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FORWARDERS SHOULD BE LAZY

A TALK ABOUT A TINY DETAIL OF CLASSICAL PROCESSES

What if Classical Linear Logic was the type system for a process calculus?

$$A,B,C,D:=A\otimes B \mid A \ {rackip} B \quad ext{delegation}$$
 $\mid A\oplus B \mid A \& B \quad ext{choice}$ $\mid orall X.A \mid \exists X.A \quad ext{polymorphism}$ $\mid \dots \quad ext{etcetera}$

What if Classical Linear Logic was the type system for a process calculus?

What if Classical Linear Logic was the type system for a process calculus?

$$\overline{A} \otimes \overline{B} = \overline{A} \, \overline{\otimes} \, \overline{B}$$
 delegation $\overline{A} \oplus \overline{B} = \overline{A} \, \& \, B$ choice $\forall X. \, \overline{A} = \overline{\exists} X. \, A$ polymorphism etcetera

$$P,Q,R := x \leftrightarrow y$$
 forwarder $| (\nu x \bar{x})P |$ new channel creation $| P \parallel Q |$ parallel composition $| x[y].P | | x(y).P |$ send/receive delegation $| x \lhd \ell.P | | x \rhd \{\ell:P_\ell\}_{\ell \in L} |$ send/receive choice $| x[A].P | | x(A).P |$ etcetera

(Disclaimer: This is technically Hypersequent Classical Processes. Potato, Tomato.)

$$\overline{x \leftrightarrow y \vdash x : A, y : \overline{A}}$$
 (Axiom)

$$rac{P dash \Gamma \qquad Q dash \Delta}{P \parallel Q dash \Gamma \parallel \Delta}$$
 (Branch)

$$rac{Pdash\Gamma,x:A\parallel\Delta,ar{x}:\overline{A}}{(
u xar{x})Pdash\Gamma,\Delta}$$
 (Cut)

$$\frac{P \vdash \Gamma, y : A \parallel \Delta, x : B}{x[y]. P \vdash \Gamma, \Delta, x : A \otimes B} \ (\otimes)$$

$$rac{Pdash \Gamma, y: A, x: B}{x(y).\, Pdash \Gamma, x: A\ orall\ B} \ (rac{rac{}{}}{}$$

$$(ext{Forward}) \ (
u x ar{x})(x \!\!\leftrightarrow\!\! w \parallel P) \ \downarrow \ P\{w/ar{x}\}$$

$$(ext{Choose}) \ (
u x ar{x}) (x riangleleft ext{inl. } P \parallel ar{x} riangleleft \{ ext{inl } : Q; ext{inr } : R \}) \ \downarrow \ (
u x ar{x}) (P \parallel Q)$$

$$egin{aligned} ext{(Delegate)} \ (
u x ar{x})(x[y].\,P\parallelar{x}(ar{y}).\,Q) \ &\downarrow \ &\downarrow \ &(
u x ar{x})(
u y ar{y})(P\parallel Q) \end{aligned}$$

$$(ext{Instantiate}) \ (
u x ar{x})(x[A].P \parallel ar{x}(X).Q) \ \downarrow \ (
u x ar{x})(
u y ar{y})(P \parallel Q)$$

$$(ext{Forward}) \ (
u x ar{x})(x \!\!\leftrightarrow\!\! w \parallel P) \ \downarrow \ P\{w/ar{x}\}$$

$$egin{aligned} ext{(Delegate)} \ (
u x ar{x})(x[y].\,P\parallelar{x}(ar{y}).\,Q) \ &\downarrow \ &\downarrow \ &(
u x ar{x})(
u y ar{y})(P\parallel Q) \end{aligned}$$

This is asynchronous.

This is synchronous.

Everything else is.

OH NO, IS THAT BAD?

Not really, but...

It complicates the metatheory a bunch.

It invalidates the simplest process interpretation.

It does a third thing so this list has three items?

IT COMPLICATES THE METATHEORY A BUNCH

It leads to a lot of special cases for forwarders...

A process is in canonical form when it does not contain (1) dual ready actions on the same channel or (2) any ready forwarder.

A process is in canonical form when all ready actions are blocked on external channels in the absence of ready forwarders.

IT INVALIDATES THE SIMPLEST PROCESS INTERPRETATION

What does this reduction rule require of an implementation?

$$(ext{Forward}) \ (
u x ar{x})(x \!\!\leftrightarrow\!\! w \parallel P) \ \downarrow \ P\{w/ar{x}\}$$

The process P isn't required to be listening on \bar{x} . This cannot be implemented as message-passing

WHAT CAN WE DO?

WHAT DO? (1) MAKE IT SYNCHRONOUS

```
(	ext{Forward})
(
u x ar{x})(x \leftrightarrow w \parallel P)
\downarrow
P\{w/ar{x}\}
	ext{but...}
	ext{only if } \mathbf{ready}(P, ar{x})
```

Simplifies the metatheory!

Simplifies the implementation...

A little bit...

WHAT DO? (2) IDENTITY EXPANSION

Let's use Identity Expansion!

Identity Expansion is the dual of Cut Elimination.

It rewrites uses of the axiom to uses of the axiom with smaller formulas.

$$oxed{\vdash A\otimes B, \overline{A} \ orall \ \overline{B}}$$

WHAT DO? (2) IDENTITY EXPANSION

On process, it rewrites forwarders to processes that explicitly do the forwarding.

But...

It is defined by recursion on the types of the endpoints written over the arrow.

$$y \leftrightarrow x, x \leftrightarrow y$$

$$x(z).\,y[w].\,(z \overset{A}{\leftrightarrow} w \parallel x \overset{B}{\leftrightarrow} y)$$

 $(
u x ar{x})(x[y].\, P \parallel ar{x} {\leftrightarrow} w)$

Expand the forwarder

lazily

in response to the kind of message received.

$$(
u x ar{x})(x[y].\, P \parallel ar{x}(ar{y}).\, w[z].\, (ar{y} \!\!\leftrightarrow \!\! z \parallel ar{x} \!\!\leftrightarrow \!\! w))$$

1

 $(
u x ar{x})(
u y ar{y})(P \parallel w[z].(ar{y} \leftrightarrow z \parallel ar{x} \leftrightarrow w))$

 $(\nu x \bar{x})(x[y].P \parallel \bar{x} \leftrightarrow w)$

Expand the forwarder

lazily

in response to the kind of message received.

$$\downarrow$$

 $(\nu x \bar{x})(\nu y \bar{y})(P \parallel w[z].(\bar{y} \leftrightarrow z \parallel \bar{x} \leftrightarrow w))$

Expand the forwarder

lazily

in response to the kind of message received.

$$(
u x ar{x})(x[y].\,P\parallelar{x}{\leftrightarrow}w)\ \downarrow \ (
u x ar{x})(
u y ar{y})(P\parallel w[z].\,(ar{y}{\leftrightarrow}z\parallelar{x}{\leftrightarrow}w))$$

Expand the forwarder

lazily

in response to the kind of message received.

```
(	ext{Forward-Delegate}) \ (
u x ar{x})(x[y].\,P \parallel ar{x} \!\!\leftrightarrow \!\! w) \ \downarrow \ (
u x ar{x})(
u y ar{y})(P \parallel w[z].\,(ar{y} \!\!\leftrightarrow \!\! z \parallel ar{x} \!\!\leftrightarrow \!\! w))
```

Expand the forwarder

lazily

in response to the kind of message received.

But...
Does this work?

```
(	ext{Forward-Delegate}) \ (
u x ar{x})(x[y].\,P \parallel ar{x} \!\!\leftrightarrow\!\! w) \ \downarrow \ (
u x ar{x})(
u y ar{y})(P \parallel w[z].\,(ar{y} \!\!\leftrightarrow\!\! z \parallel ar{x} \!\!\leftrightarrow\!\! w))
```

(Forward-Delegate)

$$(\nu x \bar{x})(x[y].P \parallel \bar{x} \leftrightarrow w)$$

 $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$

(Forward-Delegate-Receive?)

$$(
u x ar{x})(x(y).\,P\parallelar{x}{\leftrightarrow}w)$$

 $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$

$$(
u x ar{x})(x[y].\,P\parallel ar{x}(ar{y}).\,w[z].\,(ar{y} {\leftrightarrow} z \parallel ar{x} {\leftrightarrow} w))$$

$$(
u x ar{x})(x[y].\,P\parallel w(z).\,ar{x}[ar{y}].\,(ar{y} {\leftrightarrow} z \parallel ar{x} {\leftrightarrow} w))$$

$$(\nu x \bar{x})(\nu y \bar{y})(P \parallel w[z].(\bar{y} \leftrightarrow z \parallel \bar{x} \leftrightarrow w))$$

(Forward-Delegate)

$$(\nu x \bar{x})(x[y].P \parallel \bar{x} \leftrightarrow w)$$

 \triangleq

$$(
u x ar{x})(x[y].\,P\parallel ar{x}(ar{y}).\,w[z].\,(ar{y} \!\leftrightarrow\! z \parallel ar{x} \!\leftrightarrow\! w))$$

 \downarrow

$$(
u x ar{x})(
u y ar{y})(P \parallel w[z]. (ar{y} \leftrightarrow z \parallel ar{x} \leftrightarrow w))$$

(Forward-Delegate-Receive?)

$$(
u x ar{x})(x(y).P \parallel ar{x} \leftrightarrow w)$$

 $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$

$$(
u x ar{x})(x[y].\,P\parallel w(z).\,ar{x}[ar{y}].\,(ar{y} {\leftrightarrow} z \parallel ar{x} {\leftrightarrow} w))$$

UH OH?

This reduces...

$$(
u x ar{x})(x[y].P \parallel ar{x} \leftrightarrow w) \ \downarrow \ (
u x ar{x})(
u y ar{y})(P \parallel w[z].(ar{y} \leftrightarrow z \parallel ar{x} \leftrightarrow w))$$

...using (Forward-Delegate).

This is stuck.

$$(
u x ar{x})(x(y).P \parallel ar{x} \leftrightarrow w)$$

Is that bad? No!

CONCLUSION: MAKE IT LAZY!

Replace (Forward) with Lazy Identity Expansion...

$$(\text{Forward-Delegate}) \qquad (\text{Forward-Choose}) \\ (\nu x \bar{x})(x[y]. \ P \parallel \bar{x} \leftrightarrow w) \qquad (\nu x \bar{x})(x \lhd \text{inl.} \ P \parallel \bar{x} \leftrightarrow w) \\ \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\ (\nu x \bar{x})(\nu y \bar{y})(P \parallel w[z]. \ (\bar{y} \leftrightarrow z \parallel \bar{x} \leftrightarrow w)) \qquad (\nu x \bar{x})(P \parallel w \lhd \text{inl.} \ \bar{x} \leftrightarrow w)$$

...and the simplified metatheory just works!*