

# Problem Set 4

## Exercise 1: Production Economy

A two-period economy with concave production function

$$Y_t = A_t K_t^\alpha \quad \text{with} \quad 0 < \alpha < 1$$

$$\begin{cases} Y_t & \text{the output level of the numeraire good} \\ K_t & \text{capital stock} \\ A_t & \text{the level of factor productivity in period } t \end{cases}$$

The dynamic evolution of capital

$$K_{t+1} = K_t + I_t$$

The period budget constraint of the representative household is

$$C_t + I_t + B_{t+1} = Y_t + B_t(1+r)$$

1(a)

$$\begin{cases} B_1 = 0 & \text{no initial foreign asset} \\ B_3 = 0 & \text{no foreign asset at the end of period 2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 + I_1 + B_2 = Y_1 + B_1(1+r) \\ C_2 + I_2 + B_3 = Y_2 + B_2(1+r) \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} C_1 + I_1 + B_2 = Y_1 \\ C_2 + I_2 = Y_2 + B_2(1+r) \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} C_1 + B_2 = Y_1 - I_1 \\ \frac{C_2}{1+r} = \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r} + B_2 \end{cases}$$

$$C_1 + \frac{C_2}{1+r} = Y_1 - I_1 + \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r}$$

$$\underbrace{C_1 + \frac{C_2}{1+r}}_{\text{present value of consumption}} = \underbrace{Y_1 - I_1 + \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r}}_{\text{present value of net output}}$$

1(b)

PPF in closed economy

$$NO_2 = PPF(NO_1)$$

$$\begin{cases} NO_t = Y_t - I_t \\ C_t = Y_t - I_t \end{cases} \implies NO_t = C_t$$

$$NO_2 = PPF(NO_1) \iff C_2 = PPF(C_1)$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 = Y_1 - I_1 \\ C_2 = Y_2 - I_2 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} C_1 = A_1 K_1^\alpha - I_1 \\ C_2 = A_2 K_2^\alpha - I_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} K_2 &= K_1 + I_1 \\ &= K_1 + A_1 K_1^\alpha - C_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_2 &= A_2 K_2^\alpha - I_2 \\ &= A_2 K_2^\alpha + K_2 \\ &= A_2 (K_1 + A_1 K_1^\alpha - C_1)^\alpha + K_1 + A_1 K_1^\alpha - C_1 \\ &= PPF(C_1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dPPF(C_1)}{dC_1} &= -\alpha A_2 (K_1 + A_1 K_1^\alpha - C_1)^{\alpha-1} - 1 \\ &= -\alpha A_2 K_2^{\alpha-1} - 1 \\ &= -F'(K_2) - 1 < 0 \end{aligned}$$

PPF is downward sloping

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d^2 PPF(C_1)}{dC_1^2} &= \alpha(\alpha - 1)A_2(K_1 + A_1K_1^\alpha - C_1)^{\alpha-2} \\ &= \alpha(\alpha - 1)A_2K_2^{\alpha-2} \\ &= F''(K_2) < 0\end{aligned}$$

PPF is strictly concave for any  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$

### 1(c)

The profit maximization

$$\max_{K_2} A_2K_2^\alpha - rK_2$$

FOC:

$$\alpha A_2K_2^{\alpha-1} - r = 0 \implies K_2 = \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}}$$

The output in period 2

$$Y_2 = A_2K_2^\alpha = A_2 \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}}$$

### 1(d)

$$I_1 = K_2 - K_1 = \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} - K_1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial I_1}{\partial r} &= \left( \frac{1}{1-\alpha} \right) \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}-1} \left( -\frac{\alpha A_2}{r^2} \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{1-\alpha} \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}-1} \frac{\alpha A_2}{r^2} < 0\end{aligned}$$

Investment profile function is downward sloping.

$$\frac{\partial^2 I_1}{\partial r^2} = \frac{3-2\alpha}{(1-\alpha)^2} \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} \frac{\alpha A_2}{r^3} > 0$$

### 1(e)

$$\begin{aligned}\max_{C_1, C_2} & \log(C_1) + \beta \log(C_2) \\ \text{s.t.} & C_1 + \frac{C_2}{1+r} = Y_1 - I_1 + \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r}\end{aligned}$$

Lagarangian function

$$\mathcal{L} = \log(C_1) + \beta \log(C_2) - \lambda \left( C_1 + \frac{C_2}{1+r} - (Y_1 - I_1) - \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r} \right)$$

FOC

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial C_1} = \frac{1}{C_1} - \lambda = 0 \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial C_2} = \frac{\beta}{C_2} - \frac{\lambda}{1+r} = 0 \end{cases} \implies C_2 = \beta(1+r)C_1$$

Plug  $C_2 = \beta(1+r)C_1$  into IBC

$$\begin{cases} C_1 = \frac{1}{1+\beta} \left( Y_1 - I_1 + \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r} \right) \\ C_2 = \frac{\beta}{1+\beta} (1+r) \left( Y_1 - I_1 + \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r} \right) \end{cases}$$

**1(f)**

$$\begin{aligned} S_1 &= Y_1 - C_1 \\ &= Y_1 - \frac{1}{1+\beta} \left( Y_1 - I_1 + \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r} \right) \\ &= \frac{\beta}{1+\beta} Y_1 + \frac{1}{1+\beta} I_1 - \frac{1}{1+\beta} \cdot \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r} \\ &= \frac{\beta}{1+\beta} A_1 K_1^\alpha + \frac{1}{1+\beta} I_1 - \frac{1}{1+\beta} \cdot \frac{A_2 K_2^\alpha - I_2}{1+r} \\ \frac{\partial S_1}{\partial r} &= \frac{1}{1+\beta} \cdot \frac{A_2 K_2^\alpha - I_2}{(1+r)^2} > 0 \end{aligned}$$

Savings schedule is upward sloping.

**1(g)**

**(i)**

**Investment schedule**

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= K_2 - K_1 = \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} - K_1 \\ \frac{\partial I_1}{\partial A_1} &= 0 \quad I_1 \text{ is independent of } A_1 \end{aligned}$$

**(ii)**

**Savings schedule**

$$\begin{aligned} S_1 &= \frac{\beta}{1+\beta} A_1 K_1^\alpha + \frac{1}{1+\beta} I_1 - \frac{1}{1+\beta} \cdot \frac{A_2 K_2^\alpha - I_2}{1+r} \\ \frac{\partial S_1}{\partial A_1} &= \frac{\beta}{1+\beta} K_1^\alpha \end{aligned}$$

$$A_1 \uparrow \implies Y_1 \uparrow \implies C_1 \uparrow (\Delta Y_1 > \Delta C_1 \text{ smooth consumption}) \implies S_1 \uparrow$$

## **Exercise 2: Open Economy with Production - Two-Country Model**

$$\text{lifetime utility} = \begin{cases} U(C_1, C_2) = u(C_1) + \beta u(C_2) & \text{domestic country} \\ U(C_1^*, C_2^*) = u(C_1^*) + \beta u(C_2^*) & \text{foreign country} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{where } u(C_t) = \frac{C_t^{1-\frac{1}{\sigma}}}{1-\frac{1}{\sigma}}$$

$$\text{production function} = \begin{cases} Y_t = A_t F(K_t) = A_t K_t^\alpha & \text{domestic country} \\ Y_t^* = A_t^* F(K_t^*) = A_t^* (K_t^*)^\alpha & \text{foreign country} \end{cases} \quad \text{where } \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

$$\text{capital accumulation} = \begin{cases} K_{t+1} = K_t + I_t & \text{domestic country} \\ K_{t+1}^* = K_t^* + I_t^* & \text{foreign country} \end{cases}$$

**Note:**

- There is no capital depreciation.
- There is no initial holdings of foreign assets

$$\text{household budget constraint} = \begin{cases} C_t + I_t + B_{t+1} = Y_t + B_t(1+r) & \text{domestic country} \\ C_t^* + I_t^* + B_{t+1}^* = Y_t^* + B_t^*(1+r) & \text{foreign country} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{aggregate saving} = \begin{cases} S_t = Y_t - C_t & \text{domestic country} \\ S_t^* = Y_t^* - C_t^* & \text{foreign country} \end{cases}$$

## 2(a)

### Production

$$\begin{cases} NO_1 = Y_1 - I_1 \\ NO_2 = Y_2 - I_2 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} NO_1 = A_1 K_1^\alpha - I_1 \\ NO_2 = A_2 K_2^\alpha - I_2 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} NO_1 = A_1 K_1^\alpha - I_1 \\ NO_2 = A_2 K_2^\alpha + K_2 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} NO_1 = A_1 K_1^\alpha - I_1 \\ NO_2 = A_2 K_2^\alpha + K_1 + I_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} K_2 = K_1 + I_1 \\ K_3 = K_2 + I_2 \\ K_3 = 0 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} K_2 = K_1 + I_1 \\ K_2 = -I_2 \end{cases} \implies K_2 = K_1 + A_1 K_1^\alpha - NO_1$$

$$\begin{cases} NO_1 = A_1 K_1^\alpha - I_1 \\ NO_2 = A_2 K_2^\alpha + K_1 + I_1 \end{cases} \implies NO_1 + NO_2 = A_1 K_1^\alpha + A_2 K_2^\alpha + K_1$$

$$NO_2 = A_2 (K_1 + A_1 K_1^\alpha - NO_1)^\alpha + K_1 + A_1 K_1^\alpha - NO_1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial NO_2}{\partial NO_1} &= -\alpha A_2 (K_1 + A_1 K_1^\alpha - NO_1)^{\alpha-1} - 1 \\ &= -A_2 F'(K_2) - 1 \end{aligned}$$

### Utility

$$C_1 + \frac{C_2}{1+r} = Y_1 - I_1 + \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r} \implies C_2 = -(1+r)C_1 + (1+r) \left( Y_1 - I_1 + \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial C_2}{\partial C_1} = -(1+r)$$

### In open economy

$$\frac{\partial NO_2}{\partial NO_1} = \frac{\partial C_2}{\partial C_1} \implies r = A_2 F'(K_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} r &= A_2 F'(K_2) \\ &= \alpha A_2 K_2^{\alpha-1} \\ &= \alpha A_2 (K_1 + I_1)^{\alpha-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$r = \alpha A_2 (K_1 + I_1)^{\alpha-1} \implies (K_1 + I_1)^{1-\alpha} = \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \implies I_2 = \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} - K_1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dI_1}{dr} &= -\frac{1}{1-\alpha} (\alpha A_2)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} r^{-\frac{1}{1-\alpha}-1} \\ &= -\frac{1}{1-\alpha} \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} r^{-1} < 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d^2 I_1}{dr^2} = \frac{1}{(1-\alpha)^2} \left( \frac{\alpha A_2}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} r^{-2} > 0$$

## 2(b)

$$S_1 = Y_1 - C_1 = A_1 K_1^\alpha - C_1$$

$$\frac{dS_1}{dr} = -\frac{dC_1}{dr}$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 + I_1 + B_2 = Y_1 + B_1(1+r) \\ C_2 + I_2 + B_3 = Y_2 + B_2(1+r) \\ B_1 = 0 \quad \text{no initial foreign assets} \\ B_3 = 0 \quad \text{no foreign assets at the end of period 2} \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} C_1 + B_2 = Y_1 - I_1 \\ \frac{C_2}{1+r} = \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r} + B_2 \end{cases}$$

$$C_1 + \frac{C_2}{1+r} = Y_1 - I_1 + \frac{Y_2 - I_2}{1+r}$$

$$C_1 + \frac{C_2}{1+r} = NO_1 + \frac{NO_2}{1+r} \implies C_2 = (1+r)(NO_1 - C_1) + NO_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_2 &= (1+r)(NO_1 - C_1) + NO_2 \\ &= (1+r)(Y_1 - I_1 - C_1) + Y_2 - I_2 \\ &= (1+r)(A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1) + A_2F(K_2) + K_2 \\ &= (1+r)(A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1) + A_2F(K_1 + I_1) + K_1 + I_1 \\ &= IBC(C_1|r, A_1, A_2, K_1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dC_2}{dr} = A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1 - (1+r) \left( \frac{dI_1}{dr} + \frac{dC_1}{dr} \right) + A_2F'(K_2) \frac{dI_1}{dr} + \frac{dI_1}{dr}$$

$$\frac{dC_2}{dr} = A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1 - (1+r) \left( \frac{dI_1}{dr} + \frac{dC_1}{dr} \right) + (1+r) \frac{dI_1}{dr}$$

$$\frac{dC_2}{dr} = A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1 - (1+r) \frac{dC_1}{dr}$$

$$\text{Euler equation: } \frac{\beta u'(C_2)}{u'(C_1)} = \frac{1}{1+r} \implies u'(C_1) = \beta(1+r)u'(C_2)$$

$$u'(C_1) = \beta(1+r)u'(IBC(\cdot))$$

$$\frac{d}{dr} u'(C_1) = \frac{d}{dr} (\beta(1+r)u'(IBC(\cdot)))$$

$$u''(C_1) \frac{dC_1}{dr} = \beta u'(IBC(\cdot)) + \beta(1+r)u''(IBC(\cdot)) \frac{dIBC(\cdot)}{dr}$$

$$u''(C_1) \frac{dC_1}{dr} = \beta u'(C_2) + \beta(1+r)u''(C_2) \frac{dC_2}{dr}$$

$$u''(C_1) \frac{dC_1}{dr} = \beta u'(C_2) + \beta(1+r)u''(C_2)(A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1) - \beta(1+r)^2 u''(C_2) \frac{dC_1}{dr}$$

$$(u''(C_1) + \beta(1+r)^2 u''(C_2)) \frac{dC_1}{dr} = \beta u'(C_2) + \beta(1+r)u''(C_2)(A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1)$$

$$\frac{dC_1}{dr} = \frac{\beta u'(C_2) + \beta(1+r)u''(C_2)(A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1)}{u''(C_1) + \beta(1+r)^2 u''(C_2)}$$

$$\text{Euler euqtaion: } \frac{\beta u'(C_2)}{u'(C_1)} = \frac{1}{1+r} \implies \frac{\beta C_2^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}}}{C_1^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}}} = \frac{1}{1+r} \implies \left( \frac{C_1}{C_2} \right)^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}} = \beta(1+r)$$

$$\text{isoelastic utility: } u(C_t) = \frac{C_t^{1-\frac{1}{\sigma}}}{1-\frac{1}{\sigma}} \implies \begin{cases} u'(C_t) = C_t^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}} \\ u''(C_t) = -\frac{1}{\sigma} C_t^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}-1} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{u'(C_2)}{u''(C_2)} = \frac{C_2^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}}}{-\frac{1}{\sigma} C_2^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}-1}} = -\sigma C_2$$

$$\frac{u''(C_1)}{u''(C_2)} = \frac{-\frac{1}{\sigma} C_1^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}-1}}{-\frac{1}{\sigma} C_2^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}-1}} = \left( \frac{C_1}{C_2} \right)^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}-1} = \beta(1+r) \frac{C_2}{C_1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{dC_1}{dr} &= \frac{\beta u'(C_2) + \beta(1+r)u''(C_2)(A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1)}{u''(C_1) + \beta(1+r)^2u''(C_2)} \\
&= \frac{\beta \frac{u'(C_2)}{u''(C_2)} + \beta(1+r)(A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1)}{\frac{u''(C_1)}{u''(C_2)} + \beta(1+r)^2} \\
&= \frac{-\beta\sigma C_2 + \beta(1+r)(A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1)}{\beta(1+r)\frac{C_2}{C_1} + \beta(1+r)^2} \\
&= \frac{A_1F(K_1) - I_1 - C_1 - \frac{\sigma C_2}{1+r}}{\frac{C_2}{C_1} + 1 + r} \\
&= \frac{CA_1 - \frac{\sigma C_2}{1+r}}{\frac{C_2}{C_1} + 1 + r}
\end{aligned}$$

**2(c)**

$$\begin{aligned}
\underbrace{Y_1 - C_1}_{S_1} + \underbrace{Y_1^* - C_1^*}_{S_1^*} &= I_1 + I_1^* \\
S_1 + S_1^* &= I_1 + I_1^* \\
S_1 - I_1 &= -(S_1^* - I_1^*) \\
CA_1 &= -CA_1^*
\end{aligned}$$