryControllerTest: 测试了获取生产历史的成功和失败 ( 没有 team, 没有 produce 记录 ) 的情况。
- GetTradeHistoryControllerTest: 测试了获取交易历史的成功和失败(没有 team, 没有 produce 记录)的情况。
- ListenPropertyControllerTest: 测试了在 websocket 转发中监听 produce 后资产的改变。
- SellMaterialControllerTest: 测试了卖资产时成功的情况,包括各种材料和机器。
- SendToSellerControllerTest: 测试了将售卖的账单转给买方和卖方的同 team, 主要测试了不同账单状态的回复情况。

• UndoTradeControllerTest: 测试了撤销交易的成功情况, 主要测试了发给买方和卖方的账单。

#### 4.4.3 Service

- admin.CompetitionServiceTest: 测试了创建比赛、查找比赛、更新比赛、删除比赛的接口, 测试了创建队伍、更新队伍、查找队伍的接口, 测试了创建机器、查找机器、更新机器的接口, 测试了获得所有 Produce 信息和交易信息的接口, 测试了更新 Round 的接口。
- admin.LoginServiceTest: 测试了创建 Admin、更新 Admin、查找 Admin 和删除 Admin 的接口。
- user.CompetitionServiceTest: 测试了查找 Competition 和更新 Competition 的成功和失败的情况。
- user.LoginServiceTest: 测试了查找 team、更新 team、创建 team 和删除 team 的 Service 的成功和失败情况。
- user.OrderServiceTest: 测试了创建 Produce、查找 Produce、更新 Produce、删除 Produce 的接口,测试了创建 Trade、查找 Trade、更新 Trade、删除 Trade 的接口。

#### 4.4.4 Model

- AdminTest: 测试了 Admin 表的各 field。
- CompetitionTest: 测试了 Competition 表的各 field, 包括 Round。
- Machine Test: 测试了 Machine 表的各 field。
- MaterialTest: 测试了 Material 的 struct 是否正确。
- ProduceTest: 测试了 Produce 表的各 field。
- TeamTest: 测试了 Team 表的各 field。
- TradeTest: 测试了 Trade 表的各 field。

### 4.5 计划执行的测试

### 4.5.1 被测试项

Tomato 的整个后端。

# 4.6 测试进度表

如下图所示。

如		到別小。	
V		server (com.java.asdan.tomato)	18s 346ms
	•	⊗ ServerApplicationTest	1ms
	•		4s 76ms
	•		1s 264ms
			122ms
			1s 12ms
	•		1s 621ms
			1s 691ms
	•	DeleteCompetitionControllerTest	134ms
	•		135ms
	•	UpdateCompetitionStatusControllerTest	353ms
	•		169ms
	•	⊗ BuyMaterialControllerTest	1s 668ms
			151ms
			177ms
			770ms
			747ms
			56ms
	•		236ms
			194ms
			655ms
		⊗ SellMaterialControllerTest	785ms
	•	⊗ SendToSellerControllerTest	1s 310ms
	•		499ms
	•		0ms
	•		3ms
	•		2ms
	▶	○ CompetitionServiceTest	105ms
	$\blacktriangleright$		58ms
	•	○ CompetitionServiceTest	36ms
	$\blacktriangleright$		171ms
	•		145ms
	▶		0ms

# 4.7 需求的可追踪性

本测试计划覆盖了所有后端(除微信 WebSocket 外)的需求(接口)。

### 4.8 评价

### 4.8.1 评价准则

Coverage.

### 4.8.2 数据处理

数据处理由 IntelliJ 自动完成,IntelliJ 将为我们生成完整的 Coverage 报告。

### 4.8.3 结论

本测试计划十分合理。

### 4.9 注解

# 5 软件测试报告

### 5.1 引言

### 5.1.1 系统概述

可以参见《4》中的系统概述。

# 5.1.2 文档概述

本文档将介绍测试的详细结果, 主要是 Coverage。

# 5.2 测试结果概述

### 5.2.1 对被测试软件的总体评估

97% classes, 80% lines covered in package 'com.java.asdan.tomato.server'								
Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %					
configuration	83% (5/6)	63% (7/11)	86% (33/38)					
controller controller	100% (55/55)	94% (324/342)	75% (1865/2461)					
<b>□</b> model	100% (13/13)	100% (184/184)	99% (372/373)					
repository	100% (0/0)	100% (0/0)	100% (0/0)					
<b>security</b>	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/14)					
service	100% (5/5)	98% (50/51)	98% (299/304)					
util util	100% (1/1)	100% (2/2)	100% (4/4)					
<b>6</b> ServerApplication	100% (1/1)	50% (1/2)	50% (2/4)					

本测试覆盖率很高, 可以说是十分到位了。

### 5.2.2 测试环境的影响

任何平台都可以进行测试,并没有什么影响。

# 5.2.3 改进建议

如果可以的话,可以绕出架构对微信的 websocket 进行测试。

# 5.3 详细的测试结果

以下是我们的测试覆盖率:

97% classes, 80% lines		m.java.asdan.tomato.ser	ver'
Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
configuration	83% (5/6)	63% (7/11)	86% (33/38)
controller	100% (55/55)	94% (324/342)	75% (1865/2461)
<b>□</b> model	100% (13/13)	100% (184/184)	99% (372/373)
repository	100% (0/0)	100% (0/0)	100% (0/0)
<b>security</b>	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/14)
service	100% (5/5)	98% (50/51)	98% (299/304)
util util	100% (1/1)	100% (2/2)	100% (4/4)
ServerApplication	100% (1/1)	50% (1/2)	50% (2/4)
83% classes, 86% lines	covered in package 'co	nfiguration'	
Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
© BeanConfiguration		0% (0/2)	0% (0/3)
CorsConfigurator		100% (1/1)	100% (3/3)
MyWebSocketInt		0% (0/2)	33% (1/3)
SecurityConfigur		100% (2/2)	100% (13/13)
WebSocketConfig	100% (1/1)	100% (2/2)	100% (10/10)
wxWebSocketCo		100% (2/2)	100% (6/6)
100% classes, 75% lines	covered in package 'co	ntroller'	
Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
admin admin	100% (24/24)	94% (142/150)	93% (909/971)
client	100% (31/31)	94% (182/192)	64% (956/1490)
100% classes, 93% lines			
Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
C AdminLoginCont	100% (2/2)	100% (4/4)	100% (24/24)
© AuctionController	100% (3/3)	93% (14/15)	91% (136/148)
© ChangePasswor	100% (2/2)	85% (6/7)	93% (28/30)
© CompetitionCrea	100% (5/5)	98% (51/52)	99% (298/300)
	100% (5/5)	97% (41/42)	96% (249/259)
© CompetitionStat	100% (3/3)	93% (15/16)	74% (89/119)
	100% (1/1)	66% (2/3)	93% (29/31)
GetAllCompetitio	100% (1/1)	66% (2/3)	89% (17/19)
UpdateCompetiti	100% (2/2)	87% (7/8)	95% (39/41)

% classes, 64% lines  Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
AvatarController	100% (2/2)	83% (5/6)	59% (28/47)
BuyMaterialCont		100% (24/24)	81% (119/146)
ClientInfoControl		100% (24/24)	76% (87/114)
ClientLoginContr		100% (6/6)	100% (28/28)
ClientPropertyCo		100% (37/37)	96% (198/205)
	100% (3/3)	100% (16/16)	92% (48/52)
GetAllUsersCont		100% (1/1)	100% (17/17)
GetProduceHisto		100% (15/15)	100% (60/60)
GetTradeHistory		100% (5/5)	100% (54/54)
ListenPropertyC		100% (4/4)	64% (50/78)
SellMaterialContr		100% (23/23)	84% (90/106)
SendToSellerCon		100% (8/8)	76% (88/115)
UndoTradeContr		100% (12/12)	78% (86/109)
WebSocketPush		18% (2/11)	0% (3/359)
00% classes, 99% lines	covered in packag	e 'model'	
Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
Admin	100% (1/1)	100% (17/17)	100% (33/33)
Competition	100% (3/3)	100% (50/50)	100% (104/104)
Machine	100% (1/1)	100% (13/13)	100% (24/24)
Material	100% (1/1)	100% (7/7)	100% (12/12)
Produce	100% (1/1)	100% (17/17)	100% (33/33)
Team	100% (2/2)	100% (49/49)	100% (108/108)
Trade	100% (4/4)	100% (31/31)	98% (58/59)
ī.	·		
00% classes, 98% line	s covered in packag	je 'service'	
Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
admin admin	100% (2/2)	100% (26/26)	100% (156/156
user	100% (3/3)	96% (24/25)	96% (143/148)
00% classes, 100% line			
Element	Class, %		Line, %
<ul> <li>CompetitionService</li> </ul>		100% (19/19)	100% (119/119)
LoginServiceImpl	100% (1/1)	100% (7/7)	100% (37/37)
00% classes, 96% lines			
Element  Composition Services	Class, %		Line, %
CompetitionService		100% (4/4)	100% (22/22)
<ul><li>LoginServiceImpl</li><li>OrderServiceImpl</li></ul>	100% (1/1)	100% (8/8)	100% (57/57)
OrderServiceImpl	100% (1/1)	92% (12/13)	92% (64/69)

# 5.4 测试记录

本次测试结果生成于 2018 年 1 月 19 日,测试平台是 Mac,集成开发环境是 IntelliJ。见证者是宋世虹和张慧盟。

# 5.5 评价

### 5.5.1 能力

该测试覆盖了几乎所有后台的接口,可以说是很鲁棒,给前端提供了十分稳定的服务。

# 5.5.2 缺陷和限制

由于没有找到微信的 websocket 的测试方法, 所以我们没有对微信的 websocket 进行测试, 这很遗憾。同时, 由于时间的关系, 还有极少一部分代码没有被测试到。

# 5.6 测试活动总结

人力消耗:张慧盟、宋世虹。